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Past Tense



Jimmy and May went to a circus yesterday. What happened?

Look at the picture. Then read the sentences.



- An elephant sneezed.
- 2. A bear danced.
- A seal clapped.
- A clown laughed.
- 5. A kangaroo skipped rope.
- 6. An acrobat balanced on a tightrope.
- 7. A man lifted a heavy weight.
- 8. A magician surprised the audience.

May's Chores

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
					1	1
3	* '	* 5	* 6	* 7	* 8	*
water 10	water 11	water 12	water 13	water 14	water 15	water
bathe	bathe	bathe	bathe	bathe	bathe	bathe
fold	18 fold	vacuum fold	fold 20 clean	fold	fold	fold 2 wash
24	25	26	27	28	29	Today
			cook	dust	mop	1111/

Past Tense

May helped her mother a lot this month. Look at the calendar on page 2. Then read the sentences.

Yesterday, May mopped the kitchen floor.



Two days ago, she dusted the furniture.



Three days ago, she cooked breakfast.



Last Saturday, she washed the car.



S Last Wednesday, she cleaned the oven.



Control Last Tuesday, she vacuumed the living room.



Last week, she folded the clothes every day.



8 Two weeks ago, she bathed Rhonda every night.

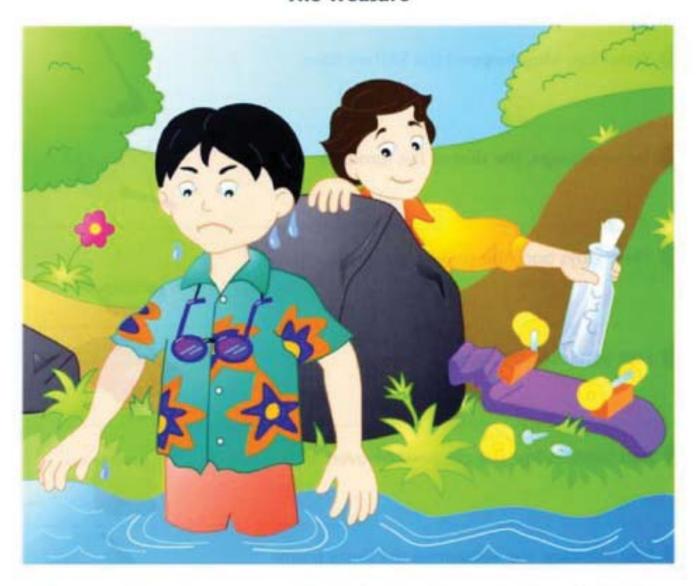


Three weeks ago, she watered the plants every morning.





The Treasure



After school yesterday, Jimmy **rode** his skateboard to Larry's house. On the way, his skateboard **hit** a rock, and he **fell** into the river. When he **got** out, he **saw** a glass bottle. In the bottle, he **found** an old map. The map **told** about a treasure in Lion Mountain Cave. With the map in his hand, he **ran** to Lion Mountain Park.

On the way, he **fell** down and **hurt** his knee. A strong wind **blew** the map into the air. A bird **caught** it. The bird **took** the map and **hid** it in a tall tree. Jimmy climbed the tree and **spoke** to the bird.

New Words

catch → caught fall → fell

get → got

hide → hid

 $hit \rightarrow hit$

hurt → hurt

 $take \rightarrow took$

 $\mathsf{tell} \to \mathsf{told}$

treasure

Past Tense

"Please give me my map," he **said**. But the bird **bit** Jimmy's finger. This **made** Jimmy angry. He **shook** his finger at the bird. "Give me back my map!" he **said**, but the bird **did** nothing. The bird **kept** the map, and Jimmy **became** angrier.

"What can I do now?" Jimmy **thought**. "I know!" he **said**. He **took** a candy worm out of his pocket and **fed** it to the bird. The bird **forgot** about the map and **ate** the worm. Jimmy **got** the map and **went** to Lion Mountain Cave. He **dug** up the treasure. What **did** he find?



New Words

become → became

bite → bit

dig → dug

feed → fed

forget → forgot

keep → kept

pocket

say → said

shake → shook

think → thought

worm

He found a picture of Larry!



Answer the questions about the story.

	What did Jimmy ride after school? He rode a skateboard.	
2.	What did Jimmy see when he got out of the river?	
3.	What did Jimmy find in the bottle?	

- 4. What did the map tell about?
- 5. What did the wind do to the map?
- 6. Where did the bird hide the map?
- 7. What did the bird do to Jimmy?
- 8. What did Jimmy do with the candy worm?
- 9. Where did Jimmy go with the map?
- 10. What did Jimmy find?





What did Jimmy do differently today?



He didn't wake up at six o'clock.



He woke up at seven.



He didn't drink milk for breakfast.



He drank juice.



He didn't eat cereal for breakfast.



He ate eggs.



He didn't read a comic book after school.



He helped his mother.

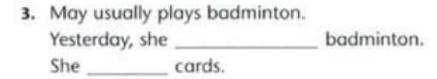
Review

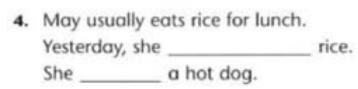
What did May do differently yesterday? Look at the chart. Then fill in the blanks.

