# **ENGLISH PRACTICE 31**

## **PART A: PRONUNCIATION**

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently fro	m
the other three in each of the following questions	

			oart is pronounced di	fferently from	
		ach of the follow			
1.	A. impair <u>ed</u>	B. perform <u>ed</u>	C. produc <u>ed</u>	D. design <u>ed</u>	
2.	A. <u>h</u> ealthy	B. <u>wh</u> om	C. <u>h</u> onest	D. <u>h</u> eal	
3.	A. amuse <u>s</u>	B. repeat <u>s</u>	C. attack <u>s</u>	D. cough <u>s</u>	
4.	A. stoma <u>ch</u>	B. <u>ch</u> ange	C. wat <u>ch</u>	D. <u>Ch</u> urch	
5.	A. rel <u>a</u> x	B. c <u>a</u> mpus	C. f <u>a</u> shion	D. loc <u>a</u> te	
6.	A. wor <u>th</u> y	B. toge <u>th</u> er	C. e <u>th</u> nic	D. <u>th</u> ough	
7.	A. thr <u>ow</u>	B. br <u>ow</u>	C. sl <u>ow</u>	D. cr <u>ow</u>	
8.	A. pi <u>zz</u> a	B. papara <u>zz</u> i	C. sei <u>z</u> ure	D. blit <u>z</u>	
9.	A. c <u>o</u> mb	B. c <u>o</u> me	C. s <u>o</u> mething	D. d <u>o</u> ne	
10	. A. wash <u>ed</u>	B. call <u>ed</u>	C. talk <u>ed</u>	D. pass <u>ed</u>	
Choo	se the word wh	ose stress is diff	ferent from the other	thres in each	
of th	e following que	stions			
11. A	. psychology	B. generative	C. insurrance	D. inheritance	
12. A	. extinguish	B. fortunate	C. technical	D. resident	
13. A	. interference	B. influential	C. perception	D. academic	
14. A	. adventure	B. dimension	C. commercial	D. hygiene	
15. A	. preferential	B. calculation	C. conventional	D. apprehension	
Giaoandethitienga 166 A	. responsibility	B. originality	C. accommodation	D.	
misch	nievousness				
17.	A. appliance D. confidential		B. conscientious	C. independent	
18.	A. psychology	B. environmental	C. impossible	D. photography	
19.	A. stimulate	B. maximize	C. interrupt	D. register	
20.	A. appointment	B. punishment	C. publicity	D.	
efficie			IIAGE EUNGTIONS		
		_	UAGE FUNCTIONS: ression which best of	completes each	
	ence: (15 points		ression which best	completes each	
	-		est Sunday was wonderf	ud "	
ZI. I	a: "	our periorinance ia	st Sunday was wonderf	ui.	
Laure		 e. I thought it was t	errible		
		_	as good as I had expect	ed.	
		agree with you. It w			

### C.

- I. se
- 21 La
  - D. No doubt!
- 22. **Boy:** "What is your greatest phobia?" **Girl:** "....."
  - A. I'm afraid not.
- B. Worms, definitely!
- C. Probably people who smoke.
- D. I haven't made up my mind.
- 23. Jenny: "Thank you very much for your donation, Mr. Robinson."

Mr. Robinson: "....."

- A. You can say that again.
- B. I see.
- C. You are right. D. Delighted I was able to help.
- 24. I don't think you have been watering the plants near the gate. The soil is

