UNIT 2: CITY LIFE

A. VOCABULARY

No.	Word/Phrase	Type	IPA	Meaning
1.	traffic congestion	(n)	/ˈtræfık kənˈdʒεst∫ən/	xe điện
2.	bustling	(adj)	/'bոlւŋ/	hối hả, nhộn nhịp, náo nhiệt
3.	concrete jungle	(n)	/ˈkɒŋkri:t/ ˈdʒʌŋgl/	khu vực bê tông hóa (nhiều nhà cao tầng)
4.	construction site	(n)	/kənˈstrʌk∫n saɪt/	công trường xây dựng
5.	congested	(adj)	/kən'dʒestɪd/	tắc nghẽn (giao thông)
6.	downtown	(n)	/'daʊntaʊn/	khu trung tâm thành phố, thị trấn
7.	entertainment centre	(n)	/,entə'teınmənt 'sentə/	trung tâm giải trí
8.	hygiene	(n)	/ˈhaɪdʒi:n/	vệ sinh, vấn đề vệ sinh
9.	itchy	(adj)	/ˈɪtʃi/	ngứa, gây ngứa
10.	leftover	(n)	/ˈleftəʊvə/	thức ăn thừa
11.	liveable	(adj)	/ˈlɪvəbl/	đáng sống
12.	metro	(n)	/'metrəʊ/	hệ thống tàu điện ngầm
13.	pricey	(adj)	/'praɪsi/	đắt đỏ
14.	process	(v)	/'prəʊses/	xử lý
15.	public amenities	(n)	/ˈpʌblɪk əˈmi:nɪtiz/	những tiện ích công cộng
16.	rush hour	(n)	/'rʌ∫ aʊər/	giờ cao điểm
17.	sky train	(n)	/skaı treın/	tàu điện trên không
18.	traffic jam	(n)	/ˈtræfik dʒæm/	nạn kẹt xe
19.	tram	(n)	/træm/	tàu điện ngầm

Collocations/ phrase/phrasal verb	Meaning
1. carry out	tiến hành, thực hiện
2. come down with	bị ốm, mắc bệnh
3. cut down on	cắt giảm

4. get around	đi xung quanh
5. hang out with	đi chơi (cùng ai)
6. packed with	đông đúc

B. WORD FORM

1 nolluta (v): gây â nhiễm	6 urhaniza (v.): đô thị hóa
1. pollute (v): gây ô nhiễm	6. urbanize (v): đô thị hóa
- pollution (n): sự ô nhiễm	- urbanization (n): sự đô thị hóa
- pollutant (n): chất gây ô nhiễm	- urban (adj): thuộc đô thị
- polluted (adj): bị ô nhiễm	7. inhabit (v): sinh sống
- polluting (adj): gây ô nhiễm	- inhabitant (n): người cư trú
2. transport (v): vận chuyển	- habitat (n): môi trường sống
- transportation (n): vận tải	- habitable (adj): có thể ở được
- transportable (adj): có thể vận chuyển được	- uninhabitable (adj): không thể ở được
3. migrate (v): sån xuất, tạo ra	8. develop (v): phát triển
- migration (n): sự di cư	- development (n): sự phát triển
- migrant (n): người di cư	- developer (n): nhà phát triển
- migratory (adj): có tính di cu	- developed (adj): đã phát triển (thường dùng cho
4. attract (v): thu hút	các nước phát triển)
- attraction (n): sự thu hút, điểm thu hút	- developing (adj): đang phát triển
- attractive (adj): hấp dẫn, thu hút	9. congest (v): gây tắc nghẽn
- attractively (adv): một cách hấp dẫn, thu hút	- congestion (n): sự tắc nghẽn
5. live (v): sống	- congested (adj): (bị tắc nghẽn
- life (n): cuộc sống	
- lifestyle (n): lối sống	
- livelihood (n): kế sinh nhai	

C. GRAMMAR

a. Double comparatives

Càng, thì càng......

Adj/Adv_ER	Adj/Adv_ER
The + LESS + Adj/Adv/N, Adj/Adv/N	THE + LESS +
MORE + Adj/Adv/N	MORE +

The darker it gets, the colder it is.

The less money you spent, the more you can save.

The more beautiful she is, the more miserable her husband is.



A. PHONETIC

Exercise 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. seri <u>ou</u> s	B. th <u>ou</u> sand	C. f <u>ou</u> nd	D. ar <u>ou</u> nd
2. A. confl <u>i</u> ct	B. <u>i</u> tchy	C. rel <u>i</u> able	D. determ <u>i</u> ne
3. A. <u>h</u> ygiene	B. <u>h</u> eritage	C. <u>h</u> otel	D. <u>h</u> our
4. A. construction	B. pop <u>u</u> lar	C. reg <u>u</u> lar	D. fab <u>u</u> lous
5. A. tr <u>a</u> m	B. c <u>a</u> rry	C. s <u>a</u> fe	D. tr <u>a</u> ffic
6. A. fam <u>ou</u> s	B. nerv <u>ou</u> s	C. danger <u>ou</u> s	D. m <u>ou</u> ntain
7. A. town	B. cow	C. snow	D. br <u>ow</u> n
8. A. spr <u>ea</u> d	B. dis <u>ea</u> se	C. h <u>ea</u> lth	D. pl <u>ea</u> sure
9. A. fl <u>oo</u> d	B. <u>goo</u> d	C. f <u>oo</u> t	D. l <u>oo</u> k
10.A. cr <u>o</u> p	B. exp <u>o</u> rt	C. sh <u>o</u> rtage	D. res <u>o</u> rt

Exercise 2: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

	-	1	<u> </u>	
1.	A. locate	B. mingle	C. develop	D. attract
2.	A. populous	B. determine	C. forbidden	D. delicious
3.	A. bustling	B. advance	C. itchy	D. pricey
4.	A. capital	B. gallery	C. harbour	D. museum
5.	A. fascinate	B. expensive	C. restaurant	D. difference
6.	A. conduct	B. ancient	C. drawback	D. feature
7.	A. determine	B. pagoda	C. fabulous	D. convenient
8.	A. intelligence	B. facility	C. development	D. education
9.	A. metropolitan	B. university	C. organisation	D. multicultural
10	.A. fascinate	B. expensive	C. restaurant	D. Difference

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMAR

Exercise 3: Fill in each blank with one appropriate word or phrase from the box. (There are some extra words or phrases.)

	bustling	process	pricey	leftovers	
	traffic jams	itchy	entertainment contor	construction sites	
1	are a common	signt in bust	nng citles, with crane	es and Workers build	ing new
skyscra	ipers.				
2. After	r a long day at work	, people often	unwind by visiting a	n , where t	hey can
	novies, games, or live		-		J
3. Inste	ead of wasting food,	it's better to s	save from me	als and use them for	another
day.					
4. Dini	ng out in the city car	n be	, especially at upsc	ale restaurants with g	gourmet
cuisine					
5. Rush	hour brings heavy _	,(causing delays for com	nmuters trying to get l	home.

