**ĐỀ THI THỬ SỐ 3**  
**ĐỀ PHÁT TRIỂN THEO FORM MINH HỌA**  
*(Thời gian làm bài: 50 phút, không tính thời gian giao đề)*

**Read the following advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6.**

**IELTS FEVER - The Path to Academic Success!**

**The Rise of IELTS Fever**  
In recent years, the phenomenon known (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ "IELTS fever" has taken hold of Vietnamese students and their parents. This alarming trend has led many young learners (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ significant time and resources into preparing for the exam

**Why Does IELTS Matter So Much?**  
Parents often feel anxious by the pressure to help their children (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, leading to intense study schedules and additional tutoring sessions. Many students, (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the competition, find themselves overwhelmed and stressed. The importance of achieving a high score has made the IELTS a (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for university admissions abroad. As a result, both students and parents are (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sacrifices to ensure success. In the pursuit of excellence, it is essential to find a balance between studying and maintaining well-being.

Join our IELTS success program today!  
Let us help you turn your IELTS dreams into reality!

**Question 1:** A. to B. as C. of D. in  
**Question 2:** A. to invest B. investing C. invest D. to investing  
**Question 3:** A. success B. successful C. succeed D. successfully  
**Question 4:** A. driving B. driven C. who drive D. are driven  
**Question 5:**  
A. necessary requirement entrance B. necessary entrance requirement  
C. requirement necessary entrance D. entrance necessary requirement  
**Question 6:** A. doing B. taking C. putting D. making

**Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.**

**What Happens When Parents Over-Control?**

**Decision Interference**

Many parents have the best intentions when it (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to raising their children. However, some tend to control their children’s lives too much. This behavior can be counterproductive, leading to (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ unintended consequences. For instance, when parents interfere with their children’s decisions, it can hinder their (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to develop independence. (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fostering growth, this type of parenting may create anxiety and resentment among children.

**What Do the Studies Say?**

A significant (11) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of studies show that overly controlling parenting can lead to lower self-esteem in children. In many cases, parents should (12) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ account the importance of allowing freedom for their children to make their own choices.

**Question 7:** A. comes B. turns C. goes D. brings  
**Question 8:** A. every B. some C. few D. another  
**Question 9:** A. capacity B. prospect C. ability D. likelihood  
**Question 10:** A. Instead of B. Except for C. Because of D. In spite of  
**Question 11:** A. quantity B. number C. level D. amount  
**Question 12:** A. turn into B. make into C. look into D. take into

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentence to make a meaningful paragraph/letter in each of the following questions.**

**Question 13:**

a. Tom: That's great! Congratulations!  
b. Jerry: Yes, I did! I'm really happy with my results.  
c. Tom: Did you receive your grades for the first semester?  
A. c-b-a B. c-a-b C. a-c-b D. b-c-a

**Question 14:**

a. Sarah: That's a relief! I was worried about him.  
b. Mary: The doctors said he needs a few more weeks of rest.  
c. Sarah: Let me know if you need any help during this time.  
d. Sarah: How's your dad doing after the surgery, Mary?  
e. Mary: He's recovering well, thanks for asking.  
A. d-b-a-e-c B. c-b-a-e-d C. d-e-a-b-c D. c-d-e-b-a

**Question 15:**  
**Dear New Students,**  
a. We will have various fun activities prepared just for you.  
b. The event will take place on August 30th in the main auditorium.  
c. We are excited to invite you to our upcoming freshman welcome event.  
d. Don't forget to bring your student ID for entry.  
e. It’s a wonderful opportunity for you to meet your peers and faculty members.  
**Best regards,**  
**School Administration.**  
A. d-b-a-c-e B. b-a-d-c-e C. a-e-c-b-d D. c-b-e-a-d

**Question 16:**  
a. However, experts believe that AI will not just eliminate jobs but also create new opportunities  
in areas that require human creativity, emotional intelligence, and complex problem-solving skills.  
b. The rapid development of artificial intelligence (AI) is significantly altering the global job market, with many industries being affected.  
c. A report showed that in 2023 alone, over 1.5 million jobs were automated globally due to advancements in AI technologies, and this number is expected to rise.  
d. Numerous workers are growing increasingly concerned about job security as AI continues to replace positions traditionally held by humans, particularly in fields like manufacturing and customer service.  
e. In conclusion, the key challenge for the workforce will be to adapt to these changes by reskilling and embracing new roles that AI cannot easily replace.  
A. b-a-c-d-e B. b-d-c-a-e C. d-a-c-b-e D. a-d-c-b-e

