Dạng bài phát âm			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your	answer sheet to indicate the	word whose underlined par	t differs from the other three in
pronunciation in each of the follow	ing questions.		
Phát âm của nguyên âm			
Question 1. A. sh <u>o</u> w	B. p <b>o</b> st	C. l <u>o</u> ck	D. n <b>o</b> te
Phát âm của phụ âm			
Question 2. A. fa <u>c</u> ility	B. <u>c</u> rowd	C. spa <b>c</b> e	D. <b>c</b> ycling
Dạng bài tr <b>ọ</b> ng âm			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on you	r answer sheet to indicate th	e word that differs from the	e other three in the position of
primary stress in following question	ons.		
Trọng âm			
Question 3. A. hotel	B. suburb	C. public	D. moment
Trọng âm			
Question 4. A. arrival	B. emotion	C. mechanic	D. engineer
Dạng bài chọn đáp án			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your	r answer sheet to indicate the	e correct answer to each of t	the following questions.
(từ vựng/cụm từ)Question 5. Our to	our guide gave us a list of local	tourist, including m	useums, parks, and historical site
A. attractions	B. buildings	C. situations	D. schedules
(thì và sự phối thì)Question 6. She_	with her friends at the	e festival when the fireworks	started.
A. was danced	B. danced	C. was dancing	D. dancing
(so sánh)Question 7. Nam thinks goi:	ng hiking in the mountains is _	than swimming in a p	oool.
A. more tiring	B. so tiring		D. as tiring
(câu điều kiện)Question 8. If we	•	<u> </u>	ootprints.
A. used/reducing	B. will use/ reduce		
(tình huống giao tiếp) Question 9. P		9	,
Phuong: "I've just been recognized to			
Amelia: ""			
A. Thanks for your advice.			
B. No worries. Everything will be alrig	otht.		
C. My pleasure.	<b>5</b>		
D. How cool! Congratulations!			
(đại từ quan hệ)Question 10. Da Na	and is famous for its	international fireworks festiv	val attracts thousands of visitors
every year.	mg, is rame as for its	meeriacional fire works resur-	an, attracts incusumus of violitors
	B. that	C. what	D. which
( <b>nghĩa của từ</b> )Question 11. Chi was			
A. kind	B. amazed	C. worthy	D. helpless
(lượng từ)Question 12. Drinking		· ·	D. Helpless
A. many	B. few	C. a lot	D. no
•			
Read the following announcement		r D on your answer sneet to	maicate the correct option that
best fits each of the numbered blar	iks from 13 to 16.		
Đục lỗ form ANNOUNCEMENT	MANAGE MO DO DUDINO DICA	отпро	
1.0 (10)	WHAT TO DO DURING DISA		
	your house and away	from windows.	
	or walk into flood water.		
_	h ground far from (14)	sea.	
4. Get under a			
	to local news reports and le		
	ergency services if you are in (1		
( <b>Giới từ</b> )Question 13. A. over	B. into	C. inside	D. away
(mạo từ)Question 14. A. x (no article	e) B. a	C. the	D. an
(Cụm từ)Question 15. A. Watch	B. Listen	C. Read	D. Wait
(từ loại)Question 16. A. dangerous	B. endangered	C. dangerously	D. danger
$\label{eq:mark-the} \textbf{Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your}$	answer sheet to indicate the	e correct answer to each of t	he following questions from 17
to 18.			

