	ENGLISH PF	RACTICE 40								
PART A. PRONUNCIATION										
Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from the other three										
in the following que										
 A. appropriate technology 	B. opposite	C. economic	D.							
2. A. dykes	B. mins	C. pesticides	D.							
nowadays	D '' '		5 1 11 1							
	B. practis <u>ed</u>	C. laugh <u>ed</u>	D. decid <u>ed</u>							
4. A. appl <u>i</u> cation		C. chem <u>i</u> stry	D. <u>i</u> ndicate							
5. A. manag <i>ed</i>		C. penaliz <u>ed</u>	D. mark <u>ed</u>							
6. A. st <u>y</u> le	B. t <u>y</u> pical	C. prett <u>y</u>	D. penalt <u>y</u>							
7. A. ma <u>tu</u> re	B. cen <u>tu</u> ry	C. fu <u>tu</u> re	D. punct <u>ur</u> e							
8. A. l <u>ie</u>	B. p <u>ie</u>	C. t <u>ie</u>	D. bel <u>ie</u> ve							
9. A. master <u>y</u>	B. baggy	C. den <u>y</u>	D. s <u>v</u> mbol							
10. A. organiz <u>a</u> tio		B. capit <u>a</u> l	C. dict <u>a</u> tion							
D. co-oper <u>a</u> tion										
51 co oper <u>u</u> ción										
PART II. GRAMMAR	ΔΝΟ VOCABULAR	Y								
_		s by choosing the c	orrect answer							
among four options										
1. He's really shy										
	B. at	C. for	D. with							
2. The teacher	her to improve her	drawing.								
A. insisted	B. encouraged	C. made	D.							
persisted										
3. I couldn't quite	$_$ what they were \circ	doing because they were								
A. bear out		C. think out	D. try out							
4. The meal Mary cook										
A. well	B. nice	C. god	od D.							
worse		an alama								
5 at the party,	we saw Ruth Standi	ng alone.	D W.							
	B. We arrived	C. Arrived	D. We							
were arriving	the curvey ca	id that they had evam	inad over 1 000							
accidents.	the survey sa	id that they had exam	iried over 1,000							
	B. proceed	C. set	D.							
conducted	b. proceed	C. Set	D.							
	n of stealing	and sent him to prison.								
A. evil	R innocent	C. guilty	D wicked							
8 The house we have	rented is Sc	we will have to buy so	me heds chairs							
tables, etc.	. reneed is Se	we will have to buy so	ine beas, enans,							
	B. unrepaire	ed C. unf	urnished D.							
9. He was turned down	n for the iob becaus	e he is C. unqualifie								
A. qualified	B. qualifying	C. unqualifie	ed D.							
qualification	-1 79	2.5.5.5.4.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.								
•	d only the oth	er man came into the ro	om.							
		C. and then								

soon

11. _____, the disaster would not have happened.

	u have obeyed t	he orders		В.	You	had	obeyed	the	
orders C. You obeyed the orders D. Had							oheved	the	
orders	eyed the orders			Ο.	Haa	you	obcycu	cric	
12 had			_						
A. Only wh				Only tl					
C. Only what 13. Traveling alo	no were those		D.	Only v	vere tr	iose i	who		
13. Traveling all	one to a jungle is	s adventur	ous,		if it no	t imn	occiblo		
C when n	ot impossible		D	when	it not i	mnos	sihle		
14. I the h		ne south	D.	WIICII	ic noc i	проз	SIDIC		
	B. used		C.	am us	e to		D.	am	
used to									
15. The meat lo	oked very	_ to the do	og.						
A. invited	B. invite	!	C.	invitin	g	D.	invitingly	•	
YOUR ANSWERS:									1
1. 2.		4.	5.	6.		7.			
9. 10.	11.	12.	13.	14.		15.			
_	_	_	_	_			_		
II. Use the co									
numbered spa		in the pa	ssage.	Write	your	ansv	vers on	your	
answer sheet.			Ll C'.						
	ndred and fifty								
	gly beautiful sur built telescope							DIE	
	sterious sphere								
_	t divinely smoot				-				
	t although the n								
	ed by the hand o								Έ
	ery different fro								
(5) hard	ly to be expe	cted in h	is day	and	age, a	althou	ugh 7. SI	GNIF	′
nowadays his	(6) may	appear	to some	e to k	oe triv	vial a	and		
(7)					_			LUDE	
	after Galileo lur							ΓRIKE	
	n so (8)							-	
	ting around for							ORTU	JNE
	planet of ight circling the								
-	in the eye	•			-	-			
might mean, w		3 01 111030	rearrar o	, wilat	i circ a	15001	Ci y		
YOUR ANSWER									
1.	2.	3.		4.		ļ	5.]
6.	7.	8.		9.			10.		1
	1	ı							J
III. In the folio	owing passage	. some n	umbere	d line	es cor	ntain	a word	that	
shouldn't be t									
words that sho	ouldn't be thei	re in the i	number	ed spa	ace. (1.0 p	oint)		
KEEPING YOUF									
	onal space is a t		efers to	the di		YO	UR ANSW	ERS:	
	keep between			ther p			<u>omeone</u>		
	 keep between eone we do not begin to feel un 	know we	ll gets to	ther poor	se that	1	omeone		

