**ĐỀ** **ÔN THI TN THPT 2025 -TRƯỜNG THPT CHUYÊN TG**

**Read the following letter and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6.**

Dear Sir,

I am writing in response to the letter from Mrs. Taylor, (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ was published in the last issue of The Village Times.

Mrs. Taylor spoke quite rudely about the young people who (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the park after school and at weekends. She seems (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ that a group of teenagers meeting and having fun in public is against the law. Well, it isn't! She should try to remember (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the age of fifteen. I know (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ people in their teens who like to spend time in the park. They are polite, honest and helpful, and I am proud to have them in the village. Perhaps I could put Mrs. Taylor in touch with them. They might teach her not to be so rude and (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in future.

Yours,

Wendy Partridge

1. A. who B. which C. that D. what
2. A. come out B. go over C. drop off D. hang around
3. A. suggest B. to suggest C. suggesting D. suggested
4. A. what she was like B. that she liked

C. when she was alike D. how she was likely

1. A. few B. much C. several D. a little
2. A. pleasing B. pleased C. pleasant D. unpleasant

**Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.**

**HELP YOURSELF TO STAY HEALTHY**

Doctors are useful. If you've had an injury (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_, they can fix it.

If you're ill, they can tell you what the best treatment is. If you're very ill, you might have to have an operation in hospital. We need doctors for all of these things.

But (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_ what doctors do, there are things that you can do yourself in the fight (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_ ill health. Getting regular exercise at school or at a gym will help you to stay in (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_. Having a healthy diet will also keep you (11) \_\_\_\_\_\_. A healthy diet is all about balance. It doesn't mean never eating chocolate. It means not eating too much. And eating vegetables, too! The more we can look after ourselves, (12) \_\_\_\_\_\_ we'll need doctors to look after us. And that must be good!

1. A. while doing sport B. while they do sport

C. when sport was done D. Because doing sport

1. A. on account of B. in spite of C. for example D. in addition to
2. A. for B. with C. against D. to
3. A. form B. shape C. size D. health
4. A. strong B. strength C. strengthen D. strengthening
5. A. the more B. the most C. the less D. the least

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange, letter or text in each of the following questions from 13 to 17.**

**13.**

**a.** **Sam:** I was thinking about the exam next week. I'm a bit nervous about it, to be honest.

**b. Ann:** Oh, hi, Sam! How are you?

**c.** **Ann:** So am I. But you? I'm surprised at that. I thought you studied a lot.

A. a-b-c B. c-b-a C. b-a-c D. b-c-a

**14.**

**a.** **Mary:** Okay. Bread... oh, and a packet of sugar. After shopping, we could go to the new market in the town centre and see what they have.

**b.** **Mary:** That's a good idea. I'll just have a look in the kitchen and see what we need.

**c.** **Tom:** Right. You get your coat and I'll get the car keys.

**d.** **Tom:** It's a lovely day, isn't it? Let's walk down to the shops and look around.

**e. Tom:** I got some milk yesterday, so we don't need any more. We might need some bread, though.

A. e-d-b-a-c B. d-b-e-a-c C. d-b-a-e-c D. e-a-d-b-c

**15.**

**a.** Secondly, there need to be more police in the area preventing people from cutting down trees. A lot of the people who cut them down do it illegally. If they were more afraid of getting caught, they might stop.

**b.** First of all, we have to make the local people aware of the damage they're doing.

**c.** Every day, thousands and thousands of trees are cut down in the Amazonian rainforest.

**d.** It's a very serious problem, and there's no easy solution, but we're short of time. It won't be long before the rainforests disappear completely.

**e.** This does enormous damage to the local environment, and also possibly affects the world's climate. But how can we save the rainforests from destruction?

A. d-e-b-a-c B. c-e-d-b-a C. a-b-c-e-d D. c-e-b-a-d

**16.**

Dear Gemma,

**a.** Oh, well. Maybe I'll have another look at the end of this week. I bought some shoes, though — they're similar to ones you've got, the pink ones. I have them on at the moment and they look great!

**b.** Oh, and you know that old blouse I had? Well, I've changed it into shirt! I cut the sleeves off and now it'll be perfect for the summer.

**c.** Anyway, I found one of those jackets that are in fashion at the moment - but I couldn't do it up! I needed a bigger size, but they didn't have any.

**d.** I have to go now. Write soon and tell me all your news.

**e.** Hi! How are you? I finally persuaded my mum to take me shopping yesterday. It was great! I tried on lots of clothes and I was amazed at the choice in all the shops.

