**UNIT 2: CITY LIFE**

***I. Choose the words whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.***

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1.** | **A.** metropolitan  | **B.** polluted | **C.** forbidden | **D.** affordable |
| **2.** | **A.** feature | **B.** culture | **C.** tradition | **D.** statue |
| **3.** | **A.** dressed | **B.** turned | **C.** looked | **D.** watched |
| **4.** | **A.** conducts | **B.** villages | **C.** crafts | **D.** workshops |
| **5.** | **A.** exhausted | **B.** historic | **C.** helpful | **D.** hometown |

***II. Choose the option (A, B, C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences.***

**6.** When I turned up, the town hall \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ already full of teenagers.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** has been | **B.** was | **C.** were | **D.** have been |

**7.** They had to call off the picnic because of the bad weather, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** did they | **B.** had they | **C.** didn’t they | **D.** hadn’t they |

**8.** John wishes his parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with him in the city.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** lives | **B.** lived | **C.** living | **D.** can live |

**9.** Many young people spend the whole day \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ online games.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** plays | **B.** plays | **C.** to play | **D.** playing  |

**10.**It took me two months \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ life style in the city.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** to get used to | **B.** get used to | **C.** getting used to | **D.** used to  |

**11.** “Would you like some cake?” - “No ,thanks. If I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cake, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_fat”

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** ate/ will get | **B.** ate/ would get | **C.** would eat/ could get | **D.** am eating/ will get  |

**12.** Factories and offices \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in urban areas only.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** should built | **B.** should be build | **C.** should be built | **D.** should to be built |

**13.** All students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ finish their homework before going to school.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** can | **B.** might | **C.** have to | **D.** need  |

**14.** All the information I need\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on this page.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** is | **B.** are | **C.** was | **D.** were  |

**15.** She turned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the new job in New York because she didn't want to move.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** on | **B.** down | **C.** off | **D.** up |

**16.** We’re having\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_fabulous time in Hoi An.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** an | **B.** a | **C.** the | **D.** X |

**17.** Do you think that the various crafts remind people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a specific region?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** about | **B.** of | **C.** for | **D.** in |

**18.** I was disappointed as the film was less \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than I had expected.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** entertained | **B.** entertainment | **C.** entertaining  | **D.** entertain |

**19.** I bought a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bag in Hue last month.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.**beautiful leather hand-made | **B.** beautiful hand-made leather |
| **C.** hand-made beautiful leather | **D.** leather hand-made beautiful |

**20.** A conical hat is a well-known handicraft, not only in Viet Nam, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all around the world.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** and | **B.** but | **C.** so  | **D.** since |

**21.**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this museum is small, it has many unique artefacts.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** As | **B.** In spite of | **C.** Although | **D.** Because  |

**22.** They make sure that the rooms in that resort in Phu Quoc island are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, even the big ones.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** affordable | **B.** afford | **C.** affordability  | **D.** affording |

**23.** Ann is taking extra lessons to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what she missed while she was sick.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** look forward to  | **B.** get on well with | **C.** keep up with | **D.** take back |

**24.** This city has one of the most \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ underground rail networks in the world.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** efficient | **B.** fashionable | **C.** cosmopolitan | **D.** fascinated |

**25.** This place is so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the non-stop flow of customers to come and enjoy Pho.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** delicious | **B.** convenient | **C.** popular | **D.** exciting |

**26.** This laptop is much more user-friendly, but it costs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the other one.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** so much as | **B.** as many as | **C.** twice as much as | **D.** twice as many |

**27.** “Thanks for giving me a ride to work today.” - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I was heading this direction anyway.”

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** You don’t need to. | **B.** Yes, thanks. | **C.** No worries. | **D.** I’d love to. |

**28.**“\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” - “Everything is fine. How about you?”

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** How old are you?  | **B.** How’s it going? | **C.** What’s your life? | **D.** What’s the matter? |

***III. Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.***

**29.**When we travel **overseas** we hope to go to Iceland.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** to foreign lands | **B.** on the sea | **C.** with foreigners | **D.** by water |

**30.** The guests at the Japanese Embassy reception enjoyed it very much but refused to eat the **raw** fish.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** stale | **B.** uncooked | **C.** rotten | **D.** fresh |

***IV. Choose the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.***

**31.** They left their first **temporary** home last week when the overcrowded camp ran out of fresh water and space.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** country | **B.** familiar | **C.** permanent | **D.** expensive |