(sắp xếp câu tạo thành đoạn văn toàn chỉnh)	Question 17. Put the s	entences (a-c) in the corr	ect order, then fill in the blank to			
make a logical text.						
We had an unforgettable holiday in Singapore last week. Things didn't go on as smoothly as we had expected before						
a. Upon our arrival at the safari park two hours later, we realized that it was closed for maintenance.						
b. It all started when my parents decided to visit t	the safari park.					
c. We were so excited about the trip, but the mom	ent that we left the ho	tel, it started raining.				
A. b-c-a B. a-c-b	C.	c-b-a	D. b-a-c			
Question 18. Choose the sentence that can end th	e text (in Question 17)	most appropriately.				
(Chọn câu hoàn thành đoạn văn)						
A. Then we asked a local man who lived nearby h	ow to get to the park.					
B. First, this park is really a must-visit for all natu	re lovers.					
C. We finally got back to the hotel with sadness ar	nd disappointment.					
D. To begin with, we had a lot of fun exploring the	e different animal exhib	oits here.				
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sh			ts each of the numbered blanks			
from 19 to 24.		-				
Dạng bài đục lỗ						
Living in the mountains can be very hard. First, th	nere is (19) to	grow crops or raise lives	tock. (20) houses is also			
difficult because the land is not flat. The air in the						
means there is less oxygen, which makes breathin						
<despite around="" challenges,="" people="" td="" the="" these="" wo<=""><td>•</td><td>rked in mountainous are</td><td>as for centuries. There are many</td></despite>	•	rked in mountainous are	as for centuries. There are many			
health benefits of living in the mountains. Being or						
is fresher. There are places where you cannot dri	=	-				
hills and mountains on foot helps keep(						
life.	24). Finally, mountains	s people are quite simple	and menuly. They live a peaceful			
( <b>cấu trúc</b> )Question 19. A. enough	D anough not land	C. not enough land	D land anough not			
(danh động từ)Question 20. A. Build	B. enough not land	C. Builds	D. land enough not			
• •	B. Building		D. Buildings			
(luṇng từ) Question 21. A. another problem	B. many problem	C. others problem	D. any problem			
(sự hòa hợp S-V và cấu trúc)Question 22. A. lets		C. let	D. allows			
(liên từ)Question 23. A. because	B. although	C. so	D. since			
(cấu trúc)Question 24. A. you are active	B. active you	C. active you are	D. you active			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer she	eet to indicate the sen	tence that is closest in m	neaning to the original sentence			
in each of the following questions.						
Dạng bài câu đồng nghĩa						
(Câu tường thuật) Question 25. "I'm busy with n		his dad said.				
A. His dad said he was busy with his work all day						
B. His dad said he is busy with his work all day that day.						
C. His dad said he were busy with his work all day today.						
D. His dad said I was busy with my work all day that day.						
(Cấu trúc)Question 26. Let's drink some warm w	ater after eating spicy	food.				
A. What about we drink some warm water after e	ating spicy food?					
B. How about to drink some warm water after eating spicy food?						
C. Why don't we drink some warm water after eating spicy food?						
D. Why not drinking some warm water after we e						
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sh		entence that is made fro	m the given cues in each of the			
following questions.			3			
Sắp xếp từ tạo thành câu hoàn chỉnh						
	nt opinions/but/we/sti	ll/get/each other.				
(cụm động từ)Question 27. Lucy and 1/ different opinions/but/we/still/get/each other.  A. Lucy and I have different opinions, but we still get along each other.						
B. Lucy and I have different opinions, but we still get with each other.						
C. Lucy and I have different opinions, but we still get with each other.						
D. Lucy and I have different opinions, but we still	=					
D. Lacy and I have amerent opinions, but we still	6ct on with cath offici					

A. Laura suggested going skiing in the Alps at Christmas.B. Laura suggested we going skiing in the Alps in the Christmas.

(C'au tr'uc) Question 28. Laura/suggested/go skiing/ the Alps/Christmas.

- C. Laura suggested we going skiing into the Alps at Christmas.
- D. Laura suggested go skiing outside the Alps on the Christmas.

Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Dạng đọc qua ảnh

Question 29. What does the sign say?



- A. You don't need to wear a hard hat in this area.
- B. There is a hard hat in this area.
- C. This area provides hard hats.
- D. You must wear a hard hat in this area.

Question 30. What does the notice say?