**f.** It reminded me of the time went shopping when you came to stay. We had a lot of fun, didn't we?

Lots of love,

Olivia

A. e-f-c-a-b-d B. e-c-a-b-f-d C. e-b-c-a-f-d D. e-a-c-f-b-d

**17.**

**EARTHWATCH**

The environmental organisation that cares

**a.** Think about it! You can't escape from the facts. The Earth is in danger and it's going to take every single one of us to help save it. Join us today!

**b.** Are you worried about our planet?

**c.** If you’re afraid of what might happen if we don't all change our ways, if you're serious about helping to save the world, if you're enthusiastic about fighting for the only planet we've got, then we want to hear from you!

**d.** We at EarthWatch care about the damage that's being done to our environment. We're aware of the problems that this damage will cause in the future, and we believe that we're extremely short of time if we don't act soon, it will be too late!

**e.** We've got to prevent people from polluting the planet further. It's not going to be easy to save the Earth from destruction, but we have to try.

**f.** There's been an increase in all kinds of pollution in the past hundred years. This pollution is destroying the ozone layer, and creating global warming.

A. b-f-d-e-c-a B. b-c-d-f-e-a C. b-e-f-d-c-a D. b-d-f-e-c-a

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.**

**VERTICAL LIVING**

In the 1950s and 60s, the tower block seemed to offer a solution to two problems. Firstly, houses built much earlier in the century, or even in the nineteenth century, (18) \_\_\_\_\_\_ for people to live in. Secondly, an increasing population placed a great deal more strain on available space. New, vertical tower blocks, able to house more people in a relatively small space than a horizontal street, started to appear. The more people (19) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in these structures, the more they would form the heart of communities, or so the thinking went.

Initially, these blocks were more popular (20) \_\_\_\_\_\_. They were far and away the most affordable alternative for many people, and they also offered excellent views.

However, these buildings soon became (21) \_\_\_\_\_\_ attractive to residents as crime rose. It also became clear that a tower block was nothing like (22) \_\_\_\_\_\_ as a traditional street. More often than not, residents in a tower block didn't interact with each other on a regular basis. Although modern tower blocks are making something of a comeback amongst young professionals, they still have a poor reputation in the minds of many people.

1. A. were much too renovated B. were no longer suitable

C. were dilapidated enough D. were enough collapsed

1. A. got used to living B. used to live

C. used to living D. got used to live

1. A. than they replaced the old housing B. than the old housing they replaced

C. as the old housing they replaced D. as they replaced the old housing

1. A. as B. more C. less D. so
2. A. as friendly a place to live in B. a place as friendly to live in

C. a place to live in as friendly D. to live in as friendly a place

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the questions from 23 to 31.**

How much television do you watch? Did you really give an honest answer? A recent study shows that people aren’t totally **truthful** about their television-watching habits.

The study in question was conducted at Ball State University in the US. Researchers there wanted to find out how much television people view according to their age. The study was paid for by a council associated with the Nielsen company, which determines television ratings. The conclusions were that people spend more than 8 hours a day looking at a screen. Thisincluded cell phones and computers, but the majority were television screens.

There are three interesting things about this study. The first is that people are exposed to more than one hour of advertisements per day. The second is that even with access to DVDs and internet videos, television is still the most popular media source. The third is that the amount of screen-watching people do is relatively the same from the ages of 18-65.

**[I]** Well, if someone admits they watch television for five or six hours, they could be considered **a couch potato**. **[II]** Michael Phillips, one of the study’s main researchers, says, “There's a social **stigma** for people who watch too much television. **[III]** Sometimes, however, watching the latest reality show or the funniest sitcom gives co-workers and friends fun things to talk about.” **[IV]**

Even if you do watch a lot of television, perhaps we can use this study as a reason to be honest with ourselves about how much time we spend in front of the television. I mean, after all, everyone else is doing it.

1. ***What is the purpose of the study mentioned in the passage?***

A. to see the amount of television people watch according to their age.

B. to identify television ratings based on the programs.

C. to encourage people to tell the truth about their television-watching habits.

D. to find out the excuses for people lying about their time in front of the television.

1. ***The word “*truthful” *in paragraph 1 is opposite in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.***

A. reliable B. lazy C. honest D. dishonest

1. ***In which paragraph are the findings of the study mentioned?***

A. para 2 B. para 3 C. para 4 D. para 5

1. ***Which of the following can be inferred from the third paragraph?***

A. Television ratings show little link to cellphones and computers.

B. The time viewers spend watching TV varies depending on their age.

C. People spend not as much time on the internet as that on television.

D. People’s preference for cellphones is much more than that for computers.

1. ***Which of the following is* NOT TRUE *as the findings of the research?***

A. People spend over 60 minutes a day on commercials.

B. Television is far preferable to other types of electronic media.

C. People from 18 to 65 spend the same amount of time on T.V.

D. DVDs and online videos are the most accessed media source.

1. ***Which of the following can best describe “*a couch potato*” in the fourth passage?***

A. a person who watches too much television

B. a person who likes potatoes very much

C. a person who sits on a couch, eating potatoes

D. a person who really likes sitting on a couch

1. ***The word “*stigma*” is used in paragraph 4 to show \_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

A. people’s disapproval of watching too much T.V.

B. people’s approval of watching too much T.V.

C. the advantage of watching too much T.V.

D. the disadvantage of watching too much T.V.

1. ***Where in paragraph 4 does the following sentence best fit?***

So, if everyone is watching television, why lie about it?

