**UNIT 4**

**MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

A. THEORY

PRONUNCIATION

Âm /i:/ và âm /i/

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| /i :/ | ship | chick | click | Nick |
| /i/ | sheep | meet | seat | neat |

**1. Âm /ɪ/**

1.1. “a” được phát âm là /i/với những danh từ có hai âm tiết và có tận cùng bằng “age”

Examples: Transcription Meaning

village /ˈvɪlɪdʒ/ làng, xã

cottage / ˈkɔtɪdʒ/ nhà tranh, lều tranh

1.2. “e” được phát âm là /ɪ/ trong tiếp đầu ngữ “be”, “de” và “re”

Examples Transcription Meaning

begin /bɪˈgɪn/ bắt đầu

become /bɪˈkʌm / trở nên

1.3. “i” được phát âm là /ɪ/ trong từ có một âm tiết và tận cùng bằng một hoặc hai phụ âm i + phụ âm.

Examples Transcription Meaning

win /wɪn/ chiến thắng

miss /mɪs/ nhớ

1.4. “ui” được phát âm là /ɪ/

Examples Transcription Meaning

build /bɪld/ xây cất

guilt /gɪlt / tội lỗi

**2. Âm /iː/**

2.1. Âm “e” được phát âm là /iː/ khi đứng liền trước hình thức tận cùng bằng phụ âm + e và trong những chữ be, he, she, me ..

Examples Transcription Meaning

scene /siːn/ phong cảnh

complete /kəmˈpliːt/ hoàn toàn

2.2. Âm “ea” được phát âm là /iː/ với những từ có tận cùng là“ea” hoặc “ea” + một phụ âm. Examples Transcription Meaning

tea /tiː/ trà

meal /miːl/ bữa ăn

2.3. “ee” thường được phát âm là /iː/

Examples Transcription Meaning

three /θriː/ số 3

see /siː/ nhìn, trông, thấy

2.4. “ei” được phát âm là /iː/ trong một số trường hợp:

Examples Transcription Meaning

receive /rɪˈsiːv/ nhận được

ceiling /ˈsiːlɪŋ/ trần nhà

2.5. “ie” được phát âm là /iː/ khi nó là những nguyên âm ở giữa một chữ.

Examples Transcription Meaning

grief /griːf/ nỗi lo buồn

chief /tiːf/ người đứng đầu

**VOCABULARY**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **New words** | **Transcription** | **Meaning** |
| art gallery (n) | /ɑːt ˈɡæləri/ | phòng triễn lãm |
| antique shop (n) | /ænˈtiːk ʃɒp/ | cửa hàng đồ cổ |
| Busy (adj) | /'bizi/ | Bận rộn, nhộn nhịp, náo nhiệt |
| Cathedral (n) | /kəˈθiːdrəl/ | nhà thờ |
| Cross (v) | /krɔs/ | Đi ngang qua, vượt qua |
| Crowd (n) | /kraud/ | Đám đông |
| Crowded (adj) | /ˈkraʊ.dɪd/ | Đông đúc |
| Uncrowded (adj) | /ʌn’kraʊ.dɪd/ | Không đông đúc |
| Convenient (adj) | /kənˈvin·jənt/ | thuận tiện, thuận lợi |
| Convenience | /kənˈviniəns/ | Sự tiện lợi |
| Inconvenient (adj) | /ˌɪn·kənˈvin·jənt/ | bất tiện, phiền phức |
| inconvenience (n) | /,inkən'vi:njəns/ | Sự bất tiện |
| Dislike (v) | /dis'laik/ | Không thích, ghét |
| Excite (v) | /ikˈsait/ | Làm cho phấn khích |
| Excited (adj) | /ikˈsaitid/ | phấn khích |
| Exciting (adj) | /ɪkˈsaɪ.t̬ɪŋ/ | thú vị, lý thú, hứng thú |
| Famous (adj) | /'feiməs/ | Nổi tiếng |
| Faraway (adj) | /'fɑ:əwei/ | Xa xôi, xa |
| Finally (adv) | /'fainəli/ | Cuối cùng |
| Modern (adj) | /ˈmɑd·ərn/ | Hiện đại |
| Modernize (v) | /ˈmɑd·ərnaiz/ | Hiện đại hóa |
| Modernisation (n) | /,mɑd·ərnai’zeiʃn/ | Sự hiện dại hóa |
| Narrow (adj) | /ˈnærəʊ/ | Chật hẹp |
| Outdoor (adj) | /'autdɔ:/ | Ngoài trời |
| Polluted (adj) | /pəˈlut/ | ô nhiễm |
| Pollution (n) | /pə'lu:ʃn | Sự ô nhiễm |
| Pollutant (n) | /pəˈluːtənt/ | Chất ô nhiễm |
| Pollute (v) | /pəˈluːt/ | Làm ô nhiễm |
| Railway-station (n) | /ˈreɪlweɪˈsteɪʃən/ | Nhà ga xe lửa |
| Sandy (adj) | ˈsændi/ | Có cát, phủ cát |
| Square (n) | /skweər/ | Quảng trường |
| Suburb (n) | /ˈsʌbɜːb | Khu vực Ngoại ô |
| Turning (n) | /'tə:niɳ/ | Chỗ ngoặt, chố rẽ |
| Workshop (n) | /ˈwɜːkʃɒp/ | Phân xưởng (sản xuất, sửa chữa) |

**GRAMMAR - NGỮ PHÁP**

**COMPARATIVE ADJECTIVES - Tính từ so sánh**

**Định nghĩa tính từ**: Tính từ chỉ chất lượng là tính từ chỉ về chất lượng của người, động vật hoặc của một đồ vật cụ thế.

- Tính từ chỉ chất lượng trong tiếng Anh được phân ra làm 2 loại:

+ Tính từ ngắn - short adjective

+ Tính từ dài - long adjective

* ***Phân biệt tính từ ngắn và tính từ dài:***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Tính từ ngắn (Short adjectives) | Tính từ dài (Long adjectives) |
| Là tính từ có một âm tiết  Ví dụ: red, long, short, hard,... | Là tính từ có từ 2 âm tiết trở lên  Ví dụ: beautiful, friendly, humorous,... |

* ***Cấu trúc so sánh hơn****:*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Với tính từ ngắn: | S + V + adj + er + than + Noun/ Pronoun |
| Với tính từ dài: | S + V + more + adj + than + Noun/ Pronoun |

***Ex:***

This book is thicker than that one. She is more intelligent than you are.

*(Cuốn sách này dày hơn cuốn sách kia.) (Cô ấy thông minh hơn bạn.)*

**NOTE:**

* Một số tính từ có 2 âm tiết nhưng có tận cùng là "**y, le, ow, er, et**" khi sử dụng ở so sánh hơn ta áp dụng cấu trúc so sánh hơn của tính từ ngắn.

***Ex:***

happy → happier narrow→ narrower

clever → cleverer gentle → gentler

Now they are happier than they were before. *(Bây giờ họ hạnh phúc hơn trước kia.)*

* Một số tính từ và trạng từ biến đổi đặc biệt khi sừ dụng so sánh hơn

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| good/well → better | much/ many → more | a little/ little → less |
| bad/ badly → worse | far → farther/ further | old → older/ elder |

**Phân biệt “older” và “elder”**

**“older**” và “**elder**” đều dùng được như 2 tính từ so sánh hơn, khi muốn so sánh tuổi tác của hai đối tượng. Tuy nhiên, “elder” được dùng khi muốn so sánh tuổi của các thành viên trong gia đình. “Elder” không được dùng trong mẫu “elder than”.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Trong mẫu câu so sánh hơn với “than”, luôn dùng “older” | My brother is older than me. => đúng  My brother is elder than me. => sai |
| Khi so sánh 2 vật, luôn dùng “older”. | This house is older than all the others in the street. |
| Khi so sánh 2 người, cần cân nhắc xem hai người có cùng gia đình không. | Nếu cùng gia đình:  My elder brother doesn’t live with my parents.  Nếu không cùng gia đình:  The older girl is taking care of the younger. |

* **Các tính từ dưới đây dùng "more"**

• Tính từ kết thúc bằng "-ful" hoặc "less": careful, helpful; useful;...

• Tinh từ kết thúc bằng "-ing" hoặc "-ed": boring; willing; annoyed; surprised;...

• Các tính từ khác: afraid; certain; correct; eager; exact; famous; foolish; frequent; modern; nervous; normal; recent;...

* Quy tắc viết đặc biệt với các tính từ ngắn:

+ Với các tính từ ngắn kết thúc bằng "-e": ta chi cần thêm "r"

*Eg: nice → nicer; large → larger; late → later; safe → safer*

+ Với các tính từ ngắn tận cùng bằng "y": đổi "y" thành "i" lồi mới thêm "er"

*Eg: happy → happier*

+ Với các tính từ kết thúc bằng một nguyên âm đơn + phụ âm đơn: ta gấp đôi phụ âm lồi mói thêm "er"

*Eg: hot → hotter; big → bigger; thin → thinner*

**BÀI TẬP VẬN DỤNG**

**Điền vào chỗ trống dạng đúng của so sánh hơn.**

1. Cats are ………more intelligent ……..… (intelligent) than rabbits.

2. Lana is ………older………… (old) than John.

3. China is far ……………larger……… (large) than the UK.

4. My garden is a lot …………more colourful ………. (colourful) than this park.

5. Helen is …………more quiet ……… (quiet) than her sister.

6. My Geography class is …………more boring ……………. (boring) than my Math class.

7. My Class is ……………bigger……. (big) than yours.

8. The weather this authumn is even …………worse………… (bad) than last authumn.

9. This box is ……………more beautiful……… (beautiful) than that one.

10. A holiday by the mountains is ………better………….(good) than a holiday in the sea.

11. Many people would argue that robots are ………more intelligent..… (intelligent) than humans.

12. The price in the countryside is…………cheaper..… (cheap) than that in big cities.

13. Canada is far ………larger……..… (large) than Vietnam.

14. My garden is a lot more colorful……more colorful ……… (colorful) than this park.

15. My friend is quieter………more quiet ………..(quiet) than me.

16. Art-related subjects are ………more interesting ………… (interesting) than science classes.

17. My current apartment is ……more comfortable ……… (comfortable) than the one, I rented 2 years ago.

18. The weather this autumn is even …………nicer……….. (nice) than last autumn.

19. These products in this grocery are ……more natural …….. (natural) than these in the near one.

20. A holiday in the mountains is more ……..memorable…………(memorable) then a holiday in the sea

**Chọn đáp án đúng**

1. I think New York is more ***expensive/ expensiver*** than Pari.

2. Is the North Sea more ***big/ bigger*** than the Mediterranean Sea?

3. Are you a ***better/good*** job than your sister?

4. My mom’s ***funny/ funnier*** than your mom!

5. Crocodiles are more dangerous ***than/as*** fish.

6. Math is ***badder/worse*** than chemistry.

7. Cars are much ***more safer/much*** safer than motorbikes.

8. Australia is ***far/further*** hotter than Ireland.

9. It is strange but often a coke is more ***expensive/ expensiver*** than a beer.

10. Non-smokers usually live more ***long/ longer*** than smokers.

**Viết dạng so sánh hơn của các tính từ và trạng từ sau**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tính từ/ Trạng từ** | **So sánh hơn** | **Tính từ/ Trạng từ** | **So sánh hơn** |
| 1. beautiful | **More beautiful** | 6. little | **Less** |
| 2. hot | **Hotter** | 7. bad | **Worse** |
| 3. crazy | **Crazier** | 8. good | **Better** |
| 4. slowly | **More slowly** | 9. attractive | **More attractive** |
| 5. few | **fewer** | 10. big | **gigger** |

**Chọn đáp án đúng để điền vào chỗ trống trong các câu sau.**

1. He is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ singer I’ve ever met.

A. worse                     B. bad                       C. the worst                       D. badly

2. Mary is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ responsible as Peter.

A. more                       B. the most                       C. much                        D. as

3. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the city than it is in the country.

