**ENGLISH PRACTICE 21**

**I. PRONUNCIATION AND VOCABULARY.**

**Pronunciation**

***1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.***

1. A. think B. this C. those D. there

2. A. none B. done C. bone D. tongue

3. A. food B. moon C. good D. noodle

4. A. forced B. caused C. stopped D. worked

5. A. rough B. tough C. enough D. though

**Vocabulary**

***2. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) which best completes each sentence.***

6. He's left his book at home; he's always so\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. forgetful B. forgettable C. forgotten D. forgetting

7. 'I'm very\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to you for putting in so much hard work,' the boss said.

A. thanking B. grateful C. considerate D. careful

8. He is the manager of the factory. He’s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it.

A. charged with B. charged C. in charge D. in charge of

9. He was new on the job, but he quickly fit himself into the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ routine of the office.

A. establishing B. established C. establishes D. establish

10. She looked very\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when I told her the good news.

A. happily B. happiness C. happy D. was happy

11. I don't want much sugar in my coffee. Just\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, please.

A. few B. a few C. little D. a little

12. We must\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our pounds for dollars before going to New York.

A. change B. convert C. turn D. exchange

13. Who is the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of this company?

A. top B. head C. leader D. minister

14. She\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shyly at him and then lowered her eyes.

A. glanced B. glimmed C. saw D. glared

15. The room was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of strangers.

A. full B. complete C. crowded D. filled

**II. GRAMMAR.**

***1. Complete the following sentences by choosing the correct answer among four options (A, B, C or D)***

16. Tom and Mary never came to class late. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. So did we B. Neither did we C. We did either D. Neither we did

17. I remember\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Hanoi when I was a very small child.

A. taking B. to take C. to be taken D. being taken

18. At first I found\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get used to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the other side of the road.

A. it difficult - drive B. difficult - drive C. it difficult - driving D. difficult- driving

19. I don’t believe a word she said; I think he just made\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that story.

A. out B. up C. off D. down

20. Jason’s professor had him\_\_ his thesis many times before allowing him to present it to the committee.

A. rewrites B. rewriting C. rewrite D. to rewrite

21. We should arrive home safe and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. sound B. soundly C. warm D. warmly

22. The idea got a lot of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the children’s parents.

A. opposition B. disagreement C. dislike D. denial

23. Before he let them go, he made them\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not to tell anyone what they\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the room.

A. to promised/have seen B. promise/ had seen

C. promised / seeing D. promising/ saw

24. Our teacher came in when we\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ noisily.

A. had talked B. have been talking C. were talking D. are talking

25. “We can’t go now. Let’s wait\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the rain stops.”

A. until B. when C. after D. as

26. She is playing a piece of music\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Beethoven.

A. composed B. composing C. to compose D. composes

27. The man\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ must be intelligent and handsome.

A. who loving her B. whom loves her C. she loves D. who love her

28. Linda\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me to wait for her at the school gate.

A. tell B. told C. says D. said

29. Are there enough apples for us to have one\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

A. every B. each C. self D. individually.

30. She treated me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cake, ice-cream and tea.

A. with B .for C .to D .by

31. She took me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my brother.

A. by B. for C.to D. with

32. Steel\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with chromium to produce a noncorrosive substance known as stainless steel.

A. is combined B. that is combined C. combining D. when combined

33. Joe seemed to be in a good mood, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he snapped at me angrily when I asked him to join us.

A. yet B. so C. for D. and

34. A fire must have a readily available supply of oxygen. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it will stop burning.

A. Consequently B. Furthermore C. Otherwise D. However

35. “Who has brothers and sisters?” “Everyone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Virginia who’s an only child.”

A. except to B. with C. from D. but

36. Florida, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Sunshine State, attracts many tourists every year.

A. is B. is known as C. known as D. that is known as

37. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ becoming extinct is of great concern to zoologists.

A. That giant pandas are B. Giant pandas are

C. Are giant pandas D. Giant panda is

38. Her parents gave her everything she asked for. She's a completed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ child.

A. wounded B. spoilt C. damaged D. destroyed

39. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my experience, very few people really understand the problem.

