### SỞ GD & ĐT THANH HÓA TRƯỜNG THPT CHUYỆN LAM SƠN

### GIAO LUU LIÊN TRƯỜNG NĂM HỌC 2024-2025

NĂM HỌC 2024 - 2025 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH

(Đề thi có trang)

Thời gian làm bài: 150 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)

Họ và tên:	Số báo danh:	Mã để 000

### **SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (70 points)**

HƯỚNG DẪN PHẦN THI NGHE HIỂU

- Bài nghe gồm 2 phần, mỗi phần được nghe 2 lần.
- Mở đầu và kết thúc bài nghe có tín hiệu nhạc. Thí sinh có 2 phút để hoàn chỉnh bài sau khi kết thúc 2 phần nghe.
- Mọi hướng dẫn cho thí sinh (bằng tiếng Anh) đã có trong bài nghe.

LISTENING PART 1: Nazim has applied to do a college course in Environmental Science. You are going to listen to part of his interview for a place on the course. For questions 1-5 choose the correct answer (A, B, C, or D) which fits best according to what you hear.

Question 1: What initially sparked Nazim's interest in environmental science?

A. A documentary he watched

**B.** His interest in flora and fauna

C. A project that he took part in

**D.** His friend's invitation to Brazil

Question 2: What was the main aim of the charity project that Nazim participated in Brazil?

- **A.** To promote sustainable tourism in the region
- **B.** To help the locals build schools and hospitals
- C. To conduct scientific research on climate change
- D. To increase the production of local handicrafts

Question 3: What significant environmental issue did Nazim observe during his trip to Brazil?

- **A.** The locals' lack of awareness of the rainforest
- **B.** Heavy contamination in the rivers
- C. The destruction of the rainforest and drought
- **D.** Rivers being impassable in remote areas

**Question 4:** Which aspect of the Netherlands' approach to energy conservation does Nazim find most noteworthy?

- **A.** The government's global expansion of their approach
- **B.** The implementation of a comprehensive recycling scheme
- C. The development of innovative home insulation materials
- **D.** The widespread use of energy-efficient light bulbs

**Question 5:** What concern does Nazim express during the interview?

- **A.** He is concerned about his knowledge of statistics.
- **B.** He is worried about the location of the field trip.
- **C.** He is unsure if he can attend the second-year field trip.
- **D.** He is not confident in his knowledge of the mountain.

LISTENING PART 2: You will hear an interview between a radio presenter called Paula and her guest, Mike James, who is the presenter of a programme called Pricewise. For questions 6-10 choose the correct answer (A, B, C, or D) which fits best according to what you hear.

Question 6: What was Mike James' original role when he started working on the consumer affairs program?

- **A.** He was the host of the program.
- **B.** He was a reporter on a news program.
- **C.** He was the creator of the program.
- **D.** He was a consumer rights advocate.

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•	/ucsuvii	/ •	THE SIGNES	unat ivi	INCS	icam mive	Sugaics	come mainly	v iitoiii	