Keep your bus ticket. Transport officers may request to see it at any time.

- A. There may be ticket checks during your bus journey.
- B. Transport officers request you to buy a bus ticket.
- C. Transport officers have to keep your bus ticket.
- D. You can get your bus ticket from the transport officers.

## Dang đoc hiểu

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

British English and American English are two variations of the English language that share many similarities, but also some notable differences in pronunciation, vocabulary and grammar.

The pronunciation of American English is one of the biggest differences. One of the most noticeable differences is the pronunciation of R. The British tend to pronounce R in the middle and end of words very softly, but Americans like to stress it. Spelling is another difference. Americans often spell many verbs ending with a -t sound by using -ed as in burnt (BE) and burned (AE). In both of these cases, the-t is pronounced. British prefer to spell -ise with a S but American prefer to spell it as it is pronounced with a Z.

There are even differences in vocabulary. Americans use the word "pants" for "trousers" and "apartment" for "flat".

Grammar is another area of difference. The British are more likely to use formal speech, such as "shall", while Americans prefer the more informal version, "will". You may hear the British say "needn't" but Americans would almost always use "don't need to". In spite of these differences, the vast majority of language points are the same in both variations.

A. British and American English are identical in all aspects	A.	British	and	American	English	are identical	l in all	aspects.
--	----	---------	-----	----------	---------	---------------	----------	----------

D. Differences are more important than similarities.

A. large

(Câu hỏi main idea) Question	n 31. What is the main idea of t	he reading passage?		
A. British and American Englis	sh are identical in all aspects.			
B. British and American English	sh have key differences but ma	ny similarities.		
C. There are different ways to	pronounce British and Americ	ean English.		
D. There are different variatio	ns of the English language aro	und the world.		
(câu hỏi từ vựng từ - đồng 1	<b>nghĩa)</b> Question 32. The word 1	notable in paragraph 1 is CLOSES	T in meaning to	
A. important	B. easy	C. unimportant	D. difficult	
(Câu hổi stated detail)Quest	ion 33. What does the writer u	se to give more explanations to $\epsilon$	each point?	
A. numbers	B. symbols	C. examples	D. quotes (other	people's
words)				
(Câu hổi stated detail) Quest	tion 34. Which example is NOT	mentioned in the text?		
A. pronunciation of R	B. fluency	C. spelling of -ed	D. apartment vs. flat	
(Câu hỏi stated detail) Quest	ion 35. What final comment do	es the author make about the diffe	erences between American a	nd British
English?				
A. There are no differences in	vocabulary and grammar.			
B. There is only a slight differe	ence in pronunciation.			
C. Most language points are th	ie same.			

C. huge

D. small

(câu hỏi từ vưng- từ trái nghĩa) Question 36. The word vast in paragraph 3 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_

B. unlimited

rour pinases/sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your
answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.
Dạng ghép câu/cụm từ bị tách ra
England's traditions have been around for hundreds, even thousands of years. English cuisine is (37) that English people
are proud to keep alive.
Typical English cuisine has developed over many centuries, and people say that fish and chips is the most English dish of all. It is
believed that fish and chips appeared in England in the 19th century. (38) Since then, people have considered fish and
chips to be England's national dish, and it is now a common takeaway in the United Kingdom.
The basic ingredients of the dish are fried fish served with chips. (39) Fish and chips is served hot as the main dish in
England. Although there is oil and carbohydrates in fish and chips, it is healthier than other takeaway dishes.
Now there are fish and chip shops in many countries, and it is (40) in other countries, too. Preserving and promoting
fish and chips is the way English people keep themselves associated with the past.
Options:
A. becoming more and more popular
B. among the deep-rooted traditions
C. The earliest fish and chip shop opened in London during the 1860s.
D. People in different places may add peas, vinegar, lemon, or ketchup.
Question 37
Question 38
Question 39
Question 40

THE END