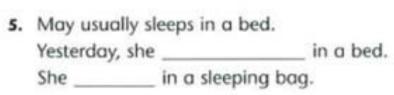


1.	May usually wears a yellow shirt.					
	Yeste	rday, she	didn't	wear	a yellow s	hirt.
	She	wore	a blue sh	irt.		

2.	May usually ri	de	s a bike.	
	Yesterday, she	_		a bike
	She	a	horse.	





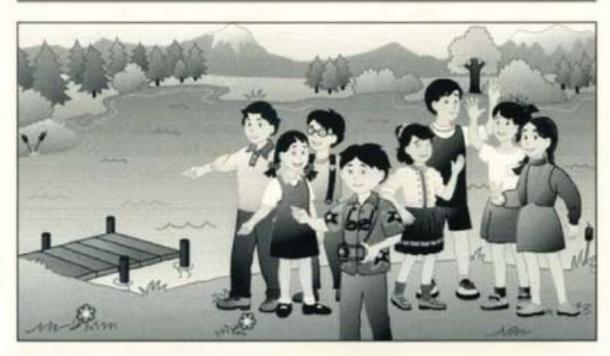




Read the newspaper story below. Then answer the questions on page 11.

The Skyview Star

All the News



Jimmy Lee and his friends

The Lake Monster of Lion Mountain Park

By Jimmy Lee

Last Saturday, my friends and I went to the lake. After lunch, everyone did different things. Larry fished. Davy looked for shells. Charlie built a sand castle. Kenny and Keri played badminton. Sandy listened to the radio. May and Tracy swam in the lake. I took pictures of everyone except May and Tracy. They were too far from me.

When May and Tracy swam closer to me, they said, "Take our picture, please!" I told them to say, "Cheese."
When I took their picture, the Lake
Monster came out of the water. I
pointed to the Lake Monster and
shouted, "The Lake Monster is
behind you!" But when Tracy and
May turned around, the Lake
Monster wasn't there.

"It went under water," I told them. But they did not believe me.

"Very funny," they said.

Go to next page

The Lake Monster of Lion Mountain Park

I told my other friends about the Lake Monster. They didn't believe me, either.

"OK," I said. "I'll show you!"

I ran to the camera shop. I gave my film to the man in the shop. He developed the film in an hour. After I paid him, I hurried back to the park. All my friends were there. When they saw me, they shouted, "Did you see another Lake Monster?" Everyone laughed except me.

"No," I said. "But I have a picture of it."

I showed them the photograph of the Lake Monster. Everyone shouted, "You really saw it!"



New Words

another believe build → built camera develop → developed except film hurry → hurried pay → paid really take a picture → took a picture

Past Tense



- Did Jimmy and his friends go to the lake last Saturday?
 Yes, they did.
- Did Jimmy and his friends play basketball? No, they didn't.
- 3. After lunch, did May and Tracy swim in the lake?
- 4. Did Charlie build a sand castle?
- 5. Did Davy look for shells?
- 6. Did Kenny and Keri play tennis?
- 7. Did Sandy read a book?
- 8. Did Jimmy see a whale in the lake?
- 9. Did Jimmy take the Lake Monster's photograph?
- 10. Did Jimmy show the photograph to his friends?



The past progressive describes an action that happened for a period of time in the past.

He She It

was sleeping.

You We They

were sleeping.

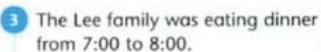
Ronnie and Rhonda were sleeping from 1:00 to 3:00.

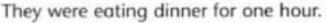


They were sleeping for two hours.

Jimmy and Larry were playing soccer from 3:30 to 6:30.

They were playing soccer for three hours.







May was listening to music from 8:00 to 8:20.



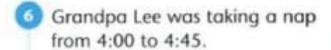


She was listening to music for twenty minutes.

Grandma Lee was gardening from 3:00 to 4:30.



She was gardening for an hour and a half.





He was taking a nap for forty-five minutes.

Jimmy and his friends were doing many different things when the Lake Monster appeared.

What was Jimmy doing?



Jimmy was taking photographs.

What was Sandy doing?



Sandy was listening to the radio.

What was Larry doing?



Larry was fishing.

What were Kenny and Keri doing?



Kenny and Keri were playing badminton.

What was Charlie doing?



Charlie was building a sand castle.

What was Davy doing?



Davy was looking for shells.



Mrs. Lee was reading a book.

Mr. Lee was watching TV.

Mrs. Lee was reading a book while Mr. Lee was watching TV.

Grandpa Lee was taking a nap while Grandma Lee was baking a pie.



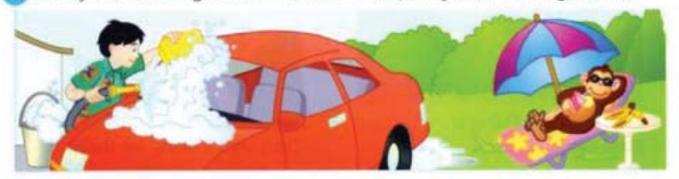
Ronnie was crying while Rhonda was sleeping.



Senny was writing a letter while Keri was using the computer.



Sunny was drinking some lemonade while Jimmy was washing the car.



Mrs. Lee burned her finger.

She was cooking dinner.

Mrs. Lee burned her finger while she was cooking dinner.

What happened to Grandpa Lee while he was playing cards? Grandpa Lee spilled his drink while he was playing cards.



What happened to Ronnie while he was drawing? Ronnie broke his pencil while he was drawing.



What happened to Rhonda while she was jumping rope? Rhonda hurt her knee while she was jumping rope.



What happened to Sunny while he was watching TV?
Sunny fell asleep while he was watching TV.