**Question 17:**  
a. Once the government increases its focus on prioritizing English education in rural and remote areas, further advancements in the national ranking can be expected, as those regions have traditionally struggled with limited access to quality resources.  
b. In response to these challenges, the government has rolled out several large-scale initiatives aimed at improving English education, including scholarships for teacher training and introducing English as a compulsory subject from an early age in many schools.  
c. In conclusion, while Vietnam's English proficiency is improving, achieving higher rankings will depend on continuous efforts to bridge the gap between rural and urban students and expanding access to English education across all regions.  
d. However, despite this upward trend, significant challenges remain, especially in areas outside of major cities, where English proficiency levels are still considerably low due to insufficient educational infrastructure and lack of qualified teachers.  
e. Vietnam recently ranked 58th in the EF English Proficiency Index, marking a slight improvement from its 60th place ranking in the previous year, which highlights steady progress.  
A. a-b-d-c-e B. e-a-d-b-c C. b-e-a-c-d D. d-b-c-a-e

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.**

The emergence of Robot Doctors has revolutionized the field of healthcare, providing innovative solutions for various medical challenges. Equipped with cutting-edge technology, (18) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. These robots, designed to assist in surgical procedures, utilize advanced algorithms and real-time data analysis to enhance precision and minimize risks during operations.

In recent years, studies have shown that the integration of robotics in surgery leads to quicker recovery times for patients, (19) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. However, not all healthcare professionals are supportive of this technological shift.

Moreover, many proponents argue that Robot Doctors (20) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, allowing them to focus on critical patient care and ensuring that patients receive the best possible care. This perspective emphasizes the collaborative potential between human medical staff and robotic systems.

The development of these technologies has been influenced by the increasing demand for precise and reliable healthcare practices, (21) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. However, despite the numerous advantages of Robot Doctors, (22) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 18:**  
A. complex tasks are performed by these robots with remarkable efficiency  
B. these robots are able to perform complex tasks with remarkable efficiency  
C. remarkable efficiency can be achieved in complex tasks with these robots  
D. tasks that are complex come naturally to these robots with remarkable efficiency  
**Question 19:**  
A. that has proven to provide healthcare systems with increased operational efficiency and effectiveness  
B. which indicating that traditional methods may soon become obsolete due to these advancements  
C. whose benefits are expected to be evident in the reduction of post-operative complications, for example  
D. therefore mounting concerns regarding the role of human surgeons in the future of medicine  
**Question 20:**  
A. of which the design was made to alleviate the workload of healthcare professionals  
B. have been designed to alleviate the workload of healthcare professionals  
**Biên soạn: Cô Phạm Liễu**  
C. that have been designed to alleviate the workload of healthcare professionals  
D. having been designed to alleviate the workload of healthcare professionals  
**Question 21:**  
A. was driven by engineers and medical experts collaborating to refine their functionalities years  
B. driving by engineers and medical experts collaborating to refine their functionalities  
C. driven by engineers and medical experts collaborating to refine their functionalities  
D. of which engineers and medical experts drive by collaborating to refine their functionalities  
**Question 22:**  
A. robotic systems are completely autonomous and do not require any maintenance or supervision  
B. human intervention remains crucial to ensuring the safety and effectiveness of medical procedures  
C. patients are always more comfortable with robots than with human doctors  
D. medical professionals are no longer needed for surgical procedures, as robots can handle everything

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 23 to 30.**

After a long campaign, Donald Trump will return to the White House. With a combined 29 electoral votes in the key states of Wisconsin and Pennsylvania, Trump secured 270 electoral votes necessary for him to win the presidential election.

During a speech, Trump expressed gratitude to the American people. “I want to thank the American people for the extraordinary honour of being elected your 47th president and your 45th president. [...] I will not rest until we have delivered the strong, safe, and prosperous America that our children deserve and that you deserve."

Despite the victory, it will still be a couple of months before Trump can be called the President of the United States. Right now, he is still considered a president elect, someone who has been voted to be president but has not officially started work. If nothing goes wrong, in the inauguration ceremony in January 2025, he, along with vice-president elect JD Vance, will take office and give a speech to the people about his future intent as new president, and begin work immediately after. Until then, Trump and Vance will be building their new administration team, which may include billionaire Elon Musk, the CEO of Tesla, who has expressed his congratulations.

According to an expert, Trump's victory is one of the most remarkable comebacks in political history, as it came just four years after his failed attempt in 2020. President Joe Biden, following the lead of Democratic nominee Kamala Harris, has phoned President-elect Trump to congratulate him on his election victory.

