UBND THÀNH PHỐ HÀ NỘI SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

KÌ KIỂM TRA KHẢO SÁT HỌC SINH LỚP 12 THPT NĂM HỌC 2022 - 2023

Bài kiểm tra: NGOẠI NGŨ, Môn: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 nhút không kể thời gian nhát đề

Thời gian làm bài:	60 phút,	không kế thời	gian phát để
--------------------	----------	---------------	--------------

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC		Thoi gian iam bai. 00 j	onui, knong ke inoi gian phai de
(Đề kiểm tra có 04 trang) Họ, tên thí sinh: Số báo danh:			Mã đề 401
Mark the letter A, B, C, underlined word(s) in each			s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the
-		_;	nd polish your networking skills.
A. diminish	B. improve	C. enrich	D. intensify
A. full of experience		is still wet behind the ears C. full of sincerity	
exchanges. Question 3: Joe and Nam - Joe: "Using tablets to j	are talking about the use of ot down ideas can be great	tablets.	best complete each of the followin
A. I totally disagree with	are useful in organising you n you	 I can't agree with you D. I'm afraid not 	1 more
C. Yes, tell me about it Question 4: Ann is paying - Ann: "You look very p			
- Daisy: "" A. It's so nice of you to C. Thanks for your wish	•	B. I see what you mean. D. Yes, it is fairly expendent	sive.
Mark the letter A, B, C, o position of primary stress i			differs from the other three in the three in the the three in the the three in the
Question 5: A. effective	B. romantic	C. elegant	D. dependent
Question 6: A. visit	B. invite	C. finish	D. open
Mark the letter A, B, C, questions.	or D on your answer sh	neet to indicate the correct	answer to each of the following
Question 7: The electricity A. when you will pay C. when you are paying		_ the bill. B. when you pay D. when you are going t	o pay
Question 8: I am passiona A. Ø (no article)	te about playing gui B. an	tar while my sister is fond of C. the	watching movies. D. a
Question 9: Everyone was A. took off	surprised when that little- B. carried off	known band the night C. went off	's biggest award. D. ran off
Question 10: Anne always A. butter	s does whatever Frank tells B. glue	her to do. She's like i C. putty	n his hands. D. clay
Question 11: Kate was the A. wrote	e first applicant a tha B. written	nk-you letter to the company C. to write	7. D. writing
Question 12: Applicants v A. order	vill be expected to have a g B. aptitude	ood of English. C. attitude	D. command
Question 13: The coastal a A. pollute	areas have been severely _ B. polluted	by the disposal of harm C. polluting	ful chemical rubbish. D. pollution
Question 14: The museum A. charge	of modern art we went to ye B. cost	sterday was fantastic, but the e C. fee	ntrance was a bit expensive. D. ticket

Question 15:	If people paid more attention to the enviro	nment, the Earth gree	ener.
A. would b	B. would have been	C. had been	D. will be
Question 16:	The shop often closes at 7 p.m.,?		
A. does it	B. isn't it	C. is it	D. doesn't it
Question 17:	Since our last meeting most of the students	s more involved in vo	blunteering.
A. become	B. have become	C. will become	D. became
Question 18:	Facebook users should set strong password	ls to avoid into their	accounts by strange people.
A. to be ha	cked B. being hacked	C. hacking	D. to hack
Question 19:	We are going to Japan the beginning	g of July.	
A. in	B. on	C. at	D. by
Question 20:	People have always depended on wildlife a	and plants for food, medicin	e, shelter and many other
A. needs	B. provisions	C. demands	D. requirements
Question 21:	Mary tries to study as hard as possible	she can get a full scholarship	to study in England.
A. despite	B. in order to	C. because	D. so that
Mark the lette the following	er A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to in questions.	ndicate the underlined part	that needs correction in each of
	<u>High</u> school students should be provided ecisions about their future majors.	with adequate career orient	ation so that they can make more
A. with	B. High	C. orientation	D. informative

Question 23: Coffee, one of <u>the</u> most popular drinks in the world, can have a <u>stimulating</u> effect on <u>humans</u> because of their caffeine content.

A. their	B. the	C. humans	D. stimulating
Question 24:	A presentation about gender equality	ought to make by each	group of students.
A. equality	B. each	C. about	D. make

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 25: People believe that the Prime Minister is in favour of the new law.

