**ĐỀ ÔN TẬP THI TỐT NGHIỆP 2025- THPT TÂN HIỆP**

***Read the following job advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6.***

**Thompson and Groves**

The law firm of Thompson and Groves is seeking a dedicated assistant to join our established **\_\_ (1) \_**.

This assistant will work on a wide range of legal services, such as

* investigating evidence related to cases being **\_\_\_(2)\_\_\_** for court;
* preparing exhibits, charts, and diagrams to display information; and
* communicating with clients and keeping files updated.

The best candidate for this position

* is self-directed, responsible, and capable **\_\_\_(3)\_\_\_** juggling many projects at once; and
* has **\_\_\_(4)\_\_\_** communication, organization, and computer skills.

If you want **\_\_\_(5)\_\_\_,** e-mail your résumé to Julia Powell (in human resources), julia.powell@thompsonandgroves.com, by May 25. Interviews will be conducted at the beginning of June, and we will **\_\_\_(6)\_\_\_** our selection in early July

*(Adapted from Practice for TOEIC)*

**A.** litigation team environmental **B.** environmental litigation team

**C.** team litigation environmental **D.** environmental team litigation

1. **A.** prepared **B.** preparing **C.** prepare **D.** to prepare
2. **A.** on **B.** of **C.** to **D.** with
3. **A.** strengthen **B.** strongly **C.** strong **D.** strength
4. **A.** applying **B.** apply **C.** to applying **D.** to apply
5. **Question 6:** **A.** do **B.** get **C.** go **D.** make

***Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.***

**Social Media and The Meaning of Friendship**

Scientific studies have shown that ideas about friendship are evolving, particularly in the age of social media. A study in 1993 at the University of Oxford showed that people could only maintain 150 relationships. However, with the explosion of social media since then, many people now have over 300 people who they **\_\_\_(7)\_\_\_**as friends. Some people think that these friends are not real friends, but others believe that social media has helped us to expand and **\_\_\_(8)\_\_\_** our friendships because we have more time and opportunities. **\_\_\_(9)\_\_\_** change from the past is that people don't stay in the place where they were born. They go to different cities and countries for education and jobs. People are in general more **\_\_\_(10)\_\_\_** mobile nowadays, which means we have more chances to meet and make friends with people from different cultures and different backgrounds. In addition, friendships can be very different when we are at different ages. Young children often choose their friends **\_\_\_(11)\_\_\_** convenience, for example, they go to the same school or live near each other. As we get older, friendships are more **\_\_\_(12)\_\_\_** with having similar interests and opinions.

*(Adapted from IELTS Mindset 1)*

1. **A.** give up **B.** think of **C.** suffer from **D.** turn down
2. **A.** keep **B.** conserve **C.** preserve **D.** store
3. **A.** Other **B.** The others **C.** Another **D.** Others
4. **A.** geographically **B.** psychologically **C.** physically **D.** financially
5. **A.** instead of **B.** because of **C.** regardless of **D.** on behalf of
6. **A.** coped **B.** interfered **C.** argued **D.** connected

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 13 to 17***



a) **Emma:** That’s a great idea! We can also have a workshop on how to take care of the plants and explain why they’re good for the environment.

b) **Emma:** Our school is planning an Environment Awareness Day. Let’s think of some activities we can organize.

c) **Jake:** How about starting with a plant giveaway? Students can take home small plants to grow.

**A**. a-b-c **B**. b-c-a **C**. c-b-a **D**. c-a-b



a) **An:** True, but I think our “Plastic-Free School Campaign” has a strong message. It could make a big impact.

b) **Linh:** That’s a good point. The judges will have a hard time choosing. Every project is amazing in its own way.

c) **Linh:** Tomorrow, we’ll find out the winner of the School Innovation Contest. Do you think our class has a chance?

d) **An:** It’s tough to say. There are so many creative projects from other classes this year.

e) **Linh:** I think the “Clean Energy Model” by Class 10B is really impressive. It might catch the judges’ attention.

