**UNIT 4: ASEAN AND VIETNAM**

1. **EXERCISES**

### Circle A. B. C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. **A.** reply **B.** qualify **C.** apply **D.** hobby
2. **A.** program **B.** promote **C.** propose **D.** process
3. **A.** suggest **B.** goal **C.** program **D.** organize
4. **A.** issue **B.** exchange **C.** climate **D.** discuss
5. **A.** aware **B.** behave **C.** relate **D.** exchange
6. **A.** member **B.** prepare **C.** event **D.** guest
7. **A.** represent **B.** section **C.** discuss **D.** disability
8. **A.** confident **B.** officially **C.** current **D.** culture
9. **A.** community **B.** proposal **C.** contribute **D.** confident
10. **A.** host **B.** respond **C.** conference **D.** workshop

### Circle A. B. C. or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

1. **A.** volunteer **B.** develop **C.** experience **D.** pollution
2. **A.** program **B.** promote **C.** prepare **D.** suggest
3. **A.** poster **B.** workshop **C.** exchange **D.** teamwork
4. **A.** issue **B.** aware **C.** welcome **D.** gender
5. **A.** community **B.** leadership **C.** experience **D.** develop
6. **A.** understand **B.** volunteer **C.** represent **D.** qualify
7. **A.** exchange **B.** equal **C.** strengthen **D.** offer
8. **A.** confident **B.** practical **C.** successful **D.** excellent
9. **A.** member **B.** select **C.** payment **D.** process
10. **A.** surprise **B.** promote **C.** apply **D.** manage
11. **Circle A. B. C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions**

1. He is expecting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a trip to Ha Long Bay.

A. make B. to make C. making D. made

2. Students stopped \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ noise when the teacher came in.

A. make B. to make C. making D. made

3. She couldn’t bear \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tears when she saw the film “Romeo and Juliet”.

A. shed B. to shed C. shedding D. sheds

4. Ann likes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but she hates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up.

A. cook/ washing B. to cook/ wash C. cooking/ washed D. cooking/ washing

5. I enjoy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to classical music.

A. listening B. to listen C. listens D. listen

6. I really regret \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your feeling when I asked you such a silly question.

A. hurt B. to hurt C. hurting D. hurts

7. He’ll try \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the same mistake again.

A. not make B. to not make C. not making D. not to make

8. Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me a newspaper?

A. buy B. to buy C. buying D. bought

9. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the next dance with me?

A. to have B. having C. has D. had

10. Did you remember \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ann? - Oh, no. I completely forgot about it.

A. phone B. to phone C. phoning D. phoned

11. Does the city government intend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ anything about pollution?

A. do B. to do C. doing D. did

12. Do you know the man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with your father over there?

A. talking B. to talk C. talk D. talked

13. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a bad habit which is harmful to your health.

A. To smoke B. Smoking C. Smoke D. To smoking

14. They finished \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and then they wanted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ out for pleasure.

A. learn/ to go B. to learn/ go C. learnt/ goes D. learning/ to go

15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the long journey, Peter decided to rest at the hotel.

A. Exhausting B. Exhausted C. Exhaust D. To exhaust

16. They postponed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an Element School for the lack of finance.

A. built B. to build C. building D. build

17. It’s no use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him. He never allows anybody \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him advice.

A. advise/ give B. to advise/ to give C. advising/ giving D. advising/ to give

18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in huge amounts, carbon dioxide causes air pollution and climate change.

A. Produced B. Producing C. To produce D. Being produced

19. He always avoids \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me in the streets.

A. meet B. to meet C. met D. meeting

20. My parents decided \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a taxi because it was late.

A. take B. to take C. taking D. took

21. My uncle likes travelling a lot. He often visits different countries. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ already \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to 35 countries so far.

A. has/ been B. have/ visited C. hasn’t/visited D. hasn’t/been

22. I am afraid she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ typing the letters yet.

A. didn’t finish B. hasn’t finished C. isn’t finished D. wasn’t finishing

23. The weather \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nice so she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her kids to the park yesterday.

