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| **PHẠM THỊ HOÀI THU – THCS BẠCH ĐẰNG – QUẬN HỒNG BÀNG****ĐỀ THI VÀO LỚP 10 THPT** **Năm học 2024 – 2025** |

**Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.**

**Question 1. A.** decide  **B.** speciality **C.** officer  **D.** consumer

**Question 2. A.** locate  **B.** overseas **C.** poster  **D.** often

**Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose main stress position is placed differently from that of the others in each group.**

**Question 3. A.** invite **B.** mistake **C.** delay **D.** physics

**Question 4. A.** handicraft **B.** pottery **C.** collector  **D.** officer

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word in the following question.**

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**A.** went on **B.** turned on **C.** turned up **D.** went off

**Question 6.** When do you think you should start thinking **seriously** about your career?

**A.** differently **B.** casually **C.** highly **D.** much

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in the following question.**

**Question 7.** The company employs 28 000 people **worldwide**.

 **A.** global  **B.** national  **C.** universal  **D.** local

**Question 8. Development** in science and technology is greatly changing the way we live, communicate, travel, everything ...

**A.** Improvement **B.** Innovation **C.** Increasing **D.** Progress

**Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase to complete each of the following sentences.**

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 Tom’s father: “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 **A.** It's alright. Be careful next time.

 **B.** Not at all. Follow me and I'll show you.

 **C.** I'm so glad you like the dish.

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 **A.** enjoyment **B.** enjoyable **C.** enjoyably **D.** enjoying

Question **11.** The office is quiet bright and airy – it is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ working environment.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A.** pleasant |  **B.** please |  **C.** pleasantly |  **D.** pleasantness |

**Question 12.** It was difficult to deliver the letter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the sender had written the wrong address on the envelope.

|  |  |  |  |
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| **A.** but |  **B.** However |  **C.** because |  **D.** although |

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**Question 15.** Our peopletake great pride \_\_\_\_\_\_ the victories against the invaders

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 **A.** read **B.** reads **C.** was reading **D.** has read

**Question 19.** The candidates are not allowed\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their mobile phones for their exams.

 **A.** taking  **B.** taken **C.** to take  **D.** take

**Question 20.** Mai: I’m going to a seminar on the past days of Hanoian this Sunday. Would you like to go with me?

Tom: \_\_\_\_\_\_

 **A.** B. Great. Thanks. I’d love to. **B.** D. It’s so great. I’m sorry.

 **C.** C. Oh, Thanks. I’m busy this Sunday. **D.** A. Do you like past events?

**Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the part that is incorrect in each of the following sentences.**

**Question 21.** She doesn’t have much friends in her new city.

 **A.** She **B.** doesn’t **C.** much **D.** in

**Question 22.** People in the past was slower in accepting technological changes than they are today.

 **A.** was  **B.** in **C.** the  **D.** technological

**Read the following passage and mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word that best completes each of the blanks.**

 English is a Germanic language that originated from England. It is also a (23) \_\_\_\_\_ language in the other home countries of the United Kingdom, in the United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Republic of Ireland, South Africa, and numerous other countries. 380 million people speak English as their first language. English has “lingua franca” status in many parts of the world (24) \_\_\_\_\_ the military, economic, scientific, political and cultural influence of the “British Empire” in the 18th and 19th centuries and that of the “United States” from the mid-20th century to the present. The global (25) \_\_\_\_\_ of English comes from cinema, music, airlines, broadcasting, science, and the Internet in recent decades. English is now (26) \_\_\_\_\_ widely learned second language in the world. Many students worldwide need to learn some English and business English is required in many fields and occupations. Because people speak and learn English everywhere, the language is (27) \_\_\_\_\_ a “global language.” It is also, by international treaty, the official language for aircraft/airport communication. Its acceptance as a first or second language is the main indication of its global status.m,.