A. People believe the Prime Minister to be in favour of the new law.

- **B.** People believe the Prime Minister to have been in favour of the new law.
- **C.** The Prime Minister is believed to have been in favour of the new law.
- **D.** The Prime Minister is believed to be in favour of the new law.

Question 26: You are not permitted to use your mobile phones during the test.

A. You don't have to use your mobile phones during the test.

- **B.** You needn't use your mobile phones during the test.
- C. You may not use your mobile phones during the test.
- **D.** You mustn't use your mobile phones during the test.

Question 27: "I'm sorry I called so late last night," said Joan.

- A. Joan apologized for calling so late the previous night.
- **B.** Joan wanted me to say sorry as I called so late last night.

C. Joan regretted not calling so late the previous night.

D. Joan forgot having called so late last night.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 28: We arrived at the cinema. Then we realized that our tickets were still at home.

A. No sooner had we realized that our tickets were still at home than we arrived at the cinema.

- **B.** Not until we arrived at the cinema that we realized that our tickets were still at home.
- C. Only after we had arrived at the cinema did we realize that our tickets were still at home.
- **D.** Hardly had we arrived at the cinema than we realized that our tickets were still at home.

Question 29: I was impressed by his debut album. I found it rather expensive.

A. If I were impressed by his debut album, it would be rather expensive.

- **B.** I was impressed by his debut album because of its price.
- C. Despite being impressed by his debut album, I found it rather expensive.
- **D.** His debut album was impressive and rather expensive.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.

Question 30: <u>Prospects</u> for employment remain bleak for most people in the area.						
A. Futures	B. Opportunities	C. Potentials	D. Likelihoods			
Question 31: He is a	truly <u>reliable</u> friend. He alway	s supports me and never	lets me down.			
A. decisive	B. dependable	C. sensitive	D. independent			

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 32: A. resemble	B. l <u>e</u> gal	C. f <u>e</u> male	D. r <u>e</u> union
Question 33: A. stomach	B. <u>ch</u> ampion	C. me <u>ch</u> anic	D. <u>ch</u> aracter

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 34 to 38.

Newspapers and television news programs always seem to report about the bad things happening in society. However, there is a place where readers can find some good news. That place is the website called *HappyNews*. The man behind *HappyNews* is Byron Reese. Reese set up *HappyNews* because he thought other news sources were giving people an unbalanced view of the world. Reese said about *HappyNews*, "The news media gives you a distorted view of the world by exaggerating bad news, misery, and despair. We're trying to balance out the scale."

Not everyone agrees with Reese's view, though. Many people think that news sources have a responsibility to provide news that is helpful to people. People need to know about issues or problems in today's society. Then people are better able to make their own decisions about things that affect their daily lives. Reese said that *HappyNews* is not trying to stop people from learning about issues or problems. *HappyNews* is just trying to provide a balanced picture of today's world.

By the end of its first month online, *HappyNews* had more than 70,000 **unique** readers. About 60 percent of those readers were women. Something else unusual makes *HappyNews* different from any of the other news or information websites that are on the Internet. Unlike many other websites, *HappyNews* gets fan mail from its readers on a daily basis.

Question 34: What is the best title for the reading?

A.	"Good	News	for a	Chang	ve"

C. "Byron Reese Tells People How to be Happy"

B. "Newspapers vs. Online News"

D. "Why Women Like *HappyNews*"

Question 35: How is *HappyNews* different than other news sources?

A. HappyNews does not exaggerate its stories.B.C. Its stories are not about bad things.D.

B. All of the stories are written by Reese.**D.** The website only has stories about women.

Question 36: Why might some people NOT like *HappyNews*?

A. Reese's stories are about misery and despair.

B. Some sources give a balanced view.

C. The stories are from around the world.

D. It doesn't tell them about important issues or problems.

A. Re	eese u	sed i	t to c	create o	other w	rebsite	s.		B. It	had	thous	sands	s of :	read	ers.	
C. Re	eaders	sent	in n	ice lett	ters abo	out it e	every	day.	D. M	lost	of its	read	ers v	were	wor	nen.
~	20	X X 71		.1	1			•	 	0						

Question 38: What does the word <u>unique</u> mean in this reading?A. one of a kindB. differentC. interestingD. awful

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 39 to 43.