A. were/ takes B. did/ did take C. was/ took D. is/ take

24. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his room for weeks.

A. haven’t tidied B. didn’t tidied C. hasn’t tidied D. wasn’t tidied

25. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rainy but she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an umbrella with her yesterday.

A. was/brings B. is/isn’t bring C. can/brought D. wasn’t/brought

**Circle A. B. C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions**

1. The mail goals of the ASEAN Youth Volunteer Program are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ youth volunteering and helping the development of the ASEAN community

**A.** promoting **B.** reducing **C.** proposing **D.** selecting

1. Taking part in the program was an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he would never forget

**A.** experienced **B.** inexperienced **C.** experience **D.** inexperience

1. To become a volunteer, you must be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the program

**A.** qualify **B.** qualified **C.** unqualified **D.** disqualified

1. Participating in this summer camp was an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ experience for me

**A.** forgetful **B.** forgettable **C.** forgetfully **D.** unforgettable

1. You need to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a community project related to the theme for the year

**A.** reject **B.** reach **C.** approve **D.** propose

1. Cultural \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the best way for young people to understand other countries’ values and ideas

**A.** change **B.** exchange **C.** values **D.** shock

1. Singapore has made a huge \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to scholarships for ASEAN’s students

**A.** decision **B.** effort **C.** contribution **D.** arrangement

1. Students with good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ skills usually communicate well and manage teamwork effectively

**A.** analytical **B.** critical thinking **C.** problem-solving **D.** leadership

1. The current \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ relating to the environment is being discussed now

**A.** exchange **B.** contribution **C.** knowledge **D.** issue

1. Being told about cultures from other countries annually is an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ [experience](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/vi/dictionary/english/experience)

**A.** surprised **B.** eye-opening **C.** knowledge **D.** everyday

1. We seek ways to strengthen cooperative \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between our two countries.
   * 1. organisation **B.** relation **C.** experience **D.** program

The royal wedding achieved the largest audience ever for a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ event. Everyone watched it on the Internet

**A.** dramatic **B.** social **C.** annual **D.** live-streamed

1. Each deputy should be \_\_\_\_ for one ASEAN community council, supported by a team of competent and able lawyers.

**A.** blamed **B.** capable **C.** in charge **D.** responsible

1. Vietnamese athletes compete regionally and internationally and \_\_\_\_ high ranks in many sports.

**A.** hold **B.** keep **C.** mark **D.** score

1. Lao PDR stands \_\_\_\_ Lao People's Democratic Republi**c**

**A.** by **B.** for **C.** on **D.** with

1. The 28th and 29th ASEAN Summits will focus \_\_\_\_ efforts to build the ASEAN Community.

**A.** at **B.** for **C.** in **D.** on

1. **Circle A. B. C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)**
2. The scholarship is renewed **annually** and may be stopped if the students have poor academic records or bad behaviours.

A every day **B.** every month **C.** every week **D.** every year

1. Young college and university students **participate** in helping the poor who have suffered badly in wars or natural disasters.

**A.** Get involved **B.** interfere with **C.** join hands                      **D.** come into

1. In Thailand, it's **against the law** to litter on the pavement. If you are caught, you can be fined up to $2000 Baht.

A evil **B.** illegal **C.** immoral **D.** wrong

1. 15 The beautiful sights in Sa Pa, Mui Ne and Ha Noi all contribute to the country's magic **charm**.

**A.** beauty **B.** fame **C.** image **D.** value

1. Our survey also found that 75 per cent of those **quizzed** knew three or more of their neighbours.

**A.** interviewed **B.** asked **C.** replied **D.** examined

1. **Circle A. B. C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)**
2. Viet Nam and Laos will closely cooperate to strengthen the **solidarity** of ASEAN and enhance the vital role of the group in regional security structure.

**A.** agreement **B.** cooperation **C.** separation **D.** fellowship

1. Viet Nam is **famous** for World Heritage Sites like Ha Long Bay and Hoi An Ancient Town.

**A.** honoured **B.** popular **C.** well-known **D.** unknown

1. The country's continued **prosperity** is dependent on the opportunities and achievements of all its residents.

**A.** poverty **B.** inflation **C.** insecurity **D.** Wealth

1. Many people afraid that the victory of US president-elect Donald Trump might affect **stability** in Asia, more specifically in the ASEAN region.