*(Adapted from various sources)*

**Question 23:** The word "secured" in paragraph 1 OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A. rejected B. denied C. missed D. cancelled  
**Question 24:** The word "intent" in paragraph 3 is best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A. power B. ambition C. law D. demand  
**Question 25:** Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 3?  
A. There will be arguments about the results for a few months before Trump becomes president.  
B. Trump will only be considered the US president a few months after his victory in the election.  
C. Although he won the election, Trump still needs a few months to prepare for the presidency.  
D. Until several months after the election, it is illegal for people to call Trump the US president.  
**Question 26:** All of the following people congratulated Trump on his win EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A. JD Vance B. Elon Musk C. Joe Biden D. Kamala Harris  
**Question 27:** The word "it" in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A. expert B. victory C. comeback D. history  
**Question 28:** Which of the following is TRUE, according to the passage?  
A. Trump won the US presidency after winning important votes in Pennsylvania.  
B. In his speech, Trump expressed his determination to improve life in America.  
C. Elon Musk was promised to become a part of Trump's administration team.  
D. No other victory in political history has been more notable than Trump's.  
**Question 29:** In which paragraph does the writer mention a conditional relationship?  
A. Paragraph 1 B. Paragraph 2 C. Paragraph 3 D. Paragraph 4  
**Question 30:** In which paragraph does the writer explain the requirement to win the presidential election?  
A. Paragraph 1 B. Paragraph 2 C. Paragraph 3 D. Paragraph 4

**Read the following passage about and mark the letter A, B, C, D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 40.**

[I] During the COVID-19 pandemic, you may feel extremely hard to concentrate for any length of time, as if we are in a state of constant distraction. [II] And there's a psychological theory that might help explain why: the Cognitive Load Theory (CLT). [III]

According to CLT, when we're working on a problem, especially an unfamiliar one, we depend on our "working memory", which is very limited in terms of how much information it can hold and how long information can be stored. [III] The less familiar you are with a task, the more you depend on your working memory to process new information. [IV] In contrast, when you're an expert at something, most of what you need to know is stored in long-term memory and you can complete the task on auto-pilot.

This theory provides a useful framework for understanding the different ways the pandemic could be affecting your mental function. First, by forcing you into new routines, it has taken away your ability to do things automatically. A work meeting is one example of this: before, you would just have turned up and joined in the discussion, but now, if you are working remotely, you will have to navigate your video-conferencing software, worry about your Wi-Fi, and so on. These adaptations force you to constantly employ your limited working memory capacity.

Second, research based on CLT has shown how emotions can interfere with information processing. When you’re anxious, for example, this is known to reduce working memory capacity, thus making it much more difficult to work through any mental problem that requires problem-solving. Third, CLT refers to "extraneous cognitive load" - the demand on your working memory capacity imposed by distractions. This could be a secondary task in the background, like when you try to listen to the news while working, or distracting thoughts, such as figuring out how to pick your kids up from school when your boss has scheduled a meeting at the same time.

Thankfully, interpreting the mentally draining effect of pandemic life with CLT points to some strategies to prevent it. First, try to establish new routines and then master them so that you don’t have to constantly use your working memory. Second, put extra effort into stress management, so that your working memory is not overloaded. This means eating well as well as finding time for relaxing activities. Finally, take the strain off your working memory by eliminating distractions. For instance, when you’re working, don’t have the TV on in the background. Allow your mind to focus on one thing at a time and you'll be rewarded by feeling less mentally exhausted.

Our brains have a limited processing capacity that's being stretched to its limit right now, but with some careful planning and self-discipline, there are ways to reduce the cognitive load and rediscover your focus.

