ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 10 ĐỀ SỐ 14

(QUẢNG NINH)

Circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs front the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. (0.6 points)

1. A. opened B. seemed C. closed D. rested

2. A. wealthy B. without C. something D. thoughtful

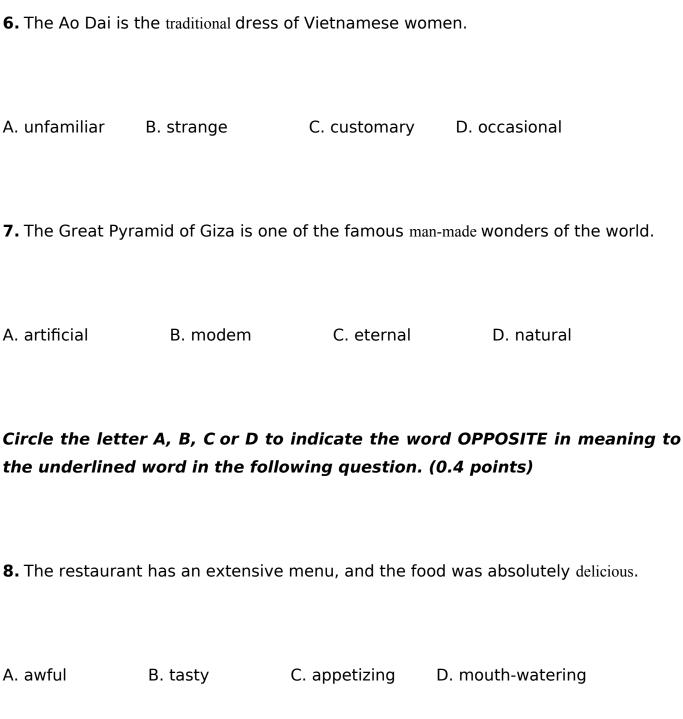
3. A. healthy B. hygiene C. honest D. household

Circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary' stress in the following questions. (0.4 points)

4. A. remain B. cover C. legend D. station

5. A. linguistics B. historic C. behaviour D. interact

Circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to
the underlined word in the following question. (0.4 points)



9. He turned down my offer to work in a big city with a higher.

A. refused B. rejected C. disagreed D. accepted

Circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the answer that best fits each gap in the following questions. (3.2 points)

10. I've been a ve	getarian since I	a documen	tary about animals.
A. had watched	B. watch	C. would watch	D. watched
11. She was tired,	she stay	ed up late to finisl	n the book.
A. so	B. although	C. but	D. since
12. I am proud	the progres	ss I've made in lear	ning a new language.
A. on	B. about	C. in	D. of
13. John is not at h	nome. He	go somewhere	e with Daisy. I am not sure.
A. should	B. must	C. must 📁 🛭). may
14. Not everyone	realizes that	organ of th	e body is the skin.

A. the most large	e B. the largest	C. the larger	D. most largest
15. lt's	that you should follo	w a regular train	ing programme.
A. pleasant	B. confident	C. consciou	us D. essential
16. He doesn't le	et anyone	in the working	time.
A. to talk	B. talks C	talk D	o. to talking
17. I was surprise	ed when an old frienc	l of turned	l up at the door.
A. me	B. mine	C. my	D. I
18. The compartasks.	ny is into	departments,	each responsible for specific
A. consisted	B. included	C. directed	D. divided
19 You have see	en the Korean Drama	"The Myth"	7

20. If we recycle k	pottles and cans, we	e a lot	of natural resources.
A. save	B. will save	C. would save	D. saved
21. The scientist _ lecture next week		d the groundbreak	ing research will be giving a
A. why	B. who	C. where	D. which
22. The tour guid visited.	e offered an inform	ative of	the historical landmarks we
A. descriptive	B. describe	C. description	D. descriptively
23. I wish that he	to me abo	out his living condit	ions.
A. will never lie	В.	would lie never	
C. would never lie	D. co	ould never lie	

B. haven't you C. have you

D. don't you

A. Do you

24. In the 17th ce Thanh Mau- Tower		eople the te	emple tower, calling it ThienY
A. got into	B. took over	C. looked after	D. put up
25. The tram's cla	nging sounds ha	ive gone deep into the	e of Hanoians.
A. minds and souls	s I	B. hearts and minds	
C. hearts and bodi	es	D. bodies and spirits	5
		to indicate the und ving questions. (0.6	derlined part that needs point)
26. Papers which an	re written in pencil	s won't be accept by the	teacher.
A. won't be	B. accept	C. are written	D. which
27. The children p	layed outdoors las	st night when it began (to rain very hard.
A. played	B. began	C. to rain	D. hard

28. Students are ex	pected to be respec	ctful of his teachers an	d other adults.
A. are expected	B. of	C. his	D. other
		n your answer she he following exchai	et to indicate the mos nge. (0.4 points)
29. "Do you want ı	me to help you wi	th those suitcases?" -	_ "
A. Of course, not fo	or me.	B. No, I can't help	you now.
C. No, those aren't	: mine.). No, I can manage tl	hem myself.
	utterances or s	_	eet to indicate the best a meaningful exchange
30.			
a. Good idea! Let's	s enjoy the nice w	eather while it lasts.	
b. How's the weath	ner today?		