Noun Modifiers



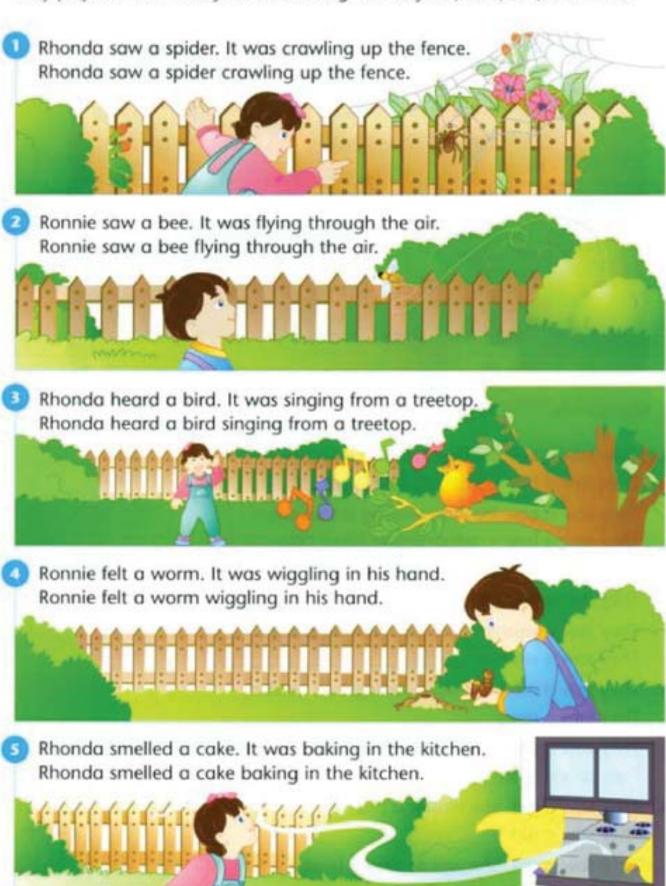
There were many people at the lake yesterday. Who was there?



- There was an old man. He was in a boat.
 There was an old man in a boat.
- There was a woman. She was on a blanket. There was a woman on a blanket.
- There was a girl. She was at an ice cream stand.There was a girl at an ice cream stand.
- There was a boy. He had a pail.
 There was a boy with a pail.
- There was an old woman. She had a beach umbrella. There was an old woman with a beach umbrella.
- There was a man. He had a swim mask. There was a man with a swim mask.

Noun Modifiers

Ronnie and Rhonda did not go to the lake with Jimmy and May last Saturday. They played in their backyard. What things did they see, hear, feel, and smell?



Review

Yesterday afternoon, Grandma and Grandpa Lee were at the park. Who did they see?



1.	They saw a boy. He had a blue cap.
	They saw a boy with a blue cap.
	They saw a boy. He was wearing a blue cap. They saw a boy <u>wearing a blue cap</u> .
2.	They saw a woman. She had a dog. They saw a woman
	They saw a woman. She was walking a dog. They saw a woman
3.	They saw a man. He was working in a garden. They saw a man
	They saw a man. He was gardening. They saw a man
4.	They saw a girl. She was in a boat. They saw a girl
	They saw a girl. She was rowing a boat. They saw a girl



Infinitives and Gerunds

An infinitive is a verb with to in front of it. A gerund is a verb with -ing on the end of it. We use infinitives and gerunds like nouns.

INFINITIVE

May loves to fish.

GERUND

May loves fishing.

RULE 1

These verbs are followed by an infinitive: need, hope, plan, want, forget, decide, and promise.



Mrs. Lee needs to buy bread for dinner.

RULE 2

These verbs are followed by a gerund: finish, keep, imagine, quit, enjoy, put off, and practice.



Jimmy finished doing his homework.

RULE 3

These verbs can be followed by either an infinitive or a gerund: like, begin, start, hate, love, and try.



Grandma Lee likes to make cookies. or Grandma Lee likes making cookies.

Infinitives and Gerunds



May enjoys eating ice cream.



Jimmy wants to eat a hot dog.



Jimmy put off doing his homework.



May started to do her homework.



May tried calling Keri.



Jimmy forgot to call his mother.



Jimmy imagines going to America.



May hopes to go to France.

Review

Fill in the blanks.

meet

Mrs. Lee plans to meet Mr. Lee at 7:00.



2 follow

"Quit _____ me, Jimmy!" May said.



eat

Grandma Lee decided _____ chicken in the restaurant.



come

Jimmy promised _____ home at 6:00.



speak

Keri practices ______ English every day.



6 talk

May keeps _____ on the telephone.





A gerund can be the subject of a sentence.



Riding horses is fun.



Talking on the telephone is fun.



Shopping for clothes is fun.



Playing tennis is fun.



Flying kites is fun.



Going to the zoo is fun.

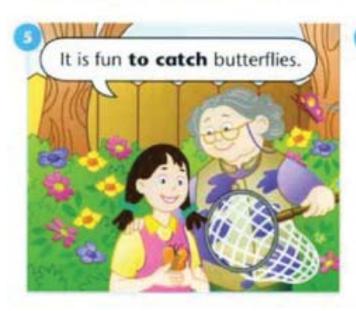
An infinitive can also be the subject of a sentence.















A gerund can be the object of a sentence.



May enjoys riding horses.



Keri enjoys **talking** on the telephone.



Tracy enjoys shopping for clothes.



Jimmy enjoys playing tennis.



Ronnie enjoys flying kites.



Rhonda enjoys going to the zoo.

An infinitive can also be the object of a sentence.



May likes to exercise every day.



Mrs. Lee wants **to buy** a new dress.



Bill needs to study harder.



Keri hopes to see the concert.



Sunny tried **to get** the bananas.



Jimmy forgot **to do** his homework.



Infinitives

Grandma Lee went to the hospital.

She wanted to see a doctor.

Grandma Lee went to the hospital to see a doctor.



Grandpa Lee went to the barbershop to get a haircut.