Exercise 4: Fill in each blank with a suitable word or phrase from the box.

green spaces	leftovers	livable	traffic lights	food waste
rush hour	city center	cafeteria	construction site	traffic congestion
Every morning du	ring	the streets ar	e nacked with cars	

2. I made too much pasta last night. I'll pack t		
3. Many office buildings have a w	here employees can go to	buy and eat lunch.
4. We need to wait patiently for the		
5. Some restaurants donate their		
away.		
6 is the heart of the city, with	high activity, shops, and	businesses.
7. The high cost of rent makes it difficult for i		
apartment in the city center.	<i>y y 3</i> 1	
8. The city is planning to build a new subway l	ine to help reduce	during rush hour.
9. Many people enjoy spending time relaxing		
gardens.	<u> </u>	
10. My friend's apartment building is under	r renovation, so they are	currently living in a
temporary place until the is finished		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Exercise 5: Circle the correct option in bracket		
1. The (more / many) people live in a city, to		there is
2. The (most / more) expensive an apartm	_	
central location.	cit is, the (less / much)	intery it is to be in a
3. The (closer / closest) you live in the city	center the (most / more)	avnancive the rent is
likely to be.	conter, the (most / more)	expensive the rent is
4. The (less / little) noise there is in the cit.	y the (easier /difficult) it	can he to get a good
night's sleep.	y, the (easier /annicuit) it	can be to get a good
5. (The more / The most) you walk in the c	ity at night (the more / t	ha moat) important it
is to be aware of your surroundings.	ity at inglit, (the more / t	me most) important n
6. The (largest / larger) city you live in, the	ho (moro / fower) oppor	tunities there are for
	ne (more / lewer) oppor	tuilliles there are for
jobs. The (less / bearier) traffic there is the (s	hort / shorter) time it tal	roo to got onound
7. The (less / heavier) traffic there is, the (s		
8. The (many / fewer) tourists there are, the		
9. The (most / more) options for entertaining	ment there are, the (mos	st / more) diverse the
culture becomes.	: b +b (. /
10. The (more / least) historical landmarks	a city has, the (weakes)	t / stronger) sense of
connection you might feel to the past.		
Exercise 6: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indi	cate the correct answer	to each of the
following questions.		
1. The construction next door has been		F ''
A. metro B. tram		D. site
2. The theater in the area hosts fantastic		D 1
A. downtown B. hygiene		D. underground
3. The new features a cinema, bowling a		
A. traffic jam B. entertainment centr	e	C. concrete jungle
D. construction site		
4. It's easy to the city using public trans	-	
A. carry out B. find out		
5. Good practices are essential to preve	nt the spread of diseases	
A. construction B. hygiene		D. downtown
6. My allergies cause during springtime		
A. road dust B. underground system	C. congested road	D. itchy eyes
7 is a common issue in large cities.		
A. Traffic light B. Traffic flow	C. Traffic safety	D. Traffic congestion
8. The streets of downtown are filled wi	th people rushing to worl	K.
A. bustling B. special		D. quiet
9. To save money, I try to unnecessary &		
A. come down with B. cut down on		D. get on with

10.The old library was	quite, but they re	ecently renovated it.	
A. pricey	B. reliable	C. dusty	D. quiet
11. Eating out in this ci	ity can be quite, ϵ	especially at fancy restau	rants.
A. affordable	B. pricey	C. interesting	D. reasonable
12.I a fever last	night.		
A. came down with	B. cut down on	C. got on with	D. ran out of
	nt aims to environ		
A. get around	B. hand down	C. carry out	D. give up
14.Let's at the le	ocal café this weekend!		
A. get on with	B. hang out	C. come down	D. cut down on
	lifestyle with everyt		
	B. noisy		D. convenient
16.Unfortunately, I		<u> </u>	
		C. ran out of	D. gave up
		acked with commuters.	5 1
		C. crowded	D. liveable
		due to its tall buildings	
	B. entertainment cent		
D. construction site			
	like an oasis of gr	reen space.	
	B. careful		D. dangerous
<u> </u>	mix of historic and		D. dangerous
	B. modern		D. noisy
	gary snacks for better he	3	D. 11010y
		C. get on with	D. take care of
	e often during rus		D. take care or
	B. open		D. pricey
23.My skin gets		c. congested	D. pricey
	B. narrow	C perfect	D. clear
24.Be cautious of	in crowded areas	C. periect	D. Clear
A picknocketing	B. crime-free	Confoty	D. security
	this neighborhood is qui		D. Security
			D. careful
_	B. liveable		D. Careiui
	stem is efficient for dail		D traffician
A. lellover	B. Construction	C. underground	D. traffic jam
27. Many families prefe	er to live in the quieter		D t
	B. centers		D. transportation
	g shops nearby makes li		Dliabla
	B. difficulty		D. unreliable
	ry to processed fo		D 1.
	B. transport		D. complete
	ns to infrastructu		D 1 1 0
	B. carry out		D. look after
	chicken to avoid f		
	B. shortly	C. narrowly	D. especially
32. Unfortunately, this			
		C. clean environment	D. high safety level
	le world heritages are to		
-	ted and preserving they	are	B. the more they are
protected and preserve			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ave people protect and p	preserve	D. the more people
make them protect and	d preserve		

