# PHÒNG GD&ĐT THANH MIỆN TRƯỜNG THCS PHẠM KHA

## ĐỀ KIỂM TRA CUỐI KỲ 2 - NĂM HỌC: 2024- 2025 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH - LỚP 9

Thời gian: 60 phút (Không kể thời gian giao đề) (Đề thi có 04 trang)

Họ và tên: Nguyễn Thanh Huyền SĐT Zalo: 0383525450 Tên Zalo: Nguyễn Thanh Huyền Email: huyenjet1975@gmail.com

## A. LISTENING:

I. People are having problems using these gadgets or machines. What is the problem with each one? Listen and circle the correct answer. (You will hear the recording TWICE.) (1.0 point)

Question 1. Digital camera

A. He forgot to turn it on B. It needs more film C. The memory is full

Question 2. Flashlight

A. The bulb is broken B. The bateries are dead C. It's too dirty

Question 3. Rice cooker

A. He pushed the wrong button B. He put in too much rice

C. He put in too much water

Question 4. CD player

A. The volume is too low B. He didn't put in a CD C. The CD is too dirty

II. Tim and Mrs. Brady are making small talk. Are these statements true (T) or false (F)? Listen and check ( the correct answer. One is done for you. (You will hear the recording TWICE.) (1.0 point)

|                   | Statements                               | True | False |
|-------------------|--|------|-------|
|                   | They are meeting for the first time.     |      | 1     |
| <b>Question 5</b> | Tim was a student in Mrs. Brady's class. |      |       |
| <b>Question 6</b> | Tim is a college student now.            |      |       |
| Question 7        | Mrs. Brady ends the conversation.        |      |       |
| Question 8        | They make plans to meet again.           |      |       |

### **B. PRONUNCIATION**

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. (0.5 point)

Question 9. A. liquidB. livingC. habitatD. climateQuestion 10. A. bilingualB. dialectC. establishD. profile

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions. (0.5 point)

Question 11. A. anxiousB. deliciousC. variousD. obviousQuestion 12. A. coverB. observeC. protectD. persuade

## C. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

|  |   | indicate the correct   | answer to each of the following   |
|--|---|--|---|
| questions. (1.75 points)   |   | ag a Irary atan in nya   | garring Earth's resources   |
| Question 13. Reducing  | waste is  | _ as a key step in pre   | serving Earth's resources.  |
|  |   | C. caused  |   |
|  | ics teacher,  | I always admire  | , has a vast knowledge about outer  |
| space.   | D 1:1   | C 1  | D 1   |
| A. that  | B. which  | C. whose   | D. whom   |
|  |   |  | high-quality images easily.   |
|  |   | C. should take   |   |
|  | d suggested   | a projector so the   | hat we could watch movies at the  |
| hotel.   | 5.1.  |  | 5.71  |
| A. to bring  | B. bringing   | C. that should bri   | ng D. I brought   |
| <b>Question 17.</b> The talen  | ted   | _ in the restaurant car  | prepare a variety of dishes.  |
| A. tailors   | B. chefs  | C. cashiers  | D. managers   |
| <b>Question 18.</b>  | it was rair   | ning heavily, we decid   | ed to stay indoors.   |
|  |   | C. If  |   |
| <b>Question 19.</b> She asked  |   |  |   |
| A. buy   | B. bought   | C. would buy   | D. would bought   |
| <ul> <li>Please wait (21)</li> <li>If you have any f</li> <li>To get your food</li> <li>Question 20: A. look</li> <li>Question 21: A. with</li> </ul>  | ake your dining even, (20)  a was  a | the menu and deciditer or waitress to constell (22)s  detailed with what you  C. read  C. at   | easant: de what to order. ne and take your order. staff before you order. u want and speak clearly. D. take D. on   |
| Question 22: A. the  | B. a  | C. an  | D. x (no article)   |
| Teenagers having etheir exam results. And as good as their friends may feel so (24) result, they may have to music. Teenagers (2 including loss of appetit it is important for teach encouraging as possible | ch of the number xams may feel strain and may feel word and may feel word by the amount of give up (25) suffite, being unable there and parents to e.   | red blanks from 23 to ressed for different restall probably be afraid prized about being (23 to f studying which to leisure activities for from exam stress to sleep and a lack of the watch out for these | asons. Their future may depend on that their performances will not benegatively to them. They hey need to do. To obtain a good such as doing sports and listening may show a variety of symptoms motivation to study. (27), signs and to be as supportive and |
| <b>Ouestion 23. A.</b> closed  | <b>B.</b> S11996  | sted C. agreed   | <b>D.</b> compared  |