**A.** failure **B.** insecurity **C.** poverty **D.** weakness

1. Amanita argued that Indonesia would continue to play a role in maintaining peace and **promoting** democratisation in ASEAN.

**A.** assisting **B.** lessening **C.** preserving **D.** upholding

1. **Circle A. B. C. or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.**
2. Laura and Mary are talking about Mary’s room.

Laura: “What a lovely room you have!”

Mary: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

1. Of course not, It’s not costly **C.** No problem
2. Thank you. Hope you will drop in.    **D.** Thanks. I think so
3. Peter: “Your hair is terrific, Cindy!” - Cindy: “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. ”
4. No way
5. It’s kind of you to say so
6. By all means
7. Just a minute
8. What if I fail the exam tomorrow?” – B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
9. It’s OK. Thanks.
10. Be confident.
11. Not at all. You can make it.
12. You can do it. Thanks anyway.
13. “She’s accepted my proposal.” – B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
14. Wow! Congratulations.
15. Thanks, but don’t worry.
16. What a nice girl!
17. My pleasure.
18. Mr Rohmad: I heard that you passed your exams. …, Didi!

Didi: Thank you very much, Sir.

1. Well done
2. I’m sorry to hear that
3. Thank you
4. wish me luck
5. **Read the passage and choose the best answer to fill in the blank.**

The Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) is an organization of ten Southeast Asian countries: Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, (1) \_\_\_\_ Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam. It promotes political, economic, cultural and social cooperation (2) \_\_\_\_ its members. Although ASEAN works for peace and stability in Southeast Asia, it is not a defence organization.

The members of ASEAN cooperate in such fields (3) \_\_\_\_ population control, prevention of drug abuse, (4) \_\_\_\_ research and combating terrorism. Teachers, students and artists of the member nations exchange visits. In addition, the organization develops plans to promote tourism in ASEAN countries and to encourage programs of Southeast Asian studies. It works to (5) \_\_\_\_ trade barriers among the members.

1. **A.** the **B.** a **C.** an **D.** Ø
2. **A.** between **B.** through **C.** among **D.** from
3. **A.** like **B.** as **C.** alike **D.** that
4. **A.** scientific **B.** science **C.** scientist **D.** scientifically
5. **A.** increase **B.** prevent **C.** develop **D.** reduce
6. **Read the passage and choose the best answer to fill in the blank.**

The Association of Southeast Asian Nations or ASEAN was (6) \_\_\_\_ on August 8 1967 in Bangkok by the five original member countries, (7) \_\_\_\_, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand. Brunei Darussalam (8) \_\_\_\_ on January 8, 1984, Vietnam on July 28, 1995, Lao PDR and Myanmar on July 23, 1997, and Cambodia on April 30, 1999.

As of 2006, the ASEAN region has a population of about 560 million, a total area of 4.5 million square kilometers, a combined gross (9) \_\_\_\_ product of almost US$ 1,100 billion, and a total trade of about US$ 1,400 billion.

The ASEAN Declaration states that the aims and purposes of the Association are to (10) \_\_\_\_ economic growth, social progress and cultural development in the region and to promote regional peace.

1. **A.** established **B.** constructed **C.** rebuilt **D.** decorated
2. **A.** such **B.** like **C.** namely **D.** as
3. **A.** took up **B.** joined **C.** represented **D.** involved
4. **A.** home **B.** exotic **C.** domestic **D.** household
5. **A.** fetch **B.** endeavor **C.** poach **D.** accelerate

**UNIT 5: GLOBAL WARMING**

### Circle A. B. C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. cause B. trap C. gas D. act
2. A. coal B. soot C. global D. goal
3. A. refer B. remind C. release D. effect
4. A. produce B. pollute C. carbon D. polar
5. A. forest B. remove C. expert D. emit
6. A. methane B. landfill C. balance D. annual
7. A. carbon B. slogan C. amount D. climate
8. A. challenge B. change C. greenhouse D. energy
9. A. solid B. solution C. positive D. crop
10. A. combine B. power C. provide D. method