A. noisily                   B. more noisier                   C. noisier                      D. noisy

4. He sings \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ among the singers I have known.

A. the most beautiful                          B. the more beautiful

C. the most beautifully                        D. the more beautifully

5. He is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ student in my class.

A. most hard-working                             B. more hard-working

C. the most hard-working                        D. as hard-working

6. The English test was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than I thought it would be.

A. the easier                     B. more easy                      C. easiest                      D. easier

7. Physics is thought to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than Math.

A. harder                   B. the more hard                  C. hardest                    D. the hardest

8. Jupiter is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ planet in the solar system.

A. the biggest                  B. the bigger                     C. bigger                      D. biggest

9. She runs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in my class.

A. the slowest               B. the most slow            C. the slowly               D. the most slowly

10. My house is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hers.

A. cheap than                  B. cheaper               C. more cheap than            D. cheaper than

11. My office is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ away than mine.

A. father                       B. more far                        C. farther                        D. farer

12. Lana is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than David.

A. handsome                        B. the more handsome

C. more handsome                        D. the most handsome

13. She did the test \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I did.

A. as bad as                        B. badder than                      C. more badly than                      D. worse than

14. A boat is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than a plane.

A. slower                      B. slowest                      C. more slow                      D. more slower

15. Her new house is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than the old one.

A. more comfortable                       B. comfortably

C. more comfortabler                       D. comfortable

16. Her sister dances \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than me.

A. gooder                       B. weller                       C. better                        D. more good

17. Her bedroom is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ room in her house.

A. tidier than                       B. the tidiest C. the most tidy                       D. more tidier

18. This road is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than that road.

A. narrower                 B. narrow               C. the most narrow            D. more narrower

19. She drives \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Her brother.

A. more careful than                        B. more carefully

C. more carefully than                        D. as careful as

20. It was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ day of the year.

A. the colder                       B. the coldest                       C. coldest                       D. colder

21. My office is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_away than mine.

A. father B. more far C. farther D. farer

22. Lana is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than David.

A. handsome B. the more handsome

C. more handsome D. the most handsome

23. A boat is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than a plane.

A. slower B. slowest C. more slow D. more slower

24. Her new house is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than the old one.

A. more comfortable B. comfortably C. more comfortabler D. comfortable

25. His house is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ away from school than mine.

A. Farther B. Far C. Farrer D. Furthest

**Viết lại bắt đầu bằng từ đã cho sao cho câu không thay đổi.**

1. This exercise is easier than that one.

=> That exercise is ……more difficult than this exercise………..

2. The black car is cheaper than the red car.

=> The red car ……is more expensive than the black one………..

3. This film is more interesting than that one.

=> That film is ………more boring than this film……………..

4. This river is longer than that one.

=> That river is …………shorter than this…………..

5. Miss Lan is older than Miss Nga.

=> Miss Nga is ………is younger than Miss Lan………………..

6. My kitchen is smaller than yours.

=> Your kitchen ………bigger than mine………..

7. Her old house is bigger than her new one.

=> Her new house ………smaller than her old one………..

8. The black dress is more expensive than the white one.

=> The white dress ………cheaper than the black one…………..

9. According to me, English is easier than Maths.

=> According to me, Maths ………more difficult than English………..

10. This computer works better than that one.

=> That computer ……………is worse than this………..

**BÀI TẬP TỔNG HỢP NÂNG CAO**

**Viết dạng so sánh hơn của những từ trong ngoặc.**

1. There is nothing (exciting) \_\_\_\_\_more exciting \_\_\_\_\_ than going on a trip.

2. Your tee- shirt looks (fantastic) \_\_\_\_\_\_ more fantastic \_\_\_\_\_ with this skirt!

3. Which do you like (good) \_\_\_\_\_better\_\_\_\_ , fish or meat?

4. Your car is (fast) \_\_\_faster\_\_\_\_ than mine!

5. Gold is (valuable) \_\_\_\_\_more valuable \_\_\_\_ than silver.

6. New York is (large) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_larger\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Seattle.

7. I think geography is much (easy) \_\_\_\_easier\_\_\_\_\_ than science.

8. No need to go any (far) \_\_\_\_\_farther\_\_\_\_\_\_!

9. Which is (big) \_\_\_bigger\_\_\_ , a tiger or a lion?

10. Mike is (tall) \_\_\_\_\_taller\_\_\_ than John, my ex-boyfriend.

11. I’d like to have (long) \_\_\_longer\_\_\_\_\_ hair. It’s too short now.

12. Climbing mountains is (dangerous) \_\_\_\_more dangerous \_\_\_\_ than hiking.

13. He was (lucky) \_\_\_\_luckier\_\_\_\_ in his (late) \_\_\_later\_\_\_\_ life than in his youth.

14. We need to buy a (big) \_\_\_bigger\_\_\_\_ table but it has to be (cheap) \_\_\_\_cheaper\_\_ than the one we saw yesterday.

15. I think Madonna is (famous) \_\_\_more famous\_\_\_than Janet Jackson.

16. It’s (far) \_\_farther\_\_\_\_\_ to the bank than I thought.

17. I’ll talk to my mother. Her advice will be (useful) \_\_more useful \_\_\_\_\_ than yours.

18. I’m much (good) \_\_\_\_\_better\_\_ at tennis than my (old) \_\_\_\_\_older\_\_\_ sister.

19. Life is (complicated) \_\_\_more complicated\_\_\_ than you believed it to be.

20. I’m a bit (thin) \_\_\_\_thinner\_\_\_\_ than my brother but he’s (tall) \_\_\_\_\_taller\_\_\_.

**PRACTICE TEST 1 FOR UNIT 4**

**MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

**PART I: PHONETICS**

**I. Write the vowel sound /i:/ or /ɪ/ of the underlined letter(s).**

1. historic /i / 6. convenient /i:/ 11. village /i/ 16. beach /i:/

2. keep /i: / 7. building /i/ 12. cheap / i:/ 17. evening /i:/

3. peaceful /i: / 8. street /i:/ 13. delicious /i/ 18. seafood /i:/

4. think /i / 9. busy /i/ 14. slim /i/ 19. city /i/

5. cinema /i / 10. exciting /i/ 15. different /i/ 20. sheep /i:/

**II. Circle the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently.**

1. A. live B. wide C. bicycle D. exciting

2. A. feet B. seat C. near D. team

3. A. busy B. city C. think D. terrible

4. A. great B. heat C. cheek D. peaceful

5. A. historic B. expensive C. office D. finally

**PART B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

**I. Look at the pictures and write the names of the places.**

|  |
| --- |
| **memorial museum cathedral temple**  **palace square art gallery railway station** |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| HÃ¬nh áº£nh cÃ³ liÃªn quan | Káº¿t quáº£ hÃ¬nh áº£nh | HÃ¬nh áº£nh cÃ³ liÃªn quan | HÃ¬nh áº£nh cÃ³ liÃªn quan |

……… **temple** …….. ………….. ……… **museum** ……….. ……… **art gallery** ………

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Káº¿t quáº£ hÃ¬nh áº£nh | Káº¿t quáº£ hÃ¬nh áº£nh cho ÄÃ i tÆ°á»ng niá»m cÃ¡c anh hÃ¹ng, liá»t sá»¹ - Thá» tráº¥n Liá»u Äá» | HÃ¬nh áº£nh cÃ³ liÃªn quan | HÃ¬nh áº£nh cÃ³ liÃªn quan |

……… **cathedral** ….. ……… **memorial** …….. …… **railway station** ….. …… **square** ………..

**II. Complete the sentences with the words in part l.**

1. If you visit England, you can go see Buckingham \_\_ **palace** \_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. Duc Ba Church is regarded the biggest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **cathedral** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Ho Chi Minh City.

3. Ba Dinh \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **square** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is in front of Ho Chi Minh Mausoleum.

4. The train arrives at Saigon \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **railway station** \_\_\_\_\_ at 4 am.

5. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ **memorial** \_\_\_\_ was built in memory of soldiers who died in the war.

6. Her paintings are shown at Thang Long \_\_\_\_\_ **art gallery** \_\_\_.

7. Van Mieu is a \_\_\_\_ **temple** \_\_\_\_ of Confucius in Hanoi, northern Vietnam.

8. If you are interested in the history of Vietnam War, pay a visit to the War Remnants \_ **museum** \_

**III. Comparative forms of adjectives**

1. Pipo needs to work \_\_\_\_harder\_\_\_\_\_(hard) than most of his friends.

2. This jacket is too small. I need a \_\_\_\_\_\_larger\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(large) size.

3. You look \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_THINNER\_\_\_\_\_\_(thin). Have you lost weight?

4. He's not so keen on his studies. He's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_MORE INTERESTED\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(interested) in having a good time.

5. You'll find your way around the town \_\_\_MORE EASILY\_\_\_\_\_\_(easily) if you have a map.

6. You're making too much noise. Can you be a bit \_\_\_\_MORE QUIET\_\_\_\_(quiet)?

7. There were a lot of people on the bus. It was \_\_\_\_\_MORE CROWDED\_\_\_\_\_(crowded) than usual.

8. You're late. I expected you to be here \_\_\_\_\_EALIER\_\_\_\_\_(early).

9. You hardly ever write to me. Why don't you write a bit \_\_\_\_MORE OFTEN\_\_\_\_\_(often)?

10. The hotel was surprisingly cheap. I expected it to be much \_\_MORE EXPENSIVE\_\_\_\_(expensive).

**IV. Find the correct places**

1. A \_\_\_ **hairdresser's**\_\_\_\_\_ (’ E H R E D I A R S S S R S R S E I A R R E D H S ’ ) is a place where you can go if you want to have your hair cut.