A. To B. In C. With D. From

40. When she died, she gave\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all her money to a charity for cats.

A. away B. out C. on D. off

***2. Give the correct form of the word s in brackets:***

41. A holiday in America can be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cheap. SURPRISE

42. These shoes look quite smart but they’re terribly\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. COMFORT

43. Burning coal is an\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ way of heating a house. Gas is much cheaper. ECONOMY

44. The police are interested in the sudden\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the valuable painting. APPEAR

45. He was too\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to tell his teacher about the stupid mistake. SHAME

**III. READING COMPREHENSION.**

***1. Fill in the blank with a suitable word.***

Dicky was born in Shoreditch, London in 1890. His family were poor and Dicky (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had enough to eat. Like many other boys in this area, he became a skillful thief. He took the things he (47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to a Mr Welch, who bought them and then re-sold them. Dicky brought something to Mr Welch nearly every day and (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the money he received to his mother.

In Shoreditch there was a priest, Father Sturt, who did (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ best to help poor people. When Dicky was thirteen, Father Sturt had a long talk with him and persuaded him to lead an honest life. He (50)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him a job with Mr Grinder, a local shopkeeper, and Dicky began to serve customers, deliver goods and collect money. Dicky was much happier leading an honest life and dreamed of the day when he would have his (51)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shop. His mother was also pleased about his new job.

(52)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ person, however, was not happy, and that was Mr Welch. He was sorry to lose the business Dick had brought him. He went to see Mr Grinder and told him (53)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Dicky’s dishonest past and said, quite untruthfully, that Dicky intended to cheat him. Mr Grinder believed these (54)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and told Dicky never to come near the shop again. In this way Dicky lost his chance of an honest life and (55)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to a life of crime. A year later he was arrested for theft and sent to prison.

***2. Read and answer the questions.***

After inventing dynamite, Swedish-born Alfred Nobel became a very rich man. However, he foresaw its universally destructive powers too late. Nobel preferred not to be remembered as the inventor of dynamite so in 1895, just two weeks before his death, he created a fund to be used for awarding prizes to people who made worthwhile contributions to mankind. Originally there were five awards: literature, physics, chemistry, medicine and peace. Economics was added in 1968, just sixty-seven years after the first awards ceremony.

Nobel’s original legacy of nine million dollars was invested, and the interest on this sum is used for the awards which vary from $30.000 to $ 125.000.

Every year on December 10th, the anniversary of Nobel’s death, the awards (gold medal, illuminated diploma, and money) are presented to the winners. Sometimes politics plays an important role in the judges’ decisions. Americans have won numerous science awards, but relatively few literature prizes.

No awards were presented from 1940 to 1942 at the beginning of World War II. Some people have won two prizes, but this is rare, others have shared their prizes.

***Questions***

56. When did the first award ceremony take place?

57. Why was the Nobel prize established?

58. In which area have American received the most awards?

59. was an award presented in 1941?

60. In how many fields are prizes bestowed?

***VII Read the passage bellow and then choose a suitable word A, B, C or D to fill in each blank :***

There is now increasing concern about the world's energy resources, particularly about those involving fossil (61)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ In less than a hundred years we shall probably (62)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all the present (63)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of oil and gas .The world ' s cold (64)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ should last longer but, once used , these cannot be (65)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

It is important, therefore, that we should develop such (66)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sources of energy as solar energy and nuclear energy as well as water and wind (67)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ classed as (68)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy). Until these energy (69)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are widely used .it is important for the developed countries to reduce energy (70)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as much as possible .

61. A. fuels B. powers C. forms D. energies.

62. A. end B. complete C. total D. exhaust

63. A. findings B. productions C. amounts D. sources

64. A. reserves B. stores C. mines D. contents

65. A. updated B. repeated C. renewed D. produced

66. A. traditional B. alterlative C. surprising D. revolutionary

67. A. force B. strength C. power D. motion

68. A. repeatable B. continual C. renewable D. continuous

69. A. goods B. supplies C. provisions D. materials

70. A. exhaustion B. destruction C. waste D. consumption

**III. WRITING**

***1. Identify the error in each sentence.***

71. Helen likes to listen to music, to go to the cinema, to chat on the phone and going shopping.

A B C D

72. Many successful film directions are former actors who desire to expand their experience in the

film industry. A B C D

73. In my opinion, I think this book is more interesting than the other one.

A B C D

74. People who live in small towns often seem more friendly than people who live in populated

densely areas. A B C D

75. Aspirin is recommended to many people for their ability to thin the blood.

A B C D

***2. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it:***

76. When I arrived in Canberra, I wrote a letter home.

🡪 *On*……………………………………………….............................................................................................................................................

