

**A. VOCABULARY**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Word/Phrase** | **Type** | **IPA** | **Meaning** |
|  | tan | a/v | /tæn/ | rám nắng |
|  | destination | (n) | /ˌdestɪˈneɪʃn/ | điểm đến, đích đến |
|  | holidaymaker | (n) | /ˈhɑːlədeɪmeɪkər/ | người đi nghỉ mát |
|  | visa | (n) | /ˈviːzə/ | thị thực |
|  | passport | (n) | /ˈpæspɔːrt/ | hộ chiếu |
|  | estimate | v | /ˈestɪmeɪt/ | ước lượng |
|  | fixed | (a) | /fɪkst/ | cố định |
|  | detailed | (a) | /ˈdiːteɪld/ | chi tiết |
|  | traveller | (n) | /ˈtrævələr/ | du khách |
|  | guest house | (np) | /ˈɡest haʊs/ | nhà khách |
|  | cruise | (n) | /kruːz/ | du thuyền |
|  | seafood | (n) | /ˈsiːfuːd/ | hải sản, thủy sản |
|  | leisure holiday | (np) | /ˈliːʒər ˈhɑːlədeɪ/ | kỳ nghỉ thư giãn |
|  | reference | (n) | /ˈrefrəns/ | tài liệu tham khảo |
|  | budget | (n) | /ˈbʌdʒɪt/ | ngân sách |
|  | fixed itinerary | (np) | /fɪkst aɪˈtɪnəreri/ | lộ trình cố định |
|  | entrance ticket | (np) | /ˈentrəns ˈtɪkɪt/ | vé vào cổng |
|  | smooth trip | (np) | /smuːð trɪp/ | chuyến đi suôn sẻ |
|  | ruinous site | (np) | /ˈruːɪnəs saɪt/ | địa điểm đổ nát |
|  | travel agent  travel agency | (np)  (np) | /ˈtrævl eɪdʒənt/  /ˈtrævl eɪdʒənsi/ | nhân viên lữ hành  đại lý lữ hành |
|  | vacation | (n) | /veɪˈkeɪʃn/ | kì nghỉ |
|  | payment | (n) | /ˈpeɪmənt/ | sự chi trả, thanh toán |
|  | homestay | (n) | /ˈhəʊmsteɪ/ | ở trọ tại nhà dân |
|  | trip itinerary | (np) | /trɪp aɪˈtɪnəreri/ | hành trình chuyến đi |
|  | self-guided tour | (np) | /ˌself ˈɡaɪdɪd tʊr/ | chuyến tham quan tự túc |
|  | package holiday | (np) | /ˈpækɪdʒ hɑːlədeɪ/ | kỳ nghỉ trọn gói |
|  | heritage | (n) | /ˈherɪtɪdʒ/ | di sản |
|  | process | (n) | /ˈprɑːses/ | quá trình, quy trình |
|  | waterfall | (n) | /ˈwɔːtərfɔːl/ | thác nước |
|  | floating market | np | /ˌfləʊtɪŋ ˈmɑːrkɪt/ | chợ nổi |
|  | ancient city | np | /ˌeɪnʃənt ˈsɪti/ | thành phố cổ |
|  | must-go | (a) | /mʌst ɡəʊ/ | (địa điểm) phải đến |
|  | transportation | (n) | /ˌtrænspərˈteɪʃn/ | giao thông vận tải |
|  | terminal | (n) | /ˈtɜːrmɪnl/ | nhà ga |
|  | habitat | (n) | /ˈhæbɪtæt/ | môi trường sống |
|  | domestic | (a) | /dəˈmestɪk/ | nội địa, trong nước |
|  | safari | (n) | /səˈfɑːri/ | cuộc đi săn, hành trình việt dã |
|  | sports tourism | (np) | /ˈspɔːrts tʊrɪzəm/ | du lịch thể thao |
|  | local food | (np) | /ˈləʊkl fuːd/ | ẩm thực địa phương |
|  | shopping holiday | (np) | /ˈʃɑːpɪŋ ˈhɑːlədeɪ/ | ngày lễ mua sắm |
|  | natural beauty | (np) | /ˌnætʃrəl ˈbjuːti/ | vẻ đẹp tự nhiên |
|  | mention | v | /ˈmenʃn/ | đề cập |
|  | book | v | /bʊk/ | đặt trước |
|  | food tourism | (np) | /fuːd ˈtʊrɪzəm/ | du lịch ẩm thực |
|  | delicious | (a) | /dɪˈlɪʃəs/ | thơm ngon |
|  | international | (a) | /ˌɪntərˈnæʃnəl/ | quốc tế |
|  | domestic tourism | (np) | /dəˈmestɪk ˈtʊrɪzəm/ | du lịch nội địa |
|  | travel app | (np) | /ˈtrævl æp/ | ứng dụng du lịch |
|  | accommodation | (n) | /əˌkɑːməˈdeɪʃn/ | chỗ ở |
|  | terraced field | (np) | /ˈtrævl ˈfiːld/ | ruộng bậc thang |

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| **Collocations/ phrase/phrasal verb** | **Meaning** |
| 1. be well-known for sth | nổi tiếng về cái gì |
| 1. in exchange for sth | để đổi lấy thứ gì |
| 1. prefer to do sth/doing sth | thích làm việc gì hơn |
| 1. hurry up | nhanh lên, mau lên |
| 1. require sb to do sth | yêu cầu ai làm việc gì |
| 1. on one’s own | một mình, tự mình |
| 1. work out | tập thể dục |
| 1. hunt for sth | săn tìm cái gì |
| 1. give sb freedom to do sth | cho ai đó tự do làm việc gì |
| 1. be good at sth/doing sth | giỏi việc gì/ làm việc gì |

**B. GRAMMAR**

**a.** **Relative pronouns**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **who (+ V/ + S + V)** | **(giới từ +) whom (+ S + V)** |
| - Thay thế cho danh từ chỉ **“người”**  - Làm **chủ ngữ** và **tân ngữ** của mệnh đề phụ  - Không thể kết hợp với **giới từ**  The man **who** is sitting by the fire is my father.  That is the man **who** we hired yesterday. | - Thay thế cho danh từ chỉ **“người”**  - Làm **tân ngữ** của mệnh đề phụ  - Có thể kết hợp với **giới từ**  The woman **whom** you saw yesterday is my aunt.  The boy **whom** we are looking for is Tom. |
| **(giới từ +) which (+ V/ + S + V)** | **whose (+ N)** |
| - Thay thế cho danh từ chỉ **“vật”**  - Làm **chủ ngữ** và **tân ngữ** của mệnh đề phụ.  This is the book **which** I like best.  - Thay thế cho **mệnh đề** đứng trước nó.  She got bad result in the exam, **which** made her parents unhappy. | - Thay thế cho **tính từ sở hữu** (her, his, their, ... hoặc hình thức ‘s), dùng cho cả **người** và **vật**.  **whose + N = the + N + of which**  The boy **whose bicycle** you borrowed yesterday is Tom.  John found a cat **the leg of which** was broken. |
| **that (+ V/ + S + V)** | |
| - Thay thế cho danh từ chỉ cả **người** và **vật**  - Làm **chủ ngữ** và **tân ngữ** của mệnh đề phụ.  That is the bicycle **that** belongs to Tom.  My father is the person **that** I admire most.  **☑ Các trường hợp bắt buộc dùng “THAT”**  - Sau danh từ chỉ cả **người** và **vật.**  I can see a girl and her dog **that** are running in the park.  - Sau hình thức **so sánh nhất**  She is the nicest woman **that** I've ever met.  - Sau **“the first, the second, the third ..., the last, the only”**  He is the first student **that** comes to class.  - Sau các đại từ **something/one, anything/one, nothing/one, all, little, much, none...**  He never says anything **that** is worth listening to.  - Sau **It is/ was...** trong cấu trúc nhấn mạnh.  It is the teacher **that** is important, not the kind of school he teaches in.  **☑ Các trường hợp không dùng “THAT”**  - Trong mệnh đề quan hệ chứa dấu **“,”**  - Sau **giới từ (in, on, at, ...)** | |

