

**TIẾNG ANH 9 FRIENDS PLUS**  
**BÀI KIỂM TRA ĐỊNH KÌ**  
**UNIT 4 – TEST 2 - KEY**

**I. Pronunciation (1-4)**

**Câu 1.** Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?

- A. neither                      B. weather                      \*C. sympathy                      D. father

**Câu 2.** Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?

- A. analysed                      B. surprised                      \*C. stressed                      D. closed

**Câu 3.** Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?

- A. restless                      B. fearful                      C. anger                      \*D. impress

**Câu 4.** Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?

- \*A. surprising                      B. boredom                      C. trouble                      D. worry

**II. Choose the answer (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each question. (5-14)**

**Câu 5.** The long lecture caused a feeling of \_\_\_\_\_ among the students. Some fell asleep.

- A. embarrassment                      B. concentration                      C. excitement                      \*D. boredom

**Câu 6.** The loud music can \_\_\_\_\_ me from my homework. I prefer a quiet place to study.

- A. concentrate                      B. improve                      \*C. distract                      D. boost

**Câu 7.** It was \_\_\_\_\_ when I forgot my lines in the play.

- \*A. embarrassing                      B. relaxing                      C. exciting                      D. calming

**Câu 8.** She was \_\_\_\_\_ to see her friends at the party.

- A. exciting                      B. disgusted                      C. annoying                      \*D. surprised

**Câu 9.** You \_\_\_\_\_ use your phone during the exam or you'll be in trouble.

- A. must                      B. don't have to                      C. may not                      \*D. mustn't

**Câu 10.** You \_\_\_\_\_ talk to the teacher if you don't understand the lesson.

- A. will                      B. could                      C. need                      \*D. should

**Câu 11.** He \_\_\_\_\_ finish his project by Friday. It's his deadline.

- A. shouldn't                      \*B. has to                      C. have to                      D. is able to

**Câu 12.** After practicing, she will \_\_\_\_\_ play the piano well.

- A. may                      B. be                      \*C. be able to                      D. can

**Câu 13.** Everyone likes to sing \_\_\_\_\_ to their favorite songs.

- A. down                      B. up                      \*C. along                      D. for

**Câu 14.** Whose suitcase is that?

- A. I need a new shoelace.                      B. I saw it at the store yesterday.  
C. It's not my hat.                      \*D. It could be Peter's.

**III. Look at the signs. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D). (15-16)**

**Câu 15.** What does this sign mean?

**TO REDUCE  
THE ELECTRICITY COSTS,  
PLEASE TURN OFF ALL FANS  
BEFORE LEAVING ROOMS.**

- A. When you leave, please reduce the number of fans in your room.
- B. Please leave the fans in the room after you go out.
- C. Please reduce the costs of electricity by leaving the room.
- \*D. Please switch off fans when you finish using a room to save electricity.

**Câu 16.** What is the deadline for high school students to apply for the District Swimming Contest?

## District Swimming Contest Notice

**Event:** District Swimming Contest

**Who:** All High School Students

**When:** Next Month

**Application Deadline:** Apply before this weekend

**How to Apply:** Applications are accepted only through our website.

High school swimmers, get ready to showcase your skills! The District Swimming Contest is happening next month, and we want to see you compete. Make sure to apply before this weekend to secure your spot.

Visit [www.districtswimcontest.com](http://www.districtswimcontest.com) to apply now!

- A. Next month
- B. Two weeks from now
- \*C. This weekend
- D. Next weekend

**IV.** Read the following passage and do as direct. (17-22)

Dear Elsa,

I'm glad to hear that you want to improve your public speaking skills. Here are a few tips that might help you.

First, practice is key. Try to speak in front of a mirror or record yourself to see how you look and sound. This will help you become more comfortable with your gestures and voice.

Second, focus on your breathing. Take deep breaths to stay calm and control your nerves. This will help you speak more clearly and confidently.

Third, know your material well. If you are confident about your topic, you will speak more naturally. Practice your speech several times until you feel comfortable with it.

Lastly, engage with your audience. Make eye contact and try to read their reactions. This will help you connect with them and adjust your speech as needed.

**Remember, everyone gets nervous. With practice, you will get better and more confident. Good luck!**

**Best,**

**John**

**Câu 17.** Practicing in front of a mirror can help you become more comfortable with your gestures and voice.

- A. False                      **\*B. True**

**Câu 18.** Controlling your breathing has no impact on your public speaking nerves.

- A. True                      **\*B. False**

**Câu 19.** Knowing your material well can make you speak more naturally.

- A. False                      **\*B. True**

**Câu 20.** John suggests avoiding eye contact with the audience to reduce nervousness.

- \*A. False**                      B. True

**Câu 21.** According to John, what is one way to practice public speaking?

- \*A. Speaking in front of a mirror.**                      B. Avoiding public speaking altogether.  
C. Reading books about public speaking.                      D. Writing down your speech and memorizing it.

**Câu 22.** What does John suggest helping Elsa connect with her audience?

- A. Speaking quickly to get the speech over with.                      **\*B. Making eye contact and reading their reactions.**  
C. Using complex vocabulary.                      D. Avoiding looking at the audience.

**V. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (23-28)**

Body language is a way we \_\_\_\_\_ (23) without using words. It includes our facial expressions, gestures, posture, and eye contact. For example, when someone \_\_\_\_\_ (24), it usually means they are happy or friendly. A frown can show that a person is sad or upset.