77.I like to go with my husband everywhere.

🡪 *Wherever he goes*……………………………………………....................................................................................................................

78. Our house is going to be painted by a local firm.

🡪 *We are* ....................................................................................................................................................................................................

79. She didn’t say a word as she left the room.

🡪 *She left the room* ...................................................................................................................................................................................

80. Is smoking permitted in Vietnamese cinemas?

🡪 *Are we* ............... ........................................................................................................................................................................................

81. Imagining our life without music is difficult.

🡪 *It*…………………………………………………………………………………….…………………………………………………………………..

82. Couldn't you have got a bus to the station ?.

🡪 *Was not*………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

83. He could not afford to buy the car .

🡪 *The car*……………………………………………………………………..…………………………………………………………………………

84. I could finish the work early because he helped me

🡪 *Thanks*…………………………………………………………………………..….………………………………………………………………...

85. These two boxers weigh exactly the same.

🡪 *There is no*……………………………………………………………………...…………………………………………………………………...

86.These new machines have put an end to queuing.

🡪 *Before these* ………………………………………………………………….…………………………………………………………………….

87. He never has enough money.

🡪 *He is always* ………………………………………………………………..………........................................................................................

***3. Write an essay of 150-200 words.***

Write a description of one of the popular celebration in Vietnam (about 150-200 words)

……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

**KEYS – PRACTICE 21**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | A | 11 | D | 21 | A | 31 | B |
| 2 | C | 12 | D | 22 | A | 32 | A |
| 3 | C | 13 | C | 23 | B | 33 | A |
| 4 | B | 14 | A | 24 | C | 34 | C |
| 5 | D | 15 | A | 25 | A | 35 | D |
| 6 | A | 16 | B | 26 | A | 36 | C |
| 7 | B | 17 | D | 27 | C | 37 | A |
| 8 | D | 18 | C | 28 | B | 38 | B |
| 9 | B | 19 | D | 29 | B | 39 | B |
| 10 | C | 20 | C | 30 | C | 40 | A |

2. Give the correct form of the word s in brackets:

41. surprisingly

42. uncomfortable

43. uneconomical

44. disappearance

45. ashamed

III. READING COMPREHENSION.

1. Fill in the blank with a suitable word.

46. rarely/seldom/never 51. own

47. stole/pinched 52. One

48. gave/handed/took 53. about/of

49. his 54. lies/stories/tales/untruths/falsehoods

50. got/found 55. returned/reverted

2. Read and answer the questions.

56. When did the first award ceremony take place? In 1901

57. Why was the Nobel prize established? Because Nobel wanted to create a fund to be used for awarding prizes to people who made the worthwhile contributions to humanity

58. In which area have American received the most awards? science

59. Was an award presented in 1941? No, it was not.

60. In how many fields are prizes bestowed? six

VII Read the passage bellow and then choose a suitable word A, B, C or D to fill in each blank :

61. A 62. D 63. D 64. A 65. C

66. B 67.C 68. C 69. B 70.D

III. WRITING

1. Identify the error in each sentence.

71. D 72. B 73. A 74. D 75.C

2. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it:

76. *On* ariving in Canberra, I wrote a letter home.

77. *Wherever my husband goes*, I will follow him.

78. We are *going to have our house painted by a local firm*.

79. She left the room *without saying a word*.

80. Are we *allowed to smoke in Vietnamese cinemas*?

81. It *is difficult to imagine our life without music*.

82. wasn't it possible for you to get a bus to the station?.

83. The car was too expensive for him to buy.

84. Thanks *to his help, I could finish the work early*.

85. There is no *difference in weight between these two boxers*.

87. Before these new machines were invented, there used to be queues.*.*

87. He is always *short of money /broke*.