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| **Non-defining relative clauses** | | **Defining relative clauses** | |
| - Là phần giải thích thêm, nếu không có mệnh đề này, mệnh đề chính vẫn có nghĩa rõ ràng.  - Được ngăn với mệnh đề chính bởi **các dấu phẩy**.  - **that** không được dùng trong mệnh đề này.  - Danh từ đứng trước thường là **tên riêng** hoặc **this, that, these, those, my, his, her ...+ N**  - Không được lược bỏ đại từ quan hệ khi có chức năng làm tân ngữ trong câu.  That man, **whom** you saw yesterday, is Mr. Pike.  This is Mrs. Jones, **who** helped me last week. | | - Là bộ phận quan trọng của câu, nếu bỏ mệnh đề chính không có nghĩa rõ ràng.  - Giữa các mệnh đề không có dấu phẩy.  - **that** có thể được sử dụng trong mệnh đề này.  - Có thể lược bỏ đại từ quan hệ khi có chức năng là tân ngữ và không đứng sau giới từ.  The man **who** keeps the school library is Mr. Green  The girl **that** is wearing the blue dress is my sister.  **Lưu ý:** Đại từ quan hệ **whose** không được lược bỏ. | |
| **- Dùng dấu “,”sau** | | | |
| **Danh từ riêng**  (Peter, Paris, ...) | **this/ that/ these/ those + N**  (this boy, those girls,...) | | **my/ his/ her/ our/ their/ your + N**  (my parents, her dog,...) |

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**A. PHONETIC**

**Exercise 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

1. A. package B. travel C. platform D. basic

2. A. budget B. during C. culture D. uncle

3. A. tourism B. souvenir C. throughout D. youthful

4. A. brochure B. exchange C. purchase D. armchair

5. A. information B. illegal C. itinerary D. imitation

6. A. holiday B. safari C. itinerary D. tourism

7. A. package B. engage C. teenage D. average

8. A. border B. regret C. address D. interest

9. A. knight B. knowledge C. knee D. kayak

10. A. chorus B. chaos C. chore D. chemist

**Exercise 2: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

1. A. academic B. fantastic C. electric D. heroic

2. A. catholic B. tragic C. music D. cosmetic

3. A. conscious B. hilarious C. precious D. spacious

4. A. serious B. glorious C. delicious D. anxious

5. A. suspicious B. nutritious C. contagious D. superstitious

6. A. agency B. estimate C. waterfall D. domestic

7. A. homestay B. locate C. support D. delay

8. A. ruinous B. classic C. ideal D. local

9. A. historic B. delicious C. interesting D. appealing

10. A. accommodation B. itinerary C. environment D. communication

**B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMAR**

**Exercise 3: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

1. Your trip can go \_\_\_\_\_\_ if you have a tour guide to take care of your tour.

A. smooth B. well C. smoothly D. quickly

2. The seaside resort always get overcrowded in \_\_\_\_\_\_ season.

A. off B. peak C. low D. hard

3. Homestays are popular with solo \_\_\_\_\_\_ who want to experience the local lifestyle.

A. hunters B. travellers C. agents D. shoppers

4. Staying at a \_\_\_\_\_\_ allowed us to immerse ourselves in the local culture and forming meaningful connections with our hosts.

A. hotel B. homestay C. motel D. remote place

5. These \_\_\_\_\_\_ prices give travellers a feeling of security before setting off.

A. fixing B. changing C. fixed D. changeable

6. Emily often \_\_\_\_\_\_ for cheap plane tickets two to six months prior to her trip.

A. work B. wander C. rent D. hunt

7. If you choose a self-guided tour, you must calculate all the \_\_\_\_\_\_ which may include the cost of transportation, accommodation, food or equipment rentals.

A. travel prices B. travel costs C. travelling charges D. travelling fees

8. We will set off \_\_\_\_\_\_ so that when we arrive at the resort, it hasn’t been too sunny.

A. from dawn to dusk B. at the dusk C. at the crack of dawn D. at the sun set

9. The village in the valley was truly\_\_\_\_\_\_, with its charming cottages and meandering river.

A. lively B. smooth C. exciting D. picturesque

10. Choosing a proper \_\_\_\_\_\_ for a self-guided tour is not an easy task for people who don’t go much.

A. tour guide B. departure C. travel agency D. destination

11. Ha Long Bay has twice been \_\_\_\_\_\_ by UNESCO as a World Natural Heritage Site.

A. developed B. experienced C. recognized D. discovered

12. The seafront was very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, with lots of souvenir shops and crowds of visitors.

A. ruinous B. crowded C. touristy D. exciting

13. The restaurant is likely to be busy, so you should definitely \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. make a reservation B. call travel agency C. have package holiday D. book online

14. I try to avoid the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of shopping centres so I chose to explore a province by the sea.

A. hustle and bustle B. far and wide C. ups and downs D. part and partial

15. We offer the best-value \_\_\_\_\_\_ holidays in Europe. You can be sure every cost is included in the price.

A. self-guided B. package C. solo D. pack-back

16. Thailand promotes \_\_\_\_\_\_ tourism by holding festivals to showcase the authentic Thai dishes to foreign tourists.

A. shopping B. culture C. sports D. food

17. Son Doong Cave is one of the most fascinating \_\_\_\_\_\_ that can be experienced in Southeast Asia.

A. expeditions B. explorations C. journeys D. destinations

18. We \_\_\_\_\_\_ how much our trip would cost, then we saved money for the trip.

A. thought B. suspected C. estimated D. got

19. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ adventure offered an unforgettable experience as we travelled the vast wilderness, spotting magnificent animals in their natural habitat.

A. wildlife B. package holiday C. homestay D. safari

20. The tour operator will arrange transport and plan your\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; thus the route and places will be provided in advance.

A. destination B. ticket C. stay D. itinerary

21. Our \_\_\_\_\_\_ showed us around the old town and regaled us with historical stories.

A. tour guide B. travel agent C. holidaymaker D. sightseer

22. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has become increasingly popular as travellers seek to explore new cultures through their cuisine.

