**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

**Question 1:** **A.** together **B.** petrol **C.** another **D.** tomorrow

| **A.** together /təˈɡɛðər/,  **B.** petrol /ˈpɛtrəl/,  **C.** another /əˈnʌðər/,  **D.** tomorrow /təˈmɒroʊ/  Đáp án: C |
| --- |

**Question 2:** **A.** reasonable **B.** excursion **C.** resort **D.** season

| **A.** reasonable /ˈriːzənəbl/ **B.** excursion /ɪkˈskɜːrʒən/ **C.** resort /rɪˈzɔːrt/ **D.** season /ˈsiːzn/  Khác biệt: **B.** excursion |
| --- |

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in following questions.**

**Question 3:** **A.** fabulous **B.** skyscraper **C.** financial **D.** populous

| **Question 3:** **A.** fabulous, **B.** skyscraper, **C.** financial, **D.** populous  **A.** fabulous /ˈfæbjʊləs/  **B.** skyscraper /ˈskaɪˌskreɪpər/  **C.** financial /faɪˈnænʃəl/  **D.** populous /ˈpɒpjʊləs/  Khác biệt: **C.** financial (Trọng âm ở âm tiết thứ hai) |
| --- |

**Question 4.** **A.** volunteer **B.** unlucky **C.** historic **D.** pollution

| **Question 4:** **A.** volunteer, **B.** unlucky, **C.** historic, **D.** pollution  **A.** volunteer /ˌvɒlənˈtɪər/  **B.** unlucky /ʌnˈlʌki/  **C.** historic /hɪˈstɒrɪk/  **D.** pollution /pəˈluːʃən/  Khác biệt: **B.** unlucky (Trọng âm ở âm tiết thứ hai; các từ còn lại có trọng âm ở âm tiết thứ ba) |
| --- |

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

**Question 5.** The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of hiking in the mountains was unforgettable, especially the beautiful views.  
**A.** adventure **B.** pencil **C.** television **D.** sandwich

| **Question 5. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of hiking in the mountains was unforgettable, especially the beautiful views.**  **A. adventure** (cuộc phiêu lưu)  **B. pencil** (bút chì)  **C. television** (tivi)  **D. sandwich** (bánh mì kẹp)  **Đáp án:** **A. adventure**  **Giải thích:** "Adventure" (cuộc phiêu lưu) của việc leo núi là không thể quên, đặc biệt là những khung cảnh đẹp. |
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**Question 6.** By the end of this month, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all my projects for work.

**A.** will complete **B.** have completed **C.** will have completed **D.** completed

| **Question 6. By the end of this month, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all my projects for work.**  **A. will complete**  **B. have completed**  **C. will have completed**  **D. completed**  **Đáp án:** **C. will have completed**  **Giải thích:** Thì tương lai hoàn thành ("will have completed") diễn tả một hành động sẽ hoàn thành trước một thời điểm trong tương lai. Dấu hiệu: "By the end of this month" (trước cuối tháng này) chỉ thời điểm cụ thể trong tương lai. |
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**Question 7.** A bike is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than a car, both in cost and maintenance.

**A.** cheaper **B.** the cheapest **C.** more cheap **D.** as cheap

| **A bike is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than a car, both in cost and maintenance. (Xe đạp \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hơn ô tô, cả về chi phí và bảo trì.) A. cheaper - rẻ hơn B. the cheapest - rẻ nhất C. more cheap - rẻ hơn D. as cheap - rẻ như**  **Đáp án đúng: A. cheaper *Giải thích:* Câu này so sánh chi phí của hai phương tiện. "Cheaper" là dạng so sánh hơn của "cheap," cho thấy xe đạp rẻ hơn ô tô.** |
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**Question 8.** If you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the bus now, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the mall before it gets too crowde**d.**

**A.** catch/will arrive **B.** catches/arriving **C.** catching/will arrives **D.** will catch/arrive

| **A. catch/will arrive** (Nếu bạn **bắt** xe buýt bây giờ, bạn **sẽ đến** trung tâm thương mại trước khi nó quá đông.)  Bắt xe buýt là điều kiện để đến nơi trước khi đông người. |
| --- |