2. A \_\_\_\_ **bookshop**\_\_\_\_\_ (K O B O O S H P H K O B S O O P ) is a place where you buy books.

3. The \_\_\_ **baker's**\_\_\_\_\_\_ (K B R A S ’E A ’R S E K B ) is a place where you can buy bread and cakes.

4. A **train station** (A S I T N O T T I R N A R A A T T T N N I I O S ) is a place where you can catch a train.

5. A \_\_\_\_ **travel agent's**\_\_ (T ’ N V E G A L S E R A T T S V R G E A L ’ T A E N ) is a company that helps people to plan their holiday or journey.

6. A \_\_\_\_ **pillar box**\_\_ (O R I X A L P B L X L R A L O B I P) is a metal box in the street in which people put their letters to be sent.

7. The \_ **post office**\_\_\_\_ (C F I O E F S T P O P I F F C T O O E S ) is a place where you can send letters.

8. The \_\_ **greengrocer's**\_\_\_\_ (E ’ G E S G N R R R C E O R N O R E ’ E E G R C S G ) is a place where you can buy fruits and vegetables.

9. \_\_\_\_ **traffic lights**\_\_\_\_\_ (C I L H T R I A F G T S F T A L T I G F S C F R I H) have red, yellow, and green lights that control traffic.

10. \_\_\_ **tourist information centre** \_\_\_ ( C R I T E N M F N E O N O A U I R S T I O R T T E I I T M A C N S O R T O N R O R T I N E T F U ) is a place where you can find information for tourists.

**V. Comparative adjectives**

1. My dad is currently (angry) \_\_\_ANGRIER\_\_\_\_ than my mom, since I often argue with my sister.

2. Where were you? You were supposed to be here an hour ago. You are even (late) \_\_\_\_\_\_LATER\_\_\_\_\_\_ than usually.

3. Why are you crying? You got 100%, you can't get a (perfect) \_\_\_\_\_MORE PERFECT\_\_\_\_\_\_ mark than that.

4. I think you are getting (good) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_BETTER\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than before, keep up the good work. I'm really proud.

5. Wow! You are (small) \_\_\_\_SMALLER\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than my sister and she is only 12 years old. You are 14!

6. Trust me, they will love you out there. You are (famous) \_\_\_MORE FAMOUS\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than the President!

7. I am trying to reach the mall on foot. It's (far) \_\_\_\_\_\_FARTHER\_\_\_\_\_\_ than I originally thought.

8. I am (old) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_OLDER\_\_\_\_\_ than my sister and yet I am really small in comparison to her.

9. The shop owner across the street is (evil) \_\_\_\_\_\_EVILER\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Superman's arch nemesis.

10. This is (bad) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_WORSE\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than torture, my ears are about to explode. Please make it stop!

**VI. Give the comparative adjectives of these adjectives below**

1. bad \_\_\_\_\_WORSE\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. beautiful\_\_\_\_\_MORE BEAUTIFUL\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. expensive \_\_\_\_\_MORE EXPENSIVE\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. hot \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_HOTTER\_\_\_\_\_

5. clean \_\_\_\_\_CLEANER\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. big \_\_\_\_\_\_\_BIGGER\_\_\_\_\_

7. dangerous \_\_\_\_MORE DANGEROUS\_\_\_\_ 8. nice \_\_\_\_\_\_NICER\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. pretty \_\_\_\_\_PRETTIER\_\_\_\_\_ 10. good \_\_\_\_\_BETTER\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

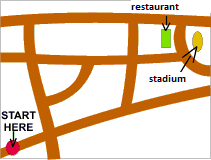
11. interesting \_\_\_MORE INTERESTING\_\_\_\_\_ 12. fat \_\_\_\_\_\_FATTER\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

13. happy \_\_\_\_\_HAPPIER\_\_\_\_\_\_ 14. cold \_\_\_\_\_\_COLDER\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

15. talkative \_\_\_\_MORE TALKATIVE\_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. far \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_FARTHER\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PART C: SPEAKING**

**Look and complete the conversation.**

Tourist: Excuse me! (1) \_\_\_\_\_IS THERE\_\_ a restaurant near here?

Quan: Yes. There is one, but it’s not very near here.

Tourist: (2) \_\_\_\_CAN YOU\_\_\_\_ tell me how to get there?

Quan: Um...let me see. Go straight on. Turn (3) \_\_\_\_\_LEFT\_\_\_\_at the conner. Then (4) \_\_\_\_\_TAKE\_\_\_ the second turnin gon the right. Keep going to the end of the road. (5) \_\_\_\_TURN\_\_\_\_\_\_ left there. The restaurant is on your left, (6) \_\_\_\_\_OPPOSITE\_\_\_\_\_ the stadium.

Tourist: (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_THANK YOU\_\_\_\_\_ very much.

Quan: You’re (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_WELCOME\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**PART D: READING**

**I. Read the passage and decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F)**

I live in a wonderful neighbourhood. It is quiet but very convenient. There is a grocery store; I go there when I want to buy something quick to prepare. Also, there are other shops such as a bakery, two restaurants, and a bookstore. I am very satisfied of having a bookstore in my neighbourhood because I love reading books. Near my house, there is a small park. It’s a place where people meet and socialise. My father and I go jogging around the park every morning. My

neighbourhood is great but there are no schools nearby. The hospital is also far away, but in

general it is a nice place to live.

1. The neighbourhood is very noisy. F

2. There are no restaurants in the neighbourhood. F

3. The school is far away from the neighbourhood. T

4. The writer doesn’t want a bookstore in his neighbourhood. F

5. You can buy food in the grocery store. T

6. There is a large park in the neighbourhood. F

7. The writer likes to live in his neighbourhood T

**II. Choose the word which best fits each gap.**

Newquay is small town (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Atlantic coast in the south of England. It has got

great beaches and is the (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ place to surf in the UK.

In Newquay, there are lots of other things to do as (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as surfing. If you like water sports, you can go kayaking, water-skiing or coasteering. Coasteering is different because it is rock climbing, jumping into the sea and swimming in the same activity, but you (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ always go with a special instructor.

If you like animals you can also visit the Blue Reef Aquarium and (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of different fish and even sharks. You can also go (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the beach or visit Newquay Zoo. Come and see for yourself.

1. A. in B. on C .at D. to

2. A. good B. better C. best D. goodest

3. A. well B. much C. soon D. far

4. A. shall B. may C. could D. should

5. A. see B. like C. get D. look

6. A. horse ride B. horse riding C. riding horse D. ride horse

**PART D: WRITNG**

**Complete the second sentence so that It means the same as the first sentence.**

1. Shall we go to the Japanese Covered Bridge first?

Let’s go to the Japanese Covered Bridge first?

2. Helen’s brother is shorter than her.

Helen is taller than her brother

3. Travelling abroad for a holiday is much more expensive than travelling in your country.

Travelling in your country is cheaper than Travelling abroad for a holiday

4. Country life isn’t as interesting as city life.

City life is more interesting than country life

5. Would you mind telling me the way to the National Museum?

Can tell me the way to the National Museum?

6. The bus stop is in front of the hotel.

The hotel is behind the bus stop

7. Turn left at the first traffic lights.

Take the first traffic lights on the left

8. The weather yesterday was worse than it is today.

The weather today is better than yesterday

9. There are three supermarkets in my town.

My town has three supermarkets

10. The shopping mall is near the Italian restaurant.

The Italian restaurant isn’t as far as The shopping mall

**II. Giving directions in writing sentences**

1. to | Good | to | evening. | cinema. | go | I | would | the | like |

=> …… **Good evening. I would like to go to the cinema** ….

2. the | Could | me | nearest | the | you | cinema? | to | way | tell |

=> ……… **Could you tell me the way to the nearest** **cinema?**…….

3. far | drive | as | crossroads. | the | cinema? | The | Well, | as |

=> ……… **The cinema? Well, drive as far as the crossroads** …………….

4. then | right, | second | Turn | left. | the | take |

=> …… **Turn right, then take the second left.** ……………….

5. the | as | on | far | roundabout. | Go | straight | as |

=> ……… **Go straight on as far as the roundabout.** …………….

6. the | on | exit; | your | left. | second | the | cinema | is | Take |

=> ……… **Take the second exit; the cinema is on your left.** ……….

7. The | right, | crossroads, | the | exit, | on | the | roundabout, | left, | second | second | the | left. | my |

=> …… **The crossroads, right, the second left, the roundabout, the second exit, on my left.**….

8. Bye! | You’re | welcome! |

=> …… **You're welcome! Bye!**……….

9. I | am | looking | Sir, | the | Excuse | post | me | nearest | for | office. |

=> …… **Excuse me Sir, I am looking for the nearest post office** ………….

10. The | Livingstone | is | in | one | nearest | Street. |

=> ……… **The nearest one is in Livingstone** …………….

**PRACTICE TEST 2 FOR UNIT 4**

**MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

**PART A: PHONETICS**

**Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.**

1. A. renew B. pea C. three D. key

2. A. wig B. grin C. heat D. fish

3. A. fleece B. return C. machine D. scene

4. A. neat B. village C. cottage D. shortage

5. A. complete B. cede C. remind D. secede

6. A. baggage B. breathe C. courage D. damage

7. A. reorganize B. benzene C. kerosene D. Vietnamese

8. A. luggage B. message C. creature D. voyage

9. A. easy B. tea C. meal D. represent

10. A. passage B. easy C. begin D. become

**PART B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

**I. Circle A, B, C or D for each picture.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Description: Hình ảnh có liên quanI'm very tired this morning. I couldn't sleep \_\_\_\_last night.  A. good B. well  C. goodly D. badly | Description: Hình ảnh có liên quanThomas lives \_\_\_\_ the airport.  A. near B. nearly  C. in a near way D. mostly | He can write very \_\_\_\_\_\_  A. in a fast way B. fast  C. fastily D. higher |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Description: Kết quả hình ảnh cho elephant and catAn elephant is \_\_\_\_ than a cat.  A. much bigger  B. much more bigger  C. a little bigger  D. much as big as | She is lying \_\_\_ in the new bed.  A. comfortablely  B. in a comfortable way  C. comfortability  D. comfortably | Description: Hình ảnh có liên quanHe likes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.He plays it extremely beautifully.  A. playing football  B. playing chess  C. playing the piano  D. playing the violin |

**II. Fill each blank with the correct comparative adjectives.**

1. The red jacket is (cheap) …………CHEAPER………. than the blue jacket.

2. The shoes are (nice) ………NICER……….. than the boots.

3. The pink socks are (expensive) ………MORE EXPENSIVE….. than the blue sweeter.

4. The brown sweater is ……BETTER………. (good) than the blue sweater.

5. The chocolate looks …WORSE.……..(bad) than the candy.

6. the radio is …………NEWER……. (new) than the DVD player.

