**UNIT 3: SHOPPING**

**A- VOCABULARY**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. thrift store (n)/ˈθrɪft ˌstɔːr/ | Shop bán đồ si |
|  2. customer service | Dịch vụ chăm sóc khách hàng |
| 3. brand (n) /brænd/ | Dòng sản phẩm |
| 4. quality (n)/ˈkwɒləti/ | Chất lượng |
| 5. normally (adv)/ˈnɔːməli/ | Bình thường, thường lệ |
| 6. material (n)/məˈtɪəriəl/ | Chất liệu |
| 7. sales assistant (n) | Trợ lí bán hàng |
| 8. convenience store (n) /kənˈviːniəns stɔː(r)/ | Cử hàng tiện lợi |
| 9. shopping mall (n)/ˈʃɒpɪŋ mɔːl/ | Trung tâm mua sắm |
| 10. disconnect (v)/ˌdɪskəˈnekt/ | Không kết nối |
| 11. overheat (v)/ˌəʊvəˈhiːt/ | Quá nóng |
| 12. receipt (n)/rɪˈsiːt/ | Hóa đơn |
| 13. return (v)/rɪˈtɜːn/ | Trở về/ trả lại |
| 14. warranty (n)/ˈwɔːrənti/ | Bảo hành |
| 15. crash (v)/kræʃ/ | Hư hỏng |
| 16. restart (v)/ˈriːstɑːt/ | Khởi động lại |
| 17. press (v) | ấn/ nhấn |
| 18. button (n)/ˈbʌtn/ | nút |
| 19. e-commerce (n)/ˈiː kɒmɜːs/ | Thương mại điện tử |
| 20. in-store (adj, adv)/ˌɪn ˈstɔː(r)/ | Trong shop rất lớn |
| 21. low-quality | Chất lượng thấp |
| 22. colleague (n)/ˈkɒliːɡ/ | Đồng nghiệp |
| 23. no longer | Không còn nữa |

**B- EXPRESSIONS & OTHER STRUCTURES**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 24. on sale  | Để bán |
| 25. pay attention to | Chú ý đến |
| 26. cool down | Bình tĩnh |
| 27. under warranty | Đang ở chế độ bảo hành |
| 28. for free | Miễn phí |
| 29. run out of | Hết sạch |

**I. LISTENING**

**Part 1: Complete the notes below. Write only ONE WORD for each answer**

|  |
| --- |
| Survey topic: Men’s and women’s shopping (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. |
| **Women:**- Don’t allocate much money to expensive shoes.- Be interested in shopping in costly or (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ boutiques.- Always make a (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when shopping.- Enjoy shopping in big department stores. | **Men:**- Try to put money aside by buying (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ offers. - Don’t buy cheap food at the (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.- Don’t like to buy things in big department stores. |

**Part 2: You will hear two shopping experts talking about some famous shops from around the world. Choose the correct letter, A, B, C or D for each of the following sentences.**

**FAMOUS SHOPS AROUND THE WORLD**

### Question 6: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the person who is going to talk about Macy’s Shop.

 **A**. Masters **B**. Marta James **C**. John **D**. Madison

**Question 7:** There are over \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Macy’s stores all over the United States

 **A**. 580 **B**. 850 **C**. 750 **D**. 185

**Question 8:** Rowland Macy opened his first shops in the town of Haverhill in Massachusetts between 1843 and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

 **A**. 1585 **B**. 1850 **C**. 1855 **D**. 1858

**Question 9:** Rowland Macy opened his first New York store on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of October 1858.

 **A**. 18th **B**. 8th **C**. 19th  **D**. 16th

**Question 10:** Macy’s is especially famous for its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ parade, which marks the beginning of the Christmas season.

 **A**. Christmas Day **B**. Easter Day **C**. Thanksgiving Day **D**. May Day

**II. PRONUNCIATION**

**Part 3: Phonetics**

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

**Question 11: A**. places **B**. stores **C**. styles **D**. clothes

**Question 12: A.** cloth **B**. shop **C**. phone **D**. solve

**Question 13: A.** have **B**. crash **C**. thank **D**. mall

**Question 14: A.** cheap **B**. leave **C**. threat **D**. teach

**Question 15: A.** thrift **B**. through **C**. thought **D**. though

**Part 4: Stress**

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions**

**Question 16: A.** unique **B**. friendly **C**. possible **D**. polite

**Question 17: A.** open **B**. receive **C**. describe **D**. provide

**Question 18: A.** package **B**. model **C**. repair **D**. service

**Question 19: A.** customer **B**. document **C**. warranty **D**. computer

**Question 20: A.** different **B**. expensive **C**. fortunate **D**. optional

**III. LEXICO-GRAMMAR**

**Part 5: Multiple choice: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

**Question 21:** I am interested in shopping at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ stores. Although clothes there are not new, they are cheap and unique.