34	the temperature, water turns i	nto steam.	
	A. Higher / faster the		B. The higher / the
fas	ster		
	C. The more higher / the faster	D. The higher / the fast	
35	.The older you are,		
	A. the more you may become worried	B. the more worried yo	u may become
	C. the more worry you may become	D. you may become mo	re worried
36	.The more challenging the exercises are,	we feel.	
	A. the less bored B. the least bored	C. the less boring	D. the least boring
37	.The you encounter failure, the more	confident you are.	
	A. more frequently B. as frequently	C. most frequent	D. more frequent
38	.He spent a year in India and loves spicy foo	d the food is,	he likes it.
	A. The hotter/the more and more	B. The hotter/the more	
	C. The more and more hot/the more	D. The hottest/the most	t
39	he drank, he became.		
	A. More/more violent		B. The most/the
mo	ost violent		
	C. The more/the more violent	D. The less/less violent	
40	.Earning money has always been the thing the	hat pleases him most	he becomes,
	he is.		
	A. The more rich/ the more happy	B. The richest/ the hap	piest
	C. The richer/ the happier		D. Richer and richer/
ha	ppier and happier		
41	you study for these exams, you	ı will do.	
	A. The harder/ the better		B. The more/ the
mι	ıch		
			D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	C. The hardest/ the best		D. The more hard/
the	C. The hardest/ the best e more good		D. The more hard/
		at it is at night,	
42	e more good	at it is at night,	
42 mu	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems th	at it is at night,	
42 mu	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems th asic!		he plays his
42 mu	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems th asic! A. the less/ the more loud	D. the later/the louder	he plays his B. the less/less
42 mu	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems th usic! A. the less/ the more loud C. the more late/ the more loudly	D. the later/the louder licate the word(s) CLOSI	he plays his B. the less/less
42 mu Ex un	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems thusic! A. the less/ the more loud C. the more late/ the more loudly ercise 7: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to income	D. the later/the louder dicate the word(s) CLOSI estions.	he plays his B. the less/less
42 mu Ex un	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems thusic! A. the less/ the more loud C. the more late/ the more loudly ercise 7: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to incoderlined word(s) in each of the following que	D. the later/the louder dicate the word(s) CLOSI estions.	he plays his B. the less/less
42 mu Ex un 1.	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems the sic! A. the less/ the more loud C. the more late/ the more loudly ercise 7: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to incoderlined word(s) in each of the following que New York city was founded by the Dutch in	D. the later/the louder licate the word(s) CLOSI estions. 1624. C. established	he plays his B. the less/less EST in meaning to the D. pointed
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42 mu Ex un 1.	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems the sic! A. the less/ the more loud C. the more late/ the more loudly ercise 7: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to inconderlined word(s) in each of the following que New York city was founded by the Dutch in A. demolished B. destroyed More and more city dwellers suffer from condenses.	D. the later/the louder licate the word(s) CLOSI estions. 1624. C. established ughing or breathing probed with people.	he plays his B. the less/less EST in meaning to the D. pointed olems.
42 mu Ex un 1.	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems the sic! A. the less/ the more loud C. the more late/ the more loudly sercise 7: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to incoderlined word(s) in each of the following que New York city was founded by the Dutch in A. demolished B. destroyed More and more city dwellers suffer from cor A. residents B. roads	D. the later/the louder dicate the word(s) CLOSI estions. 1624. C. established ughing or breathing prob	he plays his B. the less/less EST in meaning to the D. pointed olems.
Ex un 1. 2. 3.	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems the sic! A. the less/ the more loud C. the more late/ the more loudly ercise 7: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to incomplete to the following question of the following quest	D. the later/the louder licate the word(s) CLOSI estions. 1624. C. established ughing or breathing prob C. pollution ed with people. C. peaceful	he plays his B. the less/less EST in meaning to the D. pointed olems. D. traffics D. convenient
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Ex un 1. 2. 3. 4.	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems the sic! A. the less/ the more loud C. the more late/ the more loudly sercise 7: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to inconsider the following que new York city was founded by the Dutch in A. demolished B. destroyed More and more city dwellers suffer from considering the following que new York city was founded by the Dutch in A. demolished B. destroyed More and more city dwellers suffer from considering the following que new York city was founded by the Dutch in A. demolished B. destroyed More and more city dwellers suffer from considering the following que new York city was founded by the Dutch in A. demolished B. crowded A. residents B. crowded Public transportation in the city is generally A. unsteady B. broken	D. the later/the louder licate the word(s) CLOSI estions. 1624. C. established ughing or breathing probable with people. C. peaceful reliable, with frequent loc. delayed	he plays his B. the less/less EST in meaning to the D. pointed plems. D. traffics D. convenient puses and trains. D. trustworthy
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Exx un 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Exx	e more good .My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems the sic! A. the less/ the more loud C. the more late/ the more loudly ercise 7: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to inconsider the following question and word(s) in each of the following question and more city was founded by the Dutch in A. demolished B. destroyed More and more city dwellers suffer from consideration and suffer suffer from consideration and suffer suffer from consideration in the city is generally A. empty B. crowded Public transportation in the city is generally A. unsteady B. broken The city skyline, with its tall buildings and sand appealing B. boring	D. the later/the louder dicate the word(s) CLOSI estions. 1624. C. established ughing or breathing probable with people. C. peaceful reliable, with frequent later conduction to the delayed shimmering lights, is und C. ugly icate the word(s) OPPOS	he plays his B. the less/less EST in meaning to the D. pointed olems. D. traffics D. convenient ouses and trains. D. trustworthy eniably attractive. D. unattractive
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4. The new road is very <u>wide</u> , which helps to revehicles.	educe congestion and improve the flow of
A. narrow B. broad	C. large D. vast
5. Living in the city can be pricey; rent, d	
premium.	<i>,</i>
A. cheap B. expensive	C. costly D. dear
Exercise 9: Write the correct form of the word	•
1. Many city dwellers appreciate the conveni-	ence of public transportation,
but sometimes crowded buses and trains lack	
car.	
2. The streets during rush hour can be increased	edibly, with people (crowd)
hurrying to work or school.	(Clowd)
3. Unfortunately, the city's public Wi-Fi no	etwork is quite; it (rely)
frequently disconnects without warning.	(161y)
4. The skyline is constantly changing due to	ongoing projects, as (construct)
new buildings rise alongside older ones.	,
5. The city's parks are landscaped	, providing green spaces for (attract)
residents to relax and unwind.	
6. The nightlife in the city is incredibly	, with bars, clubs, and live (live)
music venues open until the early hours.	,
7. Despite the hustle and bustle, there are _	corners in the city, like (peace)
the serene botanical garden.	
8. Air pollution from traffic is a major concer-	n, and efforts are being made (pollutants)
to reduce in the city.	
9. Living near grocery stores, pharmacies, for city dwellers.	and restaurants offers great (convenient)
10. Some neighborhoods can be,	especially after dark, so it's
essential to stay alert and take precautions.	(endanger)
C. COMUNICATION	
Exercise 10: Mark the letter A, B, C or D to in	dicate the option that best completes each o
the following exchanges.	
1. Ann: "Alex, the traffic in this city is unbeara	ble!" - Alex: "I know. Ann"
A. You are Welcome.	B. I think it's quite hard to do that.
C. You are excellent.	D. It takes forever to get anywhere
2. Ann: "" - Alex: "I love it! There are so	o o
A. Would you like to have dinner with me?"	J
B. Do you feel like going to the cinema this	afternoon?
C. What do you think of the nightlife here?	
D. What can I do for you?	
3. Ann: "Alex, do you feel safe walking around	at night?" - Alex: "Generally, yes"
A. I haven't experienced it much	B. It's too noisy for me
C. But it's always good to be cautious	D. I prefer staying at home
4. Ann: "I enjoy spending time in the city parks	
the hustle and bustle."	
A. No problem	B. It's on the wall
C. I'm glad you like it	D. Me too!
5. Ann: "Any good restaurant suggestions?" - A	lex: "Definitely!"
A. Let's try that new sushi place.	B. Just round the corner over there.
C. Look it up in a dictionary!	D. There's no traffic near here.
6. Ann: "The air quality here isn't great, is it?"	- Alex: " We need more green spaces."
A. Not really	B. No way! It's useful
C I'm of the ennecite eninion	D. No. it's not