7. The CDs are…..………OLDER….….. (old) than the DVDs.

8. These apples are………FRESHER…..……. (fresh) than those apples.

9. This dress is………MORE BEAUTIFUL……. (beautiful) than that dress.

10. Those green tomatoes are………SWEETER……. (sweet) than the red tomatoes.

**III. Give the correct form of tense in the blank.**

1. Hoa always *(help) ………HELPS………* her parents on their farm in her free time.

2. Our summer vacation *(start)…STARTS …..* in June and *(last) ……LASTS…..*for almost three months.

3. What do you like *(do)* ……TO DO…. during your vacation?

4. It‟s ten to seven. Hurry up or you *(be) ………WILL BE…….* late for work.

5. We *(go)* ……GO..swimming every afternoon.

6. Hoa *(have)* …………IS HAVING………….. breakfast with her uncle now.

7. He *(not come) ………ISN’T COMING…………..* to the party tomorrow night.

8. They *(talk) …………ARE TALKING…..* about Hoa‟s work at the moment.

**IV. Complete the following short conversations.**

Example: A: Life in the country is slower than the city life. (slow)

B: Yes, it is. The city life is much faster.

1. A: The country is …………MORE QUIET………. the city. (quiet)

B: Yes, that's true. The city is much ……………NOISY…………….

2. A: The streets of New York are ………………MORE QUIET THAN……… the streets of Paris. (quiet)

B: No, they aren't. They're much ……NOISIER……………….

3. A: Paris is …………BIGGER THAN………London. (big)

B: No, it isn't. It's much ……………SMALLER…………….

4. A: The Underground in London is …………BETTER THAN……… the Metro in Paris. (good)

B: No, it isn't. The Underground is much …………WORSE……………….

5. A: The Ferrari is ……………FASTER……… the Toyota. (fast)

B: Yes, that's true. The Ferrari is ………SLOWER……..

**V. Choose the correct answers.**

1. Mike’s exam results are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than Nick’s.

A. important B. good C. well D. better

2. Susan is not happy because her results in the competition are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than her sister’s.

A. bad B. good C. better D. worse

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people own motorbikes now than ten years ago.

A. Many B. Much C. More D. Some

4. This type of car is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ economical than that type.

A. more B. much C. many D. as

5. London, the capital city of England, is a \_\_\_\_\_\_ city with many old buildings and beautiful parks.

A. history B. historic C. largest D. larger

6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go pass the traffic lights, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ turn left.

A. First - than B. First – then C. Then – first D. Finally – then

7. Is there a theater \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your neighbourhood?

A. in B. on C. at D. with

8. The cinema is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the corner of the street.

A. on B. at C. in D. into

9. Going by taxi is more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than going by bus.

A. cheaper B. faster C. easier D. expensive

10. The weather is nice, so I enjoy doing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ activities.

A. outdoor B. inside C. outdoors D. boring

11. Is there a theatre \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your neighbourhood?

A. at B. on C. in D. with

12. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the second turning \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the right.

A. Take - in B. Take - on C. Get - in D. Get – on

14. The map \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that the art gallery is nearer than the cathedral. Shall we go there first?

A. speaks B. asks C. talks D. says

15. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a place where we go to buy stamps or send letters.

A. library B. post office C. cinema D. school

16. The air in this area is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with smoke from factories.

A. polluted B. fresh C. noisy D. clean

17. There are many shops near here, so the streets are very busy and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_during the day.

A. noise B. quiet C. narrow D. noisy

18. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to live far from the market and the supermarket.

A. easy B. inconvenient C. convenient D. comfortable

19. The people in Hoi An are incredibly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. friendly - help B. friendly - helpful

C. friendship - helpless D. friend – helpfully

20. The weather is nice, so I enjoy doing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ activities.

A. outdoor B. inside C. outdoors D. boring

21.The cinema is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the corner of the street.

A. on B. in C. at D. into

22. Going by taxi is more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than going by bus.

A. cheaper B. faster C. easier D. expensive

23. The streets in the Old Quarter in Ha Noi are not wide. They are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. exciting B. noisy C. quiet D. narrow

24. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is a place where we can buy medicines, soap, and make-up.

A. chemist’s B. grocer’s C. square D. temple

25. David's exam results are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than Nick's.

A. good B. well C. better D. important

26. Janet is not happy because her results in the competition are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than her sister's.

A. bad B. good C. better D. worse

27. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people own motorbikes now than ten years ago.

A. Many B. Much C. More D. Some

28. This type of car is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_economical than that type.

A. much B. more C. many D. as

29. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go past the traffic lights, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ turn left.

A. First - than B. Then - first C. First - then D. Finally – then

30. London, the capital city of England, is a \_\_\_\_\_ city with many old buildings, and beautiful parks.

A. history B. historic C. largest D. larger

**PART C: SPEAKING**

**Complete the following conversations.**

*Tourist:* Excuse me. Can you (1) TELL me the (2) WAY to Ben Thanh Market?

*Hoa:* Ben Thanh Market? Go straight (3) AHEAD . (4) TAKE the second turning (5)

\_\_\_\_\_\_ON\_\_\_\_\_ the right. Ben Thanh Market is on your left.

*Tourist:* Is there a post office near (6) HERE ?

*Hoa:* Oh, yes. It's opposite (7) THE market.

*Tourist:* Thank you very much.

*Hoa:* You're (8) \_\_\_\_WELCOME\_\_\_ .

**PART D: READING**

**I. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

I live in a small village called Northville. There are about 2000 people here. I love the village (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it is very quiet and life is slow and easy. The village is always clean; people look (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it with great care. The air is always clean, too. People are much friendlier here than in a city because everyone (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the others, and if someone has a problem, there are always people who can help.

There are only a few things that I don't like about Northville. One thing is that we have not got many things to do in the evening; we haven't got (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cinemas or theaters. The other thing is that people always talk about (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and everyone knows what everyone is doing. But I still prefer village life to life in a big city.

1. A. so B. although C. because D. but

2. A. for B. at C. up D. after

3. A. knows B. know C. is knowing D. knew

4. A. little B. some C. any D. few

5. A. others B. other C. another D. one another

**II. Read the following passage, and then answer the questions.**

London and Rome are the two old cities in Europe. Rome is older than London, it is about 800 years older than London. But London is bigger than Rome in area and population. In general, London is colder than Rome in winter and cooler than Rome in summer. Rome is wetter than London and nearer the sea than London.

***Notes: area = diện tích in general = nhìn chung Europe = Châu Âu***

1. Which city is older?

=> ……… Rome is older than London …………

2. Which city is bigger in area and population?

=> ……… London is bigger than Rome ………………

3. Is London hotter than Rome?

=> …………No. it isn’t………………..

4. Which city has got more rain?

=> …………Rome has got more rain ……………..

5. Which city is nearer the sea?

=> ………Rome is nearer the sea …………………..

**PART E: WRITING**

**Write sentence suing the comparative of the adjectives.**

1. I / thin / my brother. …………**I’m thinner than my brother**……………..

2. A lake / small / a sea.

........ **A lake is smaller than a sea**................

3. This book / good / that one.

........**This book is better than that one**...................

4. The weather here / hot / the weather in my hometown. .

........ **The weather here is hotter than the weather in my hometown.**..........

5. A mouse / small / a cat.

.......... **A mouse is smaller than a cat.**...................

6. The sun / big / the moon.

....... **The sun is bigger than the moon.**..............

7. A radio / cheap / a television. .

......... **A radio is cheaper than a television**...................

8. French food / good / English food.

.............. **French food is better than English food**...............

9. Your hair / long / my hair.

.......... **Your hair is longer than my hair**..................

10. A mountain / high / a hill.

.......... **A mountain is higher than a hill.**............

11. A child / young / a man.

………… **A child is younger than a man**................

**PRACTICE TEST 3 FOR UNIT 4**

**MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

**PART A: PHONETICS**

**I. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.**

1. A. film B. city C. nice D. police

2. A. big B. wide C. quite D. exciting

3. A. cheap B. sleepy C. near D. peaceful

4. A. heavy B. sea C. team D. street

5. A. noisy B. expensive C. house D. post

**II. Put the word into the correct column according to the underlined part.**

|  |
| --- |
| *slim tin teen milk meal building historic peaceful busy expensive live leave sit seat read village river sea*  *see beach city street convenient difficult thing* |

/i:/: teen meal *peaceful leave street convenient sea read seat see beach*

/ɪ/: ……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………..……………………

**PART B: VOCABULARY ND GRAMMAR**

**I. Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets.**

1. Which river is LONGER , the Red River or the Mekong River? (long)

2. Which country is BIGGER , China or Viet Nam? (big)

3. Which animals are MORE INTERLLIGENT , dogs or dolphins? (intelligent)

4. Which animals are FASTER , cats or horses? (fast)

5. Which is HEAVIER , water or oil? (heavy)

6. Which month in Viet Nam is COLDER , October or December? (cold)

7. Which language is MORE DIFFICULT , Chinese or English? (difficult)

8. Which city is OLDER , London or Rome? (old)

9. Which city is BIGGER , New York or Paris? (big)

10. Which mountain is HIGHER , Mount Everest or Mount Fuji? (high)

**II. Complete the sentences with the correct comparative form of the words in the box.**

|  |
| --- |
| ***friendly useful important cold crowded bad***  ***high exciting thin narrow*** |

1. In Canada, January is ………………COLDER THAN………………. March.

2. I think that good health is ……………MORE IMPORTANT THAN…………… money.

3. You look ………………THINNER THAN…………. Have you lost weight?

4. I couldn’t get a seat in the restaurant. It was …………MORE CROWDED THAN…………… usual.

5. Mountains are ……………HIGHER THAN…………………… hills.

6. I think that people who live in villages are …………FRIENDLIER THAN………… people in big cities.

7. My exam results were ……………MORE IMPORTANT THAN……………… I expected.

8. I think New York is …………MORE EXCITING…………… Houston.

9. These trousers are too wide. Do you have any that are ……NARROWER………………

10. I like my new dictionary. It is ………………………………………………… the last one

**III. Fill each gap of the following sentences with a suitable preposition.**

1. Are you interested …….…IN……… history?  
2. Is she good ………AT……..… English?

3. I agree …………WITH…..…… you about that.

4. The beef is on the table ………BETWEEN…..…the eggs and the fish..

5. My father always goes to work ………BY..……… car.

6. I’m looking ………FOR……………... chocolates

7. She wants a sandwich and a glass …OF……….. lemon juice ……FOR……….... her lunch.

8. Come ………WITH..…... me. We need some cold drinks

**IV. Each of the following sentences has one mistake. Identify and correct the mistakes.**

1. Ba often does his homeworks in the evening. ……………………….

2. They aren’t go to bed at 9 o’clock. ……………………….

3. My sister is over there. She stands near the window. ……………………….

4. Her garden is big. It’s a garden big. ……………………….

5.Which language is difficul, English or Chinese? ……………………….

