UNIT 7: TRAFFIC – ENGLISH 7

A. LISTENING

I. Listen to the par	ragraph twice and mark	the best answe	r for each of th	he following questions.
A. a large population Question 2: Big of A. every day Question 3: The part A. increase in population A.	Paulo in Brazil has on B. the worst trafficities often suffer from tra B. in the evening C. main cause of the problem sulation B. narrow roads ording to the passage, mar	ffic jams Caffic jams in the rush houn is C. poor-qual	D. in t	he morning
	ules \mathbf{B} . do not		igns	
C. do not obey tra	affic rules D . across	s the roads		
II. Listen to the confalse (F).	onversation twice and dec	cide whether ti	he following so	entences are True (T) or
Question 5 : This v	vehicle can not avoid traff	fic.	A.True	B. False
Question 6: It doe	esn't need a driver.		A. True	B. False
Question 7: Study	ving to drive this vehicle i	s easy.	A.True	B. False
Question 8: It trav	vels very fast.		A.True	B. False
B. PRONUNCIA	TION			
I. Choose a word	that has the underlined p	art pronounce	d differently f	rom others
1. A. fl <u>i</u> ght	B. tr <u>i</u> cycle	C. s <u>i</u> gn	D. v	veh <u>i</u> cle
2. A . d a te	B. safety	C. traffic	D. s	st <u>a</u> tion
3. A. s y stem	B. cyclist	C. crying	D . s	t <u>y</u> le
4. A. surv e y	B. honey	C. ob <u>e</u> y	D. g	gr <u>e</u> y
5. A . w <u>eig</u> ht	B. sl <u>eig</u> h	C. eighty	D. h	<u>ei</u> ght
II. Choose a word	that has different stresse	ed syllable from	n others.	
1. A. traffic	B. respect	C. safety	y	D. pavement
2. A. expensive	B. prohibitive	C. dange	erous	D. polluted
3. A. allow	B. reverse	C. prote	ct	D. limit
4. A. machine	B. vehicle	C. helic	opter	D. tricycle
5. A. obey	B. suffer	C. allow	<i>I</i>	D. promote
C. GRAMMAR I	POINTS			
I. VOCABULARY				
1. At some stations	s you can buy a	from t	he machine.	
A. train ticket	B. driving license	e C. mear	ns of transport	D. railway station
2. Slow down a bit	t. There's a 50 km	on this	road.	
A. speed limit	B. road users	C. means	of transport	D. traffic jam

3. Public in	this city is quite goo	od, and it isn't	expensive.		
A. journey	B. travel		C. vehicle		D. transport
4. He is driving so	fast, he may endang	er other			
A. means of transpo	ort B. road use	rs	C. zebra cros	sing	D. railway station
5 . I rode a	when I was a chi	ld.			
A. car	B. motorbil	ke	C.tricycle		D. bike
II. VERB FORM					
1. You put t	he rubbish in the v	vaste bins over	r there.		
A. should	B. would	C. shouldn't		D. wo	uldn't
2. You be o	over eighteen to rid	le a motorbike			
A. would	B. mustn't	C. could		D. mu	ıst
3. Children	ride their bikes too	o fast.			
A. mightn't	B. wouldn't	C. shouldn't		D. wo	uld
4. I am a bit lost	you help me, p	olease?			
A. Could	B. Should	C. Might		D. Ma	ny
5. You eat so	many cookies. To	o much sugar i	s bad for you.		
A. couldn't	B. wouldn't	C. shouldn't		D. mi	ghtn't
III. WORD FORM					
1. If people	_ the rules, there a	ire no more ac	cidents.		
A. follow	B. take car	e of	C. obey		D. remember
2. Nam usually rid	es his motorbike v	ery			
A. carefully	B. careful		C. careless		D. uncareful
3. Some young peo	ople have the	accident rec	ords of all.		
A. baddest	B. good		C. badder		D. worst
4. Mr Van didn't u	se to ride his moto	rbike			
A. dangerous	B. da	angerously	C. car	eful	D. most careful
5. You should	right and left v	when you go ac	cross the road	s.	
A. see	B. look		C. be		D. take
IV. PREPOSITION	Ī				
1. We must always	s obey traffic rules	our sa	ıfety.		
A. in	B. on	C. o	f		D. for
2. It is about 300 r	neters my	house to the b	us stop.		
A. in	B . to	C. a	t		D. from
3. You must keep	the left w	hen you are in	the UK.		