	B. as dry as a til	e C. as dry as	s a bone	D. as dry
as wood				
25. Susan was sad because s	he wasn't invited	to any socia	l events. Sh	ie felt
				_
A. left out B. tur	ned out	C. omitted	out	D. gone
out			_	
26. Most psychologists be		basic structu	ire of an	individual's
personality is				
A. well established extr				
B. by the age of five it i				
C. by the age of five an		•		
D. extremely well estab				
27.In most develope		to 50% of	popula	ation enters
higher education at some tim	e in their lives.			
A. $\emptyset$ / $\emptyset$ B. the	e/Ø C.Ø	/ the	D. the / a	
28. I wish you		new one	instead	of having
itas you d	id.			
A. would give / to repai	r B. g	ave / to repai	r	
A. would give / to repai C. had given / to be rep	aired	D. had give	n / repaired	k
29.Henry was really a sil	ly boy when	we were at	t high sch	nool. I still
remembervery stupic	d questions.			
A. him asking	B. him to ask	C. as	king him	D.
his being asked				
30the in	vention of the ste	am engine, r	nost forms	of transport
were horse-drawn.				
A. With reference B. Ak	in	C. Prior	to	D. In
addition to				
31. No sooner	to marry Jac	k	to h	nave serious
doubts.				
A. had Carol agreed / th	nan she began	B. Ca	rol has agre	eed / than
she began				
C. had Carol agreed / th	nan she begins	D. ha	d Carol agr	eed / than
she had begun				
32. Having been served dinne				
A. the problem was disc	cussed by the me		committee	1
B. the committee mem	bers discussed th			
the committee members the	bers discussed the problem.	ie problem.C.	it was disc	ussed by
the committee members the D. a discussion of the p	bers discussed the problem.	ie problem.C.	it was disc	ussed by
the committee members the D. a discussion of the p committee.	bers discussed the problem.  roblem was mad	e problem.C.	it was disc	ussed by
the committee members the D. a discussion of the p committee.  33. The marathon runner	bers discussed the problem.  roblem was mad	e problem.C.	it was disc	ussed by
the committee members the D. a discussion of the p committee.  33. The marathon runnerto the pavement.	bers discussed the problem.  roblem was mad for	ne problem.C. e by the men nearly one ho	it was disc nbers of the our and a ha	ussed by  alf when she
the committee members the D. a discussion of the p committee.  33. The marathon runnerto the pavement.	bers discussed the problem.  roblem was mad for	ne problem.C. e by the men nearly one ho	it was disc nbers of the our and a ha	ussed by  alf when she
the committee members the D. a discussion of the p committee.  33. The marathon runnerto the pavement.  A. has been running / c. C. had been running / c.	bers discussed the problem.  Troblem was mad the modern was made to the modern was made to the modern was made to the modern was also the modern was also to the modern was also to the	ne problem.C. e by the men nearly one ho B. were run D. ran / had	it was disc nbers of the our and a ha	ussed by  alf when she
the committee members the D. a discussion of the p committee.  33. The marathon runnerto the pavement. A. has been running / c. C. had been running / c. 34. <b>Son:</b> "What is the proces	bers discussed the problem.  roblem was mad to the modern was mad to the modern was mad to the modern was made to the modern was also become a second with the modern was also become a second was	ne problem.C. e by the men nearly one ho B. were run D. ran / hao, Dad?"	it was disconbers of the our and a hading / collad been colla	ussed by  alf when she  psed psing
the committee members the D. a discussion of the procession of the	bers discussed the problem.  roblem was mad to the modern was mad to the modern was mad to the modern was made to the modern was also become a second with the modern was also become a second was	ne problem.C. e by the men nearly one ho B. were run D. ran / hao, Dad?"	it was disconbers of the our and a hading / collad been colla	ussed by  alf when she  psed psing
the committee members the D. a discussion of the promittee. 33. The marathon runner to the pavement. A. has been running / c. C. had been running / c. 34. <b>Son:</b> "What is the procest <b>Father:</b> "Well, it involves the bacteria."	bers discussed the problem.  I roblem was mad the modern was mad the modern was mad the modern was mad to be a few	ne problem.C.  e by the men  nearly one ho  B. were run  D. ran / hao , Dad?"  I such as milk	it was disconbers of the our and a had ning / collad been collad in order to	ussed by  alf when she  psed psing  kill harmful
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the committee members the D. a discussion of the p committee. 33. The marathon runner to the pavement. A. has been running / c C. had been running / c 34. Son: "What is the proces Father: "Well, it involves the bacteria." A. industrialization globalization	bers discussed the problem.  Troblem was made to the problem was also be the problem of the problem was also be the problem of the problem of the problem was also be the problem of	ne problem.C. e by the men nearly one ho B. were run D. ran / had, Dad?" I such as milk n C. commerc	it was disconbers of the our and a had ning / collad been collad in order to cialization	ussed by  alf when she  psed psing  kill harmful  D.
the committee members the D. a discussion of the promittee. 33. The marathon runner to the pavement. A. has been running / c. C. had been running / c. 34. Son: "What is the procest father: "Well, it involves the bacteria." A. industrialization globalization 35. An artist	bers discussed the problem.  I roblem was mad the mobile was mad to be mobile was mad to be mobile with the mobile was a factor of the mobile with the mobile with the mobile was a factor of the mobile with the mobile was a factor of the mobile with the mobile was a factor of the mobile was	ne problem.C. e by the men nearly one ho B. were run D. ran / had, Dad?" I such as milk n C. commerc	it was disconbers of the our and a had ning / collad been collad in order to cialization	ussed by  alf when she  psed psing  kill harmful  D.
the committee members the D. a discussion of the promittee. 33. The marathon runner to the pavement. A. has been running / c. C. had been running / c. 34. Son: "What is the procest father: "Well, it involves the bacteria." A. industrialization globalization 35. An artist	bers discussed the problem.  Troblem was made to the problem will do the problem was made to the problem.	ne problem.C. e by the men nearly one ho B. were run D. ran / had, Dad?" I such as milk n C. commero best to ex	it was disconbers of the our and a had ning / collad been collad in order to cialization appress inno	ussed by  alf when she  psed psing  kill harmful  D.  cence and
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the committee members the D. a discussion of the promittee. 33. The marathon runner to the pavement. A. has been running / c. C. had been running / c. 34. Son: "What is the procest father: "Well, it involves the bacteria." A. industrialization globalization 35. An artist	bers discussed the problem.  I roblem was mad the mobile was mad to the mobile was mad to the mobile was mad to the mobile with the mobile wit	ne problem.C.  e by the men  nearly one ho  B. were run  D. ran / had , Dad?"  I such as milk  n C. commero  best to ex  child C. he	it was disconbers of the our and a had ning / collad been collad in order to cialization appress inno	ussed by  alf when she  psed psing  kill harmful  D.  cence and