A. Food tourism B. Ecotourism C. Shopping tourism D. Sport tourism

23. Using \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, we easily navigated our way through the bustling city streets, discovering hidden gems along the way.

A. Google maps B. mobile C. online apps D. laptop

24. To go on a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ is to take a trip to see or hunt wild animals, especially in east or southern Africa.

A. picnic B. safari C. excursion D. travel

25. We had a great time at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_where we went on many rides.

A. exhibition B. museum C. aquarium D. amusement parks

26. Nick has returned from his holiday looking relaxed and \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. tanned B. worried C. exhausted D. cool

27. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is travelling from one region, country, state, etc. to engage or participate in a sports-related activity.

A. Domestic tourism B. Local travelling C. Ecotourism D. Sports tourism

28. Traveling in Kuala Lumpur is very convenient, and the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of transportation is cheap.

A. ticket B. cost C. season D. offer

29. The chalet was in a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ area, with no public transport or shops nearby.

A. city B. central C. urban D. remote

30. When spending a week in Berlin, you can \_\_\_\_\_\_ the city itself and its surroundings.

A. visit B. explore C. guide D. travel

31. I prefer to go to \_\_\_\_\_\_ places to enjoy tranquillity rather than to a noisy place.

A. central B. on the beaten track C. urban D. off the beaten track

32. Spending the holidays at a campsite m the forest isn't very \_\_\_\_\_\_ to me.

A. appealing B. breathtaking C. detailed D. smooth

33. We visited the local \_\_\_\_\_\_\_to admire the handmade jewellery and pottery on display.

A. village B. craft fair C. market D. supermarket

34. The local \_\_\_\_\_\_ arranged a homestay in Ninh Binh for us also let us hire his car to get around.

A. what B. who C. whose D. which

35. Canada Sports tourism, \_\_\_\_\_\_ helps develop the economy substantially, has a number of objectives.

A. which B. that C. who D. where

36. The travel agency \_\_\_\_\_\_ provided us with the tours gave us a small discount.

A. Whose B. who C. which D. what

37.  People can use online apps to book tickets and accommodation, \_\_\_\_\_\_is so convenient for visitors.

A. what B. that C. which D. who

38. The guide \_\_\_\_\_\_ led this guided tour was very knowledgeable about local history.

A. which B. whom C. who D. whose

39. The culinary tour \_\_\_\_\_\_ included tastings of local specialities was the highlight of our trip.

A. who B. whose C. whom D. that

40. Amy wants to get on that scenic train \_\_\_\_\_\_ crosses through the landscape of Switzerland.

A. who B. that C. whom D. whose

41. The Four Seasons Resort, \_\_\_\_\_\_ offers stunning ocean views, is highly rated by guests.

A. which B. who C. whose D. whom

42. The cruise ship, \_\_\_\_\_\_ amenities include a rooftop pool and fine dining, is a favourite among holidaymakers.

A. which B. that C. who D. whose

43. The hotel staff, from \_\_\_\_\_\_ we asked for help, were exceptionally friendly and helpful.

A. who B. which C. whom D. whose

44. The restaurant \_\_\_\_\_\_ we dined at yesterday had a menu full of delicious local dishes.

A. that B. whom C. who D. whose

45. Visitors \_\_\_\_\_\_ come to Kyoto are usually impressed by its temples and gardens.

A. which B. who C. whom D. whose

46. The British Museum has many ancient relics \_\_\_\_\_\_ span several millennia of human

history.

A. which B. whom C. who D. whose

47. Passengers \_\_\_\_\_\_ flights were delayed were offered free accommodation for the night.

A. whose B. who C. whom D. which

48. We stayed at a charming little hotel \_\_\_\_\_\_ balcony overlooked a beautiful beach.

A. which B. that C. whose D. where

49. We booked a walking tour led by a passionate guide \_\_\_\_\_\_ shared fascinating stories about the city’s history.

A. which B. whose C. whom D. who

50. We visited a national park \_\_\_\_\_\_ is home to a variety of endangered species.

A. who B. which C. whose D. where

51. The tour guide, \_\_\_\_\_\_ knowledge of local history was impressive, shared fascinating stories.

A. who B. whom C. that D. whose

52. The famous beaches in Thailand, \_\_\_\_\_\_ many tourists flock to, offer stunning views and clear waters.

A. where B. which C. whose D. who

53. The restaurant \_\_\_\_\_\_ serves fresh seafood has a beautiful view of the harbour.

A. that B. where C. who D. whom

54. I feel satisfied because this is the most amazing trip \_\_\_\_\_\_ I’ve ever taken.

A. where B. when C. that D. which

55. The flamenco dancers, \_\_\_\_\_\_ were wearing beautiful costumes, performed with incredible passion.

A. whom B. that C. who D. which

56. Sustainable tourism practices are important to protect the environment, \_\_\_\_\_\_ benefits local communities as well.

A. which B. who C. whose D. that

57. The hostel’s services and friendly staff \_\_\_\_\_\_ went above and beyond to help us made our stay enjoyable.

A. which B. who C. whose D. that

**Exercise 4: Underline the correct form.**

1. Son Doong contains some of the tallest known stalagmites in the world, **which / who** are up to 70 metres tall.

2. Who is the friend with **whom / which** you love to travel to different places?

3. The tour guide **whose / who** showed us around the village is the village chief’s son.

4. The British are famous for the amount of fast food **whom / which** they eat every day.

5. When I was in Japan, I stayed in a hotel **whose / which** walls are made of paper.

6. Where did you put the plane ticket **which / who** I gave you on Monday?

7. Phuket is an ideal destination for serious divers **who / whose** enthusiastically submerge themselves in the Adaman Sea.

8. My pen pal, **which / whose** hometown is in Rome, will visit me this summer holiday.

9. You should find someone **whose / who** you can rely on to take care of your cat when you’re away.

10. For people **which / who** enjoy driving, a scenic drive along the Great Ocean Road can’t be missed.

**Exercise 5: Fill in the blank with who, whom, which or whose.**

1. Italy has planned to heavily charge tourists \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ damage cultural sites.

2. He wore a mask \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ made him look like Mickey Mouse.

3. The student \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ father is a professor told us to register for this course.

4. I didn’t know exactly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I was working with on the project.

5. Enter the address of the person to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you want to forward the message.

6. The children, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are shouting in the street, are not from our school.

7. The neighborhood \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we visited yesterday is a somewhat dangerous area.

8. Amanda introduces me to this restaurant \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ food and service are excellent.

9. Batu Caves have a rich history \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has made it one of the tourist hotspots in Malaysia.

10. The incident was caught on camera by a tourist \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was filming at the time.

11. Brussels, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I’ve visited several times recently, is a good place to spend a weekend.

12. 7-Eleven is a convenience store chains \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tores can be found all over Bangkok.

**Exercise 6: Fill in each blank with a word or phrase in the box.**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***ruinous*** | ***ideal*** | ***breathtaking*** | ***unique*** | ***fixed*** |
| ***online*** | ***world-famous*** | ***natural*** | ***smooth*** | ***flexible*** |

1. The fishing village is set amongst the most \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ scenery, with mountains on one side and the sea on the other side.