A. to	B. for	C. against	D. at
4. Most of my cla	assmates go to school	bicycle	
A. on	B. in	c. by	D. up
5. You should loo	ok right and left when yo	ou go the road.	
A. along	B. up	C. down	D. across
V. SPOKEN LAN	GUAGE		
1. Lan: "Do you u	usually walk to school?"		
Nam: ""			
A. Yes, I do.	B. That's a good	idea. C. Not at all	l. D. You're welcome.
2. Lan: "How far	is it from your home to	the gym?"	
Nam: ""			
A. It's near by.	B. It's about 3 ki	m. C. Far.	D. Yes, let's.
3. Lan: "Would y	ou like to cycle to schoo	l with me?"	
Nam: ""			
A. Yes, we do.	B. Yes, I'd love to	o. C. Not at all.	D. You're welcome.
4. Lan: "How doe	es your Mom get to work	(?"	
Nam: ""			
A. She goes by m	otorbike. B. She go by n	notorbike. C. She'	s walk. D. She's walking.
5. Lan: "How abo	out taking a trip to my ho	ome town?"	
Nam: ""			
A. Sorry, I can't	B. No, I don't.	C. Yes, I do.	D. No, I doesn't like.
VI. GRAMMAR			
1. you eat so	o much junk food if you	want to be healthy?	
A. Should	B. Shouldn't C. I	Might D. Could	
2. You pu	t the rubbish in the was	te bins over there.	
A. should	B. shouldn't C .	can D. might	
3 . If you're feeling	g sick, you go to we	ork.	
A. should	B. shouldn't C. of	can D. could	
4. He give u	p on his dream of becon	ning a musician. It's w	aste too much time.
A. should	B. shouldn't C. n	night D. will	
5. We forge	t to turn off the lights be	fore we leave the hou	ise.
A. should	B. shouldn't C. 1	might D. Can	
6 . Students	study hard if they want	to do well on the test.	
A. should	B. shouldn't C. 1	might D. shall	

7 . How is	it from your house	to the gym?		
A. long	B. far	C. much	D. old	
8. We forgo	et to call our grand	parents on thei	r anniversary	7.
A. will	B. should	C. shouldn't	D might	
9. Weride	our motorbike so f	ast.		
A. will	B. should	C. shouldn't	D might	
10. You h	elp your mum was	h the dishes aft	er dinner.	
A. should	B. shouldn't	C. might	D. will	
VII. Choose the questions.	word(s) CLOSEST	in meaning to	the underlined	d words in each of the following
1. The streets in	the countryside are	<u>quiet</u>		
A. peaceful	B. noisy	C	. busy	D. exciting
2. He drives a ca	r <u>dangerously</u> .			
A. safely	B. careless	S C	. slow	D. carelessly
3. I sometimes	g <mark>o on foot</mark> to schoo	ol.		
A. drive	B. ride	C	. walk	D. travel
4. The streets in	the city are noisy			
A. safe	B. quiet.	C	. peaceful,_	D. busy
5. My sister ride	es a bike <u>safely.</u>			
A. carefully	B. careful	C	. dangerous	D. dangerously
VIII. Choose following questi		SITE in mean	ing to the un	derlined words in each of the
1. The streets in	the city are always	<u>noisy</u>		
A. safe	B. quiet	C	polluted	D. busy
2. Ho Chi Minh	city will have to find	d a solution to <u>re</u>	educe trafic ja	ms.
A. reuse	B. stop	C. r	eplace	D. increase
3. My father alw	ays rides a motorbil	ke <u>safely.</u>		
A. carelessly	B. careful	C	. dangerous	D. noisily
4. I took my gran	ndmother to get on	the bus last weel	ζ.	
A. get off	B. get up	C.	get	D. get out
5. That man is a	<u>careful</u> driver.			
A. careless	B. safe	C	. carefully	D. safely
	_		_	he following questions.
1. You should s a	aw right and left w	vhen you go acr	oss <u>the roads</u>	ļ.
A. saw	B. and	C	. go	D. the road

