TRƯỜNG THPT CHUYÊN NGUYỄN HUỆ

ĐỂ KIỂM TRA KIẾNTHỨC VÀO LỚP 10 THPT CHUYÊN Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH (Điều kiện)

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỨC

Ngày thi: 08 tháng 05 năm 2016

Thời gian làm bài: 120 phút

(Đề thi gồm: 07 trang)

- Thí sinh điền đáp án vào khung kẻ trống trong đề.
- Thí sinh không được sử dụng bất kỳ loại tài liệu nào kể cả từ điển và điện thoại.
- Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

	ÐIÊM	GIÁM KHẢO 1	GIÁM KHẢO 2
<i>Họ & tên</i> :	(Thống nhất)	(Điểm/họ tên/chữ ký)	(Điểm/họ tên/chữ ký)
SBD:			
Phòng thi số:			
Học sinh trường THCS:			

PART I - PHONETICS, GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY (5.5 pts)

I. Circle the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others. (0.5 pt)

1. A. d <u>ea</u> d	B. l <u>ea</u> ve	C. cr <u>ea</u> ture	D. t <u>ea</u> cher
2. A. su <u>cc</u> eed	B. a <u>cc</u> ept	C. a <u>cc</u> ount	D. a <u>cc</u> ident
3. A. energy	B. bagg <u>y</u>	C. den <u>y</u>	D. primar <u>y</u>
4. A. bir <u>th</u> day	B. wi <u>th</u> in	C. mou <u>th</u>	D. <u>th</u> ing
5. A. c <u>au</u> se	B. cl <u>au</u> se	C. audience	D. l <u>au</u> gh

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.			
H Circle the best entire (A, P, C or D) to complete each of the following contenants (2.0 μ ts)							

11.	Circle the	best	option	(A, B,	Cor	D) to	o complete	each of	the fol	lowing s	entences.	(2.0)	pts)
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6. They all laughed bec	cause the film was very	·	
A. amused	B. amuse	C. amusement	D. amusing
7. His father,i	s a university professor, is	very generous.	
A. who	B. that	C. which	D. whom
8. John bought a new d	lictionary, but he didn't tell	me how much	
A. did it cost	B. it costs	C. has it cost	D. it cost
9. Here's some iced tea	This is too sweet	_to guests.	
A. to serve	B. for serving	C. to serve it	D. serve
10. In addition	the news, television	provides us with	variety of programmes that can
satisfytaste.			
A. to/ every	B. to/ each	C. for/ every	D. for/ all

11. I don't like to ask people for help as a rule but I wonder if you could_____ me a favour.

A. make	B. pick	C. do	D. fi	ind	
12. When you	the intersection of Fift	h Road and Broadw	ay, turn right.		
A. come	B. get	C. reach	D. a	rrive	
13. I haven't seen To	mhe got married	d.			
A. before	B. until	C. since	D. a	lthough	
14. Your grandfather	is rather tired so do not	your visit.			
A. prolong	B. lengthen	C. delay	D. sl	horten	
15. The doctor told h	im to keepswee	ts and chocolate to	lose weight.		
A. at	B. back	C. up	D. o	ff	
16. They'll never	to get here by six - t	the roads are quite b	ousy today.		
A. manage	B. arrive	C. succeed	D. a	ble	
17. The meeting had	been cancelledt	he chairman's abser	nce.		
A. because	B. because of	C. despite	D. a	lthough	
18. The teacher told	usan essay and_	any mistake	•		
A. to write/ not to	do	B. to write/	not to make		
C. write/ not to do)	D. to write/	to make		
19. If hethe	music so loud, the neigh	bours wouldn't hav	e called the po	lice.	
A. has played	B. didn't play	C. was playi	ng D. h	adn't played	
20. She wondered	her only son was the	hen.			
A. where	B. if	C. whether	D. w	hat	
21schoolin	g is compulsory in Austr	ralia between	ages of six a	nd seventeen.	
A. The/ \emptyset	B. The/ the	C. \emptyset / the	D. A	√ an	
22. It is found that e	ndangered species are	often concentrated	in areas that a	re poor and de	nsely populated,
such as much of Asia	a and Africa.				
A. disappeared	B. increased	C. reduced	D. tł	nreatened	
23. The children don	't like living in the count	tryside,?			
A. do the children	B. don't they	C. don't the	children D. d	o they	
24. "I suggest fixing	the dripping faucet." - "_				
A. We will	B. Good idea	C. I'm afraid	not D. Y	Yes, please	
25. Televisions, dish	washers and refrigerators	s are electrical	·		
A. appliances	B. tools	C. things	D. h	ouseholds	
Your answers:					
6. 7.		10. 11.		13. 14.	15.
16. 17.	18. 19.	20. 21.	22.	23. 24.	25.