### Circle A. B. C. or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

1. A. global B. remind C. release D. produce
2. A. consequence B. temperature C. atmosphere D. renewable
3. A. annual B. balance C. forest D. remove
4. A. balance B. carbon C. methane D. release
5. A. fossil B. refer C. greenhouse D. level
6. A. pollutant B. energy C. atmosphere D. negative
7. A. material B. deforest C. consequence D. pollution
8. A. substance B. solid C. suffer D. discuss
9. A. remove B. climate C. emit D. reduce
10. A. responsible B. renewable C. temperature D. emission

**EX3: *Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following sentences.***

1. Students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wear crop tops to school.

A. don’t have to B. have to C. mustn’t D. must

2. I think children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ quarrel with their parents.

A. should B. shouldn’t C. have to D. don’t have to

3. The movie is very educational, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ watch it.

A. mustn’t B. doesn’t have to C. must D. should

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we take her to the hospital? She looks weak.

A. Do B. Should C. Must D. Can

5. Tomorrow is off. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ get up early to go to work.

A. has to B. doesn’t have to C. must D. mustn’t

6. There isn’t any food. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to the supermarket to buy some.

A. must B. mustn’t C. have to D. don’t have to

7. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ study Russian because it isn’t a compulsory subject.

A. shouldn’t B. have to C. don’t have to D. must

8. Mai \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to the office today. She has an appointment with her boss.

A. shouldn’t B. should C. doesn’t have to D. has to

9. According to the regulations, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be at the company before 8 o’clock.

A. must B. has to C. should D. have to

10. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ask too many questions about where her husband goes and what he does.

A. should B. must C. shouldn’t D. mustn’t

**EX4: *Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following sentences.***1. The durian \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so bad!

A. smell B. smells C. smelling D. is smelling

2. There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ many impressive outfits in her wardrobe.

A. is B. are C. have D. is having

3. John \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for a job opportunity at their company.

A. is looking B. are looking C. look D. looks

4. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the cities of the future will be very modern.

A. think B. thinking C. is thinking D. will think

5. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be asleep. She should go to bed.

A. appearing B. is appearing C. appears D. appear

6. She needs to have a healthy diet to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fit.

A. stay B. stayed C. staying D. be staying

7. The urban lifestyle seems more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to young people.

A. excite B. excited C. exciting D. excitingly

8. The city view looks very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at night.

A. beauty B. beautiful C. beautifully D. much beautifully

9. The government is thinking of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a new skyscraper here.

A. built B. build C. to build D. building

10. Widening the road sounds like a good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to traffic problems in the area.

A. solve B. solute C. solutions D. solution

**EX5: *Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following sentences.***

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ one hand on the steering wheel, Ann opened a can of soda with her free hand.

A. Keeping B. Keep C. Kept D. To keep

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a long distance from her office, she has to commute daily by train.

A. To live B. Lived C. Living D. Live

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after washing the windows, I collapsed in my chair for a rest.

A. Exhaust B. To exhaust C. Exhausting D. Exhausted

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the story, she ran away.

A. Embarrassed B. Embarrass C. To embarrass D. Embarrassing

5. After they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their performance, the audience stood up and clapped enthusiastically.

A. finish B. finished C. finishing D. finishes

6. Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the quiz questions on ASEAN and the ASEAN Charter?

A. preparing B. to prepare C. prepare D. prepared

7. Hoa can’t wait \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the airport to meet her pen pal from Malaysia.

A. went B. go C. to go D. going

8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by a neighbor’s dog, Jack was hospitalized soon after.

A. Bitten B. Biting C. Bite D. To bite

9. We enjoy participating in the activities \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the ASEAN Youth Volunteer Programme.

A. to organize B. organize C. organized D. organizing

10. It is difficult \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ balance between the greenhouse gases released into the atmosphere and those removed from it.

A. achieve B. achieved C. achieving D. to achieve

11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by human activities, global warming has become a major concern for scientists and policymakers.