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ flights allow for changes or cancellations after the purchase has been made.

3. Nowadays you can book your plane ticket and hotel via \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ applications.

4. For a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and carefree trip, tourists can buy a package tour.

5. I enjoyed spending time exploring the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ site of Angkor Wat last summer.

6. French cuisine is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and many of its dishes are included in restaurants globally.

7. Only 30km from the city centre, the cave is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ destination for nature lovers who are short of time.

8. Madagascar is home to many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ species of plants and animals that can be found nowhere else on earth.

9. Tourists should respect Wild animals and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ environment, which is their home.

10. The tour package offers a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ itinerary and price, which is pretty budget-friendly.

**Exercise 7: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

1. The **breathtaking** views from the mountaintop were the highlight of our trip.

A. **disgusting** B. stunning C. **charming** D. **relaxing**

2. We spent the day in the old city to **explore** the charming streets and historical buildings.

A. estimate B. hunt C. promote D. discover

3. The tourism board launched a new campaign to **promote** sustainable travel practices.

A. encourage B. impress C. wander D. guide

4. We need to **work out** the travel details, like transportation and accommodation, before booking our flights.

A. suspect B. ignore C. plan D. conserve

5. When you **take part** in an eco tour, you learn more about the cultural traditions of the local people and the natural habitat of some rare animals.

A. participate B. conduct C. enjoy D. depart

**Exercise 8: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

1. She always stays at the most **luxurious** hotel when she visits this area.

A. breathtaking B. exotic C. simple D. inaccessible

2. Backpacking through Southeast Asia is an **affordable** way to see many different countries.

A. costly B. comfortable C. self-guided D. smooth

3. The bus follows a **fixed** route with scheduled stops at popular tourist destinations.

A. estimable B. promotional C. various D. flexible

4. If you book tickets early, you can get a **discount**.

A. award B. prize C. deduction D. increase

5. "Green" tourists or "eco-tourists" are **upset** by the effects of mass tourism.

A. relaxed B. troubled C. nervous D. tense

**Exercise 9: Use the correct form of the word given to complete each sentence.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. These tours usually combine jungle trekking and cave \_\_\_\_\_\_. | **(explore)** |
| 2. They’re looking for a travel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to take care of their trip to Africa. | **(agent)** |
| 3. Spending the summer holidays in the UK isn’t very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as it often rains a lot. | **(appeal)** |
| 4. The guest house was on the side of the cliff, with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ views of the ocean below. | **(breath)** |
| 5. The Taj Mahal is a \_\_\_\_\_\_ building which is visited by millions of tourists every year. | **(magnificence)** |
| 6. As the capital of Morbihan, Vannes attracts large numbers of \_\_\_\_\_. | **(travel)** |
| 7. His parents paid for his hotel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when he travelled to Japan. | **(accommodate)** |
| 8. Some areas of the park are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by car from November through May due to snow. | **(access)** |
| 9. World-famous for football, Barcelona is one of the top sports \_\_\_\_\_\_ destinations in the world. | **(tour)** |
| 10. On the first day of school, the children chatted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to their friends about their summer vacations. | **(excite)** |
| 11. The travel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ assisted us in booking our dream vacation. | **(agency)** |
| 12. The Opera House is one of the most popular tourist \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Sydney. | **(attract)** |
| 13. \_\_\_Travellers\_\_\_ \_about lack of information when travel delays occurred. | **(Travel)** |
| 14. For \_\_\_\_\_\_ tourists, the company has trips into the mountains with a local guide. | **(adventure)** |
| 15. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have been trying to protect this forest for years. | **(environment)** |
| 16. Do you have the complete \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to spend the holiday the way you wish? | **(free)** |
| 17. They organize tours to visit different \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ areas and tribes in Northern Vietnam. | **(geography)** |
| 18. More and more foreigners like travelling to Vietnam for holiday because things are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here. | **(afford)** |

**C. COMUNICATION**

**Exercise 10: Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.**

1. - **Tour guide:** “\_\_\_\_\_” - **Visitor:** I’m sorry. I didn’t know there’s a queue here.

A. You don’t jump the queue! B. It’s necessary that we queue here, please.

C. You must wait over there. D. Don’t you see what you should do?

2. - **Mother:** Mai, “\_\_\_\_\_” - **Mai:** Yes, mum. Coming.

A. could you please be a bit quicker? B. why don't you come?

C. you must hurry up or we’ll be late to school. D. if you don’t go, I’ll go now.

3. - **Mi:** Tom, you must scan your fingerprint here before coming in. -**Tom:** “\_\_\_\_\_”

A. I’m sorry. I’ll do it now. B. Why do I have to do so?

C. No, I don’t like it. D. I’m sorry. But I don’t feel like it.

4. - **Teacher:** It’s necessary that you finish homework by tomorrow. - **Mike:** “\_\_\_\_\_”

A. I’m sorry, I don’t like homework. B. I’m sorry. I have finished it.

C. Must I? What if I don’t? D. Yes, sir. I’ll finish it.

5. - **Dad:** “\_\_\_\_\_” The temperature is going down. - **Mike:** Yes, I’ve got it, dad.

A. You must take some more T-shirts. B. It’s necessary that you take a scarf.

C. Why don’t you let me pack for you? D. You’d better choose a homestay.

6.  **- Minh:** Hey Maria, you just got back from Patagonia, right? How was it? **- Maria:** “\_\_\_\_\_”

A. It was incredible! We went on some amazing hikes - the glaciers were breathtaking.

B. It was very expensive and the weather was too bad so we just stayed home.

C. Wow. Great. I'd love to see it someday soon.

D. Sounds amazing. The trip must be well-organized as it is a great tour company.

7. **- Michael:** Hey Minh, how was that beach vacation in the Maldives? **- Minh:** “\_\_\_\_\_”

A. The beach was great after our clean-up. I felt great really. It was such a nice experience.

B. I love the beach as always. I’ve been practicing swimming at the pool, hoping someday I can swim in the ocean.

C. Absolute paradise! Crystal clear water, white sand beaches ... it was pure relaxation.

D. It was such an amazing experience to see coral reefs and fish in the aquarium

8. **- Travel Agent:** Hi there! Welcome to Tour For Fun Travel Agency. My name is Sarah, and how can I help you plan your dream vacation today? **- Tourist:** “\_\_\_\_\_”.

A. Hi Sarah, thanks! How much is the trip?

B. Hi Sarah, thanks! I don’t mind taking the trip to your beautiful country.

C. Hi Sarah, thanks! The beautiful scenery and some historical sites are not my taste.

D. Hi Sarah, thanks! I’m looking to get away. I’m interested in experiencing a new culture.

9. **- Giang:** Did you do any hiking in Sapa?

**- Hoa:** We did! The weather was a bit unpredictable, some rain showers “\_\_\_\_\_”

A. but that was surprisingly affordable. B. but that just added to the wild beauty of the place.

C. and that was not included in the tour. D. and the food wasn’t great at all.

10. **- Linh:** Hey Minh. My trip to Thailand wasn't the best. It was supposed to be a super budget-friendly way to experience Thai culture, but it ended up being a bit of a nightmare.