**A**. a-b-c-d-e **B**. e-d-c-b-a **C**. c-d-e-a-b **D**. d-b-a-e-c



Dear Anna,

a) It was really fun experimenting with those dishes. Cooking is such a great skill to learn, but I’ve been busy lately, so I’m focusing on mastering just a few simple recipes for now.

b) We should definitely cook together sometime! It would be fun to share ideas and try out new recipes together. What do you think?

c) Looking forward to hearing from you.

d) Thank you so much for the cooking tutorial videos you sent me last week. They were incredibly helpful, and I’ve already tried a couple of the recipes.

e) I also really appreciate the recommendation for the free cooking websites — they’re so much better than the ones I had been using. The instructions are clearer, and the step-by-step videos make it so easy to follow along.

Best,  
Emily

**A**. a-b-c-d-e **B**. e-d-c-b-a **C**. c-d-e-a-b **D**. d-e-a-b-c



a) Determined to continue innovating, Jobs started a new company called NeXT, which focused on advanced computer systems.

b) Later, Apple acquired NeXT, and Jobs returned to lead the company. Under his leadership, Apple developed groundbreaking products like the iPhone and iPad.

c) These innovations transformed the way people interact with technology and made Apple one of the most valuable companies in the world.

d) Steve Jobs was one of the most influential figures in the technology industry. Many of the products created by his company, Apple, are loved by people around the world.

e) However, his journey to success was not easy. After co-founding Apple, he was forced to leave the company due to internal disagreements.

**A**. c-b-d-e-a **B**. e-d-c-b-a **C**. d-e-a-b-c **D**. d-c-a-e-b



a) It gives them the opportunity to learn about different cultures and traditions, expanding their horizons beyond their own experiences.

b) Celebrating international festivals like Halloween and Christmas can have a positive influence on Vietnamese young people.

c) For example, dressing up in spooky costumes for Halloween or exchanging gifts with loved ones during Christmas fosters a sense of community and togetherness.

d) In short, participating in these global celebrations can help young Vietnamese people develop a more inclusive and open-minded outlook on the world.

e) It also allows them to express their creativity and have fun in a safe and festive environment.

**A**. b-c-d-e-a **B**. b-e-d-c-a **C**. b-e-a-d-c **D**. b-a-c-e-d

***Read the following passage about humanoid robots and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.***

Globalization has connected the world, impacting people's way of life, beliefs, art, and customs. While experiences are more similar, cultural diversity is also promoted.

Fast food chains and international restaurants have become popular, offering a wide range of dishes and more food choices to local people. \_\_\_(**18**)\_\_\_. Moreover, some international dishes use local ingredients, which make them unique and more suitable to local tastes. On the other hand, Vietnamese specialties, such as pho and banh mi, \_\_\_(**19**)\_\_\_.

Thanks to globalization, people can quickly discover new music from all over the world. \_\_\_(**20**)\_\_\_. For example, American teens are captivated by K-pop music and dance. There are also many music festivals around the globe \_\_\_(**21**)\_\_\_. In today's connected world, it is very common for musicians across the world to work on music projects and share ideas together.

Globalization has also influenced fashion, allowing for a mix of traditional and modern styles from various cultures. This trend provides designers with opportunities to creatively highlight cultural diversity. People can now easily follow trends from different regions, expressing their identities in unique ways.

In conclusion, globalization has helped strengthen cultural diversity in the world and \_\_\_(**21**)\_\_\_.