**Question 9.** John is talking with Peter, his classmate.  
John: “Would you like to go Olli for dinner with my family?” – Peter: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** I agree with you **B.** That’s right **C.** Yes. I'd love to **D.** Never mind

| **John và Peter:** “Bạn có muốn đi ăn tối với gia đình tôi không?”  **A. Tôi đồng ý với bạn.**  **B. Đúng vậy.**  **C. Vâng. Tôi rất muốn.**  **D. Đừng bận tâm.**  **Peter:** **C. Vâng. Tôi rất muốn.** **Giải thích:** Câu trả lời thể hiện sự đồng ý và hào hứng. |
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**Question 10.** The couple \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_divorce was in the newspaper has got married again.

**A.** people **B.** which **C.** whose **D.** who

| **The couple \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ divorce was in the newspaper has got married again.** **C. whose**  **Cấu trúc**: Mệnh đề quan hệ chỉ sở hữu với "whose".  **Giải thích**: "Whose" chỉ sự sở hữu (việc ly hôn thuộc về cặp đôi này). |
| --- |

**Question 11.** We should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ full use of the Internet as it is an endless source of information.

**A.** make **B.** give **C.** try **D.** have

| **We should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ full use of the Internet as it is an endless source of information.**  **Dịch:** Chúng ta nên \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tận dụng tối đa Internet vì nó là một nguồn thông tin vô tận.  **A.** make (tạo ra)  **B.** give (cho)  **C.** try (cố gắng)  **D.** have (có)  **Đáp án:** **A.** make  **Giải thích:** "Make full use of" có nghĩa là tận dụng tối đ**a.** |
| --- |

**Question 12.** For the vegetable garden, we planted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ types of seeds to ensure a variety of produce.  
**A.** different **B.** much **C.** few **D.** a little

| **For the vegetable garden, we planted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ types of seeds to ensure a variety of produce.**  **Đáp án:** **A.** different  **Cấu trúc:** "planted different + danh từ số nhiều"  **Giải thích:** "Different" nói về nhiều loại hạt giống khác nhau.  **Dịch:** Đối với vườn rau, chúng tôi đã trồng nhiều loại hạt giống khác nhau để đảm bảo có nhiều sản phẩm. |
| --- |

**Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.**

| **NEW OPENING HOURS**  We are happy to tell you about our new longer opening hours. C-Mart Supercenter is now open 24 hours to help you better. As you may know, we sell many household items like (13) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tools, electronics, and car products. Our newest service is an Out West Bank inside the store. (14) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bank is open every day except Sundays from 9:00 AM (15) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5:00 PM. Also, our (16) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ -service pharmacy is open 24 hours a day, so you can get the medicine you need anytime. We have two easy-to-reach locations: on Edith Road (downtown) and on Academy Boulevar**d.** We hope to see you soon! |
| --- |

**Question 13. A.** cooking **B.** gardening **C.** cleaning **D.** baking

**Question 14. A.** A **B.** An **C.** The **D.** no article

**Question 15. A.** on **B.** to **C.** about **D.** of

**Question 16. A.** self **B.** basic **C.** half **D.** fill

|  **Câu 13:**   * **B. gardening (làm vườn)**: Trong ngữ cảnh này, "công cụ làm vườn" là loại hàng hóa phù hợp với những mặt hàng gia dụng khá**c.** Các lựa chọn khác (**A.** cooking, **C.** cleaning, **D.** baking) không liên quan đến các công cụ gia dụng chung.    **Câu 14:**   * **C. The (cái)**: Cần sử dụng mạo từ xác định "the" vì chúng ta đang nói về một ngân hàng cụ thể trong cửa hàng, đã được đề cập trước đó.    **Câu 15:**   * **B. to (đến)**: Câu này cần một giới từ chỉ khoảng thời gian, và "to" là lựa chọn phù hợp để nối hai thời điểm.    **Câu 16:**   * **A. self (tự)**: "self-service" chỉ việc khách hàng tự phục vụ, rất phù hợp với ngữ cảnh. Các lựa chọn khác (**B.** basic, **C.** half, **D.** fill) không phù hợp với mô tả nhà thuốc trong bài. |
| --- |

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.**

**Question 17:** Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.

Eating healthy is important for staying fit. It helps us feel better and have more energy. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
**a.** To start, choosing fruits and vegetables is a good idea for a healthy diet.  
**b.** Some people find it hard to stick to a healthy diet because of busy schedules.  
**c.** At first, people may not notice big changes, but over time they will feel healthier.