**- Minh:** “\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Really? Great you made it finally.

B. Wow! I can imagine that as I had a great experience there once.

C. Glad you saved a lot of money for the trip.

D. Really? That’s a shame. What went wrong?

**D. READING**

**Exercise 11: Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for these questions.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A sign with black text  Description automatically generated | 1.  A. You have to pay to park here.  B. Parking here is free for everybody.  C. There is no cost to leave your car here if you use a shop.  D. The shop opens seven days a week. |
|  | 2.  A. Please keep our environment clean.  B. Please put waste into the garbage bin.  C. Don’t throw trash into the bin.  D. Please keep the water clean. |
| Hưởng ứng Ngày Môi trường thế giới (5/6) và tháng hành động vì môi trường:  “Ngôi nhà chung” đang bị tàn phá | Tạp chí du lịch | 3.  A. Recycling things  B. Keep the environment green  C. Green trees on the earth  D. Green material. |
| **If you take this journey regularly, you can save money with our super quickly saver ticket.** | 4.  A. You need a special type of ticket if you travel regularly.  B. Cheaper tickets are available for people who travel often.  C. The Super quickly saver ticket can help all travellers save money.  D. Cheaper tickets are available for everyone in this journey. |
| **SECURITY**  **All employees must carry their identity cards with them at all times.** | 5.  A. You must always have your identity card with you.  B. You must show your identity card at all times.  C. You can get your identity card from security.  D. You don't need to show your identity card. |

**Exercise 12: Read the following advertisement / announcement and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks**

**➀**

|  |
| --- |
| **Discover the Magic of Hoi An!**  **Ancient Town:** Wander through charming streets, admire historic houses, and cross the iconic (1) \_\_\_\_\_ Japanese Covered Bridge.  **Tailored Clothes:** Get clothes made just for you by skilled tailors, from elegant suits to (2) \_\_\_\_\_ dresses.  **Lanterns at Night:** Witness the enchanting glow of colorful lanterns illuminating the river and streets after sunset.  **Delicious Cuisine:** Savor mouthwatering local specialties like Cao Lầu and Banh Mi in cozy restaurants.  Book your trip today and experience the unique charm (3) \_\_\_\_\_ Hoi An! |

1. A. an B. an C. the D. no article

2. A. beauty B. beautifying C. beautiful D. beautifully

3 A. to B. in C. on D. of

**➁**

|  |
| --- |
| **Adventure Awaits! Join our Tropical Getaway!**  We're thrilled to (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a special island-hopping adventure organized by Island Escapes Co. On this tour, you will:   * **Explore Islands:** Discover hidden beaches and vibrant coral reefs. * **Try Island Food:** Enjoy fresh seafood and tropical fruits. * **Water Activities:** Go snorkeling, swimming, and kayaking in crystal-clear waters. * **Relaxing Time:** Unwind on sandy beaches and (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the sun.   Tour Dates: July 20, 2024, to August 3, 2024 Destinations: Phuket, Bali, Fiji  **Book Now:** Spots are limited! Call us at (555) 987-6543 or email [minhtran@gmail.com] to reserve your spot.  Join us for an (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ journey to paradise! |

1. A. announce B. afford C. save D. require

2. A. take on B. put on C. soak up D. work out

3 A. forgetfully B. forgetful C. forget D. unforgettable

**➂**

|  |
| --- |
| **DISCOVER THE WORLD AND MAKE UNFORGETTABLE MEMORIES!**  Crafted by passionate travelers, *minhtran.com* is your one-stop shop for planning incredible journeys. Packed with helpful advice, detailed guides, and inspiring travel videos, our website empowers you to transform ordinary trips (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ extraordinary experiences.  (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ how to choose the perfect destinations, travel on a budget, immerse yourself in diverse cultures, and engage in exciting activities – all from the (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ of your home.  Embark on your next adventure today! Visit *minhtran.com* now! |

1. A. about B. into C. with D. for

2. A. Hunt B. Estimate C. Confuse D. Learn

3 A. comforts B. uncomfortable C. comfort D. comfortable

**Exercise 13: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

**➀**

**Different Types of Sports Tourism**

There are actually four primary types of sports tourism. These include:

**Event-based tourism:** Sports event tourism involves travelling to another city or country to watch a sport event. Examples of sports (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in this category include travelling to watch major sporting events like the Olympics or the Super Bowl.

**Active sports tourism:** This form of sports tourism (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ actually participating in a sport while visiting a destination. Some travellers choose tourism (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ known for a specific sport or outdoor activity. Examples of active sports tourism include going to Hawaii for surfing or to Colorado for skiing.

**Sports heritage tourism:** Sports heritage tourism involves visiting places with (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ significance to sport. Examples might include visiting the Baseball Hall of Fame in New York, Camp Nou in Barcelona, or a sports museum.

**Sport-themes cruises or tours:** These (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ trips combine travel with a sporting event or activity. Examples include cruises for people who love to play tennis or tours that take sport fans to different stadiums around the world.

1. A. tourism B. event C. type D. travel

2. A. contains B. involves C. composes D. consists

3. A. departures B. arrivals C. destinations D. activity

4. A. history B. historical C. historically D. historian

5. A. organisation B. organising C. organiser D. organised

**➁**

**SPACE TOURISM**

Make your reservations now. The space tourism industry is (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ open for business, and tickets are going for a mere $20 million for a one-week stay in space. Despite reluctance from NASA, Russia made American businessman Dennis Tito the world's first space tourist. Tito flew into space aboard a Russian Soyuz (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that arrived at the International Space Station (ISS) on April 30, 2001. The second space tourist, South African businessman Mark Shuttleworth, took (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ aboard the Russian Soyuz on April 25, 2002, also bound for the ISS. Greg Olsen, an American businessman, became tourist number three to the ISS on October 1, 2005.

On September 18, 2006, Anousheh Ansari, a telecommunications entrepreneur, became the first female space tourist and the fourth space tourist (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She was also the first person of Iranian descent to make it into space. Charles Simonyi, a software architect, became the fifth space tourist on April 7, 2007.

These trips are the beginning of what could be a lucrative 21st century industry. There are already several space tourism companies planning to build suborbital vehicles and orbital cities within the next two decades. These companies have (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ millions, believing that the space tourism industry is on the verge of taking off.

(From *How space Tourism Works,* www.howstuffworks.com)

1. A. immediately B. officially C. formally D. definitely

2. A. launcher B. satellite C. rocket D. missile

3. A. in B. on C. over D. off

4. A. thoroughly B. overall C. general D. together

5. A. invented B. raised C. invested D. paid

**➂**

Dear Laura,

I hope you're doing well. I wanted to share with you all about my recent (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ holiday to Thailand with my family because we wanted to arrange everything by ourselves. It was also our first international holiday in a foreign country, and it was fantastic!

During our stay in Bangkok, my family and I booked a room at the Ambassador hotel. It was a lovely place, and we had a really good time there.

One of the highlights of the trip was the (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I had the opportunity to try different mouthwatering Thai dishes. The flavours were so unique and delicious!

We also (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ various temples and pagodas in Bangkok. The intricate designs and peaceful atmosphere made it a memorable experience.