2. If you are not	careful, you'll fal	lls off your bicycle	2.	
A. are not	B. careful	C. <u>f</u>	<u>alls</u>	D. bicycle
3. Our teacher	always drive car	efully.		
A. Our	B. always	C. 0	lrive	D. carefully
4. Public transp	ort <u>on</u> my town <u>is</u>	good and cheap.		
A. public	B. on	C. i	S	D. and
5. Traffic rules	should be <u>obeyed</u>	strict by road use	rs.	
A. Traffic rule	s B. obeyed	C. s	strict	D. by
D. READING				
•	wing passage and fits each of the nu		, B, C, or D to inc	dicate the correct word or
(4) and v (5) taxis (6) the b underground or	without stopping or buses. If you ous you want. Yo a bus. At the und	many times. The took to the took the took to the took	underground is th ong Kong very v , but it is (7)	nnot drive on the road erefore usually quicker well, it is very difficult expensive than the that tell you the station and your way.
1. A. in	B. by	C. on	D. with	
2. A. because	B. when	C. so	D. but	
3.A. some	B. a lot	c. many	D. few	
4.A. quick	B. quicker	C. quickly	D. quickest	
5.A. as	B. than	C. so	D .like	
6. A. finding	B. to find	C. found	D. to findin	g
7. A. more	B. much	C. as	D. too	
8. A. who	B. when	C. what	D. how	
to each of the qu	estions.			and inexperience drivers
Who are 1	the heet drivere'/ /	coording to a rece	ont curvey vound	and inevneriened drivers

Who are the best drivers? According to a recent survey, young and inexperiened drivers are the most likely to have an accident. Older drivers are more careful. Young men have the worst accident records of all. They often choose faster cars with bigger engines. One of the most interesting facts in the survey is that passengers have an effect on the driver. When young male drivers have their friends in car, their driving becomes worse. When their wife or girlfriends is in the car, however, their driving is better. But this is not true for women. Their driving is more dangerous when their husband or boyfriend is in the car. However, if their small children are riding in the car, they drive more slowly and safely.

- **1.** According to the survey, who are the most likely to have an accident?
 - **A.** Young and inexperienced drivers
- **B.** Old and inexperienced drivers

C. Young and o	old female drivers	D. Old and inexp	perienced men
2. Who have an effect	on the drivers?		
A. Parents	B. Policemen	C. Families	D. Passengers
3. When young male d	rivers have their wife o	or girlfriend in the car	r, they drive
A. worse	B. slowly	C. better	D. fast
4. The word " they " in	the last sentence refers	s to	
A. women	B. husbands	C. boyfriends	D. small children
E. WRITING			
I. Sentence transform	ation.		
1. The distance from F	Ha Noi to Hue City is a	bout 540km.	
→ It		·	
2. What is the distance	e between Ho Chi Minl	h city and Phu Quoc	island?
→ How		?	
3. The distance from V	/inh city to Ha Tinh ci	ty is about 50km.	
→ It		,	
4. A train leaves for D	a Nang at 5 o'clock ev	ery morning.	
→There		·	
5. Our teacher is alway			
→Our teacher always_			
II. Paragraph writing			
	bout 60-80 words) abo		ns where you live, or in a t

ı, or a city you know well. Using the following outline.

- Problem 1: traffic jams is the encroachment of pavements and roads leading to the sale of a large number of retailers (street vendors, food and drink parlors).
- Problem 2:on the one-way street (some people drive the vehicle in the opposite direction and cause many sudden accidents)
- Problem 3: the quality of vehicles involved in traffic (many motorized vehicles when the traffic is not full of lights, beacon lights, beacon, brake lights, rearview mirror)

F. SPEAKING

TOPIC: TRAFFIC

PART 1: Introduction and interview on familiar topics

1. The examiner asks the student about him/herself, his/her family, his/her hobbies, his/her favourite foods and drinks, and his/her studies,...

Part 2: Talk about the traffic problems where you live, or in town, or a city you know.

You should talk about:

What problems they are

- How do you feel about these problems
- What you should do to reduce these problems

Part 3:

- 1. Where should you cross the street?
- **2.** What should you do before you turn left or right?

