## ĐỀ MINH HỌA HẢI PHÒNG - TEST 5

I. Mark the letter in pronounced differen			to indicate the word whose underlined pargroup.	t is
1. A. flooded	<b>B.</b> planted	<b>C.</b> booked	D. needed	
2. A. attend	B. access	C. media	D. invent	
II. Mark the letter is placed differently			to indicate the word whose main stress posit oup.	ion
3. A. challenge	<b>B.</b> ethnic	<b>C.</b> explore	<b>D.</b> orphan	
4. A. establish	<b>B.</b> recognize	<b>C.</b> survival	<b>D.</b> dependent	
III. Mark the letter underlined word.	A, B, C, or D on yo	our answer sheet t	o indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to	the
<b>5.</b> Davidson wrote a	an excellent comp	osition. It's the be	st one in the class.	

A. very good	<b>B.</b> very poor	C. tremendous	D. normal
<b>6.</b> The number o	f people who went to	o see that film increa	sed rapidly.
<b>A.</b> quickly	<b>B.</b> gradually	<b>C.</b> suddenly	<b>D.</b> annually
IV. Mark the lett underlined word		our answer sheet to	indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the
<b>7.</b> The sofa in the	e living room was so	large that it seemed	almost oversized for the space.
A. very strange	<b>B.</b> very dangerou	s <b>C.</b> very tiny	<b>D.</b> very big
8. Despite his yea	ars of experience, he	still felt a bit nervous	s before every important match.
<b>A.</b> happy	<b>B.</b> easy	C. calm	D. worried
	ter A, B, C, or D on of the sentences.	your answer sheet	to indicate the correct word or phrase that
<b>9.</b> They are	of watching	g documentaries to e	xpand their knowledge.

<b>10.</b> His	for learning abo	ut history led hi	im to read nι	ımerous books on	the subject.	
<b>A.</b> enthusiasm	<b>B.</b> enthusiastic	ally <b>C.</b> enth	usiastic	<b>D.</b> enthusiast		
<b>11.</b> She couldn't fi	nish her assignment	on time	her c	computer crashed.		
A. but	<b>B.</b> because	C. so	<b>D.</b> thoug	;h		
<b>12.</b> She asked her	husband	up some gr	oceries on hi	s way home.		
<b>A.</b> to picking	<b>B.</b> to pick	<b>C.</b> pick	<b>D.</b> pic	king		
<b>13.</b> The enthusias community.	m and compassion	shown by the	volunteers 1	made a deep	on <sup>·</sup>	the loca
A. impression	<b>B.</b> expression	<b>C.</b> happ	oiness	<b>D.</b> kindness		
<b>14.</b> My morning ro	outine is to get up, h	ave breakfast, t	then leave ho	ome 7.	30.	

A. keen

**B.** excited

**C.** fond

**D.** interested

A. at	<b>B.</b> on	C. in	D. of	
<b>15.</b> Over the year	rs, she has amasse	d an extensive	of antique books.	
A. collective	<b>B.</b> collect	<b>C.</b> collection	<b>D.</b> collector	
<b>16.</b> She often ha	s to her	younger siblings w	while their parents are at work.	
A. look into	<b>B.</b> look up	<b>C.</b> look for	<b>D.</b> look after	
<b>17.</b> She used the check-up.	e online booking sys	stem to	an appointment with the dentist for h	ıer regular
<b>A.</b> make	<b>B.</b> do	<b>C.</b> take	D. get	
18.	_ our teacher tomo	rrow, so I will give	e him your note.	
A. have seen	<b>B.</b> going to se	e <b>C.</b> will b	be seeing <b>D.</b> am seeing	
19 Shop assist	ant: "What can I do	o for you?" - <b>Rose</b> :	<b>::</b> ""	

A. Thank you	<b>B.</b> Thanks. I'm	m just looking
C. It's my pleasure	<b>D.</b> Sorry for 1	not buying anything
<b>20.</b> - <b>Lisa:</b> "What a n	ice dress you are wearing!" -	- Jennie: ""
A. Thank you for you	ur compliment <b>B.</b> Do	on't mention it
C. I know that	<b>D.</b> It's so exp	pensive
VI. Mark the letter the sentences.	A, B, C, or D on your answe	er sheet to indicate the part that is incorrect in each of
<b>21.</b> Both the cake ar	nd the ice cream was enjoyed	d by everyone at the party.
<b>A.</b> Both <b>B.</b> a	nd <b>C.</b> was	<u>D</u> . everyone
<b>22.</b> The little boy wh	ich won the first prize in this o	competition is my nephew.
A. which B.	won <b>C.</b> in	<b>D.</b> is

VII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the  $correct\ word/phrase\ that\ completes\ each\ blank.$ 

Scientists	s and engineers a	re working on inc	credible n	ew technologies that will make space travel
more accessible and exciting. One big idea for the future is visiting other planets. Right now, we've sent				
robots and rove	rs to places like (2	23)	Mars to le	earn more about them. (24) in
the future, peop	ole might actually	go to Mars and st	ay there f	for a while. This is like (25) to a
new home, but	it's on another p	lanet! We'll nee	d special	spaceships that can carry ú safely to these
distant worlds.	These spaceships	will be super fas	at and hav	ve amazing features to keep us comfortable
during the long	journey. Imagine	looking out of th	e spacesh	nip window and seeing the Earth get smaller
and smaller, unt	il it looks like a b	right blue ( <b>26</b> )		in the distance. You'll see stars all around
you, and maybe	even other plane	ts. It will be a bit	like an ad	lventure in a science fiction movie, but it will
be real! Some p	eople also think tl	hat in the future,	we might	t build big space stations where humans can
live and work. T	hese stations cou	uld orbit the Eart	:h or ever	n travel to other places in space. Living in a
space station w	ould be a bit like	living in a floati	ng house.	. You'd have to learn how to do things like
eating, sleeping	, and exercising	in a place with	out gravit	ty like on Earth. It sounds like a big (27)
, b	ut it also sounds li	ke a lot of fun!		
				(Adapted from Deputer Science)
				(Adapted from Popular Science)
<b>23. A.</b> the	В. 🗶	<b>C.</b> a	<b>D.</b> an	
<b>24. A.</b> So	<b>B.</b> And	C. If	<b>D.</b> Bu	ıt
<b>25. A.</b> arriving	<b>B.</b> sending	<b>C.</b> movin	ıg	D. changing