| Question 24. A. exhausted | <b>B.</b> relaxed | C. excited   | <b>D.</b> embarrassed |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Question 25. A. every     | B. much           | C. many      | D. each               |
| Question 26. A. when      | B. which          | C. where     | <b>D.</b> who         |
| Question 27. A. Although  | <b>B.</b> However | C. Therefore | <b>D.</b> Moreover    |

# II. Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 28 to 32. (1.25 points)

One of the most urgent environmental problems in the world today is the shortage of clean water. Having clean drinking water is a basic human right. However, acid rain, industrial pollution and garbage have made many sources of water undrinkable. Lakes, reservoirs and even entire seas have become vast pools of poison. Lake Baikal in Russia is one of the largest lakes in the world. It contains a rich variety of animals and plants, including 1,300 rare species that do not exist anywhere else in the world. Yet, they are being destroyed by the massive volumes of industrial effluent which pour into the lake every day. Even though laws have been made, the governments do not have the power to enforce them. Most industries simply ignore the regulations. The Mediterranean Sea occupies 1% of the world's water surface, but it is the dumping ground for 50% of all marine pollution. Almost 16 countries regularly dump industrial waste a few miles offshore.

Clean water is now scarce, and we are at last beginning to respect this precious resource. We should do something now.

Question 28. What is one of the most urgent environmental problems in the world today as stated in the passage?

**A.** Air pollution. **B.** Deforestation. **C.** Clean water shortage. **D.** Soil erosion.

Question 29. According to the passage, what has made many sources of water undrinkable? **B.** Industrial pollution. **C.** Garbage.

Question 30. Which sentence is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

**A.** Lake Baikal contains a rich variety of animals and plants.

**B**. Most industries ignore the regulations.

C. Lakes, reservoirs and even entire seas have become vast pools of poison.

**D**. Lake Baikal contains 1,300 rare species that are available somewhere else in the world.

Question 31. What does the word "effluent" mean in the context of the passage?

**A.** A type of fish found in Lake Baikal.

**B.** A rare plant species.

**C.** Industrial waste that flows into the lake.

**D.** A method of water purification.

**Question 32**. What does the word "them" in the passage refer to?

A. laws.

**B.** governments. **C.** industries.

**D.** regulations.

**D.** All of the above.

#### E. WRITING

A. Acid rain.

# I. Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions. (0.5 point)

Question 33. The Sahara is the largest hot desert. It covers much of North Africa.

- A. The Sahara, which is the largest hot desert, covers much of North Africa.
- B. North Africa is the largest hot desert, which covers the Sahara.
- C. The Sahara and North Africa are the two hottest deserts in the world.
- D. No desert is hotter than North Africa, which is located in the Sahara.

Question 34. The teacher was giving the lesson. The lights went out.

- A. Before the teacher was giving the lesson, the lights went out.
- B. While the teacher was giving the lesson, the lights went out.
- C. The lights went out as soon as the teacher started giving the lesson.
- D. While the teacher was giving the lesson, when the lights went out.

# II. In about 50 - 70 words. Write about advantages of using electronic devices in modern classrooms. You may use the following suggested ideas: 1,5 points

electronic devices can help students

- stay engaged and motivated
- develope technology skills
- better prepare for the future career
- store, organise, and access their notes and asignments.