*(Adapted from bbc.com)*

**Question 31:** Where in paragraph 1 does the following sentence best fit?  
*This challenge has been exacerbated by the uncertainty and stress brought on by the pandemic.*  
A. [I] B. [II] C. [III] D. [IV]  
**Question 32:** The word *it* in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A. theory B. framework C. pandemic D. function  
**Question 33:** The phrase *employ* in paragraph 3 could be best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A. give in B. draw on C. put up D. look into  
**Question 34:** According to the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned as an example of "extraneous cognitive load"?  
A. trying to watch or listen to a TV show while writing a sales report  
B. considering what to have for dinner during an online meeting  
C. listening to and taking notes of ideas in a meeting at the same time  
D. thinking about household duties while talking to customers  
**Question 35:** Which of the following best summarizes paragraph 5?  
A. Eating well and finding time for relaxation are key strategies for coping with mental fatigue.  
B. Eliminating distractions is the most effective way to improve focus and enhance working memory.  
C. Establishing new routines and managing stress can help prevent the mentally draining effects of pandemic life.  
D. Focusing on one task at a time significantly reduces the strain on working memory and leads to increased productivity.  
**Question 36:** The word *draining* in paragraph 5 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
A. revitalizing B. depleting C. consuming D. absorbing  
**Question 37:** Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?  
A. The new routines during the pandemic have forced people to utilize their working memory more.  
B. When a person suffers from negative emotions, mental problems become a lot harder to solve.  
C. The more new routines you establish, the less you will have to rely on your working memory.  
D. Having too much distractions means that your working memory will need to work much harder.  
**Question 38:** Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 6?  
A. Our cognitive abilities are currently being pushed beyond their normal limits due to overwhelming demands.  
B. Our brains have a limited capacity for processing information, which is currently being stretched to its maximum.  
C. Currently, our brains are functioning at maximum capacity due to various challenges.  
D. The effectiveness of our brain's processing capacity is being tested more than ever before.  
**Question 39:** Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?  
A. The shift to remote working has mentally affected every worker during the pandemic.  
B. Family life is the biggest source of distracting thoughts in the case of remote workers.  
C. Those who do not Take care of themselves well are more likely to overload their working memory.  
D. When workers manage to eliminate all distractions, they will no longer suffer from mental fatigue.  
**Question 40:** Which of the following best summaries the passage?  
A. The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in heightened distractions that impede concentration; however, strategies grounded in Cognitive Load Theory can effectively manage cognitive overload.  
B. Cognitive Load Theory elucidates how emotional states can adversely affect memory and concentration, especially in high-stress situations like the COVID-19 pandemic.  
C. As the pandemic has progressed, many individuals have experienced a reduction in working memory capacity due to increased emotional stress and external distractions, highlighting the necessity for improved mental health practices.  
D. Throughout the pandemic, individuals have found their focus diminished due to new routines and a surge in distractions, leading to an increased reliance on their working memory.

**THE END**

**NEW WORDS AND PHRASES**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Từ vựng | Phiên âm | Nghĩa |
| 1. sacrifice | /'sækrıfaıs/ | sự hy sinh => *make sacrifices*: hy sinh |
| 2. counterproductive | /kaʊntəprə'dıktıv/ | phản tác dụng, gây hậu quả trái ngược |
| 3. unintended | / Λnın'tendid/ | không chủ đích, ngoài ý muốn |
| 4. look into | /lok 'Intu:/ | xem xét, điều tra |
| 5. take into account | /teık 'Intu: ə'kaʊnt/ | cân nhắc, xem xét đến yếu tố nào đó |
| 6. when it comes to | /wen It kamz tu:/ | khi nhắc đến, khi nói về |
| 7. relief | /rı'li:f/ | 1. sự nhẹ nhõm 2. viện trợ, hỗ trợ |
| 8. eliminate | /1'lımınert/ | loại bỏ, trừ khử |
| 9. workforce | /'w3:kfo:s/ | lực lượng lao động |
| 10. proficiency | /prǝ'fıfənsi/ | sự thành thạo, kỹ năng cao |
| 11. insufficient | / ˌɪnsəˈfɪʃənt/ | không đủ, thiếu |
| 12. cutting-edge | /'kʌtɪŋ edʒ/ | hiện đại, tiên tiến nhất |
| 13. critical | /'krɪtɪkl/ | 1. phê phán 2. quan trọng, thiết yếu 3. nguy cấp |
| 14. evident | /'evɪdənt/ | rõ ràng, hiển nhiên |
| 15. alleviate | /ə'li:vi:eɪt/ | làm giảm bớt, xoa dịu |
| 16. refine | /rɪ'faɪn/ | tinh chỉnh, cải tiến |
| 17. lift | /lɪft/ | 1. nâng lên, nhấc lên 2. chấm dứt, bãi bỏ (lệnh cấm) |
| 18. take sb by surprise | /teɪk 'sʌmˌbɒdi baɪ səˈpraɪz/ | làm ai ngạc nhiên |
| 19. compromise | /'kɒmprəmaɪz/ | 1. thỏa hiệp 2. làm tổn hại hoặc ảnh hưởng xấu đến điều gì |
| 20. unfamiliar | /ˌʌnfəˈmɪliər/ | không quen, lạ lẫm |
| 21. framework | /ˈfreɪmwɜːk/ | khung sườn, khuôn khổ |
| 22. employ | /ɪmˈplɔɪ/ | 1. thuê mướn lao động 2. sử dụng (phương pháp, kỹ năng) |
| 23. draining | /ˈdreɪnɪŋ/ | làm kiệt sức, hao tổn năng lượng |
| 24. establish | /ɪˈstæblɪʃ/ | thiết lập, thành lập |
| 25. capacity | /kəˈpæsəti/ | 1. dung tích, khả năng chứa 2. năng lực, khả năng làm việc |