A. [I] B. [II] C. [III] D. [IV]

1. ***Which of the following words can best describe the writer’s tone of voice in this passage?***

A. serious B. humorous C. determined D. conservative

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the questions from 32 to 40.**

Would you ever hug a stranger? There is actually a movement that promotes free hugs that is known as the Free Hugs Campaign. The Free Hug Campaign is a social movement that involves offering strangers hugs in public places. **They** are meant to be random acts of kindness just to make you feel good. The person offering the hugs often makes a sign that reads “FREE HUGS”, then holds it up in the street and waits for someone to ask for a hug.

The campaign was started by Australian Juan Mann in 2004. Juan had been living in London for almost a decade when he decided to return to Sydney after his girlfriend **called off** their engagement. On landing, he had nothing but his suitcase. After about three months, an old friend invited him to a party. In an interview with WHO magazine, Juan said that while he was at the party, “...a completely random person came up to me and gave me a hug. I felt like a king! It was the greatest thing that ever happened.” Then, he had an idea.

On 30th June 2004, Juan made a sign with the words FREE HUGS and offered his first hugs in the centre of the main shopping district in Sydney. “For the first 15 minutes, people just stared right through me. But then a woman tapped me on the shoulder and told me she needed a hug as it was the anniversary of the death of a relative,” said Juan. **Things really took off after a FREE HUGS video was uploaded to YouTube.** While in Sydney, Juan met Shimon Moore, an American musician. Shimon filmed Juan giving away free hugs. In mid-2006, Juan’s grandmother died, and in consolation, Shimon used the footage he had shot to make a music video for the song *All the Same* by his band The Sick Puppies. The video was later uploaded to YouTube, where it has been viewed over 70 million times.

As a result of the video, the Free Hugs movement became international. Branches were opened in Taiwan, Italy, America, Switzerland, Norway, India, Portugal and the UK. Juan was invited to tell his story on the Oprah Winfrey Show. A website (www.freehugscampaign.org) was launched in mid-2007, and an annual International Free Hugs Day was set on the first Saturday following 30th June as this was the anniversary of the first time that Juan ever offered free hugs in Sydney.

1. ***What is the best title of the passage?***

A. The History of The Free Hug Campaign

B. The Aim of The Free Hug Campaign

C. The Video of The Free Hug Campaign

D. The Annual International Free Hugs Day

1. ***Which of the following does the word “*They*” in the first paragraph refers to?***

A. Strangers B. Hugs C. Public places D. Acts

1. ***Which of the following statements is* TRUE *according to the passage?***

A. Juan Mann initiated the Free Hugh Campaign.

B. Shimon Moore made a music video after his grandmother’s death.

C. The Sick Puppies took off after a FREE HUGS video was uploaded to YouTube.

D. Oprah Winfrey Show helped launch the website in mid-2007.

1. ***Which of the following could best replace the phrase “*called off*” in the second paragraph?***

A. cancelled B. announced C. had D. carried out

1. ***In what situation did Juan have the idea of free hugs?***

A. Someone held a sign offering free hugs

B. A person went close to him and hugged him

C. Someone he chose to hug talked to him at the party

D. Someone thought of the idea of free hugs and he later spread it out.

1. ***Where was Juan when he gave his first free hug?***

A. In London B. In Sydney C. In New York D. In Norway

1. ***Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 3?***

A. The FREE HUGS video being uploaded to YouTube helped everything leave the ground.

B. Things really removed after a FREE HUGS video was posted on YouTube.

C. Things truly lost momentum after a FREE HUGS video was shared on YouTube.

D. Everything gained significant traction after a FREE HUGS video was posted on YouTube.

1. ***It can be inferred from the reading passage that free hugs can make people \_\_\_\_\_.***

A. powerful B. proud C. happy D. daunted

1. ***On what day is the annual International Free Hugs Day?***

A. Saturday, 30th June, 2004 B. A Saturday in mid-2006

C. A Saturday in mid-2007 D. The 1st Saturday after 30th June