

ENGLISH PRACTICE 38

Question I: Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from the others

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|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. panda | B. gorilla | C. parrot | D. leopard |
| 2. A. disastrous | B. dependence | C. prediction | D. compliment |
| 3. A. entrance | B. highland | C. confirm | D. weather |
| 4. A. discovery | B. category | C. position | D. consider |
| 5. A. polite | B. scary | C. signal | D. system |
| 6. A. historic | B. impolite | C. commercial | D. regretful |
| 7. A. confinement | B. involvement | C. achievement | D. argument |
| 8. A. occasional | B. affectionate | C. kindergarten | D. respectable |
| 9. A. personality | B. referee | C. agriculture | D. mathematics |
| 10. A. discriminate | B. philosopher | C. incredible | D. vulnerable |

Question II: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others

- | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. 2: A. <u>show</u> er | B. <u>allow</u> | C. <u>shou</u> t | D. <u>arrow</u> |
| 2. 3: A. <u>inc</u> rease | B. <u>cre</u> ation | C. <u>me</u> an | D. <u>che</u> at |
| 3. 4: A. <u>dan</u> ger | B. <u>exch</u> ange | C. <u>bla</u> me | D. <u>an</u> ger |
| 4. 5: A. <u>the</u> se | B. <u>the</u> ory | C. <u>wor</u> th | D. <u>th</u> reaten |
| 5. 1: A. <u>ch</u> amber | B. <u>an</u> cient | C. <u>dan</u> ger | D. <u>an</u> cestor |
| 6. 2: A. <u>smoo</u> thly | B. <u>sou</u> thern | C. <u>bre</u> ath | D. <u>airwor</u> thy |
| 7. A <u>do</u> zen | B <u>glo</u> ve | C <u>lo</u> ve | D <u>stov</u> e |
| 8. A <u>kite</u> s | B <u>catch</u> es | C <u>orange</u> s | D <u>buzz</u> es |
| 9. A <u>woo</u> d | B <u>goo</u> d | C <u>foo</u> d | D <u>childhoo</u> d |
| 10. A <u>whistle</u> d | B <u>laugh</u> ed | C <u>lodg</u> ed | D <u>receiv</u> ed |

Question III: Give the correct tense / form of the verbs in the brackets

Dear Mary,

Thank you for your letter which I received last week. I was glad to hear from you. You said you (1. see) John recently, but you didn't say how he (2. be) Please let me know and give him my regard.

I (3. be) in London for three months and I (4. enjoy) life here very much. I (5. work) hard since I (6. arrive) and everyone (7. be) kind to me.

You said you (8. come) to see me this Christmas. I hope you (9. not change) your mind. Let me (10. know) what date you are thinking of arriving.

With love,
David

Question IV: Use the correct form of the word

John watched a (1. document) on TV last night. It was all about the problems (2. threaten) our environment. He was shocked to find out how little he knew about (3. globe) warning or acid rain. He had heard the term before but he knew (4. practical) nothing about the damage they cause to our planet. He feels he should do something to be (5. help) He would like to join an (6. organize), but he doesn't know which one to join. He has seen so many (7. advertise) in newspapers that he can't

make up his mind. However, he believes that it is (8. acceptable) not to be environmentally aware and he is (9. hope) that one day everyone will be part of a world movement to save the earth. He was sure that in this time of (10. technology) advances, we find some way to solve the world's problems.

Question V: Choose the best answer from four choices (A, B, C or D) given to complete each sentence.

1. happens, I shall stand by you.
A. Whatever B. What C. Which D. That
2. Is Mary a friend of ?
A. you B. your C. yours D. you're
3. Vietnamese people are always proud Vietnam's traditions and customs.
A. in B. of C. on D. at
4. London is the city I have visited several times.
A. in which B. where C. in that D. which
5. If the weather fine tomorrow, we on a picnic.
A. is/go B. is/will go C. will be/go D. will be/will go
6. My father has gone to Japan last week.
A. for B. since C. i D. in
7. It's time for us for our examination.
A. study B. studying C. studied D. to study
8. Although we are far away from each other, we still so often.
A. keep in touch B. say hello C. keep on D. keep together
9. They wish they have to work hard to earn money.
A. couldn't B. can't C. don't D. didn't
10. their being poor, they are very self-confident and generous.
A. However B. Although C. Because D. Despite
11. Our old house 20 years ago.
A. build B. built C. was built D. had been built
12. Is she teacher in your school?
A. good B. better C. the best D. best
13. Their made the party atmosphere warmer.
A. friendly B. friendliness C. unfriendly D. unfriendliness
14. Nam: Would you like a glass of beer?
Lan:
A. No, let's not B. No, I don't C. No, thanks D. No, I wouldn't
15. Nam: Congratulation! You have got high marks in the last term.
Lan:
A. It is kind of you to say so B. Really? Never say so
C. I'd love to say so D. You're welcome

Question VI: There are 10 mistakes in the following passage. Underline and correct them.