Mr. Lee went to the bank to get some money.



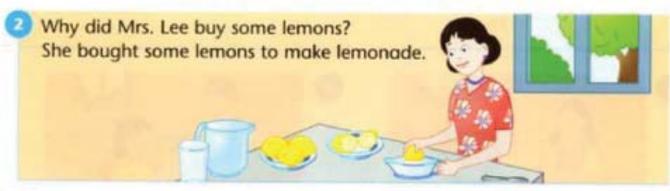
May went to the post office to send a letter.



Mrs. Lee went to the bakery to buy some bread.

Infinitives















am going to eat the oranges.

He She

is going to eat the oranges.

It

You

We

They

are going to eat the oranges.





Jimmy and May are going to eat the oranges.





Kenny and Keri are going to drink the juice.





Jimmy and May are going to rake the leaves.





Grandma Lee is going to mop the floor.





Mr. Lee is going to turn on the light.





Mrs. Lee is going to turn off the light.

He
She
It
You
We
They







He is going to drink juice.



Tracy and May aren't going to play tennis.



They are going to play badminton.



Mrs. Lee isn't going to wash the clothes.



She is going to iron the clothes.



Read the story and answer the questions on page 31.

Mr. Lee and Jimmy Go to India

Tomorrow, Jimmy is going to fly to India with his father. Mr. Lee is going to go there on business. He is going to stay there for two days.





While they are in India, Jimmy and his father **are going to** stay with the Singh family. Mr. Singh is Mr. Lee's good friend. They went to college together.

Mr. Singh has a daughter. Her name is Nali. She is thirteen years old. Nali is very smart and very beautiful. Nali is going to take Jimmy to a beautiful temple. The temple belonged to King Raja. King Raja was India's king one thousand years ago. He was very rich and famous.



Nali is going to show King Raja's tomb to Jimmy. Inside the tomb is King Raja's throne. There was a huge ruby in the throne. However, two temple workers stole it forty years ago. The thieves' names were Malik and Kamal.



New Words

belong to → belonged to

college

daughter

famous

however

huge

on business ruby stay steal → stole temple thieves thousand throne together tomb workers

- Where is Jimmy going to go?
 He is going to go to India.
- 2. Who is going to go with him?
- 3. How many days are they going to stay in India?
- 4. Where are they going to stay?
- 5. Who is going to take Jimmy to a beautiful temple?
- 6. What is Nali going to show Jimmy?



You He She It We They

will eat the banana.
won't eat the apple.

will not = won't



Mr. Lee will go to work.



He won't go to school.



Mrs. Lee will turn on the light.



She won't turn off the light.



Jimmy will ring the doorbell.



He won't knock on the door.



May will send a letter.



She won't send a package.

What will Jimmy and his friends do this weekend?



- 1. Jimmy will go camping.
- 2. Sunny will go surfing.
- 3. May will go roller-skating.
- 4. Larry will go fishing.
- 5. Keri will go horseback riding.
- 6. Kenny will go hiking.

Future

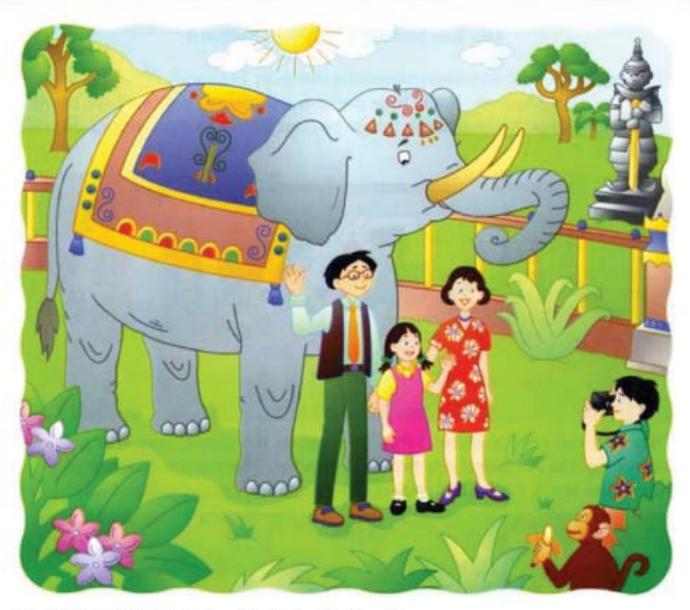


Today is the first day of the month. Tomorrow, the Lee family will fly to Thailand. They will go on vacation for two weeks.

Study the calendar below. Then answer the questions on page 35.



Future



- When will the Lee family fly to Thailand?
 They will fly to Thailand on the second.
- 2. When will they visit the Royal Thai Museum?
- 3. When will they go swimming?
- 4. When will they go fishing?
- 5. When will they ride elephants?
- 6. When will they fly home?



The Lee Family's Trip to Thailand

The Lee family **will** do many interesting things in Thailand. They **will** visit the Royal Thai Museum. While they are at the museum, they **will** see many wonderful things. Most of these things belonged to the kings and queens of Thailand.



They **will** visit Phi Phi Island. While they are on the island, they **will** go swimming. Phi Phi Island has beautiful beaches. The sand is as white as sugar. The sea is a beautiful blue-green color. It has many colorful fish.



They will visit Big Mountain Park. While they are at the park, they will ride elephants. They will also walk through a jungle with many wild animals. They will stop for lunch at a beautiful waterfall.

New Words			_
colorful	jungle	wild animals	
island	waterfall		

Future

The Lee family will go to Thailand.
The Lee family will visit the Royal Thai Museum.