6. My father never have lunch at home. ……………………….

7. Summer is hoter than winter. ……………………….

8. Do you know how many teachers does your school have? ……………………….

9. People in the countryside is friendlier than in the city. ……………………….

10. Would you like any sugar? – Yes, please ……………………….

**Choose the correct option A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.**

1. My father works \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a factory.

A. on B. in C. with D. by

2. Which shirt is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, this one or that one?

A. cheap B. the cheapest C. cheaper D. more cheap

3. There are 25 boys in my class. Son is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. the youngest B. younger C. young D. the most young

4. I live \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_26 Tran Hung Dao Street.

A. in B. on C. at D. from

5. Lan is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at English than my sister.

A. good B. better C. beat D. the best

6. My new house is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than other one.

A. more convenient B. convenient C. the convenient D. most convenient

7. I usually go swimming in the afternoon after school. I think swimming is\_\_\_\_\_ than other sports.

A. exciting B. the most exciting C. excited D. more exciting

8. I live \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Da Nang City. I love it very much.

A. at B. on C. in D. near

9. My father always makes all the members in my family laugh. He is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than my mother.

A. funnier B. fun C. the funny D. funny

10. These cases are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than mine. I couldn’t help you.

A. heavy B. heavier C. heavily D. more heavy

11. I like English \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_French.

A. better than B. more C. less D. gooder than

12. The town was nearer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_we thought it would be.

A. then B. that C. as D. than

13. The economic conditions today are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_they were in the past.

A. much better than B. much more good C. much better D. the best than

14. My car is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_yours.

A. more fast and economical than B. more fast and more economical than

C. faster and economical as D. faster and more economical than

15. Of the two sisters, Linda\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. is beautiful B. the most beautiful

C. is more beautiful D. is so beautiful as

16. The lab is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_from the bus stop than the library.

A. far B. farther C. further D. B and C

17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_me to Bo Ly Pagoda with you?

A. Do you take B. Are you take C. You take D. Will you take

18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nice the weather is!

A. What B. How C. Which D. Who

19. This book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to me. It’s his.

A. doesn’t belong B. belongs not C. not belongs D. isn’t belong

20. Our father swims \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_we do

A. good B. well C. more well D. better

21. When we are free, we always help our Mum \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the housework.

A. for B. with C. done D. about

22. Mai is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than her sister.

A. prettier B. pretty C. prettiest D. more prettier

23. “How about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_me a hand? \_\_\_\_\_ Sure, I’d be glad to help”.

A. to giving B. give C. giving D. you giving

24. I don’t feel very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I think I’ll have to see the doctor.

A. strong B. healthy C. good D. well

25. David's exam results are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Nick's.

A. good B. well C. better D. important

26. Janet is not happy because her results in the competition are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than her sister's.

A. bad B. good C. better D. worse

27. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people own motorbikes now than ten years ago.

A. Many B. Much C. More D. Some

28. This type of car is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ economical than that type.

A. more B. much C. many D. as

29. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go past the traffic lights, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ turn left.

A. First - than B. First - then C. Then - first D. Finally – then

30. London, the capital city of England, is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ city with many old buildings, and beautiful parks.

A. history B. historic C. largest D. larger

**PART B: READING**

**I. Choose the word which best fits each gap.**

Newquay is small town (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Atlantic coast in the south of England. It has got great beaches and is the (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ place to surf in the UK. In Newquay, there are lots of other things to do as (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as surfing. If you like water sports, you can go kayaking, water-skiing or coasteering. Coasteering is different because it is rock climbing, jumping into the sea and swimming in the same activity, but you (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ always go with a special instructor. If you like animals you can also visit the Blue Reef Aquarium and (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of different fish and even sharks. You can also go (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the beach or visit Newquay Zoo. Come and see for yourself.

1. A. in B. on C.at D. to

2. A. good B. better C. best D. goodest

3. A. well B. much C. soon D. far

4. A. shall B. may C. could D. should

5. A. see B. like C. get D. look

6. A. horse ride B. horse riding C. riding horse d D. ride horse

**II. Read the passage and decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F).**

I live in a wonderful neighbourhood. It is quiet but very convenient. There is a grocery store; I go there when I want to buy something quick to prepare. Also, there are other shops such as a bakery, two restaurants, and a bookstore. I am very satisfied of having a bookstore in my neighbourhood because I love reading books. Near my house, there is a small park. It’s a place where people meet and socialize. My father and I go jogging around the park every morning. My neighbourhood is great but there are no schools nearby. The hospital is also far away, but in general it is a nice place to live.

1. The neighbourhood is very noisy.

2. There are no restaurants in the neighbourhood.

3. The school is far away from the neighbourhood.

4. The writer doesn’t want a bookstore in his neighbourhood.

5. You can buy food in the grocery store.

6. There is a large park in the neighbourhood.

7. The writer likes to live in his neighbourhood.

**PART D: WRITNG**

**I. Complete the second sentence so that It means the same as the first sentence.**

1. Shall we go to the Japanese Covered Bridge first?

=> Let’s ………… go to the Japanese Covered Bridge first? ………………

2. Helen’s brother is shorter than her.

=> Helen …………is taller than her bother…………………

3. Travelling abroad for a holiday is much more expensive than travelling in your country.

=> Travelling in your country ……cheaper than Travelling abroad for a holiday …………….

4. Country life isn’t as interesting as city life.

=> City life is …more interesting than country………………….

5. Would you mind telling me the way to the National Museum?

=> Can ………… tell me the way to the National Museum? …………….

6. The bus stop is in front of the hotel.

=> The hotel ……behind the bus stop……………….

7. Turn left at the first traffic lights.

=> Take …………… at the first traffic lights on the left………….

8. The weather yesterday was worse than it is today.

=> The weather today is ………better than today………………….

9. There are three supermarkets in my town.

=> My town ………has three supermarkets …………….

10. The shopping mall is near the Italian restaurant.

=> The Italian restaurant isn’t …………far from The shopping ………….

**II. Rewrite the sentence so that it contains the word in capitals.**

1. How about playing volleyball for a change? (SHALL)

=> ………Shall we play volleyball for a change? ……………..

2. Do you want to go for lunch now? (WOULD)

=> …………Would you like to go for lunch now? ………………..

3. Can you tell me the way to the nearest post office? (HOW)

=> ……………How can I get to the nearest post office? ……………..

4. The first question in the test was easier than the second one. (DIFFICULT)

=> ………The second question is more difficult than the first one…………..

5. I expected my exam results to be better. (THAN)

=> …………My exam results is better than I expected ……………..

6. The bookstore is at the side of the grocery store. (NEXT)

=> …………… The bookstore is next to the grocery store ………..

7. Dave doesn’t earn as much money as his wife. (MORE)

=> ………Dave’s wife earns more money than he does…………..

8. Could you close that window, please? (MIND)

=> ………Would you mind closing that window ……………..

9. The sun is hotter than the moon. (COLD)

=> …………the moon is colder than the sun…………..

**PRACTICE TEST 4 FOR UNIT 4**

**MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

**PART A: PHONETICS**

**I. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.**

1. A. Cheap B. six C. meet D. She

2. A. tin B. this C. three D. Sister

3. A. sweet B. where C. cheap D. Sheep

4. A. Bread B. leave C. repeat D. Peaceful

5. A. street B. Coffee C. meal D. Clean

6. A. dislike B. advice C. rice D. Police

**II. Odd one out**

1. A. square B. railway station C. art gallery D. Narrow

2. A. convenient B. noisy C. statue D. Polluted

3. A. factory B. sleepy C. happy D. Friendly

4. A. faster B. clever C. hotter D. Noisier

5. A. neighbour B. Backyard C. suburbs D. Park

6. A. cathedral B. pagoda C. temple D. restaurant

**PART B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

**I. Find and correct the mistakes.**

1. There are not some tomatoes in the fridge. - > Any

2. Tomorrow Tuan is buys a toy train for his baby brother. - >Will buy

3. There are many buildings **at** this city. - > In

4. Would you like turn off your computer? - >To turn off

5. What shall we doing this afternoon? - > Do

6. Please tell me something your neighbourhood. - >Something about

7. Where the chemist’s? - >where is

8. First **go pass** the traffic lights, and then turn left. - >Pass

9. Go to the end **on** the street. - > Of

10. Can you tell me the way **at** the supermarket? - >To

**II. Give the correct form of comparative.**

1. My sister is ……more good-looking …….. (good- looking) than I am.

2. A book is ……more wonderful………. (wonderful) than a comic.

3. Nina walks …………more slowly…… (slowly) than her father.

4. She is ………happier….. (happy) than I am.

5. This bike is………cheaper…….. (cheap) than mine.

6. This house is much …………more comfortable…… (comfortable) than that one.

7. A dog is …heavier…….. ( heavy) than a cat.

8. My pencil is…longer…. ( long) than yours.

9. New teacher is ………nicer……… ( nice) than old one.

10. Ho Chi Minh is…larger………. ( large) than Bien Hoa.

**III. Complete the sentences with the words from the box**

|  |
| --- |
| ***convenient historic peaceful fantastic modern***  ***boring noisy narrow polluted*** |

1. I don’t like living in a big city. It’s …… ***noisy*** ……… day and night and the air is so………… ***polluted***

2. The streets in Hoi An ancient town are ……… ***narrow*** ……… and no cars are allowed.

3. For young people, it’s really ……… ***boring*** ……… in the country. It’d be more fun living in town.

4. We really enjoy staying here. The beach is …… ***fantastic*** ………… and the weather is very nice.

5. There is a supermarket in my neighborhood, so it’s very ……… ***convenient*** ……… to go shopping for food.

6. Without noise and daily stress, life in the countryside is more …… ***peaceful*** ………… and healthier.

7. There are many ……… ***modern*** ……… buildings and offices in Ho Chi Minh City.

8. Vietnam’s most …………… ***historic*** ……… city is Hue. It was the home of the Nguyen Kings and it has many palaces and monuments.