*(Adapted from Global Success)*



**A**. For example, here in Viet Nam, we can enjoy Italian pizza or Japanese sushi, in addition to our traditional food

**B**. For example, in many places in Viet Nam, numerous festivals have been organized to attract foreign visitors

**C**. As a result, many Vietnamese cooks have become internationally famous master chefs, bringing pride to the nation

**D**. Consequently, many Vietnamese traditional dishes have become popular with tourists around the world.



**A**. to be getting reputation all over the world **B**. being internationally popular

**C**. are also gaining popularity worldwide **D**. also gaining popularity globally



**A**. People nowadays enjoy listening to music from different countries and cultures, and in different languages

**B**. People nowadays enjoy listening to different kinds of their traditional music throughout the country.

**C**. Artists all around the world can find it difficult to reach their target audience from alien cultures.

**D**. Global citizens could make changes to the patterns of other countries’ tradition types of music.



**A**. brought artists and music fans together **B**. that bring artists and music fans together

**C**. both music artists and fans are gathered **D**. artists and music fans gather together



**A**. alien cultures and lifestyles making people to underestimate

**B**. making people to underestimate alien cultures and lifestyles

**C**. different cultures and lifestyles made people to appreciate

**D**. made people appreciate different cultures and lifestyles

***Read the following passage about endangered languages and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 23 to 30.***

Beijing’s urbanization has transformed the city from a historical capital to a modern metropolis in just a few decades. In 2000, the city's population was approximately 13.56 million, including 2.49 million temporary migrants. By 2011, this figure had **surged** to over 20 million, with temporary migrants accounting for 36.7% of the total population. As of 2021, Beijing’s urbanization rate reached 87.5%, highlighting its high concentration of residents in urban districts

The spatial expansion of Beijing has been dramatic. The city's urban area has extended into neighboring rural regions, creating challenges such as traffic congestion, housing shortages, and increased demand for public services. The rapid pace of urbanization has made Beijing one of the most densely populated cities in China. However, this growth has come with environmental costs, including rising levels of air pollution and a pronounced urban heat island effect, as built-up areas contribute to higher temperatures.

Environmental challenges have sparked action from city planners. Beijing has invested heavily in expanding its public transportation network, including subway systems that now span over 780 kilometers. In addition, urban green spaces like parks and tree-lined streets have been developed to **counteract** the environmental impacts of urban sprawl. The city has also enforced stricter emissions controls to address air quality concerns.

**Beijing’s urbanization exemplifies both opportunities and challenges that arise in a rapidly growing city**. While it continues to thrive as an economic and cultural center, its leaders face the ongoing task of balancing urban growth with sustainability. **They** must ensure that residents can enjoy a high quality of life amid such rapid development. Through strategic planning and environmental awareness, the city can continue to prosper while preserving its heritage and natural resources.

*(Adapted from Wikipedia.org)*

1. Which of the following is **NOT mentioned** as a challenge of Beijing’s urbanization?

**A**. Traffic congestion **C**. Housing shortages

**B**. Declining public transportation **D**. Increased demand for public services

1. The word "**surged**" in paragraph 1 is opposite in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. fluctuated **B**. peaked **C**. soared **D**. dropped
3. The word "**They**" in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A**. Beijing’s leaders **B**. city planners **C**. challenges **D**. opportunities

1. The word "**counteract**" in paragraph 3 could best be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A**. address **B**. complicate **C**. worsen **D**. enhance

1. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?
   1. The growth of Beijing serves as a warning about the dangers of very rapid urbanization.
   2. The city’s leaders have faced the challenges of urbanization, focusing on opportunities.
   3. Beijing's rapid growth reflects the benefits and difficulties of urbanization.
   4. Urbanization in Beijing is entirely beneficial for its future sustainability.
2. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
3. Temporary migrants accounted for less than 30% of Beijing’s population in 2011.
4. Beijing’s subway system spans over 700 kilometers.
5. Air pollution in Beijing has decreased significantly in recent years due to its policy.
6. The urban heat island effect does not impact Beijing.
7. In which paragraph does the writer discuss environmental measures taken by Beijing?
8. Paragraph 1 **B**. Paragraph 2 **C**. Paragraph 3 **D**. Paragraph 4
9. In which paragraph does the writer mention some problems of urbanization in Beijing?
10. Paragraph 1 **B**. Paragraph 2 **C**. Paragraph 3 **D**. Paragraph 4