 **A.** souvenir **B**. thrift **C**. local **D**. quality

**Question 22:** SVM is a multinational [corporation](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/company), which is [known](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/known) for [their](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/their) friendly and well-trained \_\_\_\_\_\_\_*.*

 **A.** [customer](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/customer) [service](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/service) **B**. **special offer** **C. whole sale** **D. product line**

**Question 23:** If your laptop has any problems, our store will fix it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ free.

 **A.** in **B**. at **C**. for **D**. on

**Question 24:** She always pays much\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the brands when she purchases any products.

 **A.** abundance **B**. avoidance **C**. attraction **D**. attention

**Question 25:** Can you wave over a sales \_\_\_\_\_\_\_? I have a question about this warmcoat*.*

 **A.** assistant **B**. assistance **C**. assist **D**. assisting

**Question 26:** I received the machine yesterday. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it was broken.

 **A.** Fortunate **B**. Fortunately **C**. Unfortunate **D**. Unfortunately

**Question 27:** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they took their laptops to the shop, they asked for their receipts.

 **A.** When **B**. If **C**. Since **D**. Because

**Question 28:** Her laptop’s battery often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ charge quickly when she surfs the Internet.

 **A.** comes out of **B**. runs out of **C**. goes out of **D**. gets out of

**Question 29:** A [national](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/national) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has been set up for [students](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/student) to call when they need help during their university application process.

 **A.** market **B**. hotline **C**. class **D**. course

**Question 30:** I had to pay for the phone repair because I had lost my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ card before.

 **A.** receipt **B**. credit **C**. receiver **D**. warranty

**Question 31:** When the phone\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I tried restarting it, but it didn’t work.

 **A.** ended **B**. switched **C**. operated **D**. crashed

**Question 32:** Fashion is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that is [popular](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/popular) at [particular](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/particular) [time](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/time), [especially](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/especially) in [clothes](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/clothes), [hair](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/hair), [make-up](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/make-up), and so on.

 **A.** way **B**. form **C**. [style](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/style)  **D**. method

**Question 33:** You should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the broken machine from the [electricity](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/electricity) [supply](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/supply) if you want to fix it.

 **A.** repair **B**. disconnect **C**. switch **D**. restart

**Question 34:** Thanh is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at English than Ngoc.
 **A.** good **B**. well **C**. better **D**. best

**Question 35:** My curent salary is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yours.
 **A.** high **B**. more high **C**. higher than **D**. more higher than

**Question 36:** Your bracelet is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that one.
 **A.** more valuable than **B**. more valuable **C**. valuable than **D**. valuabler than

**Question 37:** Dung is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ student in my class.

 **A.** better **B**. best **C**. the better **D**. the best

**Question 38:** Of the three exercises, this one is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** the easy **B**. the easier than **C**. the easiest **D**. easiest

**Question 39:** Shopping online is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ other kinds of shopping.

 **A.** convenient **B**. more convenient than **C**. convenient than **D**. the convenient

**Question 40:** Commercial centers are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they used to be.

 **A.** the most popular **B**. more popular than **C**. as popular than **D**. most popular as

**Part 6: Synonym**

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.**

**Question 41:** The operating system of my laptop **crashed** and I lost all my files.

 **A.** failed **B**. worked **C**. installed **D**. charged

**Question 42:** He threw away some valuable things since he thought they are **trash.**

 **A.** package **B**. screen **C**. rubbish **D**. dusbin

**Part 7: Antonym**

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 43:** Most of the luxury brands use **quality** materials for their products.

 **A.** sharp **B**. hard **C**. good **D**. bad

**Question 44:** Never buy things you don’t need just because they **are on sale**.

 **A.** reduce in price **B**. increase in price **C**. double in price **D**. halve in price

**Part 8: Error Identification**

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

**Question 45:** At weekends, Vincom Plaza becomes the more crowded place in the city.

 **A B C D**

**Question 46:** Two weeks ago I have purchased a brand new mobile phone from your shop.

 **A B C D**

**Question 47:** The store assistants are such friendly and well-trained thateveryone likes to shop here.

 **A B C D**

**IV. READING**

**Part 9: Cloze test**

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks**

The whole shopping area in Vincom Mega Mall Royal City Thanh Xuan is huge, (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you have countless choices. Upon entering the Vincom Mega Mall Royal City Thanh Xuan, you will have the opportunity to purchase furniture, electronics and home (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the first floor.

If you are a fashion-lover or (50)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, just go upstairs to have a look at those cosmetics, shoes and jewelry from the internationally-famous brands such as H&M, Adidas, Converse, Lacoste, Zara and so on. Vinmart, the small supermarket (51)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Vingroup, is also located right there, offering you everything you may need, easily acquired by card or cash.

