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| **SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO KIÊN GIANG****Trường THPT Chuyên Huỳnh Mẫn Đạt**

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| **ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC** |

 | **KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT****NĂM HỌC 2022-2023****Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH (ĐỀ ANH CHUNG)**Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề |

**PART I: PHONETICS (1 mark)**

**Choose the word A, B, C or D whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.**

**Question 1:** A. explor**ed** B. practic**ed** C. examin**ed** D. combin**ed**

**Question 2:** A. **ch**ange B. **ch**ance C. s**ch**olarship D. **ch**arity

**Choose the word A, B, C or D whose stressed pattern is different from that of the others.**

**Question 3:** A. festival B. business C. memory D. prediction

**Question 4:** A. necessity B. temperature C. emergency D. development

**Question 5:** A. argue B. compare C. succeed D. delay

**PART I: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (4 marks)**

**Choose the word A, B, C or D that best completes each of the following sentences.**

**Question 6:** My children enjoy\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ part in social activities in their town.

 A. to take B. taking C. took D. take

**Question 7:** Tom rarely comes to party, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. doesn’t Tom B. doesn’t he C. does Tom D. does he

**Question 8:** We decided to spend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ summer in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ seaside town.

 A. a - a B. the - a C. the – no article D. no article - the

**Question 9:** The next exam will be held \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 28th of this month.

 A. at B. on C. of D. in

**Question 10:** He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here an hour ago.

 A. has left B. left C. is leaving D. was leaving

**Question 11:** Last night, we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ television when the power \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. watched - failed B. were watching - failed

 C. was watching - failed D. watched – was failing

**Question 12:** Thomas doesn’t drink beer and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_does his brother.

 A. too B. either C. so D. neither

**Question 13:** Recently health foods have increased in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. popularization B. popular C. popularity D. popularize

**Question 14:** Jane may leave Vietnam either today \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow.

 A. nor B. but C. and D. or

**Question 15:** These exercises \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by my students.

 A. must to be done B. have to be done C. should to be done D. were to be done

**Question 16:** Tidal waves are the result of an abrupt shift in the underwater \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the earth.

 A. compliment B. movement C. temperature D. disaster

**Question 17:** Tim wishes he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_able to earn money to help his family.

 A. can be B. will be C. has been D. were

**Question 18:** The teacher with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_we studied last year no longer teaches in our school.

 A. whose B. who C. that D. whom

**Question 19:** She speaks English \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as her friend does.

 A. the most fluently B. as fluently C. so fluently D. more fluently

**Question 20:** Don’t smoke in the forest. Fires \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ easily at this time of the year.

 A. break out B. find out C. put out D. run out

**Question 21:** The train was late, but no one know the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the delay.

 A. reason B. result C. process D. purpose

**Choose the word A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSET in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 22:** He **sank into deep despair** when he lost his job.

 A. become very unhappy B. became very enjoyable

 C. burst into tears D. was delighted

**Question 23:** These **handicrafts** may face the challenges of losing their authenticity.

 A. luxuries B. artisans C. inventions D. artifacts

**Choose the word A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 24:** Sorry, I can’t come to your party. I’m **snowed under with** work at the moment.

 A. relaxed about B. interested in C. free from D. busy with

**Question 25:** The Ao Dai, the **traditional** dress of Vietnamese women, consists of a long tunic that is slit on the sides and worn over loose pants.

 A. modern B. classic C. common D. customary

**PART III: SPEAKING (0.4) mark)**

**Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the option that best complets each of the following exchanges.**

**Question 26:** Hoa and Lan are talking about the environment problem.

**- Hoa:** “What are the main threats to environment today?”

**- Lan:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 A. We need a clean environment to live in.

 B. Threats are possible dangers to environment.

 C. Environmental pollution is a big issue for our planet.

 D. Probably deforestation and global warning.

**Question 27:** Mary is talking to her professor in his office.

**- Mary:** “Can you tell me how to find material for my science report, professor?”

**- Professor:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 A. I like it that you understand. B. try your best, Mary.

 C. You can borrow books from the library. D. You mean the podcasts from other students?

**PART IV: READING (3 marks)**

**Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D for each question. (1 mark)**

Social media marketing has increased due to the growing active users on social media sites. For example, Facebook currently has 2.2 billion users, Twitter has 330 million active users and Instagram has 800 million users.

 One of the main uses is to interact with audiences to create awareness of the brand or service, with the main idea of creating a two-way communication system where the audience and/or customers can interact back; providing feedback as just one example. Social media can be used to advertise; placing an advert on Facebook's Newsfeed, for example, can allow a **vast** number of people to see it or targeting specific audiences from their usage to encourage awareness of the product or brand. Users of social media are then able to like, share and comment on the advert, becoming message senders as they can keep passing the advert's message on to their friends and onwards. The use of new media put consumers on the position of spreading opinions, sharing experience, and has shift power from organization to consumers for it allows **transparency** and different opinions to be heard.

 Media marketing has to keep up with all the different platforms. They also have to keep up with the ongoing trends that are set by big influencers and draw many peoples’ attention. The type of audience a business is going for will determine the social media site they use.