**IV. Give the correct form of the verbs in brackets.**

1. Hoa always (help) …………helps………her parents on their farm in her free time.

2. Our summer vacation (start)………starts …. in June and (last) …lasts……. for almost three months.

3. What do you like (do) ………doing……. during your vacation?

4. It’s ten to seven. Hurry up or you (be) ………will………….. late for work.

5. We (go) ………go………. swimming every afternoon.

6. Hoa (not have) ………isn’t having…….. breakfast with her uncle now.

7. ………is ….. He (come) ………coming…….to the party tomorrow night?

8. They (talk) ……………are talking………… about Hoa’s work at the moment.

**V. Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.**

1. That building is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than this one.

A. Tall B. taller C. more tall D. more taller

2. I’d like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you some things about my neighbourhood.

A. To tell B. tell C. telling D. a & c

3. The town has many motorbikes. It’s very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Quiet B. noisy C. hot D. Peaceful

4. Is Hanoi more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Dalat?

A. Exciting B. hot C. large D. Noisier

5. Excuse me. I need some stamps and envelops. Is there a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ near here?

A. Park B. cathedral C. chemist’s D. post office

6. Every house \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a backyard and a front yard.

A. Have B. has C. is D. Are

7. I think we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. Lost B. are lost C. lose D. are losing

8. People here are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. Friendly B. more friendly C. more friendlier D. all are correct

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to the museum this weekend?

A. Would you like B. Shall we C. Let’s D. all are correct

10. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here because there’s always a lot of traffic.

A. Quiet B. noisy C. historic D. all are correct

11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lots of places to see.

A. There are B. there is C. it’s D. they’re

12. Mai plays the violin \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Lan.

A. gooder B. better C. less D. more good

13. The pink pen is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than the blue one.

A. beautifuller B. more beautiful C. Beautiful D. more beautifuler

14. I am \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than my sister.

A. heavy B. more heavy C. heavier D. more heavier

15. She is coming \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than I.

A. earlier B. more early C. early than D. more earlier

16. My headache is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than it was last week.

A. good B. worse C. worst D. more better

17. My television is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his television.

A. modern B. moremodern C. moderner than D. more modern than

18. The weather today is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it was yesterday.

A. bad than B. bader than C. worse than D. worst than

19. John is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than David.

A. cleverer B. more cleverer C. clever than D. cleverer than

20. Class 7A1 has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ students than class 7A2.

A. much B. many C. a lot D. More

21. John is more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Alex.

A. intelligent B. intelligent than C. intelligently D. inteligenter

22. “Does your father watch TV every night? “ \_\_\_\_ “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ “

A. No, he doesn’t B. No, he does C. No, he don’t D. No, he isn’t

23. Every day my sister and brother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. does the housework B. do the houseworks

C. does housework D. do the housework

24.” Does \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ get up late in the morning?” \_\_\_\_\_ “Yes , he does“

A. you B. Ba and Nam C. Ba D. they

25. Our house is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the police station.

A. near to B. to front of C. in front D. next to

26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the second turning \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the right.

A. Take – in B. Take – on C. Get – in D. Get – on

27. The map \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that art gallery is nearer than the cathedral. Shall we go there first?

A. speaks B. asks C. says D. talks

28. Can you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_us the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to the post office?

A. show – road B. show –street C. tell – road D. tell – way

29. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a place where we go to buy stamps or send letters.

A. library B. post office C. cinema D. school

30. When \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_your family \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_dinner?

C. does – have B. do – have C. is – having D. does – has

**PART C: SPEAKING**

**Match the sentences**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. Excuse me! Is there a grocery store near here?  2. Shall we go by bus?  3. Where is the restaurant?  4. What shall we do this morning?  5. How can I get to the railway station?  6. How can I get to the railway station?  7. Which city is bigger - Danang or Saigon?  6. Why is the road too crowed on weekends | 1. d  2. e  3. a  4. b  5. g  6. h  7. c  8. f | a. Turn at the next corner. Go straight on to the traffic lights. Turn left. It’s on your right.  b. Let’s visit some historic houses in the town.  c. Da Nang is much smaller than Saigon  d. Yes, there is one on the corner, just a ten minutes walk.  e. I think it’s more convenient to go by taxi.  f. Because there are many shopping malls around the neighborhood.  g. It’s opposite the amusement park  h. That’s a good idea. |

**PART D: READING**

**I. Fill each gap with a suitable adjective in the box**

|  |
| --- |
| ***Exciting noisy quiet beautiful hot high green dry*** |

I love going on holiday to places where the temperature is really (1) ……HOT…., and there is lots of (2) ……GREEN…. scenery. It rains a lot where I live, so I prefer holidays with no rain and (3) …DRY…. weather. Every year my family spends a week in the same place; there are lovely, (4) ………………. forests and beautiful (5) …HIGH. mountains. My brother doesn’t like (6) …QUIET……. places. He wants somewhere more lively and (7) ……………….. He always wants to go to the city which is quite (8) ……NOISY…..

**II. Read the passage, decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F), then answer the questions below.**

We all live in a society and are all bound to a neighborhood. Neighborhood is very important and it does definitely have an impact on what we are and how and where we live in. I live in a great and wonderful neighborhood. It is very pleasant and has many facilities. With a good park nearby, making it the main attraction, our neighborhood also has many other added bonuses. The grocery store is nearby which makes it easy for all residents to make an immediate purchase, we have a bus stop close by, so that people do not have to travel long for means of transportation. The park is what makes it a lot more beautiful as it is well maintained and makes it a gathering place for all my neighbors in the evening for chit chatting and playing for kids. There is good air and we enjoy the evenings while we are at this park.

**A. True/ False statements**

1. Neighborhood plays an important role in human’s life T

2. The grocery store is far from his house T

3. He needs to travel a long distance if he wants to go to the bus stop F

4. People often chat and play at the park nearby F

5. He really enjoys the evenings in the park T

**B. Answer the questions**

1. How is the neighborhood?

=> …………………..

2. What is the main attraction of the neighborhood?

=> ………… there is a good park nearby, making it the main attraction, ……………..

3. What can people do at the grocery store?

=> ………they can all make an immediate purchase ………………..

4. Which place can gather the neighbors in the neighborhoods?

=> ………………the park ……..

5. Is there anything interesting in the evenings? What is it?

=> ……………yes. It is , …………..

**PART E: WRTING**

**I. Write comparative sentences using the given words.**

1. Da Nang/ green/ Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh city.

→ ……… Da Nang is greener than Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh city ……….

2. Hang Bong street/ clean/ Hang Ga street.

→ ……… Hang Bong street is cleaner than Hang Ga street ……….

3. The way to the sports shop/ far/ the way to the department store.

→ ………… The way to the sports shop is farther than the way to the department store ……….

4. My neighborhood/have/many interesting places/his neighborhood.

→ My neighborhood has more interesting places than his neighborhood

5. The weather in Sapa/ fresh/ cool/ the weather in Hanoi.

→ ……… The weather in Sapa is fresher and cooler than the weather in Hanoi ……….

**II.** **Rewrite the sentences without chaging their meaning.**

1. There are many chairs in the kitchen.

=> The kichen ........has many chairs.............

2. They travel to work by bike everyday.

=> They ……… go to work by bike everyday ……………….

3. How much time do you spend learning English every day?

=> How long does ……it take you to learn English every day?…………

4. My sister goes to school on foot. => My sister ………walks to school……………

5. Tom isn’t as intelligent as his brother.

=> Tom’s brother is ……… more intelligent than his brother ………..

**PRACTICE TEST 5 FOR UNIT 4**

**MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

**PART A: PHONETICS**

**I. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.**

1. A. biscuit B. busy C. beach D. women

2. A. eleven B. village C. luggage D. beach

3. A. valley B. these C. field D. sea

4. A. meet B. seen C. pretty D. sheep

5. A. hill B. dream C. king D. six

**II. Find the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.**

1. A. interesting B. surprising C. amusing D. successful

2. A. understand B. engineer C. benefit D. Vietnamese

3. A. comfortable B. employment C. important D. surprising

4. A. beautiful B. effective C. favorite D. popular

5. A. capital B. different C. opera D. tradition

**PART B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

**I. What are these places? Write the words in the spaces.**

0. A place where we go to walk, play and relax ………park……

1. A place where we watch film ……… cinema …………..

2. A place where we buy stamps or send mails ……… post office …………..

3. A place where we can look at paintings …… exhibition ……………..

4. A place where they sell medicines, soap and make up ……… drugstore …………..

5. A place where we borrow books ……… library …………..

**II. Supply the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets.**

1. I find war films …………MORE BORING……… than romantic films. (boring)

2. He is …………CLEVERER…………than I thought him to be. (clever)

3. My exam results were ……………WORSR………… than I expected. (bad)

4. Which one of these cities is ……………FARTHER…………… from us - Tokyo or Berlin? (far)

5. Jim Carrey’s latest film is …………FUNNIER………… than the previous one. (funny)

6. Ho Chí Minh City is ………………MORE PULLUTED…… than Da Nang. (polluted)

7. I think living in the city is ………BETTER……… than living in the country. (good)

8. The house is much ……………MORE SPACIOUS……… than the flat we had in London. (spacious)

9. Today’s weather will be 5 degrees ……………HOTTER………than yesterday’s. (hot)

10. The seafood here is …………MORE DELICIOUS……… than the seafood in Ha Not. (delicious)

**III. Put the verbs into the correct tense form.**

1. I …………AM HAVING………… (have) a great time in Hoi An at present

2. There ……IS…………… (be) always a lot of traffic, day and night.

3. Outside the sun ………SHINES……………… (shine) so I’m off to get some fresh air.

5. We usually ……STAY……… (stay) at home for a holiday, but this holiday we

……………ARE TRAVELING……… (travel) abroad.

6. ………………ARE………… (be) there any bookstores in your neighborhood?

7. My grandma …………DOESN’T LIKE………… (not like) living in the city.

8. How ……DO…… (I/ get) ……GET….. to the railway station? - Go straight ahead then turn left.

9. Where ……ARE YOU….… (you/ go) ………GOING………now? - We (go) ……ARE GOING………… to Tan Ky House.

10. ………IS… (be) there a post office nearby? \_\_\_ No. There ……IS…… (be) no post offices near here.

**IV. Complete each blank of the following sentences with ONE suitable word in the box.**

|  |
| --- |
| polluted that convenient back-yard those statue  way historic with turn turning front |

1. Every house in Da Nang has a front-yard and a …… back-yard ……..

2. One thing I don't like about the city is that the air is ……… polluted …. because of the smoke from factories.

3. The weather in Hue is hotter than ……… that ………. in Ha Noi.

4. The streets in Ho Chi Minh City are busy and crowded ………with………. a lot of motorbikes.

5. …… turn ……. left and take the second … turning ………. on your left. Go straight and it's in ………… front ……. of you.