\_\_\_\_\_ (25) like waving can mean hello or goodbye. Nodding your head up and down typically means yes, while shaking your head from side to side means no. Our posture also tells a lot about how we feel. Standing or sitting up straight can show confidence, while slouching might indicate tiredness or lack \_\_\_\_\_ (26) interest.

Eye contact is another important part of body language. Looking someone in the eyes can show that you are paying \_\_\_\_\_ (27) and are interested in what they are saying. Avoiding eye contact might make you seem shy or untrustworthy.

\_\_\_\_\_ (28) body language helps us communicate better and understand how others feel, even when they don't say anything.

**Câu 23.** Choose the correct answer.

- \*A. communicate**                      B. think                      C. understand                      D. react

**Câu 24.** Choose the correct answer.

- A. nods                      B. frowns                      **\*C. smiles**                      D. cries

**Câu 25.** Choose the correct answer.

- A. Waves                      B. Signals                      **\*C. Gestures**                      D. Motions

**Câu 26.** Choose the correct answer.

- A. at                      **\*B. of**                      C. with                      D. in

**Câu 27.** Choose the correct answer.

- A. kindness                      B. ignorance                      **\*C. attention**                      D. neglect

**Câu 28.** Choose the correct answer.

A. Talking

B. Seeing

\*C. Understanding

D. Thinking

**VI. Supply the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (29-34)**

**Câu 29.** She turned red with \_\_\_\_\_ when she realized she had been speaking with food on her face. (embarrass)

**Lời giải**

embarrassment

**Câu 30.** \_\_\_\_\_, the quietest student in the class gave the best presentation. (surprise)

**Lời giải**

Surprisingly

**Câu 31.** She found it difficult to maintain her \_\_\_\_\_ with all the noise in the background. (concentrate)

**Lời giải**

concentration

**Câu 32.** I would \_\_\_\_\_ trying a different route to avoid the traffic. (suggestion)

**Lời giải**

suggest

**Câu 33.** He was \_\_\_\_\_ by the constant interruptions during his work. (annoy)

**Lời giải**

annoyed

**Câu 34.** The teacher had to call the parents after the student continued to \_\_\_\_\_ in class. (behaviour)

**Lời giải**

misbehave

**VII. Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences. (35-36)**

**Câu 35.** conduct at / all times. / **Employees are** / the company's code of / obligated to follow

**Lời giải**

Employees are obligated to follow the company's code of conduct at all times.

**Câu 36.** to cancel the outdoor / tomorrow, we will have / **If it rains** / event and / move it indoors.

**Lời giải**

If it rains tomorrow, we will have to cancel the outdoor event and move it indoors.

**VIII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (37-40)**

**Câu 37.** Young children mustn't travel alone at night. (allowed)

Young children ...

**Lời giải**

Young children are not allowed to travel alone at night.

**Câu 38.** Tom passed the final exam without any trouble. (difficulty)

Tom had no ...

**Lời giải**

Tom had no difficulty (in) passing the final exam.

**Câu 39.** Lan told Paul, “I’m studying hard for the important test next week.”

Lan said to Paul ...

**Lời giải**

Lan said to Paul that she was studying hard for the important test the following week.

**Câu 40.** I think staying at home is better than going out in this cold weather.

I’d rather ...

**Lời giải**

I’d rather stay at home than go out in this cold weather.

**IX. Listening: listen and fill in each blank with one word. (41-50)**

**Câu 41.** Practicing public speaking can greatly improve your \_\_\_\_\_.

**Lời giải**

confidence

**Câu 42.** When you speak in front of others, you learn to \_\_\_\_\_ your nerves.

**Lời giải**

control

**Câu 43.** The more you practice, the \_\_\_\_\_ it becomes.

**Lời giải**

easier

**Câu 44.** You start to feel more comfortable and less \_\_\_\_\_.

**Lời giải**

scared

**Câu 45.** Public speaking helps you to \_\_\_\_\_ your thoughts clearly.

**Lời giải**

organize

**Câu 46.** You learn to express your ideas in a \_\_\_\_\_ and direct way.

**Lời giải**

simple

**Câu 47.** This skill is useful in many areas of life, such as school, work, and \_\_\_\_\_ situations.

**Lời giải**

social

**Câu 48.** Practicing also helps you to learn from your \_\_\_\_\_.

**Lời giải**

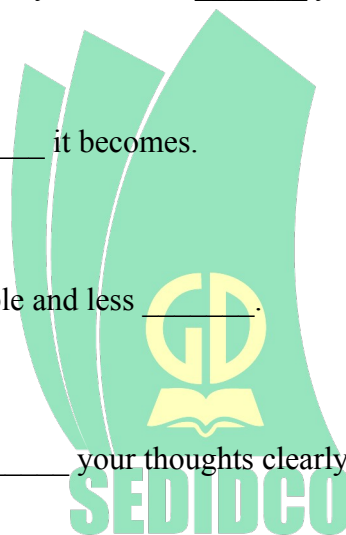
mistakes

**Câu 49.** Your voice becomes stronger, and you make better \_\_\_\_\_ contact with your audience.

**Lời giải**

eye

**Câu 50.** Public speaking practice helps you to connect with \_\_\_\_\_.



**Lời giải**

others

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