ANSWER KEYS

UNIT 7: TRAFFIC - ENGLISH 7

A. LISTENING

TI. LIBILITING				
I. Listen to the par	agraph twice and mark	the best answe	r for each of the	e following questions.
A. a large population Question 2: Big compared A. every day Question 3: The magnitude of the population A. increase in population Question 4: According to the population of the population	Paulo in Brazil has On B. the worst tra ities often suffer from tr B. in the evening C. main cause of the problemation B. narrow road rding to the passage, main ales B. do no	raffic jams raffic jams in the rush hou m is S C. poor-qual my road users	D. in th	e morning
C. do not obey tra	ffic rules D . acros	s the roads		
II. Listen to the co False (F).	nversation twice and de	ecide whether t	he following sen	ntences are True (T) or
Question 5 : This v	rehicle can not avoid trat	ffic.	A.True	B. False
Question 6: It does	sn't need a driver.		A.True	B. False
Question 7: Study	ing to drive this vehicle	is easy.	A.True	B. False
Question 8: It trav	els very fast.		A.True	B. False
B. PRONUNCIAT	ΓΙΟΝ			
I. Choose a word t	hat has the underlined	part pronounce	ed differently fro	om others
1. A. fl <u>i</u> ght	B. tr <u>i</u> cycle	C. s <u>i</u> gn	D. ve	h <u>i</u> cle
2. A . d <u>a</u> te	B. safety	C. traffic	D. st	<u>a</u> tion
3. A. s <u>v</u> stem	B. cyclist	C. crying	D. sty	<u>d</u> e
4. A. surv <u>e</u> y	B. honey	C. ob <u>e</u> y	D. gr	<u>e</u> y
5. A . w <u>eig</u> ht	B. sl <u>ei</u> gh	C. eighty	D. h <u>e</u> i	ight
II. Choose a word	that has different stress	sed syllable froi	n others.	
1. A. traffic	B. respect	C. safet	y	D. pavement
2. A. expensive	B. prohibitive	C. dang	erous	D. polluted
3. A. allow	B. reverse	C. prote	ect	D. limit
4. A. machine	B. vehicle	C. helic	opter	D. tricycle

5. A. obey	B. suffer	C.	allow	D. promote
C. GRAMMAR	POINTS			
I. VOCABULARY	Y			
1. At some statio	ns you can buy a	f	from the machine.	
A. train ticket	B. driving l	icense C	. means of transpor	t D. railway station
2. Slow down a b	oit. There's a 50 km_	0	on this road.	
A. speed limit	B. road us	ers C. n	neans of transport	D. traffic jam
3. Public	in this city is quite go	ood, and it isn'	t expensive.	
A. journey	B. travel		C. vehicle	D. transport
4. He is driving s	o fast, he may endang	ger other		
A. means of trans	sport B. road us	ers	C. zebra crossin	g D. railway station
5 . I rode a	when I was a ch	ild.		
A. car	B. motorb	ike	C.tricycle	D. bike
II. VERB FORM				
1. You pu	t the rubbish in the	waste bins ov	er there.	
A. should	B. would	C. shouldn	u't D	.wouldn't
2. You be	e over eighteen to ri	de a motorbik	ce.	
A. would	B. mustn't	C. could	D	. must
3. Children	ride their bikes to	o fast.		
A. mightn't	B. wouldn't	C. shouldn	ı't D	would.
4. I am a bit lost	you help me,	please?		
A. Could	B. Should	C. Might	D	. May
5. You eat	so many cookies. To	oo much sugai	r is bad for you.	
A. couldn't	B. wouldn't	C. shouldn	u't D	. mightn't
III. WORD FOR	M			
1. If people	the rules, there	are no more a	accidents.	
A. follow	B. take ca	re of	C. obey	D. remember
2. Nam usually 1	rides his motorbike	very		
A. carefully	B. careful		C. careless	D. uncareful
3. Some young p	people have the	accident r	ecords of all.	
A. baddest	B. good		C. badder	D. worst
4. Mr Van didn't	use to ride his moto	orbike		
A. dangerous	B. (langerously	C. carefu	l D. most careful
5. You should	right and left	when you go	across the roads.	