When the Lee family goes to Thailand, they will visit the Royal Thai Museum.

The Lee family will visit the Royal Thai Museum. They will see many expensive things.

When the Lee family visits the Royal Thai Museum, they will see many expensive things.



The Lee family will go to Phi Phi Island. They will go swimming.

When the Lee family goes to Phi Phi Island, they will go swimming.

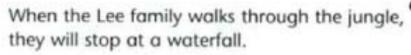


The Lee family will visit Big Mountain Park. They will ride elephants.

When the Lee family visits Big Mountain Park, they will ride elephants.



The Lee family will walk through the jungle. They will stop at a waterfall.







Before Jimmy eats dinner, he will wash his hands.



After Jimmy washes his hands, he will eat dinner.





Before Mrs. Lee makes some tea, she will boil some water.



After Mrs. Lee boils some water, she will make some tea.





Before Mr. Lee watches television, he will read the newspaper.



After Mr. Lee reads the newspaper, he will watch television.





Before May goes to bed, she will do her homework.



After May does her homework, she will go to bed.







If it rains tomorrow, Jimmy will take his umbrella to school.



If it is sunny on Wednesday, Jimmy will play baseball in the park.



If it is stormy on Thursday, Jimmy will stay inside.



If it is windy on Friday, Jimmy will fly his kite.

Future



If it doesn't rain tomorrow, Jimmy won't take an umbrella to school.



If it isn't sunny on Wednesday, Jimmy won't play baseball in the park.



If it isn't stormy on Thursday, Jimmy won't stay inside.



If it isn't windy on Friday, Jimmy won't fly his kite.

Infinitives



We use many things in school. What do we use them for?



- 1. We use chalk to write on a blackboard.
- 2. We use an eraser to erase a mistake.
- 3. We use crayons to color a picture.
- 4. We use a paintbrush to paint a picture.
- 5. We use a ruler to measure a line.
- 6. We use scissors to cut paper.
- We use a stapler to staple paper.
- We use tape to tape paper.

Gerunds

We also use many things at home. What do we use them for?



- We use a calculator for adding numbers.
- We use a hammer for hitting nails.
- 3. We use a cloth for **dusting** furniture.
- 4. We use a broom for sweeping floors.
- We use a towel for drying dishes.
- We use an iron for ironing clothes.
- 7. We use a watch for telling time.
- 8. We use a camera for taking photographs.



We use may to ask permission.

Fill in the blanks using the words below.



- May I sit down? I'm __dizzy __.
- 2. May I see a doctor? I'm ______.
- 3. May I borrow a towel? I'm ______.
- May I go to bed? I'm ______.
- May I have some water? I'm ______.

We use may and might to show possibility.

Fill in the blanks using the words below.



- It may be cold tomorrow. Please wear ____ a coat ___.
- 2. It might be hot tomorrow. Please wear ______.
- 3. It may be rainy tomorrow. Please wear ______.
- It might be cool tomorrow. Please wear ______.

Maybe has the same meaning as may and might.



Maybe I will be a scientist when I grow up.



Maybe I will be an astronaut when I grow up.



Maybe I will be a veterinarian when I grow up.



Maybe I will be an artist when I grow up.



Maybe I will be a professor when I grow up.



can/can't; could/couldn't

We use can and could to show ability. Use can for the present. Use could for the past.

Things Jimmy Can and Can't Do Now



- 1. He can play the piano, but he can't play the violin.
- 2. He can ride a bicycle, but he can't ride a motorcycle.
- 3. He can read English, but he can't read French.
- 4. He can make toast, but he can't make a cake.
- 5. He can fly a kite, but he can't fly an airplane.

Things Jimmy Could and Couldn't Do at Age 4

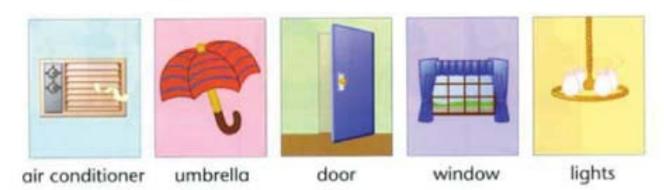


- He could play soccer, but he couldn't play tennis.
- 2. He could ride a tricycle, but he couldn't ride a bicycle.
- He could climb a ladder, but he couldn't climb a tree.
- He could use chopsticks, but he couldn't use a knife and fork.
- He could throw a baseball, but he couldn't throw a football.

could not = couldn't

We use **can** and **could** to ask permission. **Could** is more polite than **can**.

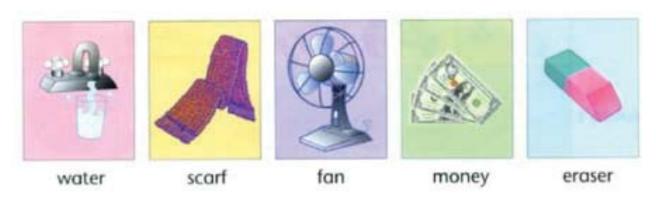
Fill in the blanks using the words below.



- It's noisy outside. Can I shut the <u>door</u>?
- It's raining outside. Can I borrow your ______?
- It's dark in here. Could I turn on the ______?
- I'm hot. Can I open the ______?
- I'm cold. Could I turn off the _____?

We use could to make requests.

Fill in the blanks using the words below.



- I'm cold. Could you lend me your __scarf__?
- I'm hot. Could you turn on the _____?
- I made a mistake. Could you lend me your ______?
- I lost my purse. Could you lend me some ______?
- 5. I'm thirsty. Could you bring me some _____?



Will?/Would?; will/might

We use will and would to make requests. Would is more polite than will.