c. That sounds (great! Maybe we ca	an go for a walk.		
d. It's sunny and	d warm, perfect fo	r going outside!		
A. d-b-c-a	B. a-d-b-c	C. c-d-b-a	D. b-d-c-a	
	orrect word that		e the letter A, B, of the numbered b	
the famous bor market offers a	der market! Locate wide variety of p	ed (32) the roducts, from trace	nce different cultures neeting point of two ditional handicrafts to rgains in (33) o	nations, this o fresh local
Don't miss this exciting shopping destination!				
31. A. quiet	B. lively	C. empty	D. dull	
32. A. in	B. at	C. over	D. under	
33. A. center	B. history	C. beauty	D. rule	

Read the following passage and circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34-38. (1.0 point)

Rice is eaten by V	ietnamese people e	every day. It often (34) in tropical
countries such as Vietnam, Thailand or Malaysia. The Chinese have also been			
growing rice for (35	5) years. Th	ne seeds are planted	in special beds to grow
into young rice plai	nts. Then they are t	taken to fields covere	ed (36) muddy
water called paddie	s. The fields of rice	e look very (37)	After 3 or 5 months,
the rice is ready to	be picked. People o	ften drain away wate	er before collecting rice.
Eating rice is a spe	cial action in the wo	orld. They don't use s	poons or forks to enjoy
bowls of rice. (38)	, they use	two short sticks knov	vn as chopsticks to put
rice into their mout	hs. China and Vietn	am are the two coun	tries where people use
chopsticks very wel	l.		
34. A. grows 35. A. thousands	B. keeps B. thousand	C. plants Is of C. thousand	D. stays of D. thousand
36. A. in	B. by	C. with D	. of
37. A. beauty	B. beautiful	C. beautifully	D. the beauty
38. A. However	B. Moreover	C. Besides	D. Instead

Read the following passage and circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39-45. (1.4 points)

Mount Everest is a peak in the Himalayan mountain range. It is located between Nepal and Tibet, a region of China. At 8,849 metres (29,032 feet), it is considered the tallest point on Earth. In the nineteenth century, the mountain was named after George Everest, a former Surveyor General of India. The Tibetan name is Chomolungma, which means "Mother Goddess of the World."

The first ever recorded people to climb Everest were Edmund Hillary (a mountaineer from New Zealand) and his Tibetan guide Tenzing Norgay. They climbed the mountain in 1953 and hold the record together. The first records of Everest's height came much earlier, in 1856. British surveyors recorded that Everest was the tallest peak in the world. The Himalayan mountains have long been home to local groups living in the valleys. The most famous of these are the Sherpa people. The word "Sherpa" is often used to mean mountain guide, though it actually refers to an ethnic group. The Sherpa have valuable experience in mountain climbing, which they can provide to other climbers. Most climbs of Everest would be impossible without the Sherpas' help and knowledge. However, their way of life extends beyond helping Everest climbers. Traditionally, their lifestyle has consisted of farming, herding, and trade.

Climbing Mount Everest has become a popular journey for mountain climbers. However, it is very risky. Climbing Everest requires a lot of experience mountaineering elsewhere, as well as a certificate of good health, equipment, and a trained Nepalese guide. The snow and ice on the mountain create deadly dangers, and there is only a limited climbing season due to bad weather conditions like snowstorms. But perhaps the most serious danger is the altitude. Most climbers are not used to the high altitude and low oxygen levels. This is why the area above 8,000 metres (26,000 feet) on Everest is called the "death zone." Climbers who spend long periods in this region can develop altitude sickness.

A. The dangers of climbing Mount Everest
B. The history and significance of Mount Everest
C. The lifestyle of the Sherpa people
D. The weather conditions on Mount Everest
40. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
A. Mount Everest was named after a British surveyor.
B. The Sherpa people live only by helping climbers.
C. Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay were the first to climb Everest.
D. Climbers must have experience and training before attempting Everest.
D. Chilibers must have experience and training before attempting Everest.
41. What does the word " They " in paragraph 2 refer to?
A. British surveyors
B. Local groups in the valleys
C. Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay
D. Sherpa people
42. The word "altitude" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to
A. mountain range B. dangerous area
C. height above sea level D. climbing experience
43. Who were the first recorded people to climb Mount Everest?
A. George Everest and British surveyors
B. Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay
C. Sherpa guides and farmers
D. Climbers from Nepal
44. Why is the area above 8,000 metres on Mount Everest called the "death zone"?
A. It has dangerous animals.

39. What is the passage mainly about?

B. It has the steepest slopes on the mountain.

 D. There is not enough oxygen for humans. 45. What do climbers need before attempting to climb Everest? A. A good luck charm B. A Sherpa name C. A personal oxygen supply for the entire trip D. Mountaineering experience and training
Rewrite each of the sentences below in such a way that it means exact the same as the one given before it. (1.0 point)
46. No smartphone in the FPT store is as expensive as this iPhone.
→ This iPhone is the
47. "Let's hold a big party to welcome the newcomer." the term leader said.
→ The team leader
48. Don't walk outside without a sun hat or you will get sunburn.
→ If

49. Although they are poor, they are very generous.

C. It is covered in deadly traps.

→ In spite
50. There were many tree-lined streets in my hometown but now there is none of them.
→ There used