I live in the small village calls Henfield. There are about 700 men here. The village is quiet and the life is slowly and easy. We never had to queue in shops or banks. People never throw his rubbish on the roads, but the village is always clean. The air is also very clean because of there is not much traffic. The people here are much friendlier than those in a city. If someone has a problem, there is always people who can help. However, one thing I don't like about Henfield is that there's not much to do in the evening. We haven't got any cinemas or theaters. But I still prefer village life for life in a big city.

Your answer:

Mistakes	Correction	Mistakes	Correction
1.		6.	
2.		7.	
3.		8.	
4.		9.	

5.		10.	
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Question VII: Fill in each numbered blank with the most suitable word.

Tourism was not always as important as it is today. In the past, (1)wealthy people could travel on vacations to other countries. But more people travel today (2) in the past because there is a growing middle class in many parts of the world. People now have more money for travel. Special airplane fares for tourists make travel (3) expensive and (4) attractive than ever before. One person does not travel for the (5) reason as another. But most people enjoy seeing countries that are different (6) their own. They also like to meet new people and (7) new foods.

Tourism causes many (8) in a country and in people's (9) People build new hotels, restaurants and train men, women as tour (10) to show tourists interesting places. There are new night clubs and other attraction for visitors to entertain. International tourism is really a big business.

Question VIII: Read the passage; Then choose the best answers

Smith did not explain the large ...1... he had shown in Magnan but sat thinking ...2... some minutes and then began to talk ...3... something else. About ten that evening I met Smith and he asked me up to his room ...4... coffee. ...5... room looked nice with comfortable chairs. We talked a little and then he ...6... me his story.

" A long time ...7... I was young artist and came to France where I was traveling from place to place making sketches. One day, I met two French artists ...8... were also moving from place to place making sketches and I joined them. We were as happy ...9... we were or as poor as we were happy, as you like it."

"Claude and Carl-these are the names of those boys-were always in good spirits and laughed at poverty. We were very poor. We lived ...10... the money which we got from time to time for our sketches...."

- | | | | | |
|----|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1 | A. interest | B. to interest | C. interested | D. interesting |
| 2 | A. at | B. of | C. for | D. up |
| 3 | A. in | B. about | C. for | D. as |
| 4 | A. drink | B. to drink | C. drinking | D. drank |
| 5 | A. I | B. A | C. An | D. The |
| 6 | A. told | B. said | C. spoke | D. asked |
| 7 | A. next | B. up | C. ago | D. before |
| 8 | A. why | B. whom | C. whose | D. who |
| 9 | A. as | B. more | C. than | D. less |
| 10 | A. about | B. in | C. against | D. on |

Question IX: Read the passage; Then choose the best answers

A NOBLE GIFT

One of the most famous monuments in the world, the Statute of Liberty, was presented to the United States of America in the nineteenth century by the people of France. The great statute, which was designed by the sculptor Auguste Bartholdi, took ten years to complete. The actual figure was made of copper supported by a metal framework which had been especially constructed by Eiffel. Before it could be transported to the United States, a site had to be found for it and a pedestal had to be built. The site chosen was an island at the entrance of New York Harbour. By 1884, a statute which was 151 feet tall, had been erected in Paris. The following year, it was taken to pieces and sent to America. By the end of October 1886, the statute had been put together again and it was officially presented to the American people by Bartholdi. Ever since then, the great monument has been a symbol of liberty for the millions of people who have passed through New York Harbour to make their home in America.

1. The Statute of Liberty.....
 - A. is the most famous monument in the world.
 - B. was designed and constructed by the American sculptors.
 - C. is located in the centre of New York.
 - D. is among the most famous monuments in the world.
2. The Statute of Liberty.....

- A. was sent to America in 1884. C. was sent to America in 1886.
 B. was sent to America in 1885. D. was never sent to America.
3. The Statute of Liberty.....
 A. was sold to the USA by the French people.
 B. was given to the American people as a present by the French people.
 C. was presented to the USA in the 18th century by the people of France.
 D. was designed and constructed according to the order placed by the French sculptors
4. The Statute of Liberty was first erected.....
 A. in New York. C. in Paris
 B. on an island at the entrance of New York Harbour. D. in Eiffel Tower.
5. The Statute of Liberty was made of.....
 A. copper. C. concrete.
 B. copper with metal framework. D. concrete with metal framework.

X. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. I didn't have enough money, so I didn't buy that laptop.
 If
2. "I must study hard for my next examination"
 She said
3. They won't allow you to go in the house.
 You
4. The man standing over there is my uncle.
 The man who
5. Nobody finished their exercises on time.
 Their exercises
6. The explorer was Christopher Columbus and he discovered America.
 The explorer
7. In spite of his good learning condition, he doesn't study well.
 Although
8. Let's go swimming tomorrow afternoon.
 How
9. Mary doesn't speak English so well as Jane.
 Jane
10. The switch was too high for him to reach.
 He wasn't tall

Question XI: Write a short passage (150-200 words) about our environment.