**A.** Real people they contact **B.** Their own collected database

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G 577 111 1			
C. The public's correspondence		<b>D.</b> Inspections by the	he team's lawyers
Question 8: When one of the resear		-	
A. he received special treatment			
<b>B.</b> he was treated differently in F		*	
C. he struggled to find a restaura			
<b>D.</b> he discovered that being a lor		,	1 1 04 : 0
Question 9: According to Mike, wh		atisfied with a well-kr	iown brand of trainers?
<b>A.</b> They were uncomfortable to <b>B.</b> They were too expensive for o			
C. They made an annoying soun			
<b>D.</b> They leaked water during use			
Question 10: After receiving evide		iners the manufacture	ar
A. replaced the trainers at no cos		inicis, the manufacture	
<b>B.</b> wrote a letter of request to the			
C. provided a full refund to the			
<b>D.</b> accepted to avoid bad publicing			
<b>D.</b> accepted to avoid out paoner	ty		
LISTENING PART 3: You will I	listen to a profess	or lecturing about A	Alaska. For questions 11-15
choose the correct answer (A, B,	<del>-</del>	_	<u>=</u>
Question 11: What is true about Al		8	
<b>A.</b> It is the second largest state in	n the USA.		
<b>B.</b> It is bordered by Canada on the	ne East.		
C. It is smaller than California as	nd Texas combined		
<b>D.</b> It is populous because there a	re many cities.		
<b>Question 12:</b> What is the average n	number of students	in a middle school clas	ssroom?
<b>A.</b> 10 <b>B.</b> 15		<b>C.</b> 20	<b>D.</b> 30
<b>Question 13:</b> Which transportation		pular than the Alaska	Highway?
A. Railways connecting Fairbank			
<b>B.</b> Roads connecting small town			
C. Airplanes traveling between o			
<b>D.</b> The highways linking Alaska			
Question 14: Why is most of Alask		arming'?	
A. The high cost of farming equi	•		
<b>B.</b> The lack of transportation to f	_		
C. The cold climate and other ur		18.	
<b>D.</b> The high risk of volcanic erup		.1 . 1 0	
Question 15: What is the professor	•		
A. The eruption of Mount Katma	_	•	
<b>B.</b> The types of airplanes used for	_		
<b>C.</b> The food imported to Alaska <b>D.</b> The impact of tsunamis that r	_	_	
<b>D.</b> The impact of tsunamis that i	each illiand and dev	astate communities	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to	indicate the word	whose underlined no	urt differs from the three in
pronunciation in each of the follow		whose undertined pu	in aggers from the three th
Question 16: A. lightened	<b>B.</b> surprised	C. privileged	<b>D.</b> increased
Question 17: A. ecosystem	<b>B.</b> knowledge	C. technology	<b>D.</b> commodity
Question 18: A. matriarch	<b>B.</b> brochure	C. crochet	<b>D.</b> chivalry
	<u> </u>	- <u></u>	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on you	ır answer sheet to i	ndicate the word whic	h differs from the other three
in the position of the primary stres			5 <b>0</b>
Question 19: A. impromptu	<b>B.</b> recruiter	C. decompose	<b>D.</b> incentive

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**B.** theoretical

Question 20: A. argumentative

C. contributory

**D.** hypersensitive

	D on your answer sheet to	indicate the corr	ect answer to	o each of the following
questions.				
	ecent political tensions between			
leadership has been critici	zed for adopting a rather	approa	ch towards I	Europe.
	<b>B.</b> confrontational			
Question 22: Coastal and their homes a	mountainous regions are at and evacuate if needed.	_		
<b>A.</b> rectify	<b>B.</b> fortify	C. dismantle		<b>D.</b> specify
Question 23: By the time	Anna Hathaway reached 35	, she had already	scaled the _	of her
acting career, mastering th	e complexities of the profes	sion with unpara	lleled finesse	<del>2</del> .
A. heights	<b>B.</b> ladders	C. spotlights		<b>D.</b> levels
Question 24: Incorporati	ing facial recognition tech	nology has signi	ficantly trai	nsformed the way we
safeguard pri	vacy and security across var	rious digital platfo	orms.	
	<b>B.</b> an			<b>D.</b> the
<b>Question 25:</b>	, recent efforts to curb defo	restation fail to a	ddress the ro	ot causes of the issue.
A. Although well-inten	ded ding	<b>B.</b> Although i	t is a good ii	ntention
C. Although well-inten	ding	<b>D.</b> Although a	a good intent	tion
<b>Question 26:</b>	storage containers can do r	nore than extend	the shelf life	e of fruits, vegetables,
and leftovers; they can als	o keep pantry items organiz	ed and tasting fre	sh.	
<b>A.</b> tight air	<b>B.</b> tight-aired	C. air-tighten	ed	<b>D.</b> airtight
<b>Question 27:</b>	_ any sudden reaction occu	ur, the scientists	will handle	the volatile chemicals
immediately.				
A. Should	<b>B.</b> Otherwise	C. Unless		<b>D.</b> Despite
Question 28: By the tim	e their research proposal is	s approved, the s	enior studer	nts hope
drafting and reviewing the	e initial experiments for the	project.		
<b>A.</b> having been finished	1	<b>B.</b> having fini	shed	
C. to have finished		<b>D.</b> to have be	en finished	
Question 29: She reckons	that he's got a very good re	ason for sticking	to the same	top,?
<b>A.</b> doesn't she	<b>B.</b> does she	C. doesn't he		<b>D.</b> does he
Question 30: Some influe	ncers have been accused of	in on t	he latest vira	al trends by promoting
	ly use or believe in, just to r			
A. cashing	<b>B.</b> following	C. laying		<b>D.</b> marketing
Question 31: The project	manager mentioned that he'	d like	_ by Friday	, assuming there are no
further delays.				
<b>A.</b> the initial draft subn	nitted	<b>B.</b> the initial of	draft to be su	ıbmitted
C. submit the initial dra	aft	<b>D.</b> have subm	itted the init	rial draft
Question 32: Not until all	the data had been thorough	ıly analyzed	the	e IT technicians realize
the extent of the problem.				
<b>A.</b> did	<b>B.</b> do	C. had		<b>D.</b> were
	ompany's annual report show		ne in profits	s, the CEO was hauled
	the board meeting for his m	ismanagement.		
<b>A.</b> off	<b>B.</b> over	C. out		<b>D.</b> into
Read the following advert	tisement and mark the lette	r A, B, C or D on	your answe	er sheet to indicate the
correct option that best fit	ts each of the numbered bla			
	ADVERTI			
	LUITMENT SERVICES, LT	TD .		
Office Manager		or	.,,	
	nefits! Challenging role as o		ith varied du	ties.
	n with accounting experience	e.		
✓ University (34)				
	ish fluency is required.			
Personal Assistant				