 *(Retrieved fromhttps://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?tille=Social\_media&oldid=927272773)*

**Question 28:** According to the second paragraph, users can do the followings with the adverts on social media EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. share B. like C. adjust D. pass

**Question 29:** The word “**vast**” in the second paragraph is **CLOSEST** in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. enormous B. certain C. definite D. small

**Question 30:** According to the last paragraph, what does media marketing have to keep up with?

 A. The type of audience B. The new trends set by every normal user

 C. All the various platforms D. Other types of media

**Question 31:** The word “t**ransparency” in the second paragraph id CLOEST in meaning to** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. clarity B. territory C. scenery D. rivalry

**Question 32:** Which best severs as the tittle of the passage?

 A. New types of marketing B. Two-way communication

 C. Let listen to our customers D. Advertisements is on social media

**Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question. (1 mark)**

 Tourism will always have an impact on the places visited. Sometimes the impact is good, but often **it** is negative. For example, if lots of people visit one place, then this can damage the environment. The question is - how can we minimize the problems without preventing people from travelling and visiting places?

 The main aim of ecotourism is to reduce the negative impact that tourism has on the environment and local people. The idea is to encourage tourists to think about what they do when they visit a place.

 It's great to talk about protecting the environment, but how do you actually do this? There are a number of key points. Tourists shouldn't drop litter, they should stay on the paths, they shouldn't interfere with wildlife and they should **respect** local customs and traditions.

 Some people see ecotourism as a contradiction. They say that any tourism needs infrastructure - roads, airports and hotels. The more tourists that visit a place, the more of these are needed and, by building more of these, you can't avoid damaging the environment.

 But, of course, things aren't so black and white. Living in a place of natural beauty doesn't mean that you shouldn't benefit from things like better roads. As long as the improvements benefit the local people and not just the tourists, and the local communities are consulted on plans and changes, then is there really a problem?

 In 2002 the United Nations celebrated the "International Year of Ecotourism". Over the past

twenty years, more and more people have started taking eco-holidays. In countries such as Ecuador, Nepal, Costa Rica and Kenya, ecotourism represents a significant proportion of the tourist industry.

**Question 33:** In paragraph 1, the word "**it**" refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. damage B. tourism C. environment D. impact

**Question 34:** Which of the following is TRUE about the author's opinion?

 A. Tourists are consulted about the plans to build new infrastructure.

 B. Governments are consulted about the plans to build new infrastructure

 C. New infrastructure could be accepted as long as it also helps local people.

 D. Building extra infrastructure in ecotourism areas must be prohibited.

**Question 35:** According to the passage, what does the ecotourism aim at?

 A. Finding a new form of tourism B. Reducing the tourism problems

 C. preventing tourists from travelling D. stopping ecotourism altogether

**Question 36:** In paragraph 3, the word "**respect**" is **CLOSEST** in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. value B. label C. reduce D. deny

**Question 37:** What is the main idea of the passage?

 A. A brief introduction about ecotourism B. Some Dos for ecotourists

 C. Some Don'ts for ecotourists D. Benefits and drawbacks of ecotourism

**Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits each space in the following passage.**

 Kal Kaur Rai has always been interested in fashion and has just won the ticket of Young Achiever of the Year at the Asian Business Award. Ever since she was a child, she has drawn clothes and designed patterns. She never told her hard-working parents, (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ own a supermarket, that she wanted to turn her hobby into a career. She thought they expected her to go into a more established business, (39) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she went to university to do a management degree.

 After university, she moved to London and worked in an advertising agency. She had to attend industry (40) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but couldn't afford the designer clothes she liked. She started making skirts and tops for herself. When her friends saw her clothes, they asked her to make things for them. She then found a small shop in London willing to take her designs on a sale-or return basis. They were very popular and nothing came back. This encouraged her to leave her advertising job, take out a £20,000 (41) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and begin her own womenswear label.

 Kal's parents were not angry about her career change and said they would support her, which really pleased her. Her clothes are now on sale in over 70 stores and her business has an income of over £500,000. Her clothes appear in fashion magazines, she designs for pop stars and she has just gained public (42) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by winning this award. Her business has come a long way and she knows she is extremely lucky. 'What I do is my hobby - and I get paid for it! But remember, I've worked hard for this.'

**Question 38:** A. whose B. that C. who D. whom

**Question 39:** A. so B. but C. or D. because

**Question 40:** A. events B. inventions C. works D. shops

**Question 41:** A. borrow B. money C. loan D. currency

**Question 42:** A. recognized B. recognition C. recognizable D. recognizably

**PART V: WRITING (1.6 marks)**

**Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (0.6 mark)**

**Question 43:** Someone must have taken my bag. I clearly remember to leave it by the window and

 A B C

now it has gone.

C

**Question 44:** Every student who majors in English are ready to participate in the oratorical contest.

 A B C D

**Question 45:** I asked him how far was it from my school to the post office if I went by taxi.

 A B C D

**Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. (1 mark).**

**Question 46:** “Don’t forget to submit your assignments next Saturday.” Said the teacher to the students.

 (**reminded**)

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**Question 47:** Nobody has cleaned this room for a long time. (**been**)

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**Question 48:** It takes Hoa 2 hours to do her homework every day. (**spends**)

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**Question 49:** I’ve never tasted a more delicious tart than this one. (**most**)

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**Question 50:** Study hard or you will fail the exam. (**unless**)

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**--- THE END ---**