Moreover, we managed to visit Ayutthaya, the ancient city of Thailand. It was like stepping back in time, seeing the (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ruins and learning about the rich history of the place.

Thailand is truly a must-go (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. There is still so much more to explore, and I can't wait to come back for another adventure.

Take care, and let's catch up soon!

Best regards,

Tam

1. A. self-guided B. package C. guided D. dependent

2. A. shopping B. medical C. food D. sports

3. A. escaped B. exported C. explained D. explored

4. A. ancient B. new C. modern D. fresh

5. A. travel B. destination C. visit D. camping

**Exercise 14: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

**➀**

Dreaming of a Southeast Asian adventure? Look no further than Malaysia! This beautiful country offers something for everyone, from bustling cities to beautiful beaches and lush rainforests.

Planning a trip to Malaysia is easy. Many tourist agencies offer packaged tours, which can take care of everything for you, including flights, a 5-day hotel stay, and even some activities. This is a great option, especially for first-time visitors.

The best time to visit depends on what you want to experience. Peak season (July and August) brings hot, sunny weather, perfect for relaxing on the beach. If you prefer cooler temperatures and fewer crowds, aim for shoulder seasons (April, May, September, and October).

Malaysia is a melting pot of cultures, with a strong Malay influence. Be sure to try the delicious cuisine - think fragrant curries, satay skewers, and fluffy roti bread. There are countless things to do in Malaysia. Hike through the world's oldest rainforest in Taman Negara National Park, climb Mount Kinabalu (the highest mountain in Southeast Asia!), or explore the historical city of Malacca. For some retail therapy, head to Kuala Lumpur's many shopping malls or browse the night markets for souvenirs.

Getting around Malaysia is easy and affordable. Taxis, buses, and trains all connect major cities and towns. Prices can vary depending on the season and the type of experience you are looking for. But you can find excellent value for money, especially if you book your trip in advance using a travel agency brochure or website.

So why wait? Start planning your Malaysian adventure today!

*(Adapted from Wander-Lust https:/lwander-lush.orglvisit-malaysia-travel-guide!)*

1. What is the best title for the reading passage?

A. A Guide to Budget Travel in Malaysia in 5 days B. Historical and Cultural Sites of Malaysia

C. Experience the Best of Malaysia in 5 days D. Traveling by Public Transportation in Malaysia

2. What is the weather like during the time lots of people travel to Malaysia?

A. pleasant and dry B. hot and humid C. cool and rainy D. unpredictable

3. Packaged tours in Malaysia typically include \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. flights and budget accommodation only B. accommodation and pre-planned activities

C. local transportation and meals D. shopping sprees at designer stores

4. The following activities can be done in Malaysia EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. trying local food B. exploring the rainforest

C. strolling in night markets D. observing ice melting ports

5. To earn a good-price tour, travellers are recommended to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. reserve the trip beforehand B. find someone who can join the trip

C. use a travel brochure D. go online to find tourist attractions

**➁**

**What is Sports Tourism?**

Sports tourism is travelling from one region, country, state, etc. to engage or participate in a sports-related activity. Sports tourism combines the passion for sports with the desire to experience new experiences or destinations.

While sports tourism has not always been extremely popular, it is definitely on the rise. A recent report estimates the value of the global sports tourism market was $587.87 billion in 2022. The industry is expected to grow at a rate of 17.5% through 2030. The popularity of events like the Olympic Games, the NBA, and the FIFA World Cup have contributed to this growth. While these events have economic short-term benefits for an area, they can be a catalyst for longer-term tourism development opportunities.

In 2004, the World Tourism Organisation (WTO) and the International Olympic Committee (IOC) issued a joint statement that illustrates the strong dynamic between sports and tourism, “Tourism and sports are interrelated and complementary. Sport - as a professional, amateur or leisure activity - involves a considerable amount of travelling to play and compete in different destinations and countries. Major sporting events, such as the Olympic Games, football and rugby championships and auto racing have become **powerful tourism attractions** in themselves - making a very positive contribution to the tourism image of the host destination”.

(Adapted from: *https://www.sports-management-degrees.com*)

1. Sports tourism is the combination of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the love for nature and the passion for new experiences

B. the passion for new destinations and the desire for new experiences

C. the love for sports and the desire for new experiences

D. the love for new experiences and the passion for new destination

2. Sports tourism is becoming increasingly popular due to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the global sports tourism market of $587.87 billion B. the increasing popular sports events

C. the growth rate of 17.5% through 2023 D. economic short-term and long-term benefits

3. What is illustrated in the 2004 joint statement?

A. WTO and the IOC are dynamic.

B. Tourism and sports are unrelated but supplementary.

C. Tourism and sports are one and the same.

D. Tourism and sports are interrelated and complementary.

4. Major sporting events do not include \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, according to the passage.

A. horse racing B. football championships

C. rugby championships D. auto racing

5. What is meant by **powerful tourist attractions**?

A. The destinations are economic powers.

B. The host destinations are rich.

C. The host nations are enhanced with a tourism image.

D. The hosts have a very positive contribution.

**➂**

Homestay is a type of tourism where travellers stay with local families in their homes. It offers both benefits and drawbacks.

One benefit of homestay is the opportunity to experience local culture firsthand. Travellers can learn about traditional customs, taste authentic homemade food, and engage in daily activities with the host family. **It** provides a deeper understanding of the local way of life.

Another advantage is the chance to establish connections and make new friends. Staying with a host family allows for personal interactions and cultural exchange, fostering cross-cultural understanding and friendship.

However, there are also some drawbacks to consider. One downside is the potential lack of privacy. Sharing living spaces with the host family means less personal space and limited privacy compared to staying in a hotel.

Communication may also be a challenge if there are language barriers. It can be difficult to fully communicate and express needs and preferences without a common language.

Additionally, homestays may have different levels of comfort and amenities compared to hotels. Facilities may be basic, and travellers need to adapt to the host family's lifestyle and routines.

In conclusion, homestay tourism offers unique cultural experiences and the chance to connect with locals. While there may be challenges such as privacy and communication, it can be a rewarding way to **immerse** oneself in the local community and create lasting memories.

1. What is the main focus of the text?

A. The advantages and disadvantages of homestay tourism

B. The cultural experiences offered by homestay tourism

C. The challenges of communication in homestay tourism

D. The different levels of comfort in homestay accommodations

2. What are some activities that travellers can engage in during a homestay?

A. Enjoying luxurious amenities and facilities with other tourists.

B. Learning about traditional customs and tasting authentic homemade food.

C. Experiencing complete privacy and personal space.

D. Changing the host family's lifestyle and routines.

3. What does the pronoun “**It**”refer to?

A. Working as a host B. Personal interactions

C.Cultural exchange D. Homestay tourism

4. What is one drawback mentioned in the text regarding homestay accommodations?

A. The ease of communication without any language barriers.

B. The availability of luxurious amenities and facilities.

C. The potential lack of privacy due to sharing living spaces.

D. The opportunity to fully express needs and preferences.

5. What does “**immerse**”mean in the context of the text?

A. become familiar with B. get involved completely in

C.get used to D. become attracted by

**Exercise 15: Four phrases/sentences have been removed from the text below. Choose the correct answer to complete the text. Write only the letter A-D in each blank.**

**➀**

**Problems with ecotourism**

(1) \_\_\_\_\_\_, it may also hurt local people and wildlife in certain cases. When tourists visit nature spots and interact with wild animals and nature (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_. In addition, many remote areas require some traveling by car or by plane, which again consumes energy and increases CO2, emissions in the air. (3) \_\_\_\_\_, because many local hotels may be owned by international companies and their profits may not stay in the community. Besides, (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, making life more expensive for local people.