	colleague comes closer than 1.2 meters, the most common response is to move away. Some interesting studies have been done in libraries. If strangers will come too close, many people get up and leave the building, others use to different methods such as turning their back on the intruder. Living in cities has made people to develop new skills for dealing with situations where they are very close to strangers. Most people on so crowded trains try not to look at strangers; they avoid skin contract, and apologize if hands touch by a mistake. People use newspapers as a barrier between themselves and other people, and if they do not have one, they stare into the distance, making sure they are not looking into anyone's eyes.	4
--	---	---

PART III. READING

I. Complete the following passage by choosing A, B, C or D to fill in each blank. (1,0 point)

In recent years, there has been a remarkable increase into happiness. The researchers have come up a number of factors which contribute to a definition of happiness.

First of all, there is, in some people, a moderate genetic predisposition to be happy, in other words, happiness (1)_____ in families. And happiness seems to correlate quite strongly with the main dimensions of personalities: extroverts are generally happier, neurotics are less so.

Second, people often report good social	relations as a reason for their
happiness. In particular, friends are a great (2)	of joy, partly because of the
agreeable things they do together, partly becaus	e of the way friends use positive
non-verbal (3) such as caressing and touch	ching, to affirm their friendship.
Marriage and similar (4) relationships car	n also form the basis of lasting
happiness.	
Third job satisfaction undoubtedly (5)	overall satisfaction, and vice

Third, job satisfaction undoubtedly (5)_____ overall satisfaction, and vice versa - perhaps this is why some people are happy in boring jobs: it (6)_____ both ways. Job satisfaction is caused not only by the essential nature of the work, but (7)____ by social interactions with co-workers. Unemployment, on the contrary, can be a serious cause of unhappiness.

Fourth, leisure is important because it is more under individual (8)_____ than most other causes of happiness. Activities (9)_____ sport and music, and participation in voluntary work and social clubs of various kinds, can give great joy. This is partly because of the (10)_____ themselves, but also because of the social support of other group members – it is very strong in the case of religious groups.

social support of other group	members – it is v	very strong in the	case of religiou
groups.			
1. A. runs	B. arrives	C. goes	D.
descends			
2. A. source	B. origin	C. base	D.
meaning	-		
3. A. movements	B. signals	C. slogans	D. motions
4. A. near	B. tight	C. close	D. heavy
5. A. consists of	B. applies to	C. counts o	n D.
contributes to			

6. A. works			В.	effects	С	. makes	[D. turns			
7	. A. too		В.	as well	С	. also		D.	plus		
8	. A. chec	k	B.	power	С	. choice	[D. contro			
9. A. so				B. su	ch	C. lil	ke		D.		
thus											
10. A. facilities		B.	activities	c C	. exercis	es	D.				
Ameniti	Amenities										
YOUR A	YOUR ANSWERS:										
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.		

II. Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct option (marked A, B, C or D) to answer the questions. (0,5 point)

Scientists have established that influenza viruses taken from man can cause disease in animals. In addition, man can catch the disease from animals. In fact, a greater numbers of wild birds seem to carry the virus without showing any evidences of illness. Some scientists conclude that a large family of influenza virus may have evolved in the bird kingdom, a group that has been on earth 100 million years and is able to carry the virus without contracting the disease. There is even convincing evidence to show that virus strain are transmitted from place to place and from continent to continent by migrating birds.