You should write about the real situation, the pollution and the causes of pollution and what we should do to protect our environment. Use your own ideas, knowledge and experience to support your arguments.

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[illegible]

KEYS – PRACTICE 38

Question I: Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from the others

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 11. A. panda | B. gorilla | C. parrot | D. leopard |
| 12. A. disastrous | B. dependence | C. prediction | D. compliment |
| 13. A. entrance | B. highland | C. confirm | D. weather |
| 14. A. discovery | B. category | C. position | D. consider |
| 15. A. polite | B. scary | C. signal | D. system |
| 16. A. historic | B. impolite | C. commercial | D. regretful |
| 17. A. confinement | B. involvement | C. achievement | D. argument |
| 18. A. occasional | B. affectionate | C. kindergarten | D. respectable |
| 19. A. personality | B. referee | C. agriculture | D. mathematics |
| 20. A. discriminate | B. philosopher | C. incredible | D. vulnerable |

Question II: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 11. 2: A. sh <u>ow</u> er | B. a <u>ll</u> ow | C. sh <u>ou</u> t | D. a <u>rr</u> ow |
| 12. 3: A. in <u>cr</u> ease | B. cr <u>ea</u> tion | C. m <u>ea</u> n | D. ch <u>ea</u> t |
| 13. 4: A. d <u>an</u> ger | B. ex <u>ch</u> ange | C. bl <u>a</u> me | D. <u>a</u> nger |
| 14. 5: A. <u>th</u> ese | B. <u>th</u> ey | C. w <u>or</u> th | D. <u>th</u> reaten |
| 15. 1: A. <u>ch</u> amber | B. <u>a</u> ncient | C. d <u>a</u> nger | D. <u>a</u> ncessor |
| 16. 2: A. sm <u>oo</u> thly | B. s <u>ou</u> thern | C. br <u>ea</u> th | D. airw <u>or</u> thy |
| 17. A. d <u>o</u> zen | B. gl <u>o</u> ve | C. l <u>o</u> ve | D. st <u>o</u> ve |
| 18. A. <u>k</u> ites | B. c <u>a</u> ches | C. o <u>r</u> anges | D. buzz <u>e</u> s |
| 19. A. w <u>oo</u> d | B. g <u>oo</u> d | C. <u>f</u> ood | D. childh <u>oo</u> d |
| 20. A. whistl <u>e</u> d | B. laugh <u>e</u> d | C. lodg <u>e</u> d | D. receiv <u>e</u> d |

Question II

1. had seen	2. was	3. have been	4. am enjoying	5. have worked
6. arrived	7. is	8. would come	9. haven't changed	10. know

Question IV

1. documentary	2. threatening	3. global	4. practically	5. helpful
6. organization	7. advertisements	8. unacceptable	9. hopeful	10. technological

Question V

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
A	C	B	D	B	B	D	A	D	D	C	C	B	C	A

Question VI

I live in the small village calls Henfield. There are about 700 men here. The village is quiet and the life is slowly and easy. We never had to queue in shops or bank. People never throw his rubbish on the roads, but the village is always clean. The air is also very clean because of there is not much traffic. The people here are much friendlier than those in a city. If someone has a problem, there is always people who can help. However, one thing I don't like about Henfield is that there's not much to do in the evening. We haven't got any cinemas or theaters. But I still prefer village life for life in a big city.

Mistakes	Correction	Mistakes	Correction
1. the	a	6. his	their
2. calls	called	7. but	so
3. men	people	8. because of	because
4. slowly	slow	9. is	are
5. had	have	10. for	to

Question VII

- | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. only | 2. than | 3. less | 4. more | 5. same |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|

6. from 7. try 8. changes 9. lives 10. guides

Question VIII

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	C	B	B	D	A	C	D	A	D

Question IX

1	2	3	4	5
D	B	B	C	B

Question X

1. If I had had enough money, I would have bought that laptop.
2. She said that she had to study hard for her next/ following examination.
3. You won't be allowed to go in the house.
4. The man who is standing over there is my uncle.
5. Their exercises weren't finished on time.
6. The explorer who discovered America was Christopher Columbus.
7. Although he has a good learning condition, he doesn't study well.
8. How about going swimming tomorrow afternoon.
9. Jane speaks English better than Mary.
10. He wasn't tall enough to reach the switch..

Question XI

- **Không hạn chế về thể loại; Không lệch quá 10% về số lượng từ.**
- Thí sinh có thể viết theo những cách khác nhưng câu phải đúng ngữ pháp; có nghĩa phù hợp với chủ đề.
- **Bài viết gồm 4 phần**

1. Môi trường là gì? Quan điểm của cá nhân về môi trường: 0.5 đ

1. Thực trạng: 0.5 đ

2. Nguyên nhân: 0.5 đ

3. Giải pháp, những việc làm để bảo vệ môi trường của mọi người, của học sinh: 1.0đ