The trend for children to multitask by juggling all sorts of electronic gadgets at the same time is (39) _____ damaging their levels of concentration, scientists have warned. Rocketing use of the Internet, iPods, mobile phones, and DVDs lies behind that finding. Scientists have confirmed the belief of many parents that it is impossible to concentrate on more than one thing at the same time. They found that children (40) _____ homework while sending messages via the Internet can end up spending 50% longer than if they had done each task separately.

David E Meyer, (41) _____ is the Professor of Cognitive Psychology at the University of Michigan, said that true multitasking is only possible for simple activities such as ironing and listening to the radio. He ran experiments demonstrating that young adults who had to switch from one Maths problem to (42) _____ wasted significant amounts of time. Meyer said: "For situations involving more complex tasks, especially those requiring language, the

total time taken to (43) _____ all the tasks done will increase greatly. Over long periods, this kind of multitasking can stress you out and lead to mental and physical exhaustion."

Question 39: A. seriously	B. intensely	C. extremely	D. absolutely
Question 40: A. attending	B. tackling	C. undergoing	D. engaging
Question 41: A. who	B. that	C. whom	D. whose
Question 42: A. other	B. many	C. much	D. another
Question 43: A. bring	B. put	C. make	D. get

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.

Do you know the indispensable part of your computer that is more than a century old? The modern typewriter was born in the back of Kleinsteuber's Machine Shop in Milwaukee. That's where Christopher Sholes took some piano wire and a telegraph key and built a crude typing device in 1868. It could type only one letter, a rather fuzzy-looking w, but it was still pretty amazing for its time. Sholes and his partners designed a more ambitious model with all the letters in the alphabet.

The typewriter had a problem, though. Try to type quickly on it, and the type bars banged into one another and got stuck. The solution to that problem resulted in the keyboard we know today.

Sholes consulted with an educator who helped him analyze the most common pairings of letters in the English language. He then split up those letters so that their type bars were farther apart and less likely to jam. That in turn dictated the layout of the keyboard - known as QWERTY, for the first five letters in the upper row. In a manner of speaking, he slowed down the typists to prevent jamming, and thus speed up the typing.

In 1873 the Sholes & Glidden Type Writer became the first to be mass-produced, and its keyboard layout was soon standard on all typewriters. The original Sholes & Glidden typed only capitals and was designed in an **awkward** fashion that prevented the typist from looking at the paper while typing. Ads trumpeted its value to clergymen and lawyers, but it sold quite poorly at first. One reason: it was expensive. It cost \$125, the equivalent of more than \$1,700 today.

Other keyboard layouts have been created since, and some are demonstrably more efficient, but the original continues to thrive. It is a telling illustration of the power of inertia and the reward of being first.

Question 44: What is TRUE, according to paragraph 1?

A. Sholes was the owner of a shop in Milwaukee.

B. Sholes tried to improve the typewriter alone.

C. The first typewriter was fuzzy looking.

D. The first typewriter appeared more than 100 years ago.

Question 45: The word <u>It</u> in			D a amuda tuming davias
A. a piano wire	B. a modern typewriter	C. a telegraph key	D. a crude typing device
Question 46: What was the	weak point of the first typew	vriter model?	
A. amazing letters	B. strange-looking <i>w</i>	C. poor design	D. low efficiency
Question 47: What does the	e passage state?		
-	the improvement of the keyb	oard.	
51	ery quickly on the first typew		
	ms having rearranged the let		
1	w to group letters on the keyb		
	e 1 j		
Question 48: What is NOT	0	• •	
A. The design was inconv	venient for the users.	B. Only capital letters cou	•
C. All the letters were in	the upper row.	D. They were widely adve	rtised.
Question 49: The word awl	kward in paragraph 4 is clos	est in meaning to	
A. gracious	B. graceful	C. handful	D. inconvenient
Question 50: Which of the	following can be inferred fro	m the last paragraph?	
A. People are ready to de	monstrate efficiency.	B. People continue to succ	eed in their business.
C. People are slow to acc	•	D. People are inclined to e	
1		1	1

------ HÉT ------