It is known that two influenza viruses can recombine when both are present in an animal at the same time. The result of such recombination is a great variety of strains containing different H and N spikes. This raises the possibility that a human influenza virus can recombine with an influenza virus from a lower animal to produce an entirely new spike. Research is underway to determine if that is the way major new strains come into being. Another possibility is that two animal influenza strains may recombine in a pig, for example, to produce a new strain which is transmitted to man.

which is tra	nsmitte	ed to r	man.					
 Accordi 	ng to	the	passage,	scientists	have	discovered	that	influenza
viruses								
A. ca	use ill h	ealth	in wild anii	mals	B. do	not always of	cause	symptoms
in birds								
C. are	e rarely	prese	ent in wild k	oirds	D. ch	ange when t	ransm	itted from
animals to	man					_		
2. What is l	known a	about	the influen	za virus?				
A. It \	was firs	t foun	id in a grou	p of very ol	d birds			
B. All	the dif	ferent	strains car	n be found i	n wild l	birds.		
C. It e	existed	over :	100 million	years ago.				
				érent place	S.			
			•	•		nfluenza stra	ins ca	an appear
when		•		-	-			• •
A. H a	and N s	pikes	are produc	ed				
		•	•	e combined				
C. dis	similar	types	of viruses	recombine				
D. tw	o viruse	es of t	he same ty	pe are cont	racted			
				nitted to ma				
	ype of					B. diseased	lower	animals
					D. a ۱	ariety of me	ans	
		_	•			f the followi		e ways of

producing new strains of influenza EXCEPT

C. two animal viruses recombining

A. two influenza viruses in the same animal recombining

B. animal viruses recombining with human viruses

D. two animal viruses recombining in a human YOUR ANSWERS: 4. 1. 2. 3. 5. III. Read the passage and choose the best answer from the four options marked A, B, C or D in the following questions. Identify your answer by writing the corresponding letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet. (0,5 point) Several hundred million years ago, plants similar to modern ferns covered vast stretches of the land. Some were as large as trees, with giant fronds bunched at the top of trunks as straight as pillars. Others were the size of bushes and formed thickets of undergrowth. Still others lived in the shade of giant club mosses and horsetails along the edges of swampy lagoons where giant amphibians swam. A great number of these plants were **true** ferns, reproducing themselves without fruits or seeds. Others had only the appearance of ferns. Their leaves had organs of sexual reproduction and produced seeds. Although their "flowers" did not have corollas, these false ferns (today completely extinct) ushered in the era of flowering plants. Traces of these floras of the earliest times have been preserved in the form of fossils. Such traces are most commonly found in shale and sandstone rocks wedged between coal beds. Today only tropical forests bear living proof of the ancient greatness of ferns. The species that grow there are no longer those of the Carboniferous period, but their variety and vast numbers, and the great size of some, remind us of the time when ferns ruled the plant kingdom. 1. What does the passage mainly discuss? A. Plant reproduction B. How to locate fossils C. An ancient form of plant life D. Tropical plant life 2. The word "**Others**" refers to A. plants B. pillars C. trees D. fronds 3. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a characteristic of the plants described in the passage? A. They once spread over large areas of land. B. They varied greatly in size. C. They coexisted with amphibians, mosses, and horsetails. D. They clung to tree trunks and bushes for support. 4. The word "true" is closest in meaning to which of the following? B. genuine C. straight D. dependable A. accurate 5. The author states that fossils of early plant life are usually found in rocks located between deposits of A. coal B. shale C. sandstone D. corollas YOUR ANSWERS: 2. 3. 4 5. 1.

PART IV: WRITING

<i>1.</i>	Write	the	new	sentences	using	the	given	word.	Do	not	change	the
wo	rd giv	en ii	n any	way. (0,5 p	point)							

word given in any way. (0,5 point)	
1. They have discovered some interesting new information.	(LIGHT)
→	

They suspended Jack for the next two matches.→	(BANNED)			
	(DYING)			
5. We are looking forward to watching the program. →				
II. Rewrite each of the following sentences so to meaning to the original one. (0,5 point)1. If you changed your mind, you would be welcomed to jou you	oin our class. → Were			
 2. I'd rather not go out this afternoon. → I feel	do not			
. 3. Adeles tries hard, but she doesn't get anywhere.	\rightarrow			
However4. It is thought that the boss is considering raising wages.	→ The			
boss				
fact				
III. Topic writing. (1,0 point) Computers can translate all kinds of language learn more languages in the future. What is your opinion about this idea? Within 200-2 and examples to write a passage to clarify your idea.	50 words, use evidence			



Keys - practice 40

PART A. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from the other three in the following question

