ỦY BAN NHẰN DẰN TỈNH LAI CHÂU

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

**ĐÉ THI CHÍNH THỨC**

KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP10 THPT  
NĂM HOC 2022-2023

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh (Chung)

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

KEYS

Question I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.  
(0,8 point)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. beds | B. doors | C. students | D. plays |
| 2. A. changed | B. learned | c. plaved | D. looked |
| 3. A. language | B. danger | c. angry | D. passage |
| 4. A. machine | B. change | c. teacher | D. choose |
| Question II. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the following sentences. (1.2 points) | | | |
| 1. Your house is beautiful. | ? |  |  |
| A. does it | B. was it | c. wasn’t it | D. isn't it |
| 2. Yesterday I met some people car broken down? | | |  |
| A. who | B. which | c. whom | D. whose |
| 3. Miss Lan forgot to | \_ the faucet when she left for work | |  |
| A. turn off | B. turn on | c. turn down | D. turn up |
| 4. The people working with the native speakers can | | speak English | . as their mother tongue. |
| A. as fluent | B. as fluently | c. more fluently | D. more fluent |
| 5. My friend, Anna was really impressed by the | | of Sal’a town. |  |
| A. attract | B. attractive | c. attraction | D. attracting |
| 6. Messages that a person receives or sends on the computer are | | |  |
| A. data | B. information | c. e-mail | D. texts |

Question III. Give the correct tense or form of verbs in brackets. (2,0 points)

1. They wish they couldn't forget the appointment.
2. Last night, I was doing my homework while my sister was playing games.
3. If it rains, we will stay at home.
4. It's difficult to get used to getting up early.
5. A tree was planted in the garden by the students yesterday.
6. Nga asked Nhì if she knew Lai Chau city.
7. Ba would travel around the world if he were rich.
8. Mr. Jone was principal of our school since last year.

(not forget)  
(play)  
(rain)

(get)  
(plant)

(know)

(be)

(be)

Question IV. Each sentence below contains an error. Pick out and correct it. (1,25 points)

1. They planned to have a trip on June. on => in
2. Are you worry about the final examination? worry => worried
3. Lan bought com, potatoes so cabbages at the market. so => and
4. I'd love to play volleyball but I have to complete an assignable, assignable => assignment
5. love watch sport, and documents seem quite boring to me. watch => watching

Question V. Read the following passage and decide which answer (A, B, c, or D) best fits each gap. (1,0  
point)

The overwhelming support shown by Vietnamese people has been the secret ingredient in Vietnam's record-  
breaking SEA Games gold medal tally, says the head of the national contingent.

Tran Due Phan, head of the Vietnamese sports delegation at SEA Games 31, (1) Monday that the most

impressive thing about the event this year was the (2) of the people.

"Stadiums were chock-full of people. Many stadiums couldn't allow more people in (3) they were

overloaded. There were matches at the Thien Truong Stadium in Nam Dinh where so many people showed  
up even for foreign matches that they had to stop letting people in. We were very surprised fl' see so many  
people coming, sport has truly become a part of the Vietnamese people's life," he said al a press meet  
He also commented on the "surprising" fact (4) while Vietnam only aimed to get 140 gold medals,

they won 205, breaking (5) previous record of 194 held by Indonesia in 1997.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. said | B.told | c.spoke | **K D. asked** |
| 2. A. supportive | B. supported | c. supporting | D. support |
| 3. A. because | B. as | c. though |  |
| 4. A. who | B. which | c. that | D. why |
| 5. A. a | B. the | c. an | D.0 |

Question VI. Read the following passage and answer the questions. (1,0 point)

EDUCATION IN ENGI AND

Every child in Great Britain between the age of five and 111 must attend school. There are three main  
types of educational institutions: primary (elementary) schools,, secondary schools and universities.

State schools are free, and attendance is compulsory. Morning school begins at nine o'clock and lasts until  
half past four. School is open five days a week. On Saturdays and Sundays there are no lessons. There are  
holidays at Christmas, Easter and in summer. In London as in all cities there are two grades of state schools  
for those who will go to work at fifteen: primary schools for boys and girls between the ages of five and  
eleven, and secondary schools for children from eleven to fifteen years.

The lessons are reading, writing, the English language, English literature, English history, geography,  
science, Nature study, drawing, painting, singing, woodwork and drill (physical training).

1. What are three main types of educational institutions?

* Three main types of educational institutions are primary (elementary) schools, secondary schools  
  and universities.

1. How many days is school open a week?

—\* School is open five days a week.

1. Are state schools free?

* Yes, they are.

1. When do pupils have holidays?

* Pupils have holidays at Christmas. Easter and in summer.

Question VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the  
sentence printed before it. (1,5 points)

1. "We will visit her this morning," they said.

* They said that they would visit her that morning.

1. I don't have a car now.

* I wish I had a car now.

1. Ibegan to study English 5 years ago.

—\* I have studied English for 5 years.

1. Only if you work hard, you will be successful.

—\* Unless you work hard, you won't be successful.

1. The storm destroyed our city last week.

* Our city was destroyed by the storm last week.

1. In spite of the cold weather, we all wore shorts.

* Even though it/ the weather was cold, we all wore shorts.

Question VIII. Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given. (1,25 points)

1. It/ take/ Lan/ 2 hours/ day/ practice/ English/ her friends/.

— It takes Lan 2 hours a day to practice English with her friends.

1. /get/ my car/wash/.

— 1 get my car washed.

1. How long/ have/ you/study/ London University? /

— How long have you studied in London University?

1. The baby/ can’t stand/ hear *I* the noise/ every night/.

— The baby can't stand hearing the noise every night.

1. He/ be/ not/ old/ enough/ serve/ the army/.

— He is not old enough to serve the army.

**THE END**