III. Complete the sentences by using the correct form of the words in brackets. (1.0 pt)

26. Students have a ______ between studying English or Russian. (CHOOSE)

27. He has overcome his difficulties with courage and _____. (**DETERMINE**)

28. I live alone and I don't have many_____. (VISIT)

29. There should be parking spaces for the_____. (**DISABLE**)

30. Robin Hood is a ______ hero who lived in Sherwood Forest in Nottingham. (LEGEND)

31. He was extremely_____of her public image. (**PROTECT**)

- 32. All the ______ in the conference had an opportunity to speak. (**PARTICIPATE**)
- 33. What's your nationality? I'm a_____. (JAPAN)
- 34. The recent floods cause_____damage. (WIDE)

35. The police recovered the _____jewelry yesterday. (STEAL)

Your answers:

26.	27.	28.	29.	30.
31.	32.	33.	34.	35.

IV. Use the correct form of the verbs in brackets to complete the sentences. (1.0 pt)

36-37. If I (have) _______ wings, I (have to, not) ______ take an airplane to fly home.

38-39. Peter (drive) towards Victoria Point when he (lose) control of his vehicle.

40-41. I (go)______to Toronto last year for business. I (go)______there several times since then.

42-43. I didn't feel like (talk)______to him after what (happen)______.

44. It takes a long time (learn)_____a foreign language.

45. The names of the winners (give) _____ out on the radio 2 hours ago.

Your answers:

36.	37.	38.	39.	40.
41.	42.	43.	44.	45.

V. Fill each gap with a suitable preposition to complete each of the sentences. (1.0 pt)

46. It was only _____accident when I found out who the man really was.

47. Next month I'm going to Scotland_____a short holiday.

48. Long skirts are_____fashion nowadays.

49. I don't care _____ money. It is not important to me.

50. I'll be moving to a new address______the end of September.

51. I didn't have any money on me, so I paid_____cheque.

52. She broke the eggs carefully_____the bowl.

53. I don't feel well, but I don't know what's the matter_____me.

54. Do you know any songs_____the Beatles?

55. They have complained______the council about the noise.

Your answers:

46.	47.	48.	49.	50.
51.	52.	53.	54.	55.

PART II - READING (2.5 pts)

I. Read the passage and fill each gap with ONE suitable word. (1.0 pt)

A national park is a large piece of land in (56)_____animals are free to come and go. Trees and (57)_____grow everywhere. People go to a national park to (58)_____nature. Many people stay in campgrounds in natural parks. They sleep in tents and cook (59)____food over campfires. They also walk (60)_____trails or paths in the park.

Yellowstone is the world's oldest (61)_____park. It became a national park in 1872. It is (62)_____the world's largest park. Yellowstone is (63)_____for its geysers. These holes in the ground shoot hot water into the air. There are about seventy geysers in the park. The most famous is Old Faithful. About (64)_____hour Old Faithful shoots hot water hundreds of feet into the air.

Two and a half million people visit this beautiful park each year. Visitors are not allowed to pick the flowers. They (65)_____ not feed or hunt the animals, either.

Your answers:

56.	57.	58.	59.	60.
61.	62.	63.	64.	65.

II. Read the text below and circle the option (A, B, C or D) that best fits each gap. (1.0 pt)

HOLIDAYS THAT DON'T COST THE EARTH

The tourist industry is considered to be the world's largest industry. Before 1950 about one million people (66)_____abroad each year (67)____by the 1990s the figure had (68)____to over 400 million every year.

(69)_____large numbers of tourists, however, are beginning to cause problems. For example, in the Alps the skiers are destroying the mountains (70)_____came to enjoy. Even parts of Mount Everest in the Himalayas are reported to be covered (71)____old tins, tents and food that have been (72)____away.

But at a time when we have greater freedom to travel (73)______ever before, more and more people are asking how they can enjoy their holiday (74)______causing problems by spoiling the countryside.

Now there is a new holiday guide called Holidays That Don't Cost The Earth. It (75) you how you can help the tourist industry by asking your travel agent or your tour operator the right questions before you go on holiday.

