## UBND TỈNH HẢI DƯƠNG SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THÚC (Đề thi có 05 trang)

## KHẢO SÁT CHẤT LƯỢNG HỌC SINH LỚP 12, LẦN 1 NĂM HỌC 2023-2024

Bài thi môn: TIẾNG ANH

(Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề)

	Mã đê: 411	
Họ và tên thí sinh:		
Số báo danh:		•••••
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer	sheet to indicate the
correct answer to each of the questions from 1 to 5.	•	
Australians place a high value on independence and personal cl	hoice. This means th	at a teacher or course
tutor will not tell students what to do, but will give them a num	nber of options and s	suggest they work out
which one is the best in their circumstances. It also means	• •	ted to take action if
something goes wrong and seek out resources and support for the		
Australians are also prepared to accept a range of opinion		·
This means that in an educational setting, students will be e	•	eir own opinions and
defend the reasons for that point of view and the evidence for it.		
Australians are uncomfortable with differences in statu		
everyone equally. An illustration of this is that most adult Austr		-
This concern with equality means that Australians are uncomf	ortable taking anyth	ing too seriously and
are even ready to joke about themselves.	1 11' '	
Australians believe that life should have a balance between		-
some students may be <b>critical</b> of others who they perceive as do of privacy mean that areas such as financial matters, appearance	-	•
close friends. While people may volunteer such information,	•	•
them unless the friendship is firmly established. Even then, it is	• •	•
what they earn.	, considered very mi	pointe to ask someone
Question 1: Which best serves as the title for the passage?		
A. Things to do in Australia		
<b>B.</b> Australian culture		
C. Balancing Work and Leisure in Australia		
<b>D.</b> Australian education		
Question 2: The word <u>they</u> in paragraph 1 refers to		
A. students B. options C. teachers	<b>D.</b> Austra	ılians
Question 3: In paragraph 3, most adult Australians call each of	her by their first nan	ies because
<b>A.</b> they are uncomfortable with opinions		
<b>B.</b> they are ready to joke about themselves		
C. they prefer informality and equality		
<b>D.</b> they idealize differences in status		
Question 4: The word <u>critical</u> in paragraph 4 is closest in mean	-	1
A. complimentary B. appreciative C. faultfind	· ·	ed
<b>Question 5:</b> Which of the following is NOT true, according to <b>A.</b> Australians are prepared to accept a range of opinions		
B. Students in Australia will be expected to form their or		
C. Asking someone what they earn is considered fairly p	-	
<b>D.</b> A teacher or course tutor will not tell students what to		
E, 11 teacher of course tator will not ten students what it	, <del>u.</del> .	

	•		d that differs from the other three
in the position of stress in		-	
Question 6: A. interview	<b>B.</b> confidence	C. relation	<b>D.</b> instrument
Question 7: A. attract	<b>B.</b> follow	C. install	<b>D.</b> discuss
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the wor	d OPPOSITE in meaning to the
underlined word(s) in each			
Question 8: With the final	examination coming	very soon his anxiety	was rising to almost unbearable
limits.			
A. confidence	<b>B.</b> pressure	C. boredom	<b>D.</b> apprehension
Question 9: He was too we	et behind the ears to	be in charge of such a	difficult task.
<b>A.</b> without money		<b>B.</b> full of sincerity	
C. lack of responsibility		<b>D.</b> full of experience	ce
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer sh	heet to indicate the und	lerlined part that needs correction
in each of the following qu	•		•
Question 10: The results of	f an <u>exhausting</u> study	into masculinity were	published this week and they
make for illuminating readi	ing.		
A. illuminating	<b>B.</b> exhausting	C. masculinity	<b>D.</b> published
Question 11: After identify	ying the causes of glo	bal warming, scientists	worked out some solutions to
reduce their effects.			
<b>A.</b> of	<b>B.</b> some	C. identifying	<b>D.</b> their
Question 12: I have gone t	o <u>see</u> Peter yesterday	evening, but he was no	ot at <u>home</u> .
A. have gone	<b>B.</b> but	C. home	D. see
Mark the letter A. B. C.	or <b>D</b> on vour answ	er sheet to indicate tl	he correct answer to each of the
following questions.			
<b>Question 13:</b> Ms. Thuy will	ll charge of the	he advertising for the pl	lay.
A. take	<b>B.</b> do	C. get	D. make
Question 14: The second-h	and car that my fathe	er bought was almost no	ew although it was made
2015.			
<b>A.</b> at	B. in	C. on	<b>D.</b> by
Question 15: With so many	y areas of woodland l	being cut down, a lot of	wildlife is losing its natural
·			
A. habitat	<b>B.</b> protection	C. settlement	<b>D.</b> beauty
Question 16: When I got to	the wedding party,	many people there	happily together.
A. are dancing	<b>B.</b> danced	C. have danced	<b>D.</b> were dancing
Question 17: Our teacher a	ılways tells us to prac	etise English ev	ery day.
<b>A.</b> listening	<b>B.</b> to listening	C. listen	<b>D.</b> to listen
Question 18: To become a	successful leader, yo	ou should have a clear-s	ighted of the company's
future.			
	<b>B.</b> glance		<b>D.</b> eye
Question 19: The electricit			
	<b>B.</b> going off		<b>D.</b> going on
		g language skills, new v	ways of thinking and creative
solutions to difficult proble			
<b>A.</b> diversify		C. diversely	<b>D.</b> diversity
Question 21: Nam didn't g			<b>.</b>
A. did he	<b>B.</b> has he	C. was he	<b>D.</b> does he

