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|  | **ĐỀ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI**  **Năm học 2023 - 2024**  **Môn: Tiếng Anh 8**  Thời gian: **150** phút (*không kể thời gian giao đề*)  ***Ngày thi:... tháng .... năm 2023***  *(Đề thi gồm 06 trang)* |

**SECTION A: LISTENING (15 points)**

HƯỚNG DẪN PHẦN THI NGHE HIỂU

*Bài nghe gồm 3 phần, mỗi phần được nghe 2 lần(giám thị chỉ mở 01 lần đĩa tự động phát 02 lần), mỗi lần cách nhau khoảng 20 giây, mở đầu và kết thúc mỗi phần nghe có tín hiệu.*

*Thí sinh có 3 phút để hoàn chỉnh bài sau tín hiệu nhạc kết thúc bài nghe.*

*Mọi hướng dẫn cho thí sinh (bằng tiếng Anh) đã có trong bài nghe.*

**Question 1. Listen to the teacher talking to her class about a visit to a museum and complete the notes below.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **SCHOOL TRIP TO LONDON** | |
| Date | Tuesday (1) ………………. September |
| Destination | (2)…………………….. Museum |
| Means of transport: | (3)…………………. |
| Times | Leaving school at (4) …………… am  Back at school at 9 pm. |
| At the museum | Special (5)…………………………..and talk |
| Price | 15 pounds each |

**Question 2. Listen to Dawn and Will talking about their plans for next week and mark the statements as true (T) or false (F).**

6. Sandra Bullock is Dawn’s favorite actress.

7. Dawn and Will are going to a party on Friday.

8. Will has to study on Saturday afternoon.

9. Dawn is going out with Chris on Saturday night.

10. They are meeting for lunch on Sunday.

**Question** 3. *Listen to the conversation then choose the best option, to answer each of the**following questions.*11. How many bedrooms does the man's apartment have?  
 A. one B. two C. three D. four  
12. The swimming pool \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the apartment building.  
 A. next to B. behind C. in front of D. besides  
13. What business are opposite the apartments?  
 A. clothing stores B. book stores C. restaurants D. swimming pool  
14. How much does the man pay for rent?  
 A. $2.35 B. $2.55 C. $2.75 D. $3.75  
15. What service is NOT included in the rent?  
 A. gas B. the Internet C. electricity D. water

**SECTION B: PHONETICS (5 pts)**

**Question I-Choose the words that has the underline pronounced differently from the others. Identify your answer by writing the corresponding word or phrase on your answer paper. (3 pts)**

16. A. origami B. prize C. divide D. like

17. A. ragged B. arrived C. invited D. wicked

18. A. pressure B. especial C. prepare D. helpful

**Question II- Choose one word that has a different stress position from the others. Identify your answer by writing the corresponding word or phrase on your answer paper. (2 pts)**

19. A. computer B. essential C. complain D. comfortable

20. A. informal B. Saturday C. tomato D. American

**SECTION C – VOCABULARY AND** **GRAMMAR STRUCTURE(30 pts)**

**Question I- Choose the best answer. (10pts)**

21. The nurse was on\_\_\_\_\_in the hospital all night.

A. work B. alarm C. duty D. service

22. She was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she could not say anything.

A. so surprised at the news that B. such surprised at the news that

C. so surprised of the news that D. so that surprised for the news

23. The mosquito bit and made my eyelid and I couldn’t open my eye properly.

A. swell B.grow C. stretch D. spread

24. You must lend me the money for the trip. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I won’t be able to go.

A. Consequently B. Nevertheless C. Otherwise D. Although

25. She is wearing a/an \_\_\_\_\_\_ ring.

A. expensive nice gold B. nice gold expensive

C. gold nice expensive D. nice expensive gold

26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, we tried our best to complete it.

A. Thanks to the difficult homework B. Despite the homework was difficult

C. Difficult as the homework was D. As though the homework was difficult

27. I’m feeling a bit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the weather, I think I’m getting a cold.

A. with B. for C. upon D. under

28. I suggest she outside the cinema tomorrow at 8:30.

A. being B. be C. to be D. will be

29. A: “Will the Jackson be invited?”– B: “I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. expect so not B. so expect C. expect so D. don’t expect

30. Your sister writes poems and stories, she?

A. does B. doesn’t C. will D. won’t

**Question *II. Put each verb in brackets into an appropriate form.(8 pts)***

31. Lan bought a new English book yesterday. She (***read***) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it tonight.