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✓ Must by Arrang Contact Ju Russell Ho	pe fluent in English. Kege the Director's sche stina Birchmore at Go buse 60 Bedford Stree	Enowledge of Czech, l dule and organize (## ORS, Ltd. t London WCZE 9HP		s a plus point
		193 Email JTB@GO		<b>T</b>
	_	<b>B.</b> graduated	C. graduating	<b>D.</b> graduate
<del>-</del>	<b>A.</b> Executive	<b>B.</b> Collaborative	•	<b>D.</b> Physician
Question 36:	A. commitment	<b>B.</b> party	C. appointments	<b>D.</b> happenings
correct option	that best fits each of	f the numbered blank ANNOUNCE	s. MENT	nswer sheet to indicate the
	k on a thrilling adven			ng, sailing, hiking, and
• You (#	ckages are comprehe ####)to bri	nsive, covering nearly ing suitable clothing a	nd a spirit of adventur	
(####) Human Resou Question 37:			our group's age, interenture weekend to mee	rests, and fitness level, the et your needs.
<b>A.</b> a unifor	m selection of		<b>B.</b> a coverage of	
C. a variety	y of		<b>D.</b> a singular option of	f
<b>Question 38:</b>	<b>A.</b> are requiring	<b>B.</b> required	C. are required	<b>D.</b> have required
<b>Question 39:</b>	A. In case	<b>B.</b> Even if	<b>C.</b> Providing that	<b>D.</b> Following that
without a dou each and eve mountaineers However, the sen Scottish High physical cond (43) without saying	winks from 40 to 45.  abt, Aconcagua must be ry year, there are of derives from the fact of problem is that the se of security. They fland peak in winter, itioning.  _, and with good causes g - but when Aconcage of life or death on its	the one of the least tech countless instances of that it is one of the several lack of technical differently view the more perhaps, (42)e; any peak can be easing bares its teeth and easing upper reaches.	nical 6,500-plus-metro f climbers (40) yen summits - the higher fficulty lures would-becountain as little more, a stern test of sily ascended in fair we conditions take a turn to	e summits in the world. Yet,  Its popularity with est peaks on each continent. be summiteers into a (41) difficult than your average f altitudinal endurance and eather - this generally goes for the worse, it can quickly community, therefore, you
				(45) And, as for
	lo, unless you are of the	he same ilk as Reinho	ld Messner, or the late	, great Ueli Steck, forget it!
B. taking b C. occasion	eautiful photos of this nally reaching this des	eent or descent of this s magnificent and yen sired peak without any ideal place to take a b	ned summit.	
<b>Question 41:</b>	<b>A.</b> improper	<b>B.</b> false	C. wrong	<b>D.</b> incorrect
<b>Question 42:</b>	<b>A.</b> at worst	<b>B.</b> at last	C. at best	<b>D.</b> at ease
<b>Question 43:</b>				
<b>A.</b> Howeve	er, wiser souls know b	etter than to underest	imate Aconcagua	
B. In fact, v	wiser climbers often s	kip Aconcagua becau	se it is too easy	
C. Moreov	er, Aconcagua is mos	tly underestimated be	cause of its size	
<b>D.</b> Wiser so	ouls believe Aconcago	ua is a safe and simple	e climb in all condition	ıs
<b>Question 44:</b>	A. fall into	<b>B.</b> fit within	C. happen upon	<b>D.</b> settle into

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#### **Question 45:**

- **A.** Experienced guides are never more essential than to a party of climbers above 6,000 metres.
- **B.** The services provided by guides focus primarily on preparing equipment for the ascent
- C. Experienced guides are important for climbers handling altitudes near 6,000 metres.
- **D.** Climbers above 6,000 metres should bring their own equipment to minimize reliance on services.

# Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 46 to 55.

Colouring books are thought to pro		1	3
any <b>(46)</b> and anxiety. Th		sked, though, is: why	y is such a beneficial activity
(47) popular only among	young children?		
According to several bestseller lists,	it no longer is. Altho	ugh colouring books	for adults may <b>(48)</b>
a few eyebrows, more and more peo			
principle is that colouring creates the	e same sense of fulfil	lment (50)	is achieved by any process of
deep thought; when the brain is pred	occupied with a spec	ific activity, negative	feelings, such as anxiety and
other generally (51) thou	ghts, are forced out.		
Colouring books have an advantage		-	-
the feeling of being (52)			
after all, it (53) the artist t			
The outlines provided in colouring		, make the acti	vity accessible to everyone,
regardless of (55) artistic			
<b>Question 46:</b> A. jealousy	<b>B.</b> ignorance	<b>C.</b> frustration	<b>D.</b> inadequacy
Question 47: A. deeply	<b>B.</b> immensely	C. terribly	<b>D.</b> completely
Question 48: A. raise	<b>B.</b> arise	C. arouse	<b>D.</b> rise
Question 49: A. up	<b>B.</b> on	C. by	<b>D.</b> out
<b>Question 50: A.</b> who	<b>B.</b> when	C. this	<b>D.</b> that
Question 51: A. pessimistic	<b>B.</b> conflicting	C. distressed	<b>D.</b> threatening
Question 52: A. excessive	<b>B.</b> overwhelmed	C. weighed	<b>D.</b> affected
<b>Question 53:</b> A. orbits around	<b>B.</b> drains on	C. depends on	<b>D.</b> resolves around
Question 54: A. likewise	<b>B.</b> however	C. in fact	<b>D.</b> notwithstanding
<b>Ouestion 55:</b> A. intangible	<b>B.</b> incompatible	C. integral	<b>D.</b> inherent

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 56 to 62.

Water makes up seventy percent of the Earth's surface, and people rely on it to sustain life. Rainfall nurtures crops and restores water supplies. The amount of water on the Earth is constant, meaning that we can neither create more water, nor get rid of it. We can, however, interfere with the water cycle. Water has several forms - liquid, vapor, and ice - and is constantly changing and being recycled through a process known as the hydrologic cycle. The hydrologic cycle involves inflows, outflows, and storage. When water moves from the ground, for example, into a river, it is called an outflow for the ground and an inflow for the river. Water is stored when it rests somewhere with relatively little movement.

There are six components to the hydrologic cycle: Evapotranspiration, condensation, precipitation, run-off, infiltration, and percolation. Evapotranspiration is the combination of evaporation and transpiration. Evaporation occurs when the sun warms surface water and transforms it into water vapor. Transpiration is the same thing, but involves plants. Plants soak water up from the ground and then return it to the cycle via the pores in their leaves. Once the water has been evaporated, it rises into the atmosphere. As the air gets colder at higher altitudes, the water vapor condenses and clings to particles in the air. This is called condensation and is how clouds are formed. When **they** get too heavy, droplets fall back to the earth through a process called precipitation.

Now that the water has been returned to the earth, it can either be intercepted by a water source, or it can land on the ground. For the water that lands on the ground, one of several things can happen. If there has been a heavy rain, or if it has rained for a long time, a lot of water will return to the streams, lakes and oceans as run-off. Run-off also depends on the slope of the ground. A steep slope will cause more movement of water. Conversely, if water movement is minimized, much of the water will infiltrate the soil. Gravity forces

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the water lower and lower into the ground through a process called percolation. The permeability of the soil determines the rate at which percolation occurs. If the soil is very dense, it will hold less water. If it is porous, on the other hand, it will store more water. The amount of water that can be held in the soil is called its porosity.

The water will continue to move downward until it reaches saturated soil. This means that there is already so much water in the soil that it can't hold any more. An aquifer is any geologic material that can hold water or allow water to transmit through it. Even solid rock can be an aquifer because water can move through its cracks and pores.