pportunities, but competition is fierce	e."
B. Can I pay by credit card?	
	elcome.
1 3	J
C. I doubt it D. Not at a	1
	· -
D. Would you like a cup of coffee?	
	a city
ide: - Alex, but for now, i ii	i a city
P. Marsha comodors	
•	a ha al-
Alex: They are now making a	pian and
D. V 1	
B. You shou	ild give
, .	
_	
B. You look tired, take a seat.	
D. Almost!	It arrives
to find souvenirs?" - "'	,
B. Sure, follow me. I'm always	ready for
D. Excellent choice, the shirt	here is
t stall?" – "	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ou don't
, ,	
n	
<u> </u>	
	t waiting
<i>D</i> . 1 III 110	c waiting
D Yes the next his arrives in 15 m	inutes
	<i>"</i>
	— losed on
ъ. 108 С	ioscu oli
D. No problem, thanks for asking	
	B. Can I pay by credit card? D. You're w times." - Alex: " Earplugs are n C. I doubt it D. Not at all convenient, but it gets crowded." B. Do you use public transport? D. Would you like a cup of coffee? ide?" - Alex: ", but for now, I'm B. Maybe someday D. Welcomed a roof garden on top of this high-rist Alex: They are now making a great idea re modern Mother: B. You shou D. That's a great idea re modern Mother: B. You can't do anything. D. We hope that. taxi ride cost?" - "" B. You look tired, take a seat. D. Almost! to find souvenirs?" - "" B. Sure, follow me. I'm always D. Excellent choice, the shirt the stall?" - "" B. Do you have the exact amount? D. No, y B. It's always like this on weekends D. I think I left my phone at home. "-"" B. I'm no D. Yes, the next bus arrives in 15 mest grocery store is?" - "" B. I'm no

D. READING

Exercise 11: Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for these questions.



1. What does this sig	yn mean?		_
A. Keep your dis			
B. Do not enter.			
C. Beware of op			
D. Prepare to st			
2. What does this sig			, C
A. Anybody can p			A SONE
_	nere if you are not visitors		WIGHTON
_	or living in this country car	n park here.	AISTICK
	s space for visitor only		ONLY
3. What does this si	0		ADANGER (
A. Using mobil	le phones is allowed wh	en pumping gas.	DON'T USE
B. Using mobil	le phones is prohibited	when pumping gas.	CELL PHONE WHILE
C. You can ma	ke a phone call when p	umping gas.	PUMPING GAS
D. Using mobil	le phone isn't dangerou	s when pumping gas.	
4. What does this si	_		FACE MASKS
A. You must w	vear masks.		REQUIRED
C. You can't w	ear masks.		
B. You can we	ear masks.		PRIOR TO ENTRY
D. You want to	wear masks.		
5. What does this si	ign mean?		
A. The airbag i	is activated.		
B. The airbag i	isn't working.		
C. The airbag	need to be serviced.		
D. Engage the	e airbag right now		Van Set van 1960
Evereice 12. Peed	the following advertises	mont / announcement a	nd mark the letter A R (
			nd mark the letter A, B, C
	correct option that bes	t fits each of the numbe	red blanks
①	11 34 . (1)	0.1 .11 0 . 147 11 .	
	9	e City with Our Walking	
	-	· -	erience (1) heart
Ž.			arming cafes, and admire
stunning architectu	re. Learn about the (3)	stories and lege	nds that shape our city's
identity. Tours are a	available daily and can	be booked online or (4)	our visitor center.
Walking Tours - You	ır Path to Urban Discov	ery!	
1. A. no article	B. a	C. the	D. an
2. A. convenient	B. historic	C. polluted	D. dangerous
3. A. fascinated	B. fascinating	C. fascinatingly	D. fascinate
4. A. in	B. to	C. at	D. for
4. A. III	ມ. ເປ	U. al	D. 101
<u> </u>	Coll:	r all Cyaliatal	
Ioin no female Cu	~	g all Cyclists!	nd obilities are surless
-		_	nd abilities are welcome
			living and explores the
			, along rivers, and past
	hoods. Register online	or at (4) event	starting point. Let's ride
together!			
1. A. in	B. for	C. about	D. on