**Question 23. A.** official **B.** second  **C.** first  **D.** native

**Question 24. A.** due to  **B.** although  **C.** in spite of  **D.** because

**Question 25. A.** influence  **B.** function  **C.** memory  **D.** impression

**Question 26. A.** limitedly  **B.** rarely  **C.** widely  **D.** occasionally

**Question 27. A.** preserved  **B.** symbolized  **C.** considered  **D.** changed

**Read the following passage and mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

 From the 20th to the 21th century, there have been significant changes in the majority of countries around the world. Substantial differences are evident between the way we live today, and the way we lived a century ago.Viet Nam is no exception although there are some aspects of life in Viet Nam that are similar to the way of life of the twentieth century.

 Living in Viet Nam today differs greatly from the lifestyle of 100 years ago. People in the past mainly worked in agriculture whereas today there are significantly fewer people working in this sector of the economy. These days, by comparison, people are more likely to be employed in manufacturing and tourism than in the rice fields. Moreover, Viet Nam, which was traditionally agricultural, is transforming into an entirely different country. While agriculture is still an important **component** of the Vietnamese economy, other enterprises are accounting for an increasing amount of economic activity.

 However, along with the differences, similarities also exist. The Vietnamese have kept many of the characteristics of their forefathers. The Vietnamese people are as friendly today as they were in the past. This is best illustrated in the way they welcome foreigners. Moreover, the determination of the people of Viet Nam has not changed. The Vietnamese work collectively and happily towards the development of their country.

 To conclude, while there are differences in past and present lifestyles, there are important similarities. Although Viet Nam has changed in many ways, there always have been, and always will be, the friendly welcoming smiles of the Vietnamese people.

**Question 28.** According to the passage, Viet Nam has had significant changes \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** during the 20th century **B.** for over 100 years

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**Question 29.** What is the best title of this passage?

 **A.** Vietnamese lifestyle in the past

 **B.** How Vietnamese lifestyle has changed over times

 **C.** Vietnamese lifestyle in the 20th century

 **D.** Vietnamese modern lifestyle

**Question 30.** What can be infered from the passage?

 **A.** Viet Nam people no longer work in agriculture.

 **B.** Viet Nam has changed in many ways but still kept many traditional characteristics.

 **C.** Viet Nam has transformed into an industrial country.

 **D.** The majority of population works in tourism.

**Question 31.** All of the following are traditional features of the Vietnamese EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** the determination to build the country **B.** the entirely different country

 **C.** the friendly welcoming smiles **D.** the hospitality to strangers

**Question 32.** The word "**component**” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** part  **B.** aspect **C.** group  **D.** company

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to the given one.**

**Question 33.**  "I will meet you at the café," said Linda.

 **A.** Linda said that she would meet me at the café.

 **B.** Linda said she will meet me at the café.

 **C.** Linda said that she would meet you at the café.

 **D.** Linda said she will meet you at the café.

**Question 34. Tim is very busy; however, he manages to spend time with his children every evening.**

 **A.** Although Tim is very busy, he manages to spend time with his children every evening.

 **B.** Tim is very busy because he has to spend time with his children every evening.

 **C.** Even though Tim manages to spend time with his children every evening, but he was very busy.

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**Question 35.** John is not as tall as Tom.

 **A.** Tom is shorter than John.

 **B.** Tom is taller than John.

 **C.** John is the tallest of all.

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**Question 36.** You want to study more about Vietnamese life in the past. You should visit some museums and ancient villages in Viet Nam.

 **A.** If you want to study more about Vietnamese life in the past, you should visit some museums and ancient villages in Viet Nam.

 **B.** If you want to study more about Vietnamese life in the past, you shouldn’t visit some museums and ancient villages in Viet Nam.

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**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is best written from the words/ phrases given.**

**Question 37.** I/ wish/ I/ have/ enough money/ buy/ new/ computer.

 **A.** I wish I had enough money buying a new.

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**Question 38.** The book/ you/ give/ me/ yesterday/ interesting.

 **A.** The book which you gave me yesterday is interesting.

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**Question 39.** He/ work/ hard/ so/ he/ get/ promotion.

 **A.** He work hard so that he can get a promotion.

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**Question 40.** She/ finish/ her homework/ before/ she/ go/ to bed.

 **A.** She finishes her homework before she goes to bed.

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