Ground water is returned to the earth via vegetation. Plants soak up water through their roots and, as mentioned, return the water to the atmosphere. Outflows also occur naturally via springs. Humans can extract ground water using wells. Ground-water mining can cause problems for the water table, which is the measure of water in the ground. Taking too much water not only reduces the water supply, but it affects the soil. When water is withdrawn, the pores that hold the water **collapse**, altering the make-up of the soil. Further, contamination from landfills and septic systems cause serious problems for the soil and for the plant that rely on it.

(Adapted from Mastering skills for the TOEFL iBT)

**Question 56:** Which is the most suitable title for the passage?

- A. The Role of Water in Agriculture
- **B.** The Importance of Rainfall in Ecosystems
- C. Understanding the Hydrologic Cycle
- **D.** Human Impact on Water Resources

Question 57: Which of the following is NOT TRUE, according to the first paragraph?

- **A.** Water exists in three main forms and moves through many processes.
- **B.** Humans can increase the total amount of water on Earth.
- **C.** The hydrologic cycle involves constant movement of water.
- **D.** Water can be both an outflow for the ground and an inflow for rivers.

Question 58: The wo	rd " <u><b>they</b></u> " in paragraph 2 ref	ers to	
A. altitudes	B. articles	C. droplets	<b>D.</b> clouds
Question 59: Which	statement is TRUE, according	ng to paragraph 3?	

- **A.** Run-off depends purely on rainfall.
- **B.** The rate of water infiltration is not affected by soil density.
- C. Porous soil holds more water than dense soil.
- **D.** A steep slope plays a key role in reducing run-off.

Question 60: The phrase "collapse" in paragraph 5 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. cave in B. tumble to C. take out D. dig up

Question 61: Why does the author mention "vegetation" in the last paragraph?

- **A.** To show how important water is for yielding a good crop.
- **B.** To show how crops can be harmed by contamination.
- **C.** To show how the roots of plants help to hold the soil together.
- **D.** To show how ground water is used in the hydrologic cycle.

**Question 62:** What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- **A.** Groundwater extraction affects the water supply but not the soil.
- **B.** Human interference can affect the stability of the soil.
- C. Contamination from landfills can cause problems except for plants.
- **D.** Building more wells will secure the quality of the soil.

# Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 63 to 70.

The idea of using a top ocean predator to entertain people was in 1965, when an orca, tangled in fisherman's net off the coast of Columbia, was sold and shipped 725 kilometers to a Seattle aquarium. The 20 or so members of the captured whale's family - his pod - followed for most of the journey. Having reached his destination, the captive soon learnt that he would be rewarded with food if he performed tricks. To the delight of the park's owners, thousands of visitors queued up to see the spectacle, However, the obliging

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orca, who could be heard calling out to other whales, survived for less than a year. Soon other whales were being hunted, A pod would be located from the air then trapped with the aid of speed boats, nets and underwater explosives. Usually adolescent females were targeted, being easier to handle and transport. Over the following decade, 51 killer whales were captured off the Pacific coast and sold to marine parks.

When the US government prohibited this practice in waters, the hunters decamped to Iceland, where they caught Tilikum. The then two-year-old calf was taken to a Reykjavik zoo and confined there for almost a year in a concrete tank before transfer to a marine park. No longer able to swim hundreds of miles every day, Tilikum would either circle the pool or lie motionless on the surface. Instead of ocean sounds, all he heard was the monotonous rhythm of the filtration system. Eventually, the orca arrived in a marine park in Canada where he was kept in a 30-by-15-metre performance pool adjacent to a marina, with its cacophony of man-made, underwater noise. Following seven years in these conditions, a horrifying incident occurred - Tilikum and female oras killed a trainer who had fallen in the water. Shortly afterwards, the now fully grown Tilikum was sold to SeaWorld, Orlando, where more casualties awaited - including the park's top trainer.

To perform with a killer whale requires extensive experience and athleticism. Blond, vivacious Den Brancheau was SeaWorld's **poster girl** and a highly competent professional who adhered strictly to safety regulations. On February 24, 2010, after performing with Tilikum, Brancheau was lying on a ledge, stroking him, when suddenly Tilikum yanked her into the water. The orca ignored all commands to release his victim, who, at a mere 56 kilos, was no match for a six-ton killer whale. By the time his jaws were forced open, his devoted trainer was dead. The incident shocked Americans, for whom SeaWorld's star was a friendly national icon, with his cuddly-toy version a best-seller in the souvenir shops.