A. see	B. look		C. be	D. take
IV. PREPOSITI	ON			
1. We must alw	ays obey traffic rule	s ou	r safety.	
A. in	B. on		C. of	D. for
2. It is about 30	00 meters m	y house to th	ne bus stop.	
A. in	B . to		C. at	D. from
3. You must kee	ep the left v	when you are	e in the UK.	
A. to	B. for		C. against	D. at
4. Most of my o	elassmates go to sch	ool bio	cycle	
A. on	B. in		C. by	D. up
5. You should lo	ook right and left wh	ien you go	the road.	
A. along	B. up	C	. down	D. across
V. SPOKEN LAN	NGUAGE			
1. Lan: "Do you	usually walk to scho	ool?"		
Nam: ""				
A. Yes, I do.	B. That's a	good idea.	C. Not at all.	D. You're welcome.
2. Lan: "How fa	r is it from your hon	ne to the gyn	n?"	
Nam: ""				
A. It's near by.	B. It's abou	t 3 km.	C. Far.	D. Yes, let's.
3. Lan: "Would	you like to cycle to s	school with n	ne?"	
Nam: ""				
A. Yes, we do.	B. Yes, I'd l	ove to.	C. Not at all.	D. You're welcome.
4. Lan: "How do	oes your Mom get to	work?"		
Nam: ""				
A. She goes by i	motorbike. B. She go	o by motorbi	ke. C. She's	walk. D. She's walking.
5. Lan: "How ab	oout taking a trip to	my home tov	wn?"	
Nam: ""				
A. Sorry, I can't	B. No, I don	't. C. Ye	s, I do.	D. No, I doesn't like.
VI. GRAMMA	R			
1. you eat	so much junk food if	you want to	be healthy?	
A. Should	B. Shouldn't	C. Might	D. Could	
2. You p	ut the rubbish in the	waste bins	over there.	
A. should	B. shouldn't	C . can	D. might	
3. If you're feeli	ing sick, you go	to work.		

A. should	B. shouldn't C. ca	n D. could	
4. He give	up on his dream of becomi	ng a musician. It's wa	aste too much time.
A. should	B. shouldn't C. mi	ght D. will	
5. We for	get to turn off the lights befo	ore we leave the hous	se.
A. should	B. shouldn't C. m	ight D. Can	
6. Students	_ study hard if they want to	do well on the test.	
A. should	B. shouldn't C. m	ight D. shall	
7 . How is	s it from your house to the g	ym?	
A. long	B. far C. muc	ch D. old	
8. We for §	get to call our grandparents	on their anniversary	<i>T</i> .
A. will	B. should C. sho	ouldn't D might	
9. Weride	our motorbike so fast.		
A. will	B. should C. sho	ouldn't D might	
10. You1	nelp your mum wash the dis	shes after dinner.	
A. should	B. shouldn't C. mig	ght D. will	
VII. Choose the questions.	e word(s) CLOSEST in mea	ning to the underlined	d words in each of the following
1. The streets is	n the countryside are quiet		
A. peaceful	B. noisy	C. busy	D. exciting
2. He drives a c	ar dangerously.		
A. safely	B. careless	C. slow	D. carelessly
3. I sometimes	go on foot to school.		
A. drive	B. ride	C. walk	D. travel
4. The streets is	n the city are noisy		
A. safe	B. quiet .	C. peaceful,_	D. busy
5. My sister ric	les a bike <u>safely.</u>		
A. carefully	B. careful	C. dangerous	D. dangerously
VIII. Choose following quest		n meaning to the un	derlined words in each of the
1. The streets is	n the city are always noisy		
A. safe	B. quiet	C. polluted	D. busy
2. Ho Chi Minh	city will have to find a solut	ion to <u>reduce</u> trafic ja	ms.
A. reuse	B. stop	C. replace	D. increase
3. My father alv	ways rides a motorbike safel	<u>y.</u>	
A. carelessly	B. careful	C. dangerous	D. noisily