66. A. traveled	B. came	C. sailed	D. were
67. A. as	B. because	C. but	D. when

68. A. gone	B. flown	C. risen	C. risen		D. raised		
69. A. Such	B. More	C. Few		D. So			
70. A. which	B. you	C. who	C. who		D. they		
71. A. for	B. on	B. on C. with		D. below			
72. A. put	B. thrown	C. giver	C. given		D. tidied		
73. A. than	B. when	C. then	C. then		D. while		
74. A. outside	B. instead	C. besid	e	D. without			
75. A. says	B. offers	C. tells	C. tells		D. gives		
Your answers:							
66. 67.		69. 70.	71.	72.	73.	74.	75.

III. Read the text below and circle the correct answer A, B, C or D. (0.5 pt)

Winter driving is dangerous because it's so difficult to know what is going to happen and accidents take place so easily. Fog can be waiting to meet you over the top of the hill. Ice might be hiding beneath the melting snow, waiting to send you off the road. The car coming towards you may suddenly slide across the road.

Rule Number One for driving in icy roads is to drive smoothly. Uneven movements can make a car suddenly very difficult to control. So every time you turn the wheel, touch the brakes or increase your speed, you must be as gentle and as slow as possible. Imagine you are driving with a cup of hot coffee on the seat next to you. Drive so that you wouldn't spill it.

Rule Number Two is to pay attention to what might happen. The more ice there is, the further down the road you have to look. Test how long it takes to stop by gently braking. Remember that you may be driving more quickly than you think. In general, allow double your normal stopping distance when the road is wet, three times this distance in snow, and even more on ice. Try to stay in control of your car at all times and you will avoid trouble.

- 76. What is the writer trying to do in this text?
- A. to complain about bad winter driving.
- C. to warn people against driving in winter.
- 77. Why would somebody read this text?
- A. to find out about the weather.
- C. to learn about better driving.
- 78. What does the writer think?
- A. People should avoid driving in the snow.
- C. People drive too fast in winter.
- 79. Why does the writer talk about a cup of coffee?
- A. to explain the importance of smooth movements.

- B. to give information about winter weather.
- D. to advise people about safe driving in winter.
- B. to get information on driving lessons.
- D. to decide when to travel.
- B. Drivers should expect problems in winter.
- D. Winter drivers should use their brakes less.

B. because he thinks	refreshments are impo	ortant for drivers		
C. because he wants of	drivers to be more rela	axed.		
D. to show how it can	n be spilt.			
80. Which traffic sign	n shows the main idea	of the text?		
A. Drive Carefully -	Ice On Road Ahead.	В	. Reduce Speed N	low - Fog Ahead.
C. Drive Carefully - I	Road Repairs Ahead.	Ľ	. Slow Down - A	ccident Ahead.
Your answers:				
76.	77.	78.	79.	80.
PART III - WRITIN			<i></i>	
	sentence (A, B, C or I		m the words give	n. (0.6 pt)
-	/ me/ how/ use/ compu			
	ne how to use the con	1	•	t me how use the computer.
	ne how using the com	-	. My father taugh	t me how used the computer.
	I/ do/ all/ homework/.			
-	me whether I have do	-		
-	me whether I have be		mework.	
-	me whether I do all m	-		
-	me whether I had don	•		1. /
-	en/ kept/ in/ day-care			-
5	en kept in a day-care c			
-	en are kept in a day-ca			-
-	en are kept in a day-ca			-
-	en were kept in a day-		heir mother are w	orking.
	cognized/ eight wonde			
e .	ognized the eighth wor			
	been recognized the e	-		
	recognized the eighth			
	cognized as the eight			
	ner/ learnt/ use/ compu	-		
	er learnt to use the co	-	•	
	er had learnt to use the	-	•	
	er has learnt to use the	-	•	
	er is learnt to use the	computer since he	was 8 years old.	
Your answers:	1			
81.	82.	83.	84.	85.

II. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. (0.8 pt)
86. I don't like you to play the music so loudly at night.
\rightarrow I'd rather
87. We can't sit on the grass because it is too wet.
\rightarrow The grass isn't
88. If you work hard, you will find it easy to get good marks.
\rightarrow The harder
89. Paul said he was going to visit China the following year.
\rightarrow "" Paul said.
90. They sent millions of Christmas cards last month.
→ Millions
91. I have a terrible headache because I stayed up late last night.
→ If I
92. "Don't live in this area because it is very dangerous" they asked me
→They told
93. We were late for the meeting due to the heavy traffic.
→ Because
94. I regret that you didn't give me a chance to tell you the truth.
\rightarrow I wish
95. Nobody had invited Jane to the party, which annoyed her.
→ As Jane
III. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the words in
brackets. Do not change the words given. (0.6 pt)
96. "Try your best study", my father said to me.(encouraged)
→
97. They have very little money. They are happy. (In spite of)
→
98. Last year they painted our house. (had)
→
99. I haven't contacted my best friend for several months. (touch)
\rightarrow
100. He objects to people laughing at his appearance. (being)
→