32. I was fined as I didn’t have my driving licence with me. I (**remember**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to bring it at the time.

33. I (**know)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the answer, I would tell you right away.

34. Do you mind (**disturb**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when you are working?

35. Tom will never forget **(*send*)** \_\_\_\_\_ to a boarding school when he was just 8 years old.

36. There were some people (**row**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the river.

37. It’s obligatory that the voyage (**cancel**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

38. My son likes eating chocolate (**produce**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in France.

**Question *III. Put each word in brackets into an appropriate form. (7pts)***

39. You must learn to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_between politeness and real kindness. (**DIFFERENT)**

40. The king wanted to repay his servant’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in another way. (**LOYAL**)

41. We’ll only have real \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when women earn as much as men. (**EQUALIZE)**

42. Giving gifts to servants is an example of King’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (**GENEROUS**)

43. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, many people are killed in traffic accidents nowadays. (**TRAGIC** )

44. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of culture can be achieved by keeping cultural elements, such as food, clothing, shelter, and language. (**PRESERVE**)

45. What is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_between a custom and a tradition? **(SIMILAR)**

**Question *IV. Each of the following sentences has one mistake. Find and correct it.***

***(5 pts)***

46. New laws should be introduced to reduce the number of traffic in the city centre.

47. The suits were hanged in the closet when they were returned from the cleaners.

48. His research for the thesis was more useful than her.

49. The workers were made work really hard, but their wages were low.

50. If either of you take a vacation, we will not be able to finish the work.

**SECTION D: READING COMPREHENSION (30 pts)**

***Question I.******Fill in each numbered blank with only one suitable word in the following passage. (10 pts)***

In the 1940s thirty million people in Britain went to the cinema regularly. It wasn’t expensive. Ordinary working people could (51) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it and it was a treat for children. It was also the (52) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to see the news. Hundreds of cinemas opened up all (53) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Britain.

By the 1960s more and more homes (54) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ televisions, and cinemas started to close. In the 1980s people watched videos. Then came satellite TV, the Internet and computer games. By the end of the twentieth century, fewer and (55) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people went to the cinema.

New technology like 3D means that cinemas can offer something most people can’t get at home. In 2007 the (56) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of people going to the cinema started to (57) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up again. When the 3D film *Avatar* came out in 2009, it (58) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ records – millions of people went to see it at the cinema.

Now there are huge multiplex cinemas showing ten different movies, there are drive-in cinemas and open-air screens in parks. Over 100 years (59) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the first movie theatres in America opened, the cinema is still evolving.

It is true that you can watch a film on the bus on your smartphone, on a (60) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that is smaller than your hand. But the cinema experience, with friends, popcorn and ice cream is a tradition we have learned to love. It seems the cinema will be around a while longer.

***Question II: Read the following passage and then choose the most suitable word or phrase for each space. (10. pts)***

SAY “NO” TO PLASTIC BAGS

Did you known that on average we take home 150 plastic bags annually? In (61)…………..words, that means a global figure of one million plastic bags taken home every minute. We are sure you will agree this is a truly shocking statistic.

Plastic bags cannot be simply (62)\_ …………..of along with your domestic rubbish - they can blow off landfill sites and become highly (63) …………..litter which can remain in the environment for a number of years. They are not only an eyesore but they are a (64) …………..to the environment too. For example, plastic bags almost blocked Buriganga river in Bangladesh, and they are widely (65)…………..responsible for causing devastating floods there on two separate occasions.

They also (66)…………..a particular threat to wildlife. More and more (67) …………..dead turtles and whales are discovered washed up on beaches, killed by swallowing plastic bags. To marine life, aplastic bag closely (68) …………..a jellyfish.

These are the reasons why you should reuse plastic bags you already have or take a small rucksack on trips to the supermarket. Why not take (69) …………..now and show how much you care about the environment by (70) …………..this small step!

61. A. fewer B. some C. those D. other

62. A. disposed B. thrown C. finished D. used

63. A. evident B. observable C. visible D. marked

64. A. risk B. danger C. difficulty D. issue

65. A. shown B. taken C. made D. held

66. A. model B. set C. pose D. generate

67. A. popularly B. frequently C. common D. generally

68. A. resembles B. reminds C. equates D. appears

69. A. again B. advantage C. action D. account

70. A. helping B. doing C. following D. taking

***Question III. Read the following passage and choose the best answers to the questions below. (10 pts)***

Diseases are a natural part of life on Earth. If there were no diseases, the population would grow too quickly, and there would not be enough food or other resources, so in a way, diseases are natural ways of keeping the Earth in balance. But sometimes they spread very quickly and kill large numbers of people. For example, in 1918, an outbreak of flu spread across the world, killing over 25 million people in only six months. Such terrible outbreaks of a disease are called ***pandemics***.