2. A. healthily	B. healthy	C. health	D. unhealthy
3. A. terrible	B. attractive	C. unsafe	D. scenic
4. A. a	B. an	C. no article	D. The
3	D. dii	o. no di more	<i>D.</i> 1110
	Welcome to the ann	ual Riverfront Night Marke	et!
This vibrant event sh		est of our city's riverside o	
		street food, unique	
		enjoy (3) views, an	
the lively atm		——————————————————————————————————————	ia illilioree yearsell (1)
Riverfront Night Mar	•	senses!	
1. A. no article	B. an	C. the	D. a
2. A. unreliable		C. beautiful	D. delicious
3. A. stunned	B. stun	C. stunning	D. to stun
4. A. in	B. on	C. at	D. with
		e and mark the letter A, E	
correct word that be			o, c, or D to marcate the
			n urban aroas. Rig citios
		1) of people living i	
		and higher averag	
_	_	ity dwellers to find work.	
		nes more job opportunities	
		s. Additionally, greater ea	_
	~	e cities. High-skilled work	
		valuable experiences that	
-	vorkforce is, of cour	se, hunted by companies w	which are often willing (5)
higher wages.			
1. A. amount	B. number	C. sum	D. group
2. A. employ	B. employed	C. unemployment	D. employment
3. A. in	B. on	C. at	D. by
4. A. achieve	B. make	C. take	D. gain
5. A. to pay	B. pay	C. paying	D. to be paid
② In spite of its ma	any (1), living	g in the city also brings lo	ots of disadvantages. The
first problem is that	citizens have to deal	l with traffic congestions e	very day. This problem is
even worse (2)	the rush hour whe	en so many people run out	to work and are stuck on
streets for hours. N	Moreover, ambulance	e and fire engine sometir	mes can't get in time to
complete duty, which	h makes a lot of serio	ous loss. High cost of living	g is also a serious issue in
the city, especially i	n metropolitan cities	s. More and more people f	and (3) difficult to live on
their modest salarie	s when prices are g	oing up all the time. Finai	ncial pressure makes city
dwellers become con	nstantly stressed and	d tired. Another drawback	of the city life is the (4)
	· ·	from millions of vehicles, o	•
		cts residents' health. (5)	
respiratory problems such as lung cancer, sore throat or asthma.			
1. A. profits	B. benefits	C. drawbacks	D. difficulties
2. A. on	B. in	C. at	D. by
3. A. it	B. them	C. their	D. they
4. A. pollutant	B. pollute	C. polluted	D. pollution
5. A little	B. A lot	C. Few	D. Many
			•
③ There is a saying that big cities never sleep. This is true for some cities in which the nightlife begins just when people in other cities are ready to go to bed Big cities like New			
York, Madrid, London and Paris have vibrant nightlife. People can still find (1)			
dine out or go shopping into the early hours.			
WILL ONE OF ACCUITODD	ring into onto ourly 110	u10.	

City dwellers are usually more diverse and there are (2) _____ communities that hold social events or parties, which provide interesting opportunities for social interactions

		s allow you to learn abo	
share interests (3)	people from d	ifferent backgrounds, w	hich make you more
open minded and able	to understand individua	als. On the other hand,	the social networking
helps you to broaden n	not only personal but also	o professional relationsh	ips. All in all, living in
		ne complete facilities pro	_
		public facilitie	
		on and health service. Ir	
_	_		
~		e range of entertainment	, to enjoy and a lot of
social events to attend			D
1. A. entertain	B. entertaining	C. entertainment	D. entertainingly
2. A. little	B. many	C. most	D. much
3. A. with		0.101	D. by
4. A. convenient	B. affordable	C. expensive	D. suitable
5. A. accessed	B. accessing	C. to access	D. access
Some people live is	n urban areas of dynan	nic cities, and some live	in quiet countryside
		tle of urban sprawl res	
<u> </u>		at the (37) th	
		. However, busy city life	
		to health facilities, etc.	
		refore, (38)pe	-
			_
		to hustle in a big city? T	
		ish to move to the country	
	-	hances to build business	
		a company (40)	
·	_	ryday life. As you can se	
decide which one is be	tter: noisy and dynamic	city life or quiet and peac	ceful country life?
1. A. in	B. from	C. for	D. to
2. A. simple	B. simplify	C. simplicity C. another	D. simply
3. A. Many	B. every	C. another	D. each
4. A. travelling	B. playing	C. living	D. going
5. A. where	B. that	C. living C. when	D. who
\$			
	TREES BRING HANOIAN	IS CLOSER TO NATURE	
		ortant role in an urban e	environment Children
5 -	- 5 -	while walking in parks re	
		right trees and (1)	——————————————————————————————————————
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	<u> </u>	
	_	ties in Viet Nam thanks	
•		equently mentioned in po	
-		ne hundred-year old tree	s that line the streets
	utiful, they are a part of	-	
(2) the treasure	ed place the trees have	in the heart of the loca	al resident, Hanoians
seem to have a lot of	concern when construction	ction workers chop then	n down. Workers get
away with digging arc	ound the trees without	much care, and even lea	ave the trees without
enough earth to grow -	- making them vulnerable	e to storms.	
To (3) the probl	em, Ha Noi's authoritie	es have started a projec	t of replanting trees:
 -		two or three sorts of tr	
		nportance of protecting t	
1. A. maintain	B. service	C. provide	D. care
2. A. Because	B. However	C. Due to	D. Although
	B. cut down on		D. make up
		<u>=</u>	-
	B. Will be planted	C. had been planted	D. Will plant
2 A OI	B 10	LHOT	LI WILD

Exercise 14: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

① Do you live in a big city? It is said that living in big cities is expensive because of the high living cost. There are also pollution and traffic problems that make living in big cities unpleasant. However, many people enjoy living in big cities because they offer convenience and countless options for entertainment.

Many big cities already have good public transportation systems, which makes it easy for the citizens to go anywhere around the city. This also reduces and helps overcome the problem of traffic jams that often occur at peak times. With the convenience of public transportation, the citizens do not have to drive everywhere and can save money as they do not have to pay for parking charges.

Staying healthy is everybody's concern and in big cities you can find the best possible medical care for any diseases, especially the severe ones. Moreover, compared to rural areas, access to medical treatment is easier because there are always clinics or medical centers that open 24 hours in many parts of the city so

you can get medical help anytime, as soon as you need it. Reaching hospitals is also easier as public transport is usually available 24 hours a day.