**A.** a-c-b **B.** b-c-a **C.** c-b-a **D.** a-b-c

**Question 18:** Choose the sentence that you can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately.

**A.** As a result, many people are now eating healthier foods.  
**B.** People should avoid all kinds of snacks and sweets.  
**C.** Finally, eating healthy is not easy for everyone.  
**D.** Many people are returning to fast food**.**

| **Question 17:**  Câu hỏi yêu cầu xác định thứ tự hợp lý cho các câu (a-c) để tạo thành một đoạn văn có nội dung liên quan đến việc ăn uống lành mạnh. Ta sẽ phân tích ý nghĩa của từng câu để xác định thứ tự chính xác.   1. **Câu mở đầu:** "Eating healthy is important for staying fit. It helps us feel better and have more energy." Câu này đã giới thiệu chủ đề về việc ăn uống lành mạnh. 2. **Câu (a):** "To start, choosing fruits and vegetables is a good idea for a healthy diet." Câu này là sự tiếp nối hợp lý, giới thiệu cách bắt đầu một chế độ ăn uống lành mạnh bằng cách lựa chọn trái cây và rau củ. 3. **Câu (b):** "Some people find it hard to stick to a healthy diet because of busy schedules." Câu này cung cấp một thông tin bổ sung về lý do tại sao một số người khó duy trì chế độ ăn uống lành mạnh. 4. **Câu (c):** "At first, people may not notice big changes, but over time they will feel healthier." Câu này kết luận rằng dù không thấy thay đổi ngay lập tức, nhưng theo thời gian, sức khỏe sẽ được cải thiện.   **Thứ tự hợp lý là:** **A. a-c-b**  **Question 18:**  Câu hỏi này yêu cầu chọn câu kết thúc cho đoạn văn đã được sắp xếp. Câu kết thúc phải tóm tắt hoặc nhấn mạnh ý chính của đoạn văn.   * **A. As a result, many people are now eating healthier foods.** (Kết quả là, nhiều người hiện đang ăn thực phẩm lành mạnh hơn.) - Câu này phù hợp vì nó tóm tắt được lợi ích của việc ăn uống lành mạnh. * **B. People should avoid all kinds of snacks and sweets.** (Mọi người nên tránh tất cả các loại đồ ăn vặt và đồ ngọt.) - Câu này không phải là một kết thúc tốt, vì nó chỉ nhấn mạnh việc tránh đồ ăn, mà không tóm tắt lợi ích của chế độ ăn lành mạnh. * **C. Finally, eating healthy is not easy for everyone.** (Cuối cùng, việc ăn uống lành mạnh không dễ dàng với mọi người.) - Câu này phù hợp nhưng không tổng kết lợi ích cụ thể. * **D. Many people are returning to fast food.** (Nhiều người đang quay lại với đồ ăn nhanh.) - Câu này không phù hợp, vì nó nói về việc quay lại đồ ăn không lành mạnh, không liên quan đến việc ăn uống lành mạnh.   **Vì vậy, câu trả lời đúng là:** **A.** |
| --- |

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.**

         (19) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the world think of kimchi when they think about Korean cuisine. Kim chi is (20) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that is often served with meals in Korea**.** People usually think of cabbage kimchi, (21) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kimchi can be made with different vegetables. Here is one (22) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to make kimchi. Put a vegetable in a container of salt water. Cover the container, and leave it alone for 12 to 24 hours. Then rinse the vegetable with cold water. Afterward, mix the vegetable with garlic, ginger, pepper powder, sugar and scallions. (23) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the mixture very tightly in a glass jar. Cover the jar. Put the jar in the cool, dark place for at least a day. Uncover the jar for a few seconds, and then recover it again. Put the jar it refrigerator. Wait at least two days before eating the kimchi. Now you can try to make (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of South Korea!