Fill in the blanks using the words below.











map

air conditioner

sandwich

water

doctor

- I'm lost. Will you give me a ___map __?
- I'm thirsty. Would you give me some _____?
- 3. I'm cold. Will you turn off the _____?
- I'm hungry. Would you make me a _____?
- 5. I hurt my foot. Would you take me to a ?

We use will to say something is certainly going to happen.

Fill in the blanks using will or might.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
				1300
100% chance of sun	70% chance of sun	60% chance of clouds	100% chance of clouds	100% chance of wind and rain

- It <u>will</u> be sunny on Monday.
- 2. It ______ be sunny on Tuesday.
- 3. It ______ be rainy on Wednesday.
- 4. It ______ be cloudy on Thursday.
- 5. It ______ be stormy on Friday.

Would like has the same meaning as want. It is more polite than want.

Would you like to play chess?



Would you like to fly a kite?

Yes, I would.

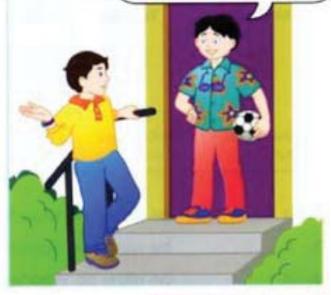


Would you like to ride bicycles?



Would you like to see a movie?

No, I wouldn't.
I'd like to play soccer.



I would = I'd would not = wouldn't

should/shouldn't



We use should or should not for strong suggestions.



We **should** throw trash into the trash can.



We **shouldn't** throw trash on the ground.



We should exercise every day.



We shouldn't smoke cigarettes.



We **should** brush our teeth every day.



We **shouldn't** eat too much candy.

should not = shouldn't

Should?

Read each story. Then answer the questions.

Grandma Lee bought a new hat. It was very expensive. She likes her new hat very much, but it is not pretty. It looks funny on her. Grandma Lee asked Grandpa Lee, "Do you like my hat?" Grandpa Lee does not like it. Should he tell her?



Mr. and Mrs. Lee are not home. Jimmy is baby-sitting Ronnie and Rhonda. Before Mrs. Lee left, she said, "Don't give the children any cookies." Now Ronnie and Rhonda are crying very loudly. They want cookies. Should Jimmy give them cookies?



Should?

Read each story. Then answer the questions.

May is waiting at the bus stop. She sees a woman drop a hundred dollar bill. May picks up the money. The woman gets on her bus. May calls to the woman, but the woman doesn't hear her. The bus leaves. Should May keep the money? Should she tell her parents?



Mrs. Lee bought a new vase. It was very expensive. Mr. Lee broke the vase. He fixed the vase very well. Now he can't see the crack. If he tells Mrs. Lee about the crack, she might be very angry. Should he tell her about the crack? Should he buy another vase?



must/must not

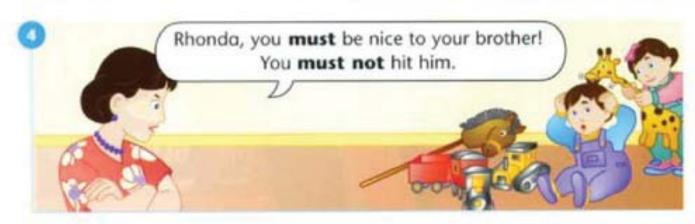


We use must or must not for strong commands.









have to/has to

- In the Lates Committee	nd has to have the san	3	on a second
You We They	have to sleep.	He She It	has to sleep.

Look at the charts. Complete the sentences.

Jimmy's Chores This Week



May's Chores This Week



- On Monday, May <u>has to dust</u> the furniture.
- On Tuesday, Jimmy and May _______.
- 3. On Wednesday, Jimmy ______.
- 4. On Wednesday, May _______.
- On Thursday, May ______.
- 6. On Friday, Jimmy and May ______.

Had to is the simple past tense of have to. Had to is also used as the past tense for must.





This Monday, May has to dust the furniture.



Last Monday, she
had to water the plants.





This Tuesday, Jimmy and May have to wash the dishes.



Last Tuesday, they **had to** wash the clothes.





This Wednesday, Jimmy must mop the floor.



Last Wednesday, he had to sweep the floor.





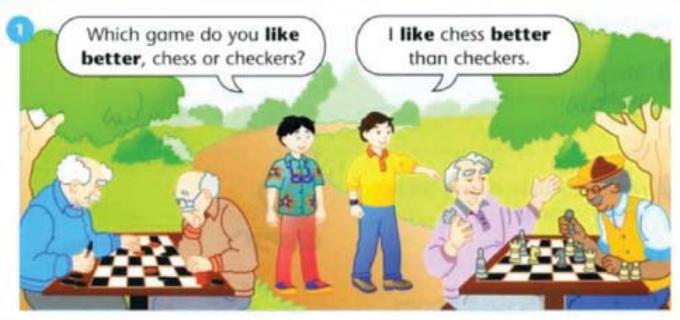
This Thursday, Jimmy must give Max a bath.



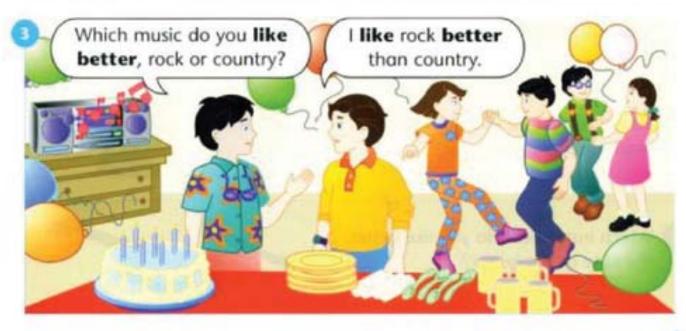
Last Thursday, he **had to** give Sunny a bath.

like better









Ask a classmate the questions below.