***Read the following passage about the urban shift and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 40.***

**[I]** Many private companies and city authorities are investing in these innovative designs due to their wide-ranging benefits. These include reducing energy costs, **mitigating** flood risks, creating habitats for wildlife, improving air quality, and even growing food. They help cities address major challenges, like the shortage of green spaces and limited resources. **[II]** However, the involvement of city authorities, businesses, and institutions is key to their success. **[III]** Research is also essential to find designs that suit various rooftop spaces in urban areas. **[IV]**

In the UK, the green roof movement is relatively new, but local governments and institutions have been **instrumental** in its development. London is at the forefront, thanks to policies like the London Plan, which has led to a significant rise in green roof installations. **Research has shown that green roofs can work well with "living walls**," which are walls covered with greenery, and drainage systems to better manage water in cities. Green roofs also offer social benefits. For instance, doctors are prescribing rooftop gardening to help patients manage anxiety and depression. Studies suggest that access to green spaces can improve the quality of life for people with dementia and help reduce obesity.

In North America, green roofs have become a standard feature in many cities, with buildings featuring large, accessible, and even food-producing rooftops. Cities like San Francisco and Toronto have introduced policies encouraging the development of green roofs, and new buildings are ideal for their installation because they can hold more weight, which is crucial for growing a variety of plants.

For green roofs to become more widespread, they need strong support from public and private sectors. Despite the challenges, such as drainage issues and safety concerns, the economic and social benefits, including flood prevention and improved health, make green roofs a valuable investment. With ongoing research and development, **they** have the potential to shape the future of sustainable cities.

*(Adapted from Cambridge IELTS 18)*

1. Where in paragraph 1 does the following sentence best fit?

**Green roofs, covered with grass, vegetable gardens, and plants, are becoming more common in cities worldwide.**

**A**. **[I] B**. **[IV] C**. **[III] D**. **[II]**

1. The word “**mitigating**” in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A**. shrinking **B**. limiting **C**. bettering **D**. increasing

1. The word “**instrumental**” in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A**. trivial **B**. crucial **C**. ordinary **D**. obscure

1. Which of the following is **NOT mentioned** as a benefit of green roofs?

**A**. Reducing energy costs **B**. Enhancing mental health

**C**. Increasing property value **D**. Improving air quality

1. The word “**they**” in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A**. new buildings **B**. green roofs **C**. policies **D**. cities

1. Which of the following best summarizes paragraph 3?

**A.** Green roofs are a recent trend in North America, mainly focused on producing food for urban areas.

**B.** Green roofs are used to grow food and are immensely required in North America.

**C.** San Francisco and Toronto are the only cities with green roofs in North America.

**D.** Green roofs are common in North America, and cities promote their installation on new buildings.

1. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
   1. The green roof movement in the UK is relatively new.
   2. Toronto is facing challenges in taking green roof policies.
   3. Green roofs are more popular in rural areas than in cities.
   4. San Francisco mandates green roofs for new buildings.
2. What can be inferred from the passage about the challenges of implementing green roofs in cities?

**A**. The lack of suitable plant species makes it difficult to maintain green roofs long-term.

**B**. Structural limitations and the need for collaboration slow the adoption of green roofs.

1. The high financial cost of installing green roofs outweighs their benefits.
2. Green roof policies are hard to implement due to the age of existing buildings.
3. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 2?
   1. Studies have found that green roofs can be effective when combined with living walls.
   2. Research has shown that green roofs are built alongside living walls to make cities greener.
   3. Research has shown green walls can support green roofs by providing more planting space.
   4. Studies have proved living walls can be placed on rooftops without affecting green roofs.
4. Which of the following best summarizes the passage?
5. Green roofs are becoming a global trend, offering both environmental and social benefits, with research and public support driving their success.
6. The expansion of green roofs is largely dependent on government policies and private-sector investment, particularly in the UK and North America.
7. Green roofs, while addressing urban challenges, also contribute to reducing energy costs and improving public health in most big cities worldwide.
8. Although green roofs present installation and maintenance challenges, they are crucial for sustainable urban development and improving life quality.

---------------THE END--------------- Giaoandethitienganh.info – **Tải rất nhiều tài liệu tiếng anh file word chất lượng ( chỉ 100/năm)**