**Question 19:****A.** A little people **B.** Many of people **C.** A lot of people **D.** Anypeople

**Question 20:****A.** not a side dish **B.** no a side dish **C.** not a dish side **D.** a side dish

**Question 21:****A.** or **B.** but **C.** so **D.** and

**Question 22:****A.** way **B.** step **C.** ways **D.** steps

**Question 23:****A.** To put **B.** Putting **C.** Put **D.** Puts

**Question 24:****A.** dish national **B.** this dish national **C.** this dish nationally **D.** this national dish

| **Question 19:** **Câu hỏi:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the world think of kimchi when they think about Korean cuisine."   * **A. A little people** - Sai, vì "a little" thường dùng cho danh từ không đếm được. * **B. Many of people** - Sai, cần viết "many people" không cần "of." * **C. A lot of people** - Đúng, đây là cách diễn đạt chính xác để nói về một số lượng lớn người. * **D. Any people** - Sai, không phù hợp trong ngữ cảnh này.   **Đáp án đúng:** **C. A lot of people**  **Question 20:** **Câu hỏi:** "Kim chi is (20) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that is often served with meals in Korea."   * **A. not a side dish** - Sai, nghĩa không chính xác. * **B. no a side dish** - Sai, cấu trúc này không đúng ngữ pháp. * **C. not a dish side** - Sai, cấu trúc từ không tự nhiên. * **D. a side dish** - Đúng, câu này khẳng định kim chi là món ăn kèm.   **Đáp án đúng:** **D. a side dish**  **Question 21:** **Câu hỏi:** "People usually think of cabbage kimchi, (21) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kimchi can be made with different vegetables."   * **A. or** - Không hợp lý, vì câu này không đưa ra sự lựa chọn. * **B. but** - Đúng, "but" là liên từ thích hợp để chỉ sự đối lập giữa hai ý. * **C. so** - Sai, không phù hợp với ngữ nghĩa. * **D. and** - Sai, vì không đúng nghĩa ở đây.   **Đáp án đúng:** **B. but**  **Question 22:** **Câu hỏi:** "Here is one (22) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to make kimchi."   * **A. way** - Đúng, "way" là danh từ số ít phù hợp với ngữ cảnh. * **B. step** - Không sai, nhưng không chính xác nếu chỉ có một cách. * **C. ways** - Sai, vì câu này đề cập đến một cách duy nhất. * **D. steps** - Sai, không phù hợp với ngữ nghĩa.   **Đáp án đúng:** **A. way**  **Question 23:** **Câu hỏi:** "(23) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Put the mixture very tightly in a glass jar."   * **A. To put** - Sai, cấu trúc không tự nhiên trong ngữ cảnh này. * **B. Putting** - Sai, không phải dạng cần thiết ở đây. * **C. Put** - Đúng, là động từ mệnh lệnh, phù hợp với ngữ cảnh. * **D. Puts** - Sai, không phù hợp với cấu trúc câu.   **Đáp án đúng:** **C. Put**  **Question 24:** **Câu hỏi:** "Now you can try to make (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of South Korea!"   * **A. dish national** - Sai, cấu trúc không đúng ngữ pháp. * **B. this dish national** - Sai, không đúng ngữ nghĩa. * **C. this dish nationally** - Sai, không phù hợp với ngữ cảnh. * **D. this national dish** - Đúng, "this national dish" là cụm từ chuẩn xác để chỉ một món ăn đặc sản.   **Đáp án đúng:** **D. this national dish** |
| --- |

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.**

**Question 25:**We couldn't visit the museum because it was close**d.**  
**A.** If the museum had been open, we would have visited it.  
**B.** If the museum was closed, we would have visited it.  
**C.** If the museum had been closed, we wouldn't have visited it.  
**D.** We wouldn't have visited the museum unless it was open.