All that shopping can grow an appetite, therefore, filling (52)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your stomach in the restaurant section afterwards would be a great idea. The food court is home to tons of eating options from [unique Vietnamese street food](https://vietnamdiscovery.com/top-vietnam/best-vietnamese-street-food/) to typical cuisine of China, Japan, Korea, and European countries.

**Question 48: A.** since **B.** or **C.** but **D.** so

**Question 49: A.** appliances  **B.** apply **C.** applicants **D.** applicable

**Question 50: A.** trendsetting **B.** trendsetter **C.** trendline **D.** trendspotting

**Question 51: A.** belonging  **B.** objecting **C.** contributing **D.** admitting

**Question 52: A.** of **B.** at **C.** up  **D.** in

**Part 10: Reading comprehension**

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questionsf**

 Shopping is a necessary part of life which very few people can avoid. Some people go shopping more regularly than other people to browse products in shops even when they do not have much money. This is known as window shopping and allows people to plan ahead and save for the things they want to buy in the future or wait for the items to drop in price. Some people spend a lot of time looking for bargains while others do not think of the price and are happy to spend a lot. Some people believe that the more expensive the item, the better the quality, but this is not always true. It is sensible to buy items which are **affordable**, but some people use a credit card or borrow money from the bank so that they can buy the items they really want rather than wait for it.

 Sometimes shopping can be stressful when choosing a gift to buy for other people for a special occasion. It is common to buy a gift voucher so that a friend or loved one can go shopping themselves at their own convenience. Shopping online is often popular with people who have a busy lifestyle. People are able to order their necessary and luxury items from the comfort of their own home, or even on the move. Delivery is usually free and items are often cheaper than in shops on the high street. The only real problem is that the item description and quality may be more different than what they hoped for. This could mean the customer may become disappointed with the item they receive and will need to return **it** at their own cost. People who go to shops to do their shopping often use self-service payment machines. This usually saves time as the shopper does not need to join a long queue. However, it can be frustrating when the machine has a problem and the sales assistant is not always available to help.

**Question 53:** Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?

 **A.** Shopping– Happiness and Annoyance **B.** Shopping – All-consuming Passion

 **C.** Shopping – A Waste of Money  **D.** Shopping – Facts and Measures

**Question 54:** What do some people usually think about items of better quality?

 **A**. They are cheaper. **B**. They are harder to find.
 **C**. They are more expensive. **D**. They are on sale.

**Question 55:** The word “**affordable**” in paragraph 1 is **closest** in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** costly **B.** inexpensive **C.** valuable **D.** worthless

**Question 56:** The word “**it”** in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** the item **B.** the customer **C.** the problem **D.** the move

**Question 57:** Which of the followings is not TRUE according to paragraph 2?

 **A**. Busy people often choose shopping online.

 **B**. The quality of online shopping may be worsen than customers thought.

 **C**. In-store shopping is often cheaper than online shopping.

 **D**. It’s time-saving for customers to shop online.

**V. WRITING**

**Part 11: Sentence Transformation**

**Rewrite the following sentences with the same meaning of the given ones.**

**Question 58:** Her bicycle isn’t as cheap as mine.

🡪 My bicycle .......................................................................... ....................................................................

**Question 59:** Her house is smaller than yours.

🡪Your house ...............................................................................................................................................

**Question 60:** Nobody in our class is more careful than Mary.

🡪 Mary is .....................................................................................................................................................

**Question 61:** Jack is the best football player in this team.

🡪 Nobody in this team ................................ ...............................................................................................

**Question 62:** My brother doesn’t speak English as well as my sister.

🡪 My sister...................................................................................................................................................

**Question 63:** I’ve never met any more intelligent girl than her before.

🡪 She is .................................................................................................................................................

She is the most intelligent girl I have ever met.

**Question 64:** No one is as kind-hearted as your mother.

🡪 Yourr mother is …...……………………………………………………………………………………

**Question 65:** Jack did not spend as much money as his brother.

🡪 Jack’ brother ……………………………………………………………………………………………

**Question 66:** This exercises is not as easy as that one.

🡪 That exercise ……………………………………………………………………………………………

**Question 67:** It’s unlikely that they will do the shopping tomorrow

🡪 They probably…………………………...………………………………………………………………

**Part 12: Writing an essay**

**Question 68:** *Nowadays online shopping has become more popular than in-store shopping. Is it a positive or negative development?*

Write an essay of 180 words to give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

**VI. SPEAKING**

**Part 13: Answer the questions**

**Question 69:** Do you enjoy shopping?

#### Question 70: How often do you go shopping?

#### Question 71: Where do you usually shop?

**Question 72:** Do you like online shopping?

**Question 73:** Is shopping a popular activity in your country?

**Question 74:** What types of shops do teenagers like best in your country?

**Part 14: Make a presentation about a topic**

**Question 75:** Describe the most favorite item that you have bought.