36. Deforestation and excessive farming have the soil.	(POOR) (ESTIMATE)
37. The damage caused by the terrible storm two days ago was by the government. The real figures go up	(RACE)
every minute.  38. Barack Obama is the first President of the United States with background.	(BREATH) (SUSPECT) (OBSERVE)
39. From the hotel there is aview across the canyon. 40. The policeman examined the parcel as he had no idea what it could be.	
41. It was veryof you to notice that. 42. In his, Mike smashed all the breakable items in the kitchen.	(ATTEND) (PRONOUNCE
43. Before enrolling on a course, you should first ensure that it has been by an officially recognized body.  44. Mr. John, who teaches us Latin, usually stresses the need for	,
regular	
III. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence th	at needs
correcting (5 points):	
46. Dictionaries <u>frequently</u> explain <u>the origin</u> of the <u>defined</u> word, state its peech and <u>indication</u> its correct use.  A	B
47. The rings of Saturn are so distant to be seen from the Earth without telescope.	a
A B C D	u utali a£
48. Children <u>subjected to</u> violence, exploitation, abuse and neglect are <u>i</u> death, poor physical	n risk ot
A B	
and mental health, <u>HIV/AIDS infection</u> , and educational problems.  C D	
49. It is important that cancer <u>is</u> diagnosed and treated <u>as early as poss</u> order to <u>assure</u> a successful <u>cure</u> . A  B  C	<u>ible</u> in
D	
50. <u>Aten-thousand-dollars</u> reward <u>was offered</u> for <u>the capture</u> of the <u>esc</u>	aped
prisoner.  A B C	
A B C	
D. READING:	
I. Read the following passage and decide which option A, B, C o	r D best
fits each space: (10 points)	
Everyone has got two personalities - the one that is shown to the	world and

If you go to sleep on your back, you are a very (55)......person. You usually believe people and you accept new things or new ideas easily. You don't like to make people sad, so you never express your (56) ...... feeling. You are quite shy.

If you sleep on your stomach, you are a rather secretive person. You (57) .....a lot and you always easily become sad. You usually live for today not tomorrow. This means that you (58).....having a good time.

If you sleep curled up, you are probably a very (59).....person. You have a low opinion of yourself. You are shy and don't like meeting people. You (60) ......to be on your own. You are easily hurt.

51.	A.	important	В	serious	C	secret	D	particular
52.	A.	awake	В	active	Ċ	happy	D	honest
53.	A.	makes	В	understand	Ċ	changes	D	shows
54.	A.	room	В	bed	Ċ	night	D	body
55.	A.	independen	В	open	Ċ	talkative	D	generous
56.	A.	real	B	lonely	Ċ	cheerful	D	gentle
57.	A.	talk	B	sleep	Ċ	relax	D	worry
58.	A.	regret	B	enjoy	Ċ	mind	D	deny
59.	A.	strong	B	healthy	Ċ	nervous	D	careful
60.	A.	pretend	В	oppose	Ċ	refuse	D	prefer

Dox, choose the most suitable for each blank. There are THREE extra words that you do not need to use: (5 points)

A. legal	C.	E. serve	G.
	responsibility	F. long-term	organizations
	D. give back	J	H. rare

Volunteering brings together a variety of people. Both the recipients of your volunteer efforts and your co-workers can be rich sources of insight. For example, maybe you'll learn about the (64)......profession from a former lawyer you visit at a convalescent center. Colleges pay attention to your life inside and outside the classroom. Your extracurricular activities reveal a great deal about you, such as what your interests are, whether you can manage your priorities and maintain a (65)................. promise and how you've made an important contribution to something.