Question 22: This is the fu	ıll story of every single	e song by Mich	ael Jackson during his
remarkable solo career.			
A. to perform	B. performed	C. performing	<b>D.</b> which performed
Question 23: What did yo	u have for brea	kfast this morning?	
<b>A.</b> a	B. an	C. Ø (No article)	<b>D.</b> the
Question 24: Trees and flo	owers in the garden	by my grandfathe	r every morning.
	B. have watered		
Question 25: Before your	r children start spendi	ing most of their free	time in front of the television
or computer, En			
A. curb it in the sl		<b>B.</b> nip it in the bud	1
	sprout		
Question 26: The teacher			
	<b>B.</b> as hard		
Question 27: Our friends			
	B. prepared		
	•		d(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the
underlined word in each o			
			of poverty in the inner cities.
A. cause			
			he is a very <u>approachable</u> man.
A. friendly	<b>B.</b> rude	C. confident	<b>D.</b> polite
the following exchanges.  Question 30: Mrs. Van ar - Mrs. Van: "Some soft sk	nd Mr. Phuong are talki	ing about teaching soft	tence that best completes each of skills at school.
- Mr. Phuong: "			
A. You're welcome		-	
	ong	<b>D.</b> I agree with you	
Question 31: Two friends	•	•	
- Jane: "You look so impre		C	•
- Anne: " . I		•	
A. Anything will d		<b>B.</b> That's a good ide	ea
C. You've got be k		<b>D.</b> You can say that	
Read the following passa	ge and mark the lette	er A, B, C, or D on ye	our answer sheet to indicate the
correct word or phrase the	•	•	
_	• •		artphone is undoubtedly a great
			ks depending on your needs. For
			door, and even some of these (33)
	a to take pictures of vis		'1 .' C
_			ibution of energy more efficiently
			le's voice assistant, allow you to
control your Smart Home	~		
			ke any device that connects to the
-	•		very determining factor when it
•	•	· · · -	is hosted on your network.
They may even be able to	access your bank detail	s and extract your savi	ngs.

Question 32: A. interrupt	<b>B.</b> choose	C. divide	D. fulfill
Question 33: A. materials	<b>B.</b> positions	C. discoveries	<b>D.</b> devices
Question 34: A. Another	<b>B.</b> Other	C. Others	D. Much
Question 35: A. However	<b>B.</b> Therefore	C. Otherwise	<b>D.</b> For example
Question 36: A. where	<b>B.</b> whose	C. that	<b>D.</b> who

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 37: A. thing	<b>B.</b> <u>th</u> ank	C. thick	<b>D.</b> <u>th</u> ough
Question 38: A. bite	<b>B.</b> drive	C. miss	D. find

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 45.

Scientists have identified two ways in which species disappear. The first is through ordinary or "background" extinctions, where species that fail to adapt are slowly replaced by more adaptable life forms. The second is when large numbers of species go to the wall in relatively short periods of biological time. There have been five such extinctions, each provoked by cataclysmic evolutionary events caused by some geological eruption, climate shift, or space junk slamming into the Earth. Scientists now believe that another mass extinction of species is currently under way – and this time human fingerprints are on the trigger.

