Full name:	Mark:
Class:	
School:	

# 15-MINUTE TEST 1 (UNITS 1-2)(2)

### **Duration: 15 minutes**

## LANGUAGE - PRONUNCIATION

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1.	A. gr <u>a</u> ceful	<b>B.</b> m <u>a</u> gic	<b>C.</b> n <u>a</u> tion	<b>D.</b> domin <u>a</u> te
2.	<b>A.</b> rec <u>i</u> pe <b>C.</b> l <u>i</u> veable		<b>B.</b> d <u>i</u> gital <b>D.</b> <u>i</u> nteractive	
3.	<b>A.</b> sky <u>s</u> craper <b>C.</b> hone <u>s</u> ty		<b>B.</b> curiou <u>s</u> <b>D.</b> repre <u>s</u> entative	
4.	<b>A.</b> way	<b>B.</b> place	<b>C.</b> state	<b>D.</b> part

## LANGUAGE - GRAMMAR

### I. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the words in brackets.

- 1. Finn (suffer) from a sprained ankle after doing star jumps last night.
- 2. The five generations in my family (live) together for several decades, for we can take care of one another better.
- **3.** Before, food was often higher in unhealthy fat but over the past decades, people (turn) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a closer attention to what goes in the food.

#### II. Choose the best option to complete each sentence. Circle A, B, C or D.

- 1. Do you live with your grandparents, Hoa?
  I did in the past but I have lived with my parents \_\_\_\_\_\_ we moved to the city.
  - A. until B. after C. since D. when
- 2. My husband and I \_\_\_\_\_ cope with generational conflicts when my mother-in-law overstepped boundaries, particularly when it comes to parenting the new-born.

A. need B. have to C. had to D. must

3. Lan \_\_\_\_\_ get some help with her IT course. If she doesn't, she won't pass it.

A. has to B. can C. need D. have to

## READING

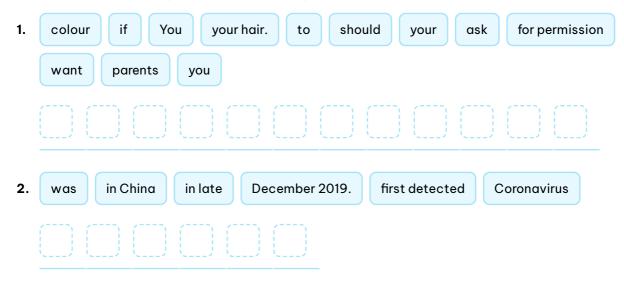
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Ageing is an inevitable process of human's getting older. There is no exact definition for it but the most widely accepted idea is that ageing is a part of our life (1) \_\_\_\_\_ – we are born, go through childhood, adolescence and adulthood and, at a certain time, we begin to age. Our bodies are complex organisms with countless features and functions. In the younger years, our bodies can simply repair many damages or mistakes which occur in our cells and tissue. But this ability decreases and our organs start to lose their ability to function (2) we grow older. Some people age more quickly, others more slowly but all of us may notice the gradual increase in signs of ageing starting from the age of 30. When we (3) our 30s, some familiar outward signs of ageing may be seen such as grey hair, wrinkles and age spots of the skin. Other major organs of the body also show signs of ageing. The brain, for instance, works less (4) \_\_\_\_\_, and even gets smaller in size. Thinking processes of all sorts are slowed down and this makes it harder to remember new things and react quickly. Our ability to smell and taste things can get worse (5) \_\_\_\_\_ time too. This wearing-out of our body is believed to be controlled by an inseparable biological time-clock. Scientists who study ageing are trying to discover how this clock works so that they can slow down the process. This could give us a longer life and a great number of productive years.