6. The houses, shops, and pagodas in Hoi An are older than …… those ….in other cities in Viet Nam.

7. It is very …… convenient ……. that you live near your school.

8. Hoi An is a ……… historic …. city with a lot of old houses, shops, buildings and theatres, etc.

9. Can you tell us the ……… way ……. to "Chua Cau", please?

10. There is a ……… statue……. of King Ly Thai To in a small park near Ho Kiem Lake in Ha Noi.

**V. Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.**

1. What is there \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our neighborhood?

A. in B. on C. at D. from

2. Turn left \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the traffic lights and the restaurant is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your right

A. in - on B. at - in C. at - on D. on - in

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the second turning on the right and then go straight.

A. Cross B. Get C. Turn D. Take

4. He is much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now, but he’s still taking medication.

A. good B. gooder C. better D. more better

5. The air in many cities is heavily \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with vehicle exhaust fumes.

A. polluted B. crowded C. wasted D. contained

6. I’m just going to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to buy some medicines and bandage.

A cinema B. chemist’s C. restaurant D. grocery

7. My neighborhood is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because everything is near my house.

A. convenient B. exciting C. comfortable D. inconvenient

8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to the museum this weekend? - Good idea!

A. Let’s B. Why don’t C. Shall we D. Could you

9. Living in a city is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ convenient than living in the countryside.

A. a lot B. much C. many D. more

10. My dog is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than your dog

A. bigger B. biger C. big D. a big

11. Italian food is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than American food

A. good B. better C. gooder D. beter

12. This morning is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than yesterday morning

A. peaceful B. peace C. more peaceful D. more peace

13. Max is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Mike

A. more careful B. careful C. more care D. care

14. Jill is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than your sister

A. thought B. more thought C. thoughtful D. more thoughtful

15. John is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ today than he was yesterday.

A. hapier B. more happier C. more happy D. happier

16. My mother’s cooking is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your mother’s cooking

A. bad than B. worse than C. gad D. worse

17. The road in this town are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the road in the city

A. narrow B. more narrow C. narrower D. more narrower

18. John is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Jack

A. more generous B. generous C. generously D. more generously

19. Health is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money

A. important B. important than C. more important D. more important than

20. There are many shops near here, so the streets are very busy and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_during the day.

A. noise B. narrow C. quiet D. noisy

21. Jane has flu. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her doctor now.

A. has B. is seeing C. sees D. was seeing

22. Listen! The news on the radio \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ very interesting.

A. is B. were C. was D. has

23. May I have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Sugar, please?

A. one B. a C. some D. any

24. Nam usually \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lunch at school.

A. have B. eat C. has D. eating

26. Let’s go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a walk

A. for B. on C. with D. to

27. Ho Chi Minh city \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a population of 8 million.

A. have B. has C. having D had

28. Where does the Mekong river \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to?

A. start – end B. end – start C. end – finish D. start – flow

29. They want \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to many different places in the country.

A. travel B. traveling C. traveled D. to travel

30. Which sea does the Nile river \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to?

A. flows B. flowing C. flow D. flowed

**PART C: SPEAKING**

**I. Complete the following conversations.**

Tourist: Excuse me. Is (1) …………THERE………. a restaurant near here?

Lan: Oh, yes. But it's not very near here. Turn right into Tran Phu Street. (2) …TAKE….

the first turning (3) …ON….. the left. You will be on Nguyen Trai Street. The

restaurant is (4) ……AT…. the end of the street.

Tourist: That's so far.

Lan: (5) ………HOW…….. do you go there?

Tourist: I walk.

Lan: You should go (6) ……BY……. taxi.

Tourist: Thank you. Bye.

Lan: Not at all. Bye.

**PART D: READING**

**I. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage**.

Dear Hanh,

I’m writing to invite you to a party we (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the flat next Friday, December 14th. As you know, (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Lan’s 13th birthday next week and my birthday next month, (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ we thought we’d celebrate together and have a joint party.

I can’t remember if you know my address or not, but anyway, if you (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the direction

below, you shouldn’t get lost. Take the Number 15 bus from the station and (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_at the Star Hotel. Walk down Long Viet Road, past the Dan Chu Cinema, and then (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_the first turning on the right. That’s Le Loi Road. Turn left (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the first junction, then go straight past the church as far as the next crossroads. (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_ and our block of flats is the second on the right.

Do try and come. Of course you’re B. welcome to bring someone with you if you want to.

Look forward D. to seeing you then!

1. A. have B. are having C. going to have D. will has

2. A. it’s B. its C. they’re D. she’s

3. A. too B. but C. because D. so

4. A. to follow B. follow C. following D. follows

5. A. get up B. get by C. get on D. get off

6. A. have B. get C. take D. bring

7. A. in B. at C. of D. on

8. A. Right turn B. To right C. To turn D. Turn right

**II. Read and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.**

Lonnie is my neighbour, He lives in the countryside but he works in the city. He has to go to work in the early morning and comes back home in the late afternoon. The means of transport he often uses is taxi. It’s expensive but it’s fast and convenient. It’s never full and he can listen to the music inside the taxi. The fare isn’t a matter for him because his salary is high.

**1. *Where does Lonnie live?***

A. he lives in the city B. He lives in the countryside

B. He doesn’t live in the countryside D. he doesn’t live near my house

**2. *When does Lonnie have to go to work?***

A. In the late morning B. In the late afternoon

C. In the early morning D. In the early afternoon

**3. *How does Lonnie go to work?***

A. By bus B. By car C. By bike D. By taxi

***4. Is going by taxi expensive?***

A. Yes, it’s slow and inconvenient B. No, but it’s fast and safe

C. Yes, but it’s fast and safe D. No, it’s cheap and inconvenient

***5. Does Lonnie always worried about the fare?***

A. No, because he is a highly paid employee B. No, because he is a low paid employee

C. Yes, because he gets low salary B. Yes, because he gets low salary

**PART E: WRITING**

**I. Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets. Do not change the meaning of the sentences and do not change the form of the words given.**

1. The Central Post Office is bigger than this District Post office. (SMALL)

=> ……… District Post office IS SMALLER THAN The Central Post Office ….

2. The skyscraper is higher than The Central Post Office. (LOW)

=> ……………… The Central Post Office IS LOWER THAN The skyscraper …………….

3. My neighbourhood is noisier than your neighbourhood. (QUIET)

=> ………… your neighbourhood IS MORE QUIET THAN My neighbourhood ………….

4. Alice is slimmer than Daisy. (FAT)

=> ………Daisy is fatter than Alice………………….

5. The Riverview Hotel is cheaper than the Palace Hotel. (EXPENSIVE)

=> ……… the Palace Hotel is more expensive than The Riverview Hotel ………………….

**II. Rearrange the given words or phrases to make meaningful sentences**

1. go | to | you | Do | the | there? | way | easiest | know |

=> ………do you know the easiest way to go there?……….

2. far. | very | easy | and | by | not | walk | It’s |

=> ……It’s not very easy by walk and not far ……….

3. this | 300 | yards. | ahead | Walk | crossroads? | about | on | See |

=> …… See this crossroads? Walk ahead on about 300 yards ……….

4. on | you | left | Then | the | until | to | turn | roundabout. | the | get |

=> ………… Seethis crossroads? Walk ahead on about 300 yards ………………….

5. after | the | And | roundabout? |

=> ……And after the roundabout?……………….

6. you | park, | just | Well | have | walk | to | across | the |

=> ……………well, you have to across the park, just walk………….

**TEST 1 FOR UNIT 4**

**MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

**PART A: PHONETICS**

**I. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.**

1. A. picture B. ticket C. litter D. cinema

2. A. teach B. heart C. peach D. team

3. A. business B. bus C. number D. study

**II. Choose the word which main stressed syllable is placed differently from that of the others in each group.**

4. A. football B. compare C. ceiling D. table

5. A. cleaning B. duty C. beauty D. pollute

**PART B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR:**

**Put the adjectives in brackets into the correct comparative form.**

6. John is (tall) ……………TALLER……than his sister.

7. I’m (interested) ……MORE INTERESTED …..in music than sport .

8. Big car that use a lot of petrol are (popular) …MORE POPULAR……now than twenty years ago.

9. It’s (cold) ……CLODER….. today than yesterday.

10. It was a (long) ……LONGER………. holiday than the one we had last year.

**Find and correct mistakes.**

11. That is my husband over there. He stands near the window. ……IS STANDING………

12. We no wear uniform at our school. …DON’T ……

13. How many childs does your sister have? ……CHILDREN………

14. Living in the countryside is quieter than living in the city ……MORE QUIET………

15.Tim and Tom are having blond hair and blue eyes. ………HAVE……

**Give the correct form of the word in brackets to complete the following sentences**

16. It is a great ……CONVENIENCE…… to have the school so near. (CONVENIENT)

17. The area is of special ………HISTORICAL……. interest. (HISTORY)

**Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.**

18. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the second turning \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the right.

A. Take – in B. Take – on C. Get – in D. Get – on

19. Can you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the post office?

A. show – road B. show –street C. tell – road D. tell – way

20. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a place where we go to buy stamps or send letters.

A. library B. post office C. cinema D. school

21. There are many shops near here, so the streets are very busy and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ during the day.

A. noise B. narrow C. quiet D. noisy

22. This street is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than that one.

A. more crowded B. most crowded C. the crowded D. crowded

23. The cinema is to the left \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the art gallery.

A. in B. to C. of D. on

24. Which shirt is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, this one or that one?

A. cheap B. the cheapest C. cheaper D. more cheap

25. Nam \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his exercise at the moment

A. is writting  B. is writing C. writes  D. will write

26. Italian food is…………….than American food

A. good B. better C. gooder D. beter

27. My neighborhood is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because everything is near my house.

A. convenient B. exciting C. comfortable D. inconvenient

28. My car is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_yours.

A. more fast and economical than B. more fast and more economical than

C. faster and economical as faster and more economical than

**PART C: SPEAKING**

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.**

29. ***“Is there a supermarket in your neighborhood?” \_\_\_\_ “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”***

A. No, it isn’t. The supermarket is near my house.

B. Yes. There it one not far from my house.

C. There is a supermarket in my neighborhood.

D. The supermarket is opposite the park.

30. ***“Why don’t you come over and see the new film with me?” \_\_\_\_\_ “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”***

A. I’m afraid not. B. Great, I’d love to.

C. Sure. Please do. D. Wow! I didn’t realize that.

**PART D: READING**

**Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.**

Many people work in London prefer to live outside it, and to go into their offices, factories or schools everyday by train, car or bus, even though this means they have to get up earlier in the morning and reach home later in the evening.