**Question 26:**Peter took a taxi but she was late for the international workshop.

**A.** Despite of taking a taxi, Peter was late for the international workshop.

**B.** Even though she took a taxi but Peter was late for the international workshop.

**C.** Peter was late for the international workshop though she took a taxi.

**D.** Peter was late for the international workshop although taking a taxi.

| **Question 25:** "We couldn't visit the museum because it was closed."   * **A. If the museum had been open, we would have visited it.** - Đúng, câu này diễn đạt rằng nếu bảo tàng mở cửa, chúng tôi đã đến thăm. * **B. If the museum was closed, we would have visited it.** - Sai, ngữ nghĩa bị sai lệch vì câu này ngụ ý rằng nếu bảo tàng đóng cửa, chúng tôi sẽ đến thăm. * **C. If the museum had been closed, we wouldn't have visited it.** - Sai, nghĩa là nếu bảo tàng đã đóng, chúng tôi sẽ không đến thăm. * **D. We wouldn't have visited the museum unless it was open.** - Sai, vì câu này có nghĩa là chúng tôi sẽ không đến thăm trừ khi bảo tàng mở cửa, tương tự như A nhưng không rõ ràng bằng.   **Đáp án đúng:** **A. If the museum had been open, we would have visited it.**  **Question 26:** "Peter took a taxi but she was late for the international workshop."   * **A. Despite of taking a taxi, Peter was late for the international workshop.** - Sai, đúng phải là "Despite taking a taxi." * **B. Even though she took a taxi but Peter was late for the international workshop.** - Sai, không nên dùng "but" sau "even though." * **C. Peter was late for the international workshop though she took a taxi.** - Đúng, diễn đạt rõ ràng và chính xác. * **D. Peter was late for the international workshop although taking a taxi.** - Sai, không có động từ chính cho "taking."   **Đáp án đúng:** **C. Peter was late for the international workshop though she took a taxi.** |
| --- |

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.**

**Question 27:**We / hardly / understand / him / because / his accent.

**A.** We hardly understand him because he has his accent.

**B.** We may hardly understand him because his accent.

**C.** We can hardly understand him because of his accent.

**D.** We hardly ever can understand him because of his accent.

**Question 28:**Many Australians / come / Viet Nam / teach English / volunteers

**A.** Many Australians come to Viet Nam for teach English with volunteers.

**B.** Many Australians are coming to Viet Nam to teach English as volunteers.

**C.** Many Australians came to Viet Nam with teaching English to volunteers.

**D.** Many Australians have come to Viet Nam teach English to volunteers.

| **Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.**  **Question 27:** "We / hardly / understand / him / because / his accent."   * **A. We hardly understand him because he has his accent.** - Sai, "he has" không cần thiết. * **B. We may hardly understand him because his accent.** - Sai, câu này không hoàn chỉnh. * **C. We can hardly understand him because of his accent.** - Đúng, câu này diễn đạt chính xác ý nghĩa. * **D. We hardly ever can understand him because of his accent.** - Sai, "ever" không cần thiết.   **Đáp án đúng:** **C. We can hardly understand him because of his accent.**  **Question 28:** "Many Australians / come / Viet Nam / teach English / volunteers."   * **A. Many Australians come to Viet Nam for teach English with volunteers.** - Sai, "for teach" không đúng. * **B. Many Australians are coming to Viet Nam to teach English as volunteers.** - Đúng, câu này hoàn chỉnh và diễn đạt chính xác. * **C. Many Australians came to Viet Nam with teaching English to volunteers.** - Sai, cấu trúc không hợp lý. * **D. Many Australians have come to Viet Nam teach English to volunteers.** - Sai, thiếu "to."   **Đáp án đúng:** **B. Many Australians are coming to Viet Nam to teach English as volunteers.** |
| --- |

**Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

**Question 29:** What does this notice say?



**A.** Students can work for up to £24 per weeken**d.**

**B.** The job offers up to £24 per hour for students.

**C.** Students can earn up to £24 per day working on weekends.

**D.** Only full-time workers can apply for this jo**b.**

| **TÌM SINH VIÊN - làm việc cuối tuần, lương lên đến £24 mỗi ngày. Quán Forest, số điện thoại: 357550.**  **Câu hỏi 9:**  **A.** Sinh viên có thể làm việc với mức lương lên đến £24 mỗi cuối tuần.  **B.** Công việc này trả £24 mỗi giờ cho sinh viên.  **C.** Sinh viên có thể kiếm được tối đa £24 mỗi ngày khi làm việc cuối tuần.  **D.** Chỉ những nhân viên làm toàn thời gian mới có thể ứng tuyển cho công việc này.  **Giải thích:** Thông báo nêu rõ rằng sinh viên có thể kiếm được "tối đa £24 mỗi ngày", nên đáp án C đúng. |
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**Question 30:**What does the sign tell you to do?

**A.** Pay attention when being on fire here.

**B.** Extinguish fire inside.

**C.** Don't play with fire here.

**D.** Exit in the event of a fire.

| Dấu hiệu cho bạn biết phải làm gì?  **A.** Chú ý khi bị cháy ở đây.  **B.** Dập lửa bên trong.  **C.** Đừng đùa với lửa ở đây.  **D.** Thoát hiểm khi có hỏa hoạn  → Nhìn vào bức tranh ta thấy D là đáp án chính xá**c.** |
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**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.**

        Lifelong learning is now becoming a must for everyone in the modern worl**d.** Many people, however, find it **overwhelming** as being lifelong learners they will have to keep studying for their entire life. The following are several strategies to promote lifelong learning.

        First, start with a clear purpose. Study something that you will likely have many uses for in the future. Design learning goals that should serve you in your career path, as well as in your personal interests. You will need to think of the learning experience as continuous investment rather than a one-off endeavor.

        Second, choose to study something that is really enjoyable for you. You will need to have fun all through the pursuit of knowledge and skills, which will be an endless journey. The ‘fun’ part will always keep you **motivated**, even during the hard times.

        Third, lifelong learning is not just about keeping on studying; you will need to think through have learned, and find out how to apply it to your work and personal life. Don't read too much and use your brain too little. Think more often; meditate on the ideas that you feel might make your work and/or life better.

        Those are the key strategies to make sure your lifelong learning is studying smart rather than studying har**d.** Remember, the lifelong learning movement is unstoppable.

**Question 31:**What is the passage mainly about?

**A.** How to keep on studying all the time **B.** Education - the preparation for life

**C.** Strategies to promote lifelong learning **D.** How to choose something to study

**Question 32.** The word "**overwhelming**" in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
**A.** manageable **B.** difficult **C.** challenging **D.** confusing

**Question 33.** According to paragraph 2, to become a smart lifelong learner, you should

**A.** a define a specific objective **B.** study anything you like

**C.** neglect the learning experience **D.** avoid designing a learning goal

**Question 34.** The word **motivated** in paragraph 3 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** amused **B.** scared **C.** discouraged **D.** inspired

**Question 35.** Which of the following is NOT true about strategies for lifelong learning?

**A.** We should motivate ourselves to team effectively

**B.** We should use our brain in a lot of reading

**C.** We should choose something that we have an interest in

**D.** We should apply our knowledge in work and life

**Question 36.** What does the author say about lifelong learning as an investment?  
**A.** It should be a one-time project. **B.** It is a long-term and ongoing investment.  
**C.** It is only useful if it is fun. **D.** It should only be for work.