How are we doing it? Simply by demanding more and more space for ourselves. In our <u>assault</u> on the ecosystems around us we have used a number of tools, from spear and gun to bulldozer and chainsaw. Certain especially rich ecosystems have proved the most vulnerable. In Hawaii more than half of the native birds are now gone – some 50 species. Such carnage has taken place all across the island communities of the Pacific and Indian oceans. While many species were hunted to extinction, <u>others</u> simply succumbed to die to the "introduced predators' that humans brought with them: the cat, the dog, the pig, and the rat.

Today the tempo of extinction is picking up speed. Hunting is no longer the major culprit, although rare birds and animals continue to be butchered for their skin, feathers, tusks, and internal organs, or taken as savage pets. Today the main threat comes from the destruction of the habitat of wild plants, animals, and insects need to survive. The draining and damming of wetland and river courses threaten the aquatic food chain and our own seafood industry. Overfishing and the destruction of fragile coral reefs destroy ocean biodiversity. Deforestation is taking a staggering toll, particularly in the tropics where the most global biodiversity is at risk. The **shrinking** rainforest cover of the Congo and Amazon river basins and such places as Borneo and Madagascar have a wealth of species per hectare existing nowhere else. As those precious hectares are drowned or turned into arid pasture and cropland, such species disappear forever.

**Question 39:** What does the passage mainly discuss? **A.** Human activity and its impact on a mass extinction of species **B.** The two ways in which species disappear C. Deforestation as a major cause of mass extinctions of species **D.** The tempo of extinction of species today **Question 40:** The word **assault** in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to . **B.** effort C. development D. attack A. influence Question 41: All of the following are mentioned as a form of habitat destruction EXCEPT **A.** cutting down forests **B.** damming wetlands and rivers C. destroying coral reefs **D.** hunting rare birds and animals **Question 42:** The word <u>others</u> in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_. **B.** native birds **A.** Indian oceans C. communities **D.** species

Question	<b>43:</b> Which is no longer considered a major cause of the mass extinction under way currently?
A.	the destruction of habitats of species
В.	the building of dams across rivers
<b>C.</b>	the shrinking of rainforests in the tropics
D.	the killing of animals for their body parts
Question	<b>44:</b> The word <b>shrinking</b> in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to
A.	becoming richer B. being exploited
<b>C.</b>	becoming smaller <b>D.</b> relating to biodiversity
Question	45: It can be inferred from the passage that
A.	habitat destruction makes a minor contribution to the current mass extinction of species
В.	the current mass extinction is different from the other five in that it is caused by humans
<b>C.</b>	it's impossible for scientists to identify the causes of mass extinctions of species
D.	hunting is the major contributing factor that speeds up the extinction of species
Mark the	letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each
pair of sei	ntences in the following questions.
Question	<b>46:</b> She received the IELTS exam result. She immediately phoned her family.
<b>A.</b>	Scarcely had she received the IELTS exam result when she phoned her family.
В.	She immediately phoned her family that she would receive the IELTS exam result.
C.	No sooner had she phoned her family than she received the IELTS exam result.
D.	She received the IELTS exam result as soon as she phoned her family.
Question	47: The weather is not good. I have to cancel my trip to Nha Trang.
<b>A.</b>	I wish the weather were good and I could have a trip to Nha Trang.
В.	If only the weather were good and I could cancel my trip to Nha Trang.
С.	I have to cancel my trip to Nha Trang as long as the weather is good.
D.	If it weren't for the good weather, I could continue my trip to Nha Trang.
Mark the	letter $A$ , $B$ , $C$ , or $D$ on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to
•	e following questions.
	48: We last visited our uncle two years ago.
A.	We have two years to visit our uncle.
В.	We have visited our uncle for two years.
С.	We haven't visited our uncle for two years.
D.	We didn't visit our uncle two years ago.
_	<b>49:</b> It's possible that the weather will be better next week.
<b>A.</b>	The weather may be better next week.
	The weather must be better next week.
С.	The weather should be better next week.
D.	The weather needs to be better next week.
Question	50: "The Bidens are discussing their holiday plans now," he said.
A.	He said that the Bidens were discussing their holiday plans then.
В.	He said that the Bidens are discussing their holiday plans then.
C.	He said that the Bidens were discussing their holiday plans now.
D.	He said that the Bidens are discussing their holiday plans now.
	==== THE END =====