- 1. What is the passage mainly about?
 - A. Advantages of living in big cities
- B. Disadvantages of living in big cities
- C. Drawbacks of living rural areas
- D. Benefits of living rural areas
- 2. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "countless" in paragraph 1?
 - B. numberless A. definite
- 3. What makes living in big cities costly?
- A. public transport B. healthcare charges
- C. high cost of living
- D. parking high

D. limited

- 4. According to the passage, what is people's concern?
 - A. traffic congestions

B. air pollution

C. measurable

C. medical centers

- D. good health
- 5. It can be inferred from the passage that in big cities
- A. no one cares about the high cost of living. B. it's impossible to get medical care for severe diseases.
- C. traffic jams are often seen during rush hours.

D. city dwellers do

- not have to pay for parking.
- 2 Magic city hustle attracts enormous crowds because of several advantages of living in dynamic cities. Many capital cities, huge metropolitans, and educational and financial centres of the countries are well known for their active urban life. The first pro of living in cities is that people can have access to great pre-school, school, and higher education institutions. Parents who live in cities

conveniently leave their kids to the pre-school educational facilities. Pre-school

education in cities features perfect quality, thanks to the highly skilled and educated teaching staff. Due to the high salaries, pre-school teachers prefer working in cities. Also, city life offers a vast variety of schools, among which the families choose the most affordable one. When the kids enjoy the busy, engaging, and interesting pre-school life, families are busy with hustling and working for

long hours. As a result, parents make more money and ensure better financial security for the family.

Another huge advantage of living in cities is related to career and financial success. It is a worldwide trend that people move from country to urban areas in order to find better jobs. Cities are home to enormous marketplaces, companies, government institutions, banks, etc., that offer a myriad of jobs. Both high-skilled and low-skilled labour forces can find jobs very easily in urban areas. Workplaces continuously need new people to hire because the market forces change at a swift pace. Therefore, people usually move to cities confidently, believing that they will get jobs very conveniently.

- 1. What could be the best title for the passage?
 - A. Advantages of living in Cities
- B. Features of Dynamic Cities
- C. Education and Employment in Cities Forces in Cities
- D. High-skilled and Low-skilled Labour

2. The word "pro" is closest in meaning to

- A. disadvantage
- B. advantage
- C. trouble
- D. feature

- 3. Why do pre-school teachers prefer working in cities?
 - A. Because parents leave their kids to the pre-school educational facilities.
 - B. Because they can earn high salaries.
 - C. Because can have access to great pre-school, school, and higher education institutions.
 - D. Because they can have more job opportunities.
- 4. How many advantages of living in cities are mentioned in the passage?
 - A. four
- B. three

C. two

- D. one
- 5. Which of the following statements can be inferred from the passage?
 - A. Cities offer various types of jobs suitable for people's abilities and skills.
 - B. Children spend all day at school as their parents are busy working.
- C. Education in the cities features best quality thanks to the highly skilled and educated teachers.
 - D. Workplaces sack and hire employees at a swift pace.

3

HO CHI MINH CITY'S COFFEE CULTURE

Ho Chi Minh City is a metropolis where life is very busy and hasty. The best way to enjoy the balance in your mind in such a busy city is to sit on the balcony of one of the numerous coffee houses scattered throughout the city. In this way you will be out of the crowd but able to look down on the street below. You will also be drinking the beverage that must be at least partly responsible for the kinetic energy that has transformed this city into one of the busiest commercial centres of Southeast Asia in just 20 years - it is coffee.

The classic Vietnamese coffee served in this city comprises strong coffee, dripped from a small metal filter into a cup containing a quarter as much sweetened condensed milk, then stirred and poured over ice in a glass.

Coffee was introduced to Viet Nam by the French in the late 19th century, but the country quickly became a big exporter.

At Trung Nguyen Coffee - the Vietnamese equivalent of Starbucks, with a chain of cafes across the city - the coffee menu stretches to five pages. The varieties of Vietnamese coffee produced by Trung Nguyen deserve exploration. They come with different bean combinations and recipes, and nice names such as "Success", "Creation", "Discover" and "Thought". The "Passiona", another brand of Trung Nguyen, has been promoted for women with the promise that drinking this type of coffee would maintain perfect skin and a life of "passion and success".

1. Coffee is considered .

A. the biggest part of Viet Nam's exports. B. part of the kinetic energy of Ho Chi Minh City.

C. the symbol of the busy and hasty life

- D. part of the French culture
- 2. When you sit on the balcony of a coffee shop enjoying a cup of coffee, you can _____
 - A. watch the busiest commercial centres of Southeast Asia
 - B. drink Starbucks coffee
 - C. taste all types of the classic Vietnamese coffee
 - D. relax for a while
- 3. We can infer from paragraph 2 that the classic Vietnamese coffee served in Ho Chi Minh City may be



	A. sweet B. light	C. colourless		ften hot	
4.	All of the following are true about Trung Ng				
	A. it is considered equivalent to Starbucks in	ı Viet Nam	B. i	t offers	several
typ	oes of coffee for customers to enjoy				
		D. some types have imp			
	The "Passiona" for women promises that by	drinking this type of co	ffee v	vomen m	ay have
all	of the following EXCEPT that				
	A. they will become more interested	B. they will be more suc			eir life
	C. they will have perfect skin	D. they will keep their s		ŭ	
	The majority of London's inhabitants live in				_
	ork every day by train, bus, tube or car. Thes				
	y spend as much as two hours every morn	5 5			
_	tting home again. The cost of living in Lond	_			_
	itain. Millions of visitors come to London e				
	nous sights here such as Buckingham Palace				
	o very famous for its theaters, red buses an		•		
	ty place but it has many large, pleasant pa	——————————————————————————————————————	_	~	=
	d quiet moments. London has many attraction	ns both people from other	er pai	rts of Bri	tain and
-	ople from overseas.				
1.	In London				
	A. more people live in the suburbs than in the	5			
	B. most people live in the suburbs than in the	-			
	C. less people live in the suburbs than in the				
2	D. many people live in the suburbs than in the	ne city center.			
۷.	Commuters		D 1:-	ro in the	
011	A. live in the city center.		Б. Ш	ve in the	
Sui	burbs and travel to work in the city. C. live in the suburbs and work there.	D. live in the city center	aand	work the	oro
2	Living in London is	D. live in the city center	anu	WOLK III	ere.
٥.	A. cheaper than in most other parts of Britai	n	R m	ore expe	ncivo
the	an in most other parts of Britain.		D. III	ore expe	;1151v C
CIIC	C. most expensive than in most other parts of	of Britain	D m	ore chea	n than
in	most other parts of Britain.	of Britain.	D. III	iore enec	ip tilali
	London is famous for				
1.	A. its delicious food.	B. its theaters but not it	ts red	huses	
	C. its theaters, red buses and black taxis.	D. its inhabitants.	00 1 0 0	Dubob.	
5.	The attractions of London are	2.100 11111021001100.			
٠.	A. for the Londoners only.				
	B. only for people from other parts in Britain	1.			
	C. just for foreigners.				
	D. both for foreigners and for people from of	ther parts in Britain.			
Ex	ercise 15: Four phrases/sentences have bee	-	xt be	low. Cho	oose the
	rrect answer to complete the text. Write only				
	The London Underground, affectionately				, which
	semble a maze for the strangers. Opened i				
	stinct lines and over 270 stations, the T				
	insporting millions of passengers daily acro				_
	dying detailed maps and understanding the				_
	sential skills for navigating this network.				
	nvenient and like efficient way to travel a				_
lan	ndmarks Buckingham Palace and the Tower o	of London with bustling I	resid	dential a	reas and