A critical question emerged from this tragic incident: Why did an orca kill a human in what appeared to be a deliberate attack, when no record exists of **this** ever happening in the wild? The catalogue of Dawn's injuries included a broken neck and jaw, and a dislocated elbow. Shortly afterwards, a documentary called *Blackfish* attempted to answer this question. It reveals that since the 1960s, there have been numerous documented incidents of killer whale attacks on trainers worldwide - a fact park owners have suppressed.

It also provides a historical overview of whale-watching in general, and of Tilikum's experience specifically, and this supports the suggestion that deviant behaviour in whales stems from their capture and consequent treatment. Experts consulted describe orcas' need for space and stimulation, confirming how ill-suited they are to the constraints of overnight confinement in small pens. As whale researcher Paul Spong explains, "If you pen killer whales in a small steel tank, you are imposing an extreme level of sensory deprivation on them. Humans who are subjected to those same conditions become mentally disturbed."

Through further interviews with whale experts and former trainers, a gap emerges between SeaWorld's animal-loving image and the behind-the-scenes reality. Some footage makes for disturbing viewing such as a bleeding whale attacked by fellow captives, or a trainer dragged repeatedly to the bottom of a pool. In personal testimonies, white hunters recollect the distressing cries of mother whales as their calves were captured.

Not surprisingly, the documentary has unleashed a surge of criticism of SeaWorld, and visitor numbers have taken a nosedive. SeaWorld executives declined to be interviewed for the film, but responded with a fierce publicity campaign. They assert that without their orcas, not only would we know less about the species, but humans would be denied a connection to these magnificent, highly **sentient** mammals. Whether or not captive killer whales are eventually phased out, it seems Tilikum's fate was sealed, despite calls for his release. Marine biologists declared him unfit for life in the wild and his life ended where he had spent most of it - in captivity.

(Adapted from Perspectives on Proficiency)

**Question 63:** Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?

- A. Human Activity's Impact On A Mass Extinction Of Whales.
- **B.** The Tragic Fate of Tilikum: Killer Whales in Captivity
- C. American Debate Over Orca Conservation in Aquariums
- **D.** The Evolution of Whale-Watching Worldwide

**Question 64:** According to the first paragraph, adolescent female killer whales were usually targeted because

- **A.** They were the most valuable in the marine parks.
- **B.** They were more manageable compared to the males.

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<b>C.</b> They were less l	ikely to resist capture than ma	ales.	
_	orm more complex tricks than		
	d " <b>poster girl</b> " in paragraph		
A. spokesperson	B. figurehead	C. representative	<b>D.</b> celebrity
Question 66: The wor	d " <u>this</u> " in paragraph 4 refers	to	
<b>A.</b> The release of a	documentary called Blackfish	i	
<b>B.</b> The suppression	of information about whale a	ttacks	
C. The tragic death	of a trainer caused by an orca	a	
<b>D.</b> They record of o	rca attacks on trainers world	wide	
	d Tilikum experience after be ge, open ocean area where he		-
B. He was confined	to a small performance pool	equipped with loud, artificia	al noises
C. He was given ple	enty of space and could hear	monotonous ocean sounds	
D. He was released	back into the wild with other	orcas after a year in the ma	rine park.
Question 68: Why did	Tilikum's attack on Dawn B	rancheau shock Americans?	ı
<b>A.</b> It was the first ti	me an orca had attacked a tra	iner.	
B. Tilikum had been	n trained not to attack human	S.	
C. SeaWorld was k	nown for the best safety regu	lations.	
<b>D.</b> Tilikum was a bo	eloved national symbol at Sea	aWorld.	
	f the following is NOT an ex g after being attacked by fello		ity of SeaWorld?
<b>B.</b> Trainers being d	ragged repeatedly to the botto	om of a pool.	
C. The cries of mot	her whales during the capture	e of their calves.	
<b>D.</b> Mother whales a	nd their calves being constan	tly kept together.	
<b>Question 70:</b> The wor	d " <b>sentient</b> " in the last parag	raph is closest in meaning to	)
<b>A.</b> reactive	<b>B.</b> perceptive	C. passive	<b>D.</b> submissive
	TH	F FND	

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