4. I took my gran	dmother to get on	the bus last week.		
A. get off	B. get up	C. get		D. get out
5. That man is a g	careful driver.			
A. careless	B. safe	C. ca	arefully	D. safely
IX. Choose the u	nderlined part the	at needs correction	in each of the fo	llowing questions.
1. You should <u>sa</u>	w right and left	when you go across	s <u>the roads</u> .	
A. saw	B. and	C. go	0	D. the road
2. If you <u>are not</u>	<u>careful</u> , you'll <u>fa</u> l	lls off your bicycle.	1	
A. are not	B. careful	C. <u>fa</u>	<u>ılls</u>	D. bicycle
3. Our teacher a	<u>always</u> <u>drive</u> <u>car</u>	<u>efully</u> .		
A. Our	B. always	C. dı	rive	D. carefully
4. Public transp	ort <u>on</u> my town <u>is</u>	good and cheap.		
A. public	B. on	C. is		D. and
5. Traffic rules	should be <u>obeyed</u>	strict by road users	S.	
A. Traffic rules	B. obeyed	d C. st	rict	D. by
D. READING				
	wing passage and fits each of the nu		B, C, or D to in	ndicate the correct word or
(1) unde There are (3) _ (4) and v (5) taxis (6) the b underground or	rground. I preference trams and without stopping or buses. If you want. You a bus. At the unc	r the underground buses in Hong Komany times. The under	d (2) it in the song, and one can derground is the song Kong very but it is (7) find good maps	i, by tram, by bus, or is fast, easy and cheap. nnot drive on the road herefore usually quicker well, it is very difficult expensive than the that tell you the station ind your way.
1. A. in	B. by	C. on	D. with	
2. A. because	B. when	C. so	D. but	
3.A. some	B. a lot	C. many	D. few	
4.A. quick	B. quicker	C. quickly	D. quickes	t
5.A. as	B. than	C. so	D .like	
6. A. finding	B. to find	c. found	D. to findi	ng
7. A. more	B. much	C. as	D. too	
8. A. who	B. when	C. what	D. how	
II D 14 CH	••	1 1 . 41 . 1 . 4 . 4	D.C. D.	1 4 41

II. Read the following passage and circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Who are the best drivers? According to a recent survey, young and inexperiened drivers are the most likely to have an accident. Older drivers are more careful. Young men have the worst accident records of all. They often choose faster cars with bigger engines. One of the most interesting facts in the survey is that passengers have an effect on the driver. When young male drivers have their friends in car, their driving becomes worse. When their wife or girlfriends is in the car, however, their driving is better. But this is not true for women. Their driving is more dangerous when their husband or boyfriend is in the car. However, if their small children are riding in the car, they drive more slowly and safely.

	accident?	to have ar	the most likely	who are	to the survey.	1. According
--	-----------	------------	-----------------	---------	----------------	--------------

A. Young and inexperienced drivers		B. Old and inexperienced drivers	
C. Young and old female drivers		D. Old and inexperienced men	
2. Who have an eff	Fect on the drivers?		
A. Parents	B. Policemen	C. Families	D. Passengers
3. When young mal	e drivers have their wife or	girlfriend in the ca	r, they drive
A. worse	B. slowly	C. better	D. fast
4. The word "they	'in the last sentence refers	to	
A. women	B. husbands	C. boyfriends	D. small children

E. WRITING

I. Sentence transformation.

- 1. It is about 540km from Ha Noi to Hue City.
- 2. How far is it from Ho Chi Minh city and Phu Quoc island?

- 3. It is about 50km from Vinh city to Ha Tinh city.
- 4. There is a train leaving for Da Nang at 5 o'clock every morning.
- 5. Our teacher always drives carefully.

II. Paragraph writing.

Write a paragraph (about 60-80 words) about the traffic problems where you live, or in a town, or a city you know well. Using the following outline.

- Problem 1: traffic jams is the encroachment of pavements and roads leading to the sale of a large number of retailers (street vendors, food and drink parlors).
- Problem 2:on the one-way street (some people drive the vehicle in the opposite direction and cause many sudden accidents)
- Problem 3: the quality of vehicles involved in traffic (many motorized vehicles when the traffic is not full of lights, beacon lights, beacon, brake lights, rearview mirror)

F. SPEAKING

TOPIC: TRAFFIC

PART 1: Introduction and interview on familiar topics

2. The examiner asks the student about him/herself, his/her family, his/her hobbies, his/her favourite foods and drinks, and his/her studies,...

Part 2: Talk about the traffic problems where you live, or in town, or a city you know.

You should talk about:

- What problems they are
- How do you feel about these problems
- What you should do to reduce these problems

Part 3:

- 3. Where should you cross the street?
- 4. What should you do before you turn left or right?

---THE END---