### III. Read the passage and choose the correct answer: (10 points)

For many people who live in cities, parks are an important part of the landscape. They provide a place for people to relax and play sports, as well as a refuge from the often harsh environment of a city. What people often overlook is that parks also provide considerable environmental benefits.

One benefit of parks is that plants absorb carbon dioxide—a key pollutant—and emit oxygen, which humans need to breathe. According to one study, an acre of trees can absorb the same amount of carbon dioxide that a typical car emits in 11,000 miles of driving. Parks also make cities cooler. Scientists have long noted what is called the Urban Heat Island Effect: building materials such as metal, concrete, and asphalt absorb much more of the sun's heat and release it much more quickly than organic surfaces like trees and grass. Because city landscapes contain so much of these building materials, cities are usually warmer than surrounding rural areas. Parks and other green spaces help to *mitigate* the Urban Heat Island Effect.

Unfortunately, many cities cannot easily create more parks because most land is already being used for buildings, roads, parking lots, and other essential parts of the urban environment. However, cities could benefit from many of the positive effects of parks by encouraging citizens to create another type of green space: rooftop gardens. While most people would not think of starting a garden on their roof, human beings have been planting gardens on rooftops for thousands of years. Some rooftop gardens are very complex and require complicated engineering, but others are simple container gardens that anyone can create with the investment of a few hundred dollars and a few hours of work.

Rooftop gardens provide many of the same benefits as other urban park and garden spaces, but without taking up the much-needed land. Like parks, rooftop gardens help to replace carbon dioxide in the air with nourishing oxygen. They also help to lessen the Urban Heat Island Effect, which can save people money. In the summer, rooftop gardens prevent buildings from absorbing heat from the sun, which can significantly reduce cooling bills. In the winter, gardens help hold in the heat that materials like brick and concrete radiate so quickly, leading to savings on heating bills. Rooftop vegetable and herb gardens can also provide fresh food for city dwellers, saving them money and making their diets healthier. Rooftop gardens are not only something everyone can enjoy, they are also a smart environmental investment.

66.Based on its use in paragraph 2, it can be inferred that **mitigate** belongs to which of the following word groups?

- A. exacerbate, aggravate, intensify
- B. obliterate, destroy, annihilate

C. allay, alleviate, reduce

- D. absorb, intake, consume
- 67. Using the information in paragraph 2 as a guide, it can be inferred that
  - A. cities with rooftop gardens are cooler than those without rooftop gardens
  - B. some plants are not suitable for growth in rooftop gardens
  - C. most people prefer parks to rooftop gardens
  - D. most people prefer life in the country over life in the city
- 68. According to the passage, the Urban Heat Island Effect is caused by the fact(s) that ......
- a. cities are warmer than nearby rural areas
- **b**. building materials absorb more of the sun's heat than organic surfaces
- c. building materials release the sun's heat more quickly than organic surfaces
- A. **a.** only B. **a.** and **b.** only C. **b.** and **c.** only D. **a.**, **b.**, and **c.** 69.Based on the information in paragraph 3, which of the following best describes the main difference between parks and rooftop gardens?
  - A. Parks are expensive to create while rooftop gardens are not.
  - B. Parks are public while rooftop gardens are private.
  - C. Parks absorb heat while rooftop gardens do not.
  - D. Parks require much space while rooftop gardens do not.

		claims all of the	following to	be the benefits o	f rooftop gardens
CACCA		ed space for priva	te relaxatio	า	
		s on heating and c			
	C. better	food for city dwelle	ers		
	•	ed air quality	_		
	t they			hat rooftop gardens	s have over parks
		se the Urban Heat		=	
	•	sh the air with nou			
		require the use of			
70 TI		s expensive than t	•	•	
/2. 11				escribed as C. informat	
argun	nentative	uve b. p	assionate	C. IIIIOIIIIat	.ive D.
_		following nieces	of informat	ion would, if true,	most weaken the
				for the environmen	
aaciio				gardens do not sha	
				ftop garden constru	
plants	-	ve from the air.		. 10 p ga. 6 a	
<b>[</b>			op tall city k	ouildings can severe	ely damage some
plants		, ,	