One advantage of living outside London is that houses are cheaper. Even small flat in London without a garden costs quite a lot to rent. With the same money one can get a little house in the country with a garden of one’s own. Then in the country one can rest from the noise and hurry of the town. Even though one has to get up earlier and spend more time in trains or buses, one can sleep well at night, during weekends and summer evenings one can enjoy the fresh, clean air of the country. If one likes gardens, one can spend his free time digging planting, watering and doing the other things that are needed in a garden. Then, when the flowers and the vegetables **come up**, one has the reward of one who has shared the secrets of nature.

**31. Where do most people who work in London prefer to live?**

A. London B. London’s suburbs

C. London’s town D. London’s urban areas

**32. Why do they have to get up early in the morning?**

A. Because they have to catch the early train or bus.

B. Because they want to avoid traffic jam.

C. Because life far from train or bus station.

D. Because it of the takes them a lot of time to get to their offices, factories or schools.

**33. What are the advantages of living outside London?**

A. Houses are cheap B. There’s peace and quiet

C. Air is fresh C. All are correct

**34. The phrase verb “come up” means\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

A. rise B. happen C. appear D. reach

**35. Which of the following is not true?**

A. People in the country can sleep well

B. People in the country usually spend their free time garderning

C. People in the country get fresh air

D. People in the country get peace and quiet

**Choose the letter A, B, C or D to complete the passage below**

Hello, I’m Erik. If you asked me, I would say my neighborhood is the most beautiful place in my life. I live in (36) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ apartment in a big city, (37) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my neighborhood is not a noisy place. There (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lots of trees and flowers in a large park. My sister and I often (39) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there after school. There is also a small supermarket to the right of the park. We shop there every weekend. It’s really convenient. The supermarket has everything we need. In our free time, my sister and I often go to the cinema (40) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the supermarket to see a movie. It’s a lot of fun.

36. A. a B. an C. the D. X

37. A. but B. because C. so D. and

38. A. is B. are C. was D. be

39. A. plays B. playing C. to play D. play

40. A. next B. between C. among D. opposite

**PART E: WRITING**

**Rewrite the sentence so that it contains the word in capitals.**

41. A house in the city is more expensive than a house in the country. (CHEAP)

=> ………… a house in the country IS CHEPAER THAN A house in the city ………………….

42. The air in the city is more polluted than the air in the country. (FRESH)

=> …………… the air in the country IS FRESHER THAN The air in the city ……….

43. Life in the city is more interesting than life in a small village. (BORING)

=> …………… life in a small village IS MORE BORING THAN Life in the city ……………….

44. The first question in the test was easier than the second one. (DIFFICULT)

=> ………… the second question is more difficult tha the first one…………….

45. The bookstore is at the side of the grocery store. (NEXT)

=> ……………… The bookstore is next to the grocery store ……………….

**Rewrite the sentences without changing their meaning.**

46. My sister walks to the supermarket.

=> My sister goes ...... to the supermarket on foot………….

47. Tom drives to work every morning.

=> Tom travels ……… to work by car every morning ………….

48. Does Phong’s school have 40 classrooms?

=> Are ……there 40 classrooms in Phong’s school?........

49. This house is smaller than my house.

=> My house is ......is bigger than yours..........

50. This building isn’t as high as that building

=> That building ......is higher than this one.................

**TEST 2 FOR UNIT 4**

**MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

**I. PHONETICS**

**Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounce differently from the other three in each question.**

1. A. cheap B. peaceful C. exciting D. police

2. A. seats B. fish C. chip D. living

3. A. these B. dinner C. Japanese D. museum

**Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the other three in each question.**

4. A. place B. temple C. statue D. police

5. A. cathedral B. gallery C. history D. factory

**II. VOCABULARY**

**Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence below.**

6. The company is a major \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the area.

A. pollution B. polluted C. polluter D. pollutant

7. At the end of this tour, we will visit a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ monument in Ba Dinh district.

A. historic B. history C. historian D. historically

8. There was constant background \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the motorway.

A. noisy B. noise C. noiseless D. noisily

9. The house is quite \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the shops. It’s about 30 minutes’ drive.

A. convenience B. convenient C. inconvenient D. conveniently

10. We found a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ place with a long sandy beach and blue sea about a mile away.

A. fantasy B. fantasize C. fantastically D. fantastic

11. Ho Chi Minh city is famous \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ its nightclubs and busy streets.

A. for B. with C. as D. to

12. Narrow streets in HaNoi are the main reason for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ traffic. The government need to build larger ones.

A. big B. huge C. heavy D. large

13. We \_\_\_\_\_\_ lost in the woods.

A. become B. be C. get D. go

14. A 10-year-old boy has just swum across the Red river. Most people find the news incredible.

Incredible means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. difficult to believe B. possible to do C. unreal D. fake

15. People often prefer to live in the suburbs and travel to work by subway.

Suburb means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. city center B. downtown C. outside the city D. village

16. England finally made peace with France. There was no war any longer. Peace means

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. conflict B. no violence C. dispute D. argument

**Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.**

17. The new theme park is dead **boring**. There aren’t many things to do there.

A. uninteresting B. exciting C. sad D. fantastic

18. I love walking down the **narrow** streets in the Old Quarters at the weekends.

A. broad B. huge C. wide D. thin

**Choose the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.**

19. I’ve just had a **terrible** thought. He may never come back from the battle field.

A. awful B. horrible C. fantastic D. dreadful

20. The law protects **ancient** monuments and old churches.

A. modern B. old C. traditional D. historic

**III. GRAMMAR**

**Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence blow.**

21. A giraffe is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than a man.

A. taller B. more tall C. more high D. shorter

22. The film lasts two and half hours, but the videotape is only two hours long.

The film is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than the videotape.

A. shorter B. more long C. more hours D. longer

23. The water-color is $25, and the oil-painting is $100. The oil-painting is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than the water-color.

A. more cheap B. cheaper C. expensive D. more expensive

24. The church was built in 1878 and the library in 1925. The church is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than the library.

A. more old B. moderner C. older D. more modern

25. Daniel can lift 50 kilos, but Nam can lift 5 kilos only. Daniel is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Nam.

A. more strength B. weaker C. stronger D. stronger

26. Hoa is 1.6 meters tall, but Lan is 1.5 meters. Hoa is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Lan.

A. taller B. higher C. shorter D. more meters

27. Thanh doesn’t have many friends. Mike has lots of friends. Mike is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than Thanh

A. more popular B. more careful C. older D. bigger

28. Mark’s car has room for five people, but Sarah’s has room for only four. Mark’s car is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Sarah’s.

A. louder B. faster C. more room D. bigger

29. Thinh has to work 9 hours every day, but Ha only works 3 hours. Thinh is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Ha.

A. more busy B. busier C. harder D. more time

30. Ha always helps her friends, but Hanh just sometimes. Ha is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than Hanh.

A. kinder B. more modern C. noisier D. slimmer

**Choose the underlined part that needs correcting in each sentence below.**

31. The film were more interesting than the book.

A. The B. were C. more interesting D. book

32. Watching a film is more fast than reading a book.

A. Watching B. is C. more fast D. a

33. The result of his final test was badder than that of his mid-term one.

A. his B. his C. badder D. one

34. The departure time of that train is more earlier than this passenger coach.

A. of B. more C. this D. coach Ø

35. I think Indian foods is the nicer than Chinese.

A. think B. the C. nicer C. Chinese

**IV. READING**

**Read the passage and decide whether the sentences are True (T) of False (F).**

**ENDANGERED SPECIES**

Today, some type of animals are an endangered species. This means there are very few animals of that kind left on Earth. The animals could face extinction. Extinction is when all the animals of that kind die. When a type of animal is extinct, it is gone forever.

One problem for animals is that their habitat is sometimes destroyed by humans. As human populations increase, more and more space is needed for people. Building areas for people to live pushed animals out of their natural homes. Forest and swamp habitats are the most threatened. Trees are cut down to make room for homes and businesses. Swamps are filled in so that neighborhoods can expand.

The habitat is destroyed. The animals have nowhere else to go. Without a habitat, the number of animals begins to go down.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | T | F |
| 36. These days several kinds of animals are in danger of extinction. | T |  |
| 37. If a type of animal is extinct, some of them may survive. |  | F |
| 38. Humans cut down trees in the forests because they need to build more houses. | T |  |
| 39. As human populations increase, they live in the swamps. |  | F |
| 40. The number of animals goes down because the number of habitats falls. | T |  |

**Reading the following passage and choose the option (A, B, C or D) that best answers each of the** **questions below.**

Dolphins are mammals that live in the ocean. Mammals are different that fish, reptiles or birds. As a mammal, dolphins breathe oxygen, even though they live in water. Because they are mammals, a dolphin mother gives birth to a live baby, unlike reptiles and birds who lay eggs. A dolphin mother also feeds her baby milk like other mammals.

41. What is the text about?

A. A dolphin is a mammal. B. Dolphin is a fish.

C. A dolphin mother loves her baby. D. Dolphins live in water.

42. Where do dolphins live?

A. In the forest. B. In the sea C. In the land D. In the air

43. What do dolphins breathe in?

A. Reptiles B. Oxygen C. Milk D. Water

44. What do female dolphin lay?

A. Birds B. Reptiles C. Baby dolphin D. Eggs

45. How does a dolphin mother feed her baby?

A. By hunting small fish for the baby B. By feeding the baby water

C. By collecting seaweed for the baby D. By feeding the baby milk

**V. WRITING**

**Choose the sentence (A, B, C or D) that is closest in meaning to the root sentence.**

**46. The weather today is better than yesterday.**

A. The weather today is more good than yesterday.

B. The weather yesterday is worse than today.

C. Both today and yesterday, the weather is good.

D. The weather is bad all the time.

**47. The neighborhood in the suburb is more peaceful than the city center.**

A. The living place in the city center is noisier than the suburb.

B. The neighbors in the city are friendlier than those in the suburb.

C. People in both the center and the suburb live in peace.

D. The city center is more convenient than the suburb.

**48. National roads are usually wider than city streets.**

A. The government should widen city streets.

B. City streets and national roads are usually wide.

C. People like driving on national roads.

D. City streets are usually more narrow than national roads.

**49. Going shopping in that supermarket is more expensive than in this open-air market.**

A. People should go to the open-air market for shopping.

B. That supermarket attracts more buyers than the market.

C. Shopping in this open-air market is cheaper than in that supermarket.

D. shopping in this open air-market is more interesting.

**50. It’s wetter in rainy seasons than in sunny ones.**

A. In sunny season it’s drier than in rainy seasons.

B. We need an umbrella to go out in rainy seasons.

C. Rainy seasons are longer than sunny ones.

D. Vietnamese people prefer rainy seasons to sunny ones.

\_\_\_\_\_The end\_\_\_\_\_