A. Causing B. Caused C. Cause D. Causes

12. The melting ice caps, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to rising sea levels, present a threat to coastal communities.

A. link B. linking C. links D. linked

13. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ crops in the changing climate conditions, farmers are often faced with many challenges.

A. Growing B. Growth C. Grown D. Grow

14. Landfill waste, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ overtime, can have a negative impact on the environment.

A. is gathered B. gathering C. gathered D. gather

15. The leaflets \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by environmental organisations aim to raise awareness of the dangers of deforestation.

A. distribute B. distributed C. distributing D. are distributed

**Circle A. B. C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the increase in the temperature on Earth

A, Greenhouse effect B, Global warming C, Climate change D, Ecological balance

1. Certain \_\_\_\_\_\_in the atmosphere such as carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide, block heat from escaping.

A. effects B. emission C. gases D. layers

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ means changes in the earth’s weather, including changes in temperature, wind patterns and rainfall.

A, global warming B, ecological imbalance C, greenhouse effect D, climate change

1. Greenhouse gas \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from factories and vehicles can result in global warming

A, emit B, emissions C, effects D, causes

1. Most of the jungle was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get wood in order to produce paper products.

A, deforested B, threatened C, warned D, emitted

1. A large amount of carbon dioxide \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are released into the atmosphere by burning fossil fuels.

A, emissions B, carbon footprint C, emit D, greenhouse gas

1. Oil spills are a great \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the undersea world

A, threat B, threaten C, threatened D, threateningly

1. After we read the report on how the burning of petrol in cars \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to climate change, we determined to reduce our carbon footprint.

A, devote B, contribute C, result D, cause

1. Too many greenhouse gases in the atmosphere may block heat from escaping into space and trap too much heat next to the Earth’s surface causing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A, another ice age B, global warming C, earthquakes D, volcanic eruptions

1. A strong greenhouse effect will warm the oceans, melt glaciers and increase \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
   A. temperature B. sea water C. sea level D. pollution
2. Carbon dioxide is one of the primary \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that cause global warming.

A. greenhouse effect B. natural gas C. greenhouse gases D. natural resource

1. Computers have had a great impact \_\_\_\_\_ our lives since their appearance.

A. on B. at C. for D. to

1. The crash resulted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the death of 10 passengers

A, to B, at C, into D, in

1. The primary causes of species extinction result \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_habitat destruction, commercial exploitation and pollution.

**A.** in                                    **B.** of                            **C.** for                                      **D.** from

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is destroying larger areas of tropical rain forests

A, Afforestation B, Deforestation C, Reforestation D, Forestry

1. The government \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the flood victims with food, clothes and money.

A, gave B, provided C, offered D, presented

1. Some animals go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because climate where they live changes

A, extinct B, extinction C, extinctive D, dead

1. An \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ species is a species which has been categorized as very likely to become extinct.

A, endangered B, endanger C, dangerous D, danger

1. Clearing forests for timber has resulted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the loss of biodiversity

A, with B, at C, in D, from

1. This species of African elephants is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. dying out B. dying of C. dying on D. dying down

1. **Circle A. B. C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)**
2. Greenhouse gas emissions from factories and **vehicles** can cause global warming

A, cars B, transportation C, burning D, station

1. Global warming has **severe** impact on water supplies and upset ecological balance

A, positive B, negative C, serious D, remarkable

1. People should change their daily habits to **reduce** their carbon footprint.

A, rise B, raise C, decline D, remain

1. Many scientists agree that global warming poses great **threats** to all species on Earth.

A. risks B. annoyances C. fears D. irritations

1. Coal burning **releases** a large amount of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere.

A. discourages B. reduces C. relaxes D. discharges

**Circle A. B. C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)**

1. **Cutting down on** energy use is the best way to help reduce global warming.