key business districts. Whether you're a seasoned commuter or a first-time visitor, the Tube

offers a fascinating glimpse into the city's intricate transportation network and weaves its way beneath the busy streets of London.

- A. Navigating the Tube requires a degree of skill and familiarity
- B. Despite its complexity
- C. is a complex and sprawling network of underground railway lines
- D. it holds the distinction of being the oldest underground railway system in the world
- ② New York City is a mix of cultures, (1) ______. This remarkable diversity is evident in the city's unique neighborhoods, each with its own distinct character and traditions. (2) _____, which transports you to a world of authentic restaurants and charming bakeries lining the streets. The aromas of freshly baked bread and hot sauces fill the air, creating a sensory experience that evokes the heart of Italy. (3) _____, with its markets overflowing with exotic spices and delicious street food. Here, you can experience the rich cultural heritage of China through its sights, sounds, and flavors. Harlem, known as a center of African American culture, (4) ______. This incredible cultural richness contributes to the city's dynamic energy and makes New York City a captivating place to explore, offering a unique blend of cultures and experiences that leave a lasting impression on visitors and residents.
 - A. boasts a rich history and continues to be a hub for music and artistic expression
 - B. with people from over 200 countries represented within its diverse population
 - C. In contrast, bustling Chinatown transports you to another world
 - D. Little Italy offers a taste of Italy

E. WRITING

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 \rightarrow

Exercise 16: Write sentences with the cues given.

- 1. she / never/ read/ such/ romantic story/ this/ before
- 2. he/spend/most/time/surf/net/information/the next trip
- →
 3. Van Gogh/ have/ major influence / development / modern painting
- 4. there/ be/ steady/ increase / demand/ hotel accommodation/ since 1998
- 5. these days/ more / more / people/ be/ suffer / air pollution
- 6. despite / Brexit, / London/ remain / one/ most / open / cosmopolitan / city/ the world
- 7. the house / that/ we / rent/ London / last year / be/ fully/ furnish
- 8. people / face / large / number / environmental problems / every day

Exercise 17: Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences.

- 1. high, / the rent / this city / in / roommates / I'm / looking for / Since / is
- 2. worse/ than / in / the / countryside / significantly / the / city / air quality / is / in / The
- 3. afford / an / increase / the rent / continues to / apartment / if / won't be able / I / to
- 4. diverse city / in / a / new language / learn / challenging / It / is / while living / to
- 5. and career / developing / offers / many opportunities / your skills / The city / for
- $6. \,\,$ awake / night / keeps her / complained that / the noise from the traffic / She / at

Exercise 18: Rewrite the following sentences using double comparatives.



```
1. She studies hard, she will get good grades.
\rightarrow
2. You rest much, you will feel better.
\rightarrow
3. The weather is warmer, I feel better.
4. We leave early, we will arrive soon.
\rightarrow
5. We have much knowledge, we become wise.
6. You are young, you learn easily.
7. The hotel is expensive, the services are good.
8. You use much electricity, your bill will be high.
9. I thought about the plan, I like it little.
10. He is old, he learns slowly.
11. She eats much, she will become fat.
12. She is older, she becomes more beautiful.
13. You have much, you want more.
14. I waited long. I got angry.
15. I live far. I feel homesick.
16. The apartment is big. The rent is high.
17. We set off soon. We will arrive soon.
18. The joke is good. The laughter is loud.
19. She gets fat. She feels tired.
20.A.s he gets older, he wants to travel less.
21. The children are excited about the difficult games.
22. People dive fast. Many accidents happen.
23.I meet him often. I hate him so much.
24. My boss works better when he is pressed for time.
25. As he has a lot of money, he wants to spend much.
Exercise 19: Rewrite the sentences, using the word in brackets as a cue.
1. I spent my childhood in the countryside before moving to this city.
                                                                                 (grow)
2. She loves putting on smart clothes before going to work or meeting friends.
                                                                                       (up)
```

 \rightarrow 3. They entered the country and asked for permanent residence. (apply) \rightarrow 4. Jim continues chatting although the teacher has warned him. (on) \rightarrow 5. If you want to lose weight, you should stop eating fast food. (give) \rightarrow 6. Lucy refused the job offer because of low commissions and benefits (turn) \rightarrow 7. Linda doesn't like city life because she can't stand noisy places. (put) \rightarrow 8. His accountant has advised him to stop doing his business. (close) \rightarrow 9. I want to consider it carefully before I decide to join your project. (think) \rightarrow 10. She left her village and tried to find a job in Ho Chi Minh City. (look)

Exercise 20: Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first one.