**26. A.** cube **B.** circle **C.** square **D.** ball

**27. A.** mistake **B.** challenge **C.** hit **D.** progress

VIII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions that follow.

English is really important all over the world. Many people use it, even if it's not their first language. This is because **it** helps people from different countries talk to each other. When someone from one place wants to speak to someone from another place, they often use English. It's like a common language that makes understanding each other easier.

You can find English in many places. Movies, songs, and even websites on the internet are often in English. When you listen to English songs or watch movies, you're also practicing the language without knowing it. It's like a secret way of learning! In schools around the world, students learn English because it's really useful. It helps them talk to people from other countries and can also help them find good jobs.

But while English is helpful, it also brings up questions about other languages. Some people worry that English might become more important than local languages, which could make some cultures disappear. In the end, English is like a key that opens the floor to many opportunities. It helps people from different parts of the world connect and understand each other. It's like having a special tool that lets you explore the world and meet new friends. But as we do this, we also need to remember the value of our own languages and cultures.

A. A global language: English
B. Challenges of learning English as a second language
C. Importance of preserving local languages
D. Benefits of learning English for travel and employment
<b>29.</b> According to the passage, what is a secret way of learning English?
A. Taking an English class.
<b>B.</b> Reading English books and articles.
C. Immersing yourself in an English-speaking environment.
<b>D.</b> Watching English movies and listening to English songs.

**28.** What is the passage mainly about?

<b>30.</b> The phrase start."	e "opens the doo	<b>r"</b> in paragraph 3 is cl	losest in meaning to	"something new to
<b>A.</b> allow	<b>B.</b> stop	<b>C.</b> obstruct	<b>D.</b> save	
<b>31.</b> The word "	<b>it"</b> in paragraph 1	refers to	<u>_</u> .	
<b>A.</b> their first la	nguage	<b>B.</b> the world		
<b>C.</b> English		<b>D.</b> many people		
<b>32.</b> Which of th	ne following is NC	OT TRUE, according to	the passage?	
<b>A.</b> English is of	ten used in movic	es, songs, and website	es on the internet.	
<b>B.</b> Learning Eng	glish can help you	ı find a good job.		
<b>C.</b> English migh	nt become more i	mportant than local la	anguages	
<b>D.</b> Learning En	glish is a must to	preserve local langua	ges.	

IX. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to the original one.
<b>33.</b> Tom said: "Why do you keep staring at me, Janet?"
A. Tom asked Janet why she had kept staring at him.
<b>B.</b> Tom asked Janet why she kept staring at him.
C. Tom asked Janet why did she keep staring at him.
<b>D.</b> Tom asked Janet why had she kept staring at him.
<b>34.</b> Although it was raining heavily, they decided to go for a hike in the woods.
<b>A.</b> In spite of raining heavily, they decided to go for a hike in the woods.
<b>B.</b> In spite the heavy rain, they decided to go for a hike in the woods.
C. Despite the rain heavily, they decided to go for a hike in the woods.

<b>D.</b> Despite the heavy rain, they decided to go for a hike in the woods.
<b>35.</b> The number of people using the internet is increasing in our country.
<b>A.</b> There is a decrease in the number of people using the internet in our country.
<b>B.</b> There is an increase in the number of hours using the internet in our country.
<b>C.</b> There are more and more people using the internet in our country.
<b>D.</b> The people using the internet are taller and taller in our country.
<b>36.</b> It rained heavily, so the match was cancelled.
A. Because the heavy rain, the match was cancelled.
<b>B.</b> In spite of the heavy rain, the match was cancelled.
<b>C.</b> Because of raining heavily, the match was cancelled.

D. Although it rained heavily, the match was cancelled.
X. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is BEST written from the words/phrases given.
37. not see / her/ since / leave school
A. We didn't see her since we have left school.
B. We haven't seen her since we have left school.
C. We haven't seen her since we left school.
D. We won't see her since we have left school.
38. new / computer / expensive / he / not / buy / it.
A. The new computer is so expensive that he cannot buy it.
<b>B.</b> The new computer is such expensive that he cannot buy it.

C. The new computer is too expensive that he can buy it.
<b>D.</b> The new computer is so expensive but he can buy it.
<b>39.</b> "Tsunami" / Japanese / word / mean / "harbor wave".
A. "Tsunami" is a Japanese word which it means "harbor wave".
<b>B.</b> "Tsunami" is a Japanese word who means "harbor wave".
C. "Tsunami" is a Japanese word which means "harbor wave".
<b>D.</b> "Tsunami" is a Japanese word, that means "harbor wave".
<b>40.</b> It / believe / that / New York / most expensive / city / the world.
A. It was believed that New York is the most expensive city in the world.
<b>B.</b> It is believed that New York is the most expensive city in the world.

<b>D.</b> It believed that New York is the most expensive city in the world.

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{C.}}$  It is believed that New York to be the most expensive city in the world.