| **Question 31:** "What is the passage mainly about?"   * **A. How to keep on studying all the time.** - Sai, không phải trọng tâm chính. * **B. Education - the preparation for life.** - Sai, không cụ thể. * **C. Strategies to promote lifelong learning.** - Đúng, chính xác với nội dung. * **D. How to choose something to study.** - Sai, không chỉ rõ.   **Đáp án đúng:** **C. Strategies to promote lifelong learning.**  **Question 32:** "The word 'overwhelming' in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."   * **A. manageable.** - Đúng, "manageable" có nghĩa là có thể kiểm soát, trái nghĩa với "overwhelming." * **B. difficult.** - Sai, "difficult" không phải trái nghĩa. * **C. challenging.** - Sai, vẫn có nghĩa khó khăn. * **D. confusing.** - Sai, không phải trái nghĩa.   **Đáp án đúng:** **A. manageable.**  **Question 33:** "According to paragraph 2, to become a smart lifelong learner, you should..."   * **A. define a specific objective.** - Đúng, cần có mục tiêu rõ ràng. * **B. study anything you like.** - Sai, không hợp lý. * **C. neglect the learning experience.** - Sai, không nên bỏ qua. * **D. avoid designing a learning goal.** - Sai, không nên tránh né việc này.   **Đáp án đúng:** **A. define a specific objective.**  **Question 34:** "The word motivated in paragraph 3 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."   * **A. amused.** - Sai, không liên quan. * **B. scared.** - Sai, không hợp lý. * **C. discouraged.** - Sai, trái nghĩa. * **D. inspired.** - Đúng, "motivated" gần nghĩa với "inspired."   **Đáp án đúng:** **D. inspired.**  **Question 35:** "Which of the following is NOT true about strategies for lifelong learning?"   * **A. We should motivate ourselves to learn effectively.** - Đúng. * **B. We should use our brain in a lot of reading.** - Sai, không phải điều nên làm. * **C. We should choose something that we have an interest in.** - Đúng. * **D. We should apply our knowledge in work and life.** - Đúng.   **Đáp án đúng:** **B. We should use our brain in a lot of reading.**  **Question 36:** "What does the author say about lifelong learning as an investment?"   * **A. It should be a one-time project.** - Sai, không đúng. * **B. It is a long-term and ongoing investment.** - Đúng, phù hợp. * **C. It is only useful if it is fun.** - Sai, không đúng hoàn toàn. * **D. It should only be for work.** - Sai, không chính xác.   **Đáp án đúng:** **B. It is a long-term and ongoing investment.** |
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**Four phrases/sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.**

**THE CHALLENGES OF BEING A TEENAGER**

(37) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Many new worries arise during this time, making life feel overwhelming. Common questions for teenagers include: Will I find a boyfriend or girlfriend? What am I doing with my life? They often feel that (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Additionally, the pressure of exams can add to this stress, and parents’ expectations can make it worse. When parents notice signs of stress in their teens, they often feel guilty, believing they are the cause of their child’s problems. (39) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. However, the main issue is trust, which should have started in childhoo**d.** Teenagers will share their feelings more easily if they think their parents understand them. Parents need to remember what it was like to be a teenager and how they dealt with challenges. By recalling their own experiences, parents can create a more open and (40) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This understanding can help teenagers feel comfortable discussing their worries. In this way, strong support from parents can make a big difference in a teenager’s life.

**A.** Being a teenager is hard for both young people and their parents

**B.** their parents don’t understand them

**C.** There is a lot of advice suggesting that teenagers should talk openly and parents should listen

**D.** supportive environment for their teens

**Question 37. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_A**  
**Question 38. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_B**  
**Question 39. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_C**  
**Question 40. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_D**

| **Question 37:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Many new worries arise during this time, making life feel overwhelming."   * **A. Being a teenager is hard for both young people and their parents.** - Đúng, câu này giới thiệu về những khó khăn.   **Đáp án đúng:** **A. Being a teenager is hard for both young people and their parents.**  **Question 38:** They often feel that "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."   * **B. their parents don’t understand them.** - Đúng, liên quan đến cảm giác của thanh thiếu niên.   **Đáp án đúng:** **B. their parents don’t understand them.**  **Question 39:** "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."   * **C. There is a lot of advice suggesting that teenagers should talk openly and parents should listen.** - Đúng, nội dung phù hợp với ngữ cảnh.   **Đáp án đúng:** **C. There is a lot of advice suggesting that teenagers should talk openly and parents should listen.**  **Question 40:** By recalling their own experiences, parents can create a more open and "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."   * **D. supportive environment for their teens.** - Đúng, liên quan đến môi trường hỗ trợ cho thanh thiếu niên.   **Đáp án đúng:** D**. supportive environment for their teens.** |
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