- 1. New York is the largest city in the United States.
 - \rightarrow No other city
- 2. I have never visited such a crowded city as Tokyo.
 - → Tokyo is
- 3. They couldn't turn up on time because of the traffic jams.
 - → The traffic jams prevented
- 4. I'll be happy to give you a lift to school.
 - → I don't mind
- 5. It took them an hour to travel to Da Nang City by airplane
 - \rightarrow They spend
- 6. I don't know about this neighbourhood as well as David does.
 - → David knows
- 7. Have you ever visited a bigger city than this?
 - \rightarrow Is this
- 8. Staying at home is better than going out on a polluted street.
 - → I'd rather
- 9. The high cost of living influences most city dwellers.
 - → Most city dwellers
- 10.A.s people get older, they seem to travel less.
 - → The older

Exercise 21: Choose the option that best transforms the original one.

- 1. The bus is often late, so I miss the start of my class.
 - A. If the bus isn't late, I will miss the start of class.
 - B. I would miss the start of my class if the bus wasn't late.
 - C. The bus would be late if I missed the start of my class.
 - D. If the bus was on time, I wouldn't miss the start of class
- 2. "I enjoy the variety of food the city offers," said Maria.
 - A. Maria said she enjoys the variety of food the city offers.
 - B. Maria said she enjoyed the variety of food the city offered.
 - C. Maria said she will enjoy the variety of food the city offers.
 - D. Maria asked if she enjoys the variety of food the city offers.
- 3. The cost of living in the rural areas is not as high as in the city.
 - A. The cost of living in the city is higher than in rural areas.
 - B. The cost of living in the city is not higher than in rural areas.

- C. The cost of living in the city is the highest in the country.
- D. The cost of living in the city is as high as anywhere else.
- 4. Once I get used to the city noise, it won't bother me anymore.
 - A. The city noise won't bother me anymore, but I will never get used to it.
 - B. I am getting used to the city noise, and it won't bother me anymore.
 - C. As soon as I get used to the city noise, it will no longer bother me.
 - D. When I get used to the city noise, I won't be bothered by it anymore.
- 5. Living in the city is exciting, but I sometimes miss the quiet of the countryside.
 - A. Though living in the city is exciting, I sometimes miss the quiet of the countryside.
 - B. Because life in the country is quiet, I sometimes miss the excitement of the city.
 - C. Living in the city is exciting, so sometimes I miss the quiet of the countryside.
- D. Although living in the city is exciting, but I sometimes miss the quiet of the countryside.
- 6. The government is building a new park to provide a green space for the residents.
- A. a green space is being built by the government for providing the residents with a new park.
- B. The government, in order to provide a green space for the residents, is building a new park.
- C. In order to build a new park for the government, the residents are providing a green space.
- D. The government needs to provide a green space, so the residents are building a new park.

Exercise 22: Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful paragraph/letter in each of the following questions.

1

- a. I've found a nice apartment near the park, and I've already explored some of the local shops and cafes.
- b. There's always something to do here, and I'm excited to discover more.
- c. Dear Sue, I'm writing to tell you about my new city life! I moved to Ho Chi Minh city a few weeks ago, and it's been quite an adventure.
- d. I miss you and Ha Noi city, but I'm enjoying this new chapter in my life. I hope to see you soon! Best, Thanh
- e. The city is so big and busy, but I'm slowly getting used to it.

A.
$$c - e - a - b - d$$
 B. $c - e - a - b - d$

C.
$$c - e - a - b - d$$
 D. $c - a - e - b - d$

2

- a. Just in the same way, the job market in cities is vast, providing a wide array of career paths and opportunities for growth.
- b. In the first place, cities offer a plethora of cultural experiences, from museums and theaters to diverse restaurants and vibrant nightlife.
- c. While city living can be fast-paced and sometimes overwhelming, the endless possibilities and conveniences make it an attractive option for many.
- d. Life in the city is a whirlwind of activity and opportunity.
- e. Finally, public transportation systems make getting around convenient and efficient, eliminating the need for a car.

A.
$$d - b - a - e - c$$

B.
$$d - a - b - e - c$$

C.
$$d - a - c - e - b$$

a. Secondly, public transportation networks are extensive, allowing for easy and efficient travel throughout the city without the need for a car.

- b. Lastly, healthcare facilities, educational institutions, and cultural centers are often concentrated in urban areas, providing residents with convenient access to essential services.
- c. Living in the city offers a plethora of conveniences that make life easier and more enjoyable.
- d. Overall, the conveniences of city living contribute to a dynamic and fulfilling lifestyle.
- e. Firstly, access to various amenities is readily available, with supermarkets, restaurants, and entertainment options just a short walk or commute away.

B.
$$c - a - e - d - b$$

D.
$$c - a - e - b - d$$

(4)

- a. Firstly, traffic congestion is a common issue. The streets are often crowded with cars, buses, and motorcycles, making it difficult to move around efficiently.
- b. In conclusion, while cities offer convenience and opportunities, these drawbacks should be considered when deciding where to live.
- c. Secondly, pollution is another concern. The air quality tends to be worse due to exhaust fumes and industrial emissions.
- d. Living in the city has both advantages and disadvantages. Let's focus on the drawbacks.
- e. Finally, high living costs can be challenging. Rent, food, and other expenses are generally more expensive in urban areas.

F. LISTENING

Exercise 23: Listen to the recording and choose the best answer A, B, C, or D for each question below:

- 1. What is one of the benefits of living in a city?
 - A. Access to a wide range of amenities
- B. Peaceful and quiet surroundings

C. Limited job opportunities

- D. Lack of cultural activities
- 2. Why do cities provide better job opportunities?
- A. Due to fewer businesses and industries B. Because of convenient access to healthcare
- C. Presence of numerous businesses and industries diversity

D. Lack of cultural

- 3. What do cities offer in terms of cultural activities?
 - A. Theaters, museums, and concerts
- B. Only shopping malls
- C. Limited entertainment options
- D. No cultural diversions
- 4. How is public transportation in cities typically?
 - A. Underdeveloped B. Non-existent
- C. More developed
- D. Inefficient
- 5. What social opportunities does living in a city provide?
- A. None

B. Meeting new friends and participating in

events

C. Isolation

D. Limited social interactions

Exercise 24: Listen to the audio and decide whether those sentences are TRUE (T) or FALSE

	True	False
1. London is the smallest city in Britain.		
2. The West End of London is known for historical places, parks,	П	П
shops, and theatres.	Ц	П
3. The South End of London is where working people live and work.		
4. The "Odeon" is one of the most famous museums in London.		
5. Oxford Street is London's main shopping centre.		