**A.** Ecotourism may not benefit local economy

**B.**, they may damage or destroy their natural habitats

**C.** tourism may increase the cost of living in a certain area

**D.** While ecotourism is often seen as the best way to reduce our negative impact on the environment

**➁**

Angkor Wat, a UNESCO World Heritage Site, (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_. Located in Siem Reap, Cambodia, this magnificent temple complex was built by the Khmer Empire during the 12th century. (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ and is renowned for its intricate carvings, towering spires, and serene atmosphere.

Beyond Angkor Wat, the Angkor Archaeological Park encompasses numerous other temples, each with its unique architectural style and historical significance. Bayon Temple, known for its enigmatic smiling faces, and Ta Prohm, (3) \_\_\_\_\_.

Siem Reap itself offers a crowded town atmosphere with busy night markets, delicious local cuisine, and traditional performances like Apsara dance shows. (4) \_\_\_.

**A.** Angkor Wat is dedicated to the Hindu god Vishnu

**B.** where trees have become entwined with the ruins, are popular destinations for visitors

**C.** Tourists can also visit nearby villages to experience Cambodian rural life and learn about handicrafts

**D.** is the largest religious monument in the world

**E. WRITING**

**Exercise 16: Write sentences, using the clues given. You can add extra words or make changes.**

1. tourism/ identify/ as/ one/ world’s largest industries/ a long time.

🡪

2. in recent years/ there/ be/ a lot of/ tourism development/ Asia/ the Middle East.

🡪

3. economically/ tourism/ can/ create/ jobs/ local people/ and/ bring/ money/ country.

🡪

4. thanks/ development/ tourism/ average/ living standard/ people/ increase/ well.

🡪

5. tourism/ can/ provide/ governments/ extra tax revenues/ each year.

🡪

6. tourism/ be/ opportunity/ discover/ different cultures/ the world.

🡪

7. too many tourists/ can/ have/ negative impact/ the quality of life.

🡪

8. tourism/ be/ largely/ responsible/ the destruction/ many/ most/ beautiful places/ left over/ Earth.

🡪

🡪

9. these days/ green travellers/ turn away/ all-inclusive package deals/ because/ their negative environmental impact.

🡪

10. the main aim/ ecotourism/ be/ reduce/ the negative impact/ that/ tourism/ have/ the environment.

🡪

**Exercise 17:** **Rewrite the following sentences without changing the overall meaning, using the word in brackets.**

1. The tourist got lost in the city. The tourist didn’t speak English. (who)

🡪 The tourist

2. Mount Fuji is a dormant volcano in Japan. It’s a popular destination for hikers. (which)

🡪 Mount Fuji,

3. Tourists flock to the Taj Mahal in India. It’s made from white marble. (which)

🡪 Tourists flock

4. The chef won a food competition. He prepared the dish with fresh ingredients. (who)

🡪 The chef

5. The Philippines has incredible biodiversity. It’s home to many unique species of plants and animals. (which)

🡪 The Philippines,

6. Ha Long Bay is famous for stunning scenery. Its limestone formations rise out of the emerald water. (whose)

🡪 Ha Long Bay,

**Exercise 18: Choose the sentence that best combines the original ones.**

1. The tourists visited a local market. The market sold beautiful handmade crafts.

A. The tourists visited a local market, which sold beautiful handmade crafts.

B. The tourists who visited a market sold beautiful handmade crafts.

C. Tourists visited the beautiful handmade crafts sold at a local market.

D. A local market sold beautiful handmade crafts which the tourists visited.

2. We stayed at a hotel with a rooftop pool. Its view was incredible.

A. The view from the pool, which was incredible, was the hotel we stayed at.

B. We stayed at a hotel with a rooftop pool whose view was incredible.

C. The incredible view from the pool made the hotel we stayed at unforgettable.

D. With an incredible view, the rooftop pool was located at the hotel where we stayed.

3. The restaurant served fresh seafood. We ordered dishes from there.

A. We ordered dishes from the restaurant where the fresh seafood was served.

B. The fresh seafood we ordered from a restaurant that served delicious dishes.

C. We enjoyed fresh seafood at a restaurant where we placed our order.

D. Serving fresh seafood, the restaurant received many orders from us.

4. The tour guide spoke perfect English. He explained the history of the city.

A. The tour guide explained the history of the city with perfect English.

B. The tour guide’s English explanation of the city’s history was perfect.

C. The tour guide who spoke perfect English explained the city’s history to us.

D. The tour guide explained the city’s history for US spoke English perfectly.

5. The museum displayed ancient artifacts. They came from all over the world.

A. Artifacts coming from all over the world, where the museum displayed.

B. They came from all over the world, the museum displayed ancient artifacts.

C. The artifacts came from all over the world which were displayed at the museum.

D. The museum displayed ancient artifacts, which came from all over the world.

6. Last month, we attended the festival. It celebrates the local culture.

A. We attended the festival which celebrated the local culture last month.

B. The festival celebrated last month by US was about local culture.

C. The local culture was celebrated by a festival that we attended last month.

D. It was a festival celebrating the local culture which we attended last month.

7. Tour guides are knowledgeable about the area. They can show you the best attractions.

A. Tour guides who are knowledgeable about the area can show you the best attractions.

B. Even when the tour guides are knowledgeable about the area, they are unable to show you the best

attractions.