Which fruit do you like better, apples or bananas?



Which vegetable do you like better, corn or carrots?



Which drink do you like better, milk or orange juice?



Which snack do you like better, popcorn or peanuts?





Which game do you like better, chess or checkers?





Which sport do you like better, baseball or basketball?



Which subject do you like better, math or English?

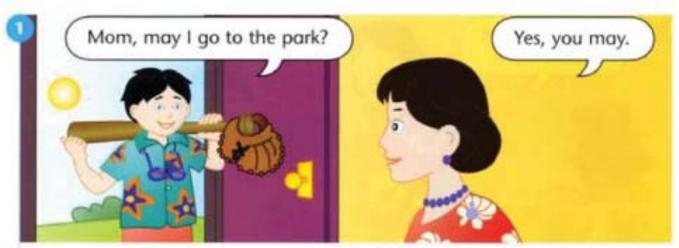




Which instrument do you like better, the flute or the guitar?







What did Mrs. Lee **let** Jimmy do? She **let** him go to the park.



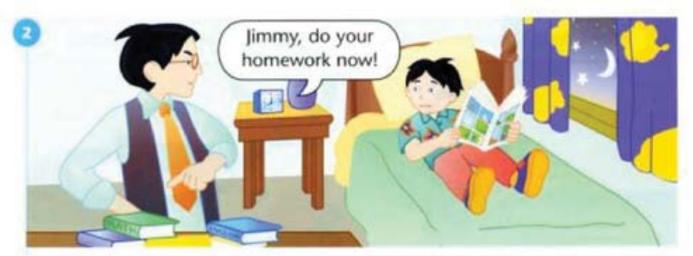
What didn't Mrs. Lee **let** Rhonda do? She didn't **let** her have any candy.



What didn't Mr. Lee **let** Ronnie do? He didn't **let** him sit on the motorcycle.



What did Mrs. Lee **make** May do? She **made** her wash the dishes.



What did Mr. Lee **make** Jimmy do? He **made** him do his homework.



What did Mrs. Lee **make** Rhonda do? She **made** her hang up her clothes.

Infinitives



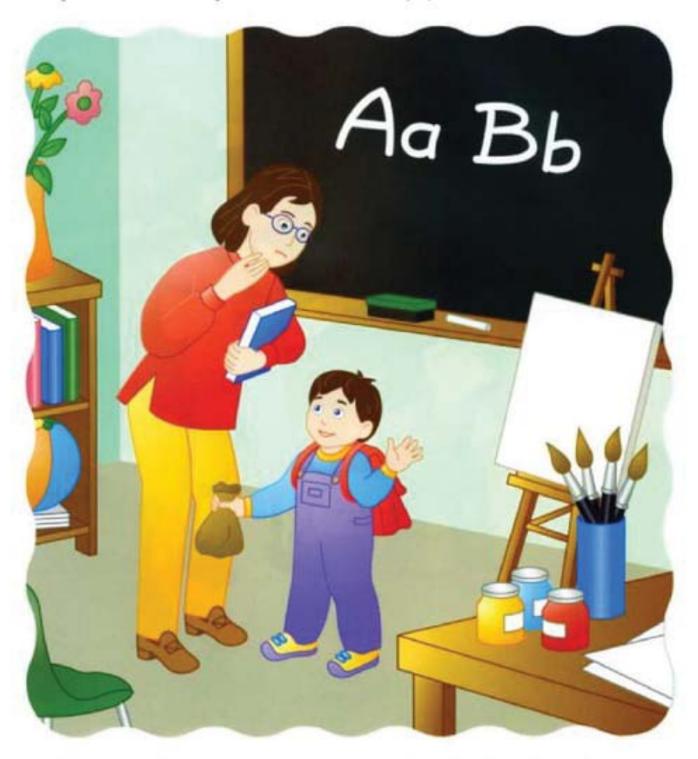
Rhonda wants to learn how to play baseball. She has many questions.



- How do I wear the mitt?
 I don't know how to wear it.
- How do I catch the ball?I don't know how to catch it.
- How do I hold the bat?I don't know how to hold it.
- How do I hit the ball?
 I don't know how to hit it.
- How do I throw the ball?I don't know how to throw it.
- How do I tie my shoes?I don't know how to tie them.

Infinitives

Today is Ronnie's first day of school. He has many questions.



- What should I draw now?
 I don't know what to draw.
- What should I do now?I don't know what to do.
- Where should I go now?I don't know where to go.
- Where should I sit now?
 I don't know where to sit.
- When can I eat lunch?I don't know when to eat.
- When can I go home?I don't know when to go.



The king is a large man.

He is wearing a crown.

The king is the large man **who** is wearing a crown.



- Who is the king?
 The king is the large man who is wearing a crown.
- Who is the queen?The queen is the pretty woman who is wearing a necklace.
- Who is the guard?The guard is the thin man who is wearing a red uniform.
- Who is the soldier?
 The soldier is the tall man who is wearing a helmet.
- 5. Who is the housekeeper?
 The housekeeper is the large woman who is holding a duster.
- 6. Who is the gardener?
 The gardener is the short man who is holding a shovel.

A carpenter is a person who makes furniture.



A pilot is a person who flies an airplane.



A singer is a person who sings songs.



A chef is a person who cooks in a restaurant.



A tailor is a person who makes clothes.



A fisherman is a person who catches fish.



A musician is a person who plays music.