A. Shrinking B. Declining C. Decreasing D. Increasing

1. His policies were **beneficial** to the economy as a whole.

A. harmless B. crude C. harmful D. innocent

1. "Be quick! We must **speed u**p if we don’t want to miss the flight. "

A. turn down B. look up C. slow down D. put forward

1. The consequences of the typhoon were **disastrous** due to the lack of precautionary measures.

**A.** damaging **B.** beneficial **C.** severe **D.** physical

1. On the **negative** side, the labour market is still weak.

**A.** worse **B.** effectless **C.** bad **D.** positive

**Circle A. B. C. or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.**

1. Peter and Mary are talking about social networks.

- Peter: “Using social networks may have negative effects on students.”

- Mary: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It distracts them from their studies.”

**A.** I’m not sure about that **B.** I don’t quite agree **C.** You’re wrong **D.** That’s quite true

1. Linda and Peter are talking about safe driving.

- Linda: “I think drink-driving should be severely punished.”

- Peter: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It may cause accidents or even deaths.”

**A.** You must be kidding **B.** I don’t think so

**C.** I don’t understand what you mean **D.** I absolutely agree with you

1. A porter is talking to Mary in the hotel lobby.

- Porter: “May I help you with your suitcase?”

- Mary: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** What a shame **B.** Me too **C.** You’re welcome **D.** Yes, please

1. Porter: “Shall I help you with your suitcase?”

- Mary: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Not a chance. **B.** That’s very kind of you.**C.** I can’t agree more. **D.** What a pity!

1. **Read the following text and choose the best answer to fill in the blanks**

Global warming refers to the rise in average surface temperatures on Earth. An overwhelming scientific consensus maintains that climate change is due primarily to the human use of fossil fuels, which (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases into the air. The gases trap heat within the atmosphere, which can have a range of effects on ecosystems, (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rising sea levels, severe weather events, and droughts that render landscapes more susceptible to wildfires.

While consensus among nearly all scientists, scientific organizations, and governments is (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ climate change is happening and is caused by human activity, a small minority of voices questions the validity of such assertions and prefers to cast doubt on the preponderance of evidence. Climate change deniers often claim that recent changes (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to human activity can be seen as part of the natural variations in Earth’s climate and temperature, and that it is difficult or impossible to establish a direct connection between climate change and any single weather event, such as a hurricane. While the latter is generally true, decades of data and analysis support the reality of climate change and the human factor in this process. In any case, economists agree that acting to reduce fossil fuel emissions would be far less expensive than (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the consequences of not doing so.

*(http://www.takepart.com/flashcards/what-is-climate-change/index.html)*

1. **A.** returns **B.** repeats **C.** releases **D.** retakes
2. **A.** including **B.** making **C.** consisting **D.** containing
3. **A.** which **B.** what **C.** this **D.** that
4. **A.** attributed **B.** contributed **C.** believed **D.** talked
5. **A.** facing **B.** solving **C.** treating **D.** dealing
6. **Read the following text and choose the best answer to fill in the blanks**

Glaciers are melting, sea levels are rising, cloud forests are dying. More alarmingly, wildlife is scrambling to keep (1) \_\_\_\_. It’s becoming clear that humans have caused most of the past century’s warming by (2) \_\_\_\_ heat-trapping gases as we power our modern lives. Called greenhouse gases, their levels are higher now than in the last 650,000 years.

We call the result global warming, but it is causing a set of changes to the Earth’s climate, or long-term weather patterns, that varies from place to place. As the Earth spins each day, the new heat swirls with it, (3) \_\_\_\_ up moisture over the oceans, rising here, settling there. It’s changing the rhythms of climate that all living things have come to rely upon.

What will we do to slow this warming? How will we cope (4) \_\_\_\_ the changes we’ve already set into (5) \_\_\_\_? While we struggle to figure it all out, the face of the Earth as we know it-coasts, forests, farms and snow-capped mountains-hangs in the balance.

*(https://www.nationalgeographic.com)*

1. **A.** space **B.** pace **C.** rhythms **D.** step
2. **A.** relieving **B.** publishing **C.** releasing **D.** unraveling
3. **A.** pick **B.** to pick **C.** picking **D.** picks
4. **A.** with **B.** on **C.** at **D.** to
5. **A.** fluctuation **B.** direction **C.** movement **D.** motion