Pandemics happen when a disease changes in a way that our bodies are not prepared to fight. In 1918 a new type of flu virus appeared. Our bodies had no way to fight this new flu virus, and so ***it*** spread very quickly and killed large mumbers of people. While there have been many different pandemic diseases throughout history, all of them have a new thing in common.

First, all pandemic diseases spread from one person to another very easily.

Second, while they may kill many people, they generally do not kill people very quickly. A good example of this would be the Marburg virus. The Marburg virus is an extremely infectious disease. In addition, it is deadly. About 70 – 80 % of all people who get the Marburg virus died from the disease. However, the Marburg virus has not become a pandemic because most people die within three days of getting the disease. This means that the virus does not have enough time to spread a large number of people. The flu virus of 1918, on the other hand, generally took about a week to ten days to kill its victims, so it had more time to spread.

While we may never be able to completely stop pandemics, we can make them less common. Doctors carefully ***monitor*** new diseases that they fear could become pandemics. For example, in 2002, and 2003, doctors carefully watched SARS. Their health warnings may have prevented SARS from becoming a pandemic.

71. According to the paragraph 1, How are disease a natural part of life on Earth?

A. They prevent pandemics. B. They have control the population.

C. They led the world grow quickly. D. They kill too many people.

72. Based on the information in the passage the term “***pandemics***” can be explained as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Diseases with no kill

B. A deadly kind of flu

C. Diseases that spread quickly and kill large numbers of people

D. New disease like SARS or the Marbug virus

73. According to the passage, what causes pandemics?

A. changes a disease that body can not fight.

B. Careless doctors who do not watch the spread of disease.

C. Population grow that the world cannot support.

D. The failure to make new medicines.

74. According to the passage, all of the following are true of the 1918 flu pandemic EXCEPT that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. It involved a new kind of flu virus B. It killed over 25 million people

C. It was the last pandemic in history D. It took a little over a week to kill its victims

75.The word **“it”** in the passage refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. disease B. flu virus C. pandemic D. bodies

76. Which of the following is mentioned as a common feature of all pandemic diseases?

A. They spread from people to people very quickly.

B. It kills many people very quickly.

C. They do not kill people very quickly.

D. They kill all the victims.

77. According to paragraph 3, why hasn’t Marburg virus become a pandemic?

A. It is not a deadly disease.

B. It does not spread from person to person easily.

C. Doctors have prevented it from becoming a pandemic.

D. It kills people too quickly.

78. The word “***monitor***” in the passage is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. fight B. prevent C. watch D. avoid

79. The author mentioned SARS in order to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. give an example of a highly dangerous disease

B. suggest that SARS will never become a pandemic

C. give an example of the successful prevention of a pandemic

D. suggest that there may be a new pandemic soon

80. This passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. How to prevent pandemic diseases. B. Pandemic diseases

C. Pandemic diseases throughout history D. Why pandemics happen

**SECTION E: WRITING (10 pts)**

***Question I. Complete each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed above it. (5 pts)***

81. I find his handwriting very hard to read.

🡪 I have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

82. Despite working hard, he can’t support his large family.

🡪 No matter\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

84. It is believed that his father died in a car accident.

🡪 His father\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

85. When the Minister was asked about the strike, he declined to comment.

🡪 On\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

85. A technician is going to mend the plug for her.

🡪 She\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Question II. Complete the second sentence so that it has similar meaning to the first one. Use the word in brackets and other words to complete each sentence. (5 pts)***

86. Why don’t you take that English course? **(WERE)**

🡪 If \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

87. Although they live in poverty, they feel happy. **(FACT)**

🡪 Despite \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

88 I managed to finish all my work. **(ABLE)**

🡪 I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all my work.

89. They belive that that his father died in a car accident. **(BELIEVED)**

🡪 His father \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

90. It’s ages since my sister and I last had an argument. **(FOR)**

🡪 My sister and I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Question III.* Some people say that students shouldn’t use the mobile phones when they are at school.Do you agree or disagree** ? Write a paragraph (about 120-150 words) to express your opinion. ***(10 pts)***

**……………….. THE END ………………**