THE END

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM MÔN TIẾNG ANH (ĐIỀU KIỆN)

ĐỂ KIỂM TRA KIẾNTHỨC VÀO LỚP 10THPT CHUYÊN THPT CHUYÊN NGUYỄN HUỆ

Ngày thi: 08 tháng 05 năm 2016

Thời gian làm bài: 120 phút

(Đề thi gồm: 07 trang)

Mỗi câu đúng được 1 điểm. Tổng điểm toàn bài = tổng số câu đúng / 10.

Lưu ý:- Khi cộng tổng điểm toàn bài, giám khảo chấm làm tròn điểm đến 0,25 (lẻ 0,1 - 0,2 làm tròn thành 0,25; lẻ 0,3 - 0,4 làm tròn thành 0,5; ...)

- Nếu thí sinh có cách viết khác đáp án nhưng đúng ngữ pháp, ngữ nghĩa giám khảo thống nhất và cho điểm.

PART I - PHONETICS, GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY (55 pts)

I. Circle the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others. (5 pt)

1. A	2. C	3. C	4. B	5. D

II. Circle the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the following sentences. (20 pts)

6. D	7. A	8. D	9. A	10. A	11. C	12. C	13. C	14. A	15. D
16. A	17. B	18. B	19. D	20. A	21. C	22. D	23. D	24. B	25. A

III. Complete the sentences by using the correct form of the words in brackets. (10 pts)

26. choice	27. determination	28. visitors	29. disabled	30. legendary
31. protective	32. participants	33. Japanese	34. widespread	35. stolen

IV. Use the correct form of the verbs in brackets to complete the sentences. (10 pts)

36. had	37. wouldn't have	38. was driving	39. lost	40. went
	to			
41. have gone	42. talking	43. had happened	44. to learn	45. were given

V. Fill each gap with a suitable preposition to complete each of the sentences. (10 pts)

46. by	47. for	48. out of/ in	49. about	50. at
51. by	52. into	53. with	54. by	55. to

PART II - READING (25 pts)

I. Read the passage and fill each gap with ONE suitable word. (10 pts)

56. which	57. plants	58. enjoy	59. their	60. on
61. national	62. also	63. famous	64. every	65. must

II. Read the text below and circle the option (A, B, C or D) that best fits each gap. (10 pts)

66. A 67. C 68. C 69. A 70. D 71. C 72. B 73. A 74. D 75. C										
	66. A	67. C	68. C	69. A	70. D	71. C	(1) R	73. A	74. D	

III. Read the text below and circle the correct answer A, B, C or D. (5 pts)

76. D 77. C 78. B 79. A 80. A	
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PART III - WRITING (20 pts)

I. Circle the correct sentence (A, B, C or D) that is made from the words given. (6 pts)

81.A 82. D 83. B 84. D 85. C	83. B 84. D 85. C	81.A 82. D

II. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. (8 pts)

86. \rightarrow **I'd rather** you didn't play the music so loudly at night.

87. \rightarrow Thegrassisn't dry enough for us to sit on.

88. \rightarrow Theharderyou work, the easier you will find it to get good marks.

89. \rightarrow "I am going to visit China next year." Paul said

90. \rightarrow Millions of Christmas cards were sent last month.

- 91. \rightarrow If I hadn't stayed up late last night, I wouldn't have a terrible headache.
- 92. \rightarrow Theytold me not to live in that area because it was very dangerous.
- 93. \rightarrow Because the traffic was heavy/ there was a lot of traffic, we were late for the meeting.
- 94. \rightarrow I wish you had given me a chance to tell you the truth.
- 95. \rightarrow As Jane hadn't been invited to the party, she was annoyed.

III. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the words in brackets. Do not change the words given. (6 pts)

96. \rightarrow My father **encouraged** me to try my best to study.

97. →Inspiteof having very little money/ Inspiteof the fact that they have very little money, they are happy. /

They are happy **in spite of** having very little money.

- 98. \rightarrow We had our house painted last year.
- 99. \rightarrow I haven't kept in **touch** with my best friend for several months.
- 100. \rightarrow He objects to his appearance **being** laughed at.