1.	A. appropriate	B. opposite	C. economic	D. technology
2.	A. dykes	B. mins	C. pesticides	D. nowadays
3.	A. cook <u>ed</u>	B. practis <u>ed</u>	C. laugh <u>ed</u>	D. decid <u>ed</u>
4.	A. appl <u>i</u> cation	B. <u>i</u> dentify	C. chem <u>i</u> stry	D. <u>i</u>ndicate
5.	A. manag <u>ed</u>	B. play <u>ed</u>	C. penaliz <u>ed</u>	D. mark <u>ed</u>
6.	A. st <u>v</u> le	B. typical	C. prett <u>y</u>	D. penalt <u>y</u>
7.	A. ma <u>tu</u> re	B. cen <u>tu</u> ry	C. fu <u>tu</u> re	D. punct <u>ur</u> e
8.	A. l <u>ie</u>	B. p <u>ie</u>	C. t <u>ie</u>	D. bel <u>ie</u> ve
9.	A. master <u>y</u>	B. bagg <u>y</u>	C. den <u>y</u>	D. s y mbol
10	. A. organiz <u>a</u> tion	B. capit <u>a</u> l	C. dict <u>a</u> tion	D. co-oper <u>a</u> tion

PART II. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

I. Complete the following sentences by choosing the correct answer among four options (A, B, C or D). (1,5 points; 0,1 point a correct answer)

1. D	2. B	3. B	4. C	5. A	6. D	7. C	8. C
9. C	10. A	11. D	12. B	13. A	14. D	15. C	

II. Use the correct form of each word on the right to complete the numbered spaces provided in the passage. Write your answers on your answer sheet. (1,5 points; 0,15 point a correct answer)

1. ENABLED	2. LÌELESS	3. INACTIVE	4. ARTIST	5. ACHIEVEMENT
6.	7. INSIGNIFICANT	8. ELUSIVE	9. STRIKING	10.
CONCLUSION				UNFORTUNATELY

III. In the following passage, some numbered lines contain a word that shouldn't be there. Tick $(\ \)$ the sentences that are correct and write the words that shouldn't be there in the numbered space. (1,0 point; 0,1 point a correct answer)

1. that	2. such	3. √	4. will	5. to
6. to	7. √	8. so	9. a	10. √

PART III. READING

I. Complete the following passage by choosing A, B, C or D to fill in each blank. (1,0 point; 0,1 point a correct answer)

poini a c	point a correct answer)								
1. A	2. A	3. B	4. C	5. D	6. A	7. C	8. D	9. C	10. B

II. Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct option (marked A, B, C or D) to answer the questions. (0,5 point; 0,1 point a correct answer)

1. B 2. D 3. C 4. D 5. D

III. Read the passage and choose the best answer from the four options marked A, B, C or D in the following questions. Identify your answer by writing the corresponding letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet. (0,5 point; 0,1 point a correct answer)

٦.	F ,				
I	1. C	2. A	3. D	4. B	5. A

PART IV: WRITING

- I. Write the new sentences using the given word. Do not change the word given in any way. (0,5 point; 0,1 point a correct answer)
- 1. \rightarrow Some interesting new information has come to light.
- 2. \rightarrow Jack was banned from playing in the next two matches.
- $3. \rightarrow I'm$ dying to see her again.

- 4. \rightarrow She was so beautiful that I couldn't take my eyes off her.
- 5. \rightarrow We can't wait to watch the program.

II. Rewrite each of the following sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the original one. (10 pts)

- 1. \rightarrow Were you to change your mind, you would be welcomed to join our class.
- 2. \rightarrow I do not feel like going out this afternoon.
- $3. \rightarrow$ However hard Adeles tries, she doesn't get anywhere/gets nowhere.
- $4. \rightarrow$ The boss is thought to be considering raising wages.
- $5. \rightarrow$ Despite the fact that he was disabled, he sailed/managed to sail around the world.

III. Topic writing

TII. Topic witting				
Correct form of essay	- Contents: a provision of all main reasons and appropriate supporting			
writing	ideas and relevant examples (0,2 point)			
(0,6 point)	- Language: a variety of vocabulary and appropriate structures (0,2 point)			
	- Presentation: coherence, cohesion, and appropriate style (0,2 point)			
Incorrect form of essay	- Contents: a provision of all main reasons and appropriate supporting			
writing	ideas and relevant examples (0,2 point)			
(0,4 point)	- Language: a variety of vocabulary and appropriate structures (0,1 point)			
	- Presentation: coherence, cohesion, and appropriate style (0,2 point)			