**32.** Someone who can think fast and make decisions easily is said to be **brilliant**.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** stupid | **B.** cheerful | **C.** smart  | **D.** successful |

***V. Choose the underline word or phrase (marked A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correcting.***

**33.** Now, his son can read **fast** than **other** members **in** his **group**.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** fast | **B.** other | **C.** in | **D.** group |

**34.Last** year, Mary **can’tdo** sums as **quickly** as she can this year.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** Last | **B.** can’t | **C.** do | **D.** quickly |

**35.** Jenny is **a** newcomer **so** she **doesn’t** know **nobody** in the class.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** a | **B.** so | **C.** doesn’t | **D.** nobody |

***VI. Choose the option (A, B, or C) that best completes each numbered blank in the passage.***

**TREES BRING HANOIANS CLOSER TO NATURE**

City planners have claimed trees **(36)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** an important role in an urban environment. Children growing **(37) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**close to nature have better health, while walking in parks reduce blood pressure, stress and obesity. The problem is to select the right trees and **(38) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** them.

Ha Noi is considered one of the greenest cities in Viet Nam thanks to its beautiful and precious trees. Ancient trees in Ha Noi are frequently **(39) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** in poems. Each street can be **(40) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** by a tree. To local residents, the hundred-year old trees that line the streets are more than just beautiful, they are a part of the city’s identity.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **36.** | **A.** act  | **B.** play  | **C.** enjoy  | **D.** perform |
| **37.** | **A.** on  | **B.** in | **C.** up  | **D.** by |
| **38.** | **A.** maintain  | **B.** service  | **C.** provide  | **D.** care |
| **39.** | **A.** mention | **B.** mentioning | **C.** mentions | **D.** mentioned |
| **40.** | **A.** described  | **B.** represented | **C.** expressed  | **D.** explained |

***VII. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.***

The majority of London’s inhabitants live in its suburbs. Many of them travel to the city to work every day by train, bus, tube or car. These people are called “commuters”. Commuters may spend as much as two hours every morning getting to work and another two hours getting home again. The cost of living in London is higher than that in most other parts of Britain. Millions of visitors come to London every year from all over the world to see the famous sights here such as Buckingham Palace and many other historic buildings. London is also very famous for its theaters, red buses and black taxis. Some people find it a noisy and dirty place but it has many large, pleasant parks. Here, everyone can enjoy some peaceful and quiet moments. London has many attractions both people from other parts of Britain and people from overseas.

**41.** The main idea of the passage is about\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** London | **B.** The cost of living in London |
| **C.** Lives in the suburb of London | **D.** London has many attractions |

**42.**Commuters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** live in the city center | **B.** live in the suburbs and travel to work in the city. |
| **C.** live in the suburbs and work there. | **D.** live in the city center and work there. |

**43.** Living in London is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** cheaper than in most other parts of Britain. | **B.** more expensive than in most other parts of Britain. |
| **C.** most expensive than in most other parts of Britain. | **D.** more cheap than in most other parts of Britain. |

**44.**London is famous for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** its delicious food. | **B.** its theaters but not its red buses. |
| **C.** its theaters, red buses and black taxis. | **D.** its inhabitants. |

**45.** “Inhabitants” means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** customers | **B.** people living in the city  |
| **C.** residents | **D.** people living in the country |

***VIII. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.***

**46.** This film is much more entertaining than the last one.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** The last film was not very interesting as this one. | **B.** The last film was not as interesting as this one. |
| **C.** The last film was as interesting as this one. | **D.** The last film was very interesting as this one. |

**47.**They served the classic Vietnamese coffee in this city.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** The classic Vietnamese coffee was served in this city. | **B.** The classic Vietnamese coffee is served in this city. |
| **C.** The classic Vietnamese coffee were served in this city. | **D.** The classic Vietnamese coffee served in this city. |

**48.**They said: “They‘d like to live in Singapore.”

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** They wanted to live in Singapore. | **B.** They said they needed to live in Singapore. |
| **C.** They said they would live in Singapore. | **D.** They said they wanted to live in Singapore. |

**49.** My brother is living in the countryside and he wants to live in the city.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** My brother wishes he lived in the countryside . | **B.** My brother wishes he lived in the city.  |
| **C.** My brother wishes he is living in the city . | **D.** My brother wishes he lives in the city.  |

**50.** This city is he same as it was in the 1990s.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A.** This city has changed in the 1990s. | **B.** This city hasn't changed in the 1990s. |
| **C.** This city has changed since the 1990s. | **D.** This city hasn't changed since the 1990s. |