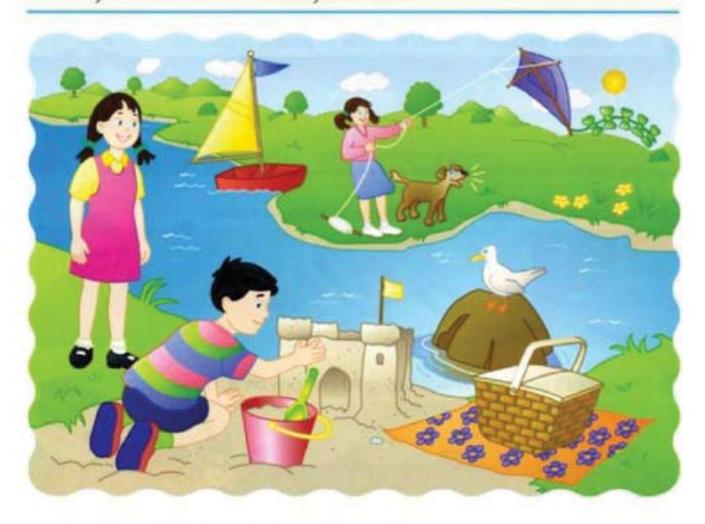


B A gardener is a person who takes care of a garden.





May sees a boat.
The boat has a yellow sail.
May sees a boat **that** has a yellow sail.



- May sees a kite. The kite has a green tail.
 May sees a kite that has a green tail.
- May sees a dog. The dog is barking. May sees a dog that is barking.
- May sees a pail. The pail has a shovel in it. May sees a pail that has a shovel in it.
- May sees a blanket. The blanket has purple flowers on it. May sees a blanket that has purple flowers on it.
- May sees a bird. The bird is standing on a rock. May sees a bird that is standing on a rock.
- May sees a sand castle. The sand castle has a flag on top of it. May sees a sand castle that has a flag on top of it.

The king's crown is beautiful.

The crown is made of gold.

The king's crown, which is made of gold, is beautiful.







The housekeeper's tray, which has two gold cups on it, is shiny.



The gardener's pot, which has a flower in it, is large.





We use whose to show possession.



- Davy is the short boy. His dog is black.
 Davy is the short boy whose dog is black.
- Keri is the tall girl. Her dog has black spots.Keri is the tall girl whose dog has black spots.
- Jenny is the short girl. Her dog is wearing a pink bow.Jenny is the short girl whose dog is wearing a pink bow.
- Kenny is the tall boy. His dog is standing on a ball.
 Kenny is the tall boy whose dog is standing on a ball.

Fill in the blanks with who, that, or whose.



1.	Jimmy sees a dog. It is barking.
	Jimmy sees a dog is barking.
2.	Jimmy sees a woman. She is sitting on a rock.
	Jimmy sees a woman is sitting on a rock.
3.	Jimmy sees a surfboard. It is red.
	Jimmy sees a surfboard is red.
4.	Jimmy sees a boy. His hair is red.
	Jimmy sees a boy hair is red.
5.	Jimmy sees a ball. It is green.
	Jimmy sees a ball is green.
6.	Jimmy sees an old woman. Her blanket has flowers on it.
	Jimmy sees an old woman blanket has flowers on it.
7.	Jimmy sees a girl. She is carrying a pail.
	Jimmy sees a girl is carrying a pail.
8.	Jimmy sees a turtle. It is afraid.
	Jimmy sees a turtle is afraid.

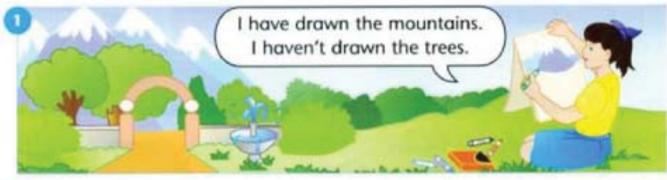
You We They

have have not

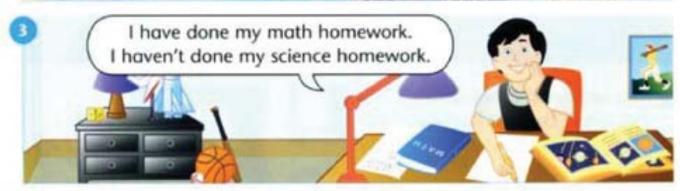
drunk the juice.

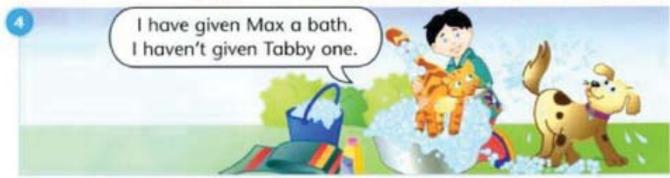
have not = haven't

do → have done draw → have drawn drink → have drunk give → have given make → have made











Review

Fill in the blanks.





Have you we they washed the dishes? Yes, you we they haven't.

clean → have cleaned dress → have dressed feed → have fed wash → have washed

water → have watered

Have you fed Tabby?

Yes, I have.







he he has. Yes, won the race? Has she she hasn't. No. it it finish → has finished leave → has left win → has won read → has read return → has returned





Yes, she has.

Has Jimmy washed his hands?



No, he hasn't.

Has Grandpa Lee read the magazine?



No, he hasn't.

Has Mr. Lee finished his work?



No, he hasn't.

Has Grandma Lee returned home? (3) Has Max eaten his dinner?



Yes, she has.



No, he hasn't.



We use **already** with affirmative statements. We use **yet** with negative statements.





I have = I've