C. Despite their knowledge about the area, few tour guides can show you the best attractions.

D. Tour guides can show you the best attractions even though they know little about the area.

8. Locals are friendly and welcoming. They are always ready to assist tourists.

A. Locals are friendly and welcoming, but not all of them are ready to assist tourists.

B. Locals who are friendly and welcoming are always ready to assist tourists.

C. Even though locals are friendly and welcoming, not all of them are ready to assist tourists.

D. Only the locals whose friends are welcoming are ready to assist tourists.

9. The hotel's rooms overlook the ocean. The hotel offers breathtaking view to guests.

A. The guests who want rooms overlooking the ocean can ask the hotel to offer them.

B. Only the guests who want rooms overlooking the ocean may get the hotel offers.

C. The hotel whose rooms overlook the ocean offers breathtaking views to guests.

D. The breathtaking view is offered to the guests who stay at the hotel for a long time.

10. The tour guide shares fascinating stories. The tour guide's expertise in history is impressive.

A. Despite his lack of expertise in history, the tour guide shares fascinating stories.

B. The tour guide fails to share fascinating stories however impressive his expertise is.

C. The tour guide's expertise in history is good, but he fails to share interesting story.

D. The tour guide, who expertise in history is impressive, shares fascinating stories.

11. The market sells fresh produce and local crafts. It is a great place to explore.

A. The market is a great place which sell fresh produce and local crafts.

B. The market which sells fresh produce and local crafts is a great place to explore.

C. It is a great place to explore which sell fresh produce and local crafts.

D. The market is a great place to explore which sell fresh produce and local crafts.

**Exercise 19: Circle the correct answer A, B, C, or D which is closest in meaning to the original one.**

1. The tour includes a visit to a nature reserve where you can see endangered animals.

A. The tour includes a visit to a nature reserve when you can see endangered animals.

B. The tour involving a visit to a nature reserve which you can see endangered animals.

C. The tour which includes a visit to a nature reserve where you can see endangered animals.

D. The tour involves a trip to a nature reserve where you can see animals at risk.

2. The tour guide in charged introduced the scenic and special points of the areas.

A. The tour guide who was in charged introduced the scenic and special points of the areas.

B. The tour guide whose was in charged will introduce the scenic and special points of the areas.

C. The tour guide which was in charged introduced the scenic and special points of the areas.

D. The tour guide what was in charged introduced the scenic and special points of the areas.

3. A self-guided tour requiring more time and effort is often selected by the young.

A. A self-guided tour, who requires more time and effort, is often selected by the young.

B. A self-guided tour, where requires more time and effort, is often selected by the young.

C. A self-guided tour, which requires more time and effort, is often selected by the young.

D. A self-guided tour, that more time and effort, is often selected by the young.

4. A package tour offering more convenience is more favourable for people lazy to arrange.

A. A package tour, that offers more convenience, is more favourable for people lazy to arrange.

B. A package tour offers more convenience, yet is more favourable for people lazy to arrange.

C. A package tour offers more convenience is being more favourable for people lazy to arrange.

D. A package tour, which more convenience, is more favourable for people lazy to arrange.

5. Although visitors can reduce stress in a package tour, they have to follow a fixed itinerary.

A. Despite visitors reducing stress in a package tour, they have to follow a fixed itinerary.

B. Despite reducing stress in a package tour, visitors have to follow a fixed itinerary.

C. Although reducing stress in a package tour, visitors have to follow a fixed itinerary.

D. Visitors can reduce stress in a package tour, despite they have to follow a fixed itinerary.

**Exercise 20: Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful paragraph/letter in each of the following questions.**

**➀**

**a.** First, it provides opportunities for travellers to learn about different cultures and traditions.

**b.** In summary, cultural tourism enhances global understanding by promoting cultural exchange and preserving heritage.  
**c.** Furthermore, cultural tourism supports local communities by creating jobs and boosting local economies.

**d.** Next, this type of tourism helps in the conservation of historical sites and cultural landmarks.  
**e.** Finally, it fosters appreciation for diversity and encourages respectful interactions between visitors and host communities.

A. a-b-c-d-e B. b-a-d-c-e C. a-c-b-e-d D. b-a-c-d-e

**➁**

**a.** Adventure tourism provides exciting experiences that help people grow and stay healthy.

**b.** Additionally, it benefits local businesses by attracting tourists and supporting the community.

**c.** Finally, it motivates people to face new challenges and step out of their comfort zones.

**d.** First, it offers fun and thrilling activities that boost self-confidence and personal strength.

**e.** Next, it encourages exploring beautiful natural landscapes and enjoying outdoor adventures.

A. a-d-b-e-c B. d-a-b-e-c C. d-a-e-b-c D. a-d-e-b-c

**➂**

Dear Friend,

**a.** Good tourism is important for keeping our environment clean and helping local people.  
**b.** Also, it raises awareness about why we need to protect the environment.

**c.** Finally, it makes sure that future generations can enjoy our beautiful places.

**d.** First, it tells travellers to choose options that are good for nature.  
**e.** Furthermore, it helps visitors and local people get along better.  
**f.** Next, it helps local shops and businesses by bringing in more customers.  
Sincerely,  
Minh

A. a-d-f-b-e-c B. a-d-f-e-b-c C. d-a-f-b-c-e D. d-a-f-b-e-c

**F. LISTENING**

## **Exercise 21: Listen to the recording and choose the best answer A, B, C, or D for each question below:**

1. What is Sabrina's opinion about visiting the Eiffel Tower and the Louvre Museum?

A. She thinks it would be exciting. B. She thinks it would be educational.

C. She thinks it would be boring. D. She is not sure what to think.

2. Which of these places did Sabrina's mom NOT suggest?

A. Disneyland Paris B. The Eiffel Tower C. Le Petit Paris Restaurant D. A bakery

3. Why does Sabrina's brother suggest taking a socket adapter?

A. Because the sockets in France are different. B. To charge their phones more quickly.

C. To use their hairdryers in France. D. To listen to music on their headphones.

4. What does Sabrina think about taking a fanny pack?

A. She thinks it's a bad idea. B. She thinks it's a good idea.

C. She thinks it's unnecessary. D. She thinks it's a good idea.

5. When does Sabrina's dad suggest they travel to Paris?

A. June or July B. October or April C. December or January D. March or September

*My family gave me some great suggestions for the trip to Paris you and I are taking next year, and I wanted to tell you about them. My dad suggested we travel in October or April. He said it was less crowded at those times. I think April will be the nicest because it will be sunny and warm. He also said we should visit the Eiffel Tower and the Louvre Museum. I thought that sounded pretty boring, so I asked my mom.*

*She suggested we visit Disneyland Paris. I think that sounds really fun. I love roller coasters. She also told me about some great places to eat such as Le Petit Paris Restaurant. It's expensive, but I heard it's amazing. She also suggested we go to a bakery and try some pastries. She said they were really tasty.*

*Finally, my brother gave me some really useful advice. He suggested we take a socket adapter. They have different sockets in France. He also suggested we take a fanny pack to keep a good idea to take both things safe. I think it might be a good idea to take both.*

*What do you think? Did you find out anything interesting?*

*Speak to you soon,*

*Sabrina*

**Exercise 22: Listen to the audio and decide whether those sentences are TRUE (T) or FALSE (F):**

1. Sports tourism is becoming less popular. False

2. The World Cup and the Olympics can encourage people to travel to different countries. True

3. Special tours for sports fans only include tickets to the games. False

4. A disadvantage of sports tourism is that it can be expensive. True

5. Travel agencies can help organize sports holidays. True

*Sports tourism is a growing industry. More and more people are combining their holidays with watching their favorite sport in different destinations.*

*For example, the World Cup and the Olympics are great opportunities to visit new countries. When these events happen, the country organizes special tours for the fans. These tours usually include visits to tourist attractions as well as tickets men to the games.*

*The advantage of this type of holiday is that it's exciting. Sports lovers can watch their favourite team or player while they see a new place at the same time. The disadvantage is the cost. Tickets to matches can be very expensive, and hotels in the host cities often put up their prices too.*

*Many travel agencies offer package deals for sports holidays. These deals include flights, hotels, and tickets to the game. Fans who want to arrange everything themselves should book their flights and hotels early to get the best prices.*

**--- THE END ---**