		(Add	apted from <u>https://v</u>	www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK563107)
1.	A. cycle		<b>B.</b> signs	
	C. expectancy		D. loss	
2.	A. as	<b>B.</b> since	C. whether	D. though
3.	A. add up	<b>B.</b> reach	C. were	D. become
4.	A. efficiently		<b>B.</b> functionally	
	<b>C.</b> arduously		<b>D.</b> identically	
5.	A. through	<b>B.</b> on	C. over	D. in

## WRITING

Reorder the words and phrases to make complete sentences.



	bedroom. a ladder was painting Yesterday when Hoa fell off she
	her
4.	caught to coach forty a Our was late. in got minutes
	jam and traffic Heathrow
5.	by easier Smart make household can people's chores. lives
	technologies reducing
	$\underline{\bigcirc} \bigcirc $

# **ANSWER KEY**

## LANGUAGE - PRONUNCIATION

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1.	P The correct answer			
	A. gr <u>a</u> ceful	<b>B.</b> m <u>a</u> gic	<b>C.</b> n <u>a</u> tion	<b>D.</b> domin <u>a</u> te
2.				
3.	P The correct answer			
	<b>A.</b> sky <u>s</u> craper <b>C.</b> hone <u>s</u> ty		<b>B.</b> curiou <u>s</u> <b>D.</b> repre <u>s</u> entative	
4.	P The correct answer			
	<b>A.</b> w <u>a</u> y	<b>B.</b> pl <u>a</u> ce	<b>C.</b> st <u>a</u> te	D.p <u>a</u> rt

## LANGUAGE - GRAMMAR

### I. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the words in brackets.

1. P The correct answer

Finn (suffer) suffered from a sprained ankle after doing star jumps last night.

2. P The correct answer

The five generations in my family (live) have lived together for several decades, for we can take care of one another better.

**3.** *P* The correct answer

Before, food was often higher in unhealthy fat but over the past decades, people (turn) have turned a closer attention to what goes in the food.

#### II. Choose the best option to complete each sentence. Circle A, B, C or D.

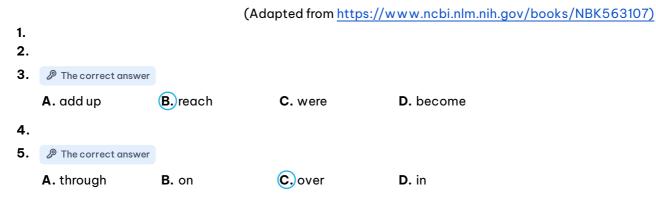
1.	P The correct answer			
	A. until	<b>B.</b> after	<b>C</b> .since	D. when
2.	P The correct answer			
	A. need	<b>B.</b> have to	C.had to	<b>D.</b> must

3.

## READING

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Ageing is an inevitable process of human's getting older. There is no exact definition for it but the most widely accepted idea is that ageing is a part of our life (1) \_\_\_\_\_ - we are born, go through childhood, adolescence and adulthood and, at a certain time, we begin to age. Our bodies are complex organisms with countless features and functions. In the younger years, our bodies can simply repair many damages or mistakes which occur in our cells and tissue. But this ability decreases and our organs start to lose their ability to function (2) we grow older. Some people age more quickly, others more slowly but all of us may notice the gradual increase in signs of ageing starting from the age of 30. When we (3) our 30s, some familiar outward signs of ageing may be seen such as grey hair, wrinkles and age spots of the skin. Other major organs of the body also show signs of ageing. The brain, for instance, works less (4) \_\_\_\_\_, and even gets smaller in size. Thinking processes of all sorts are slowed down and this makes it harder to remember new things and react quickly. Our ability to smell and taste things can get worse (5) \_\_\_\_\_ time too. This wearing-out of our body is believed to be controlled by an inseparable biological time-clock. Scientists who study ageing are trying to discover how this clock works so that they can slow down the process. This could give us a longer life and a great number of productive years.



### WRITING

Reorder the words and phrases to make complete sentences.

1.	P The correct answer
	You should ask your parents for permission if you want
	to colour your hair.
2.	P The correct answer
	Coronavirus was first detected in China in late December 2019.
3.	P The correct answer

	Yesterday Hoa fell off a ladder when she was painting her
	bedroom.
4.	P The correct answer
	Our coach was caught in a traffic jam and got to
	Heathrow forty minutes late.
5.	P The correct answer
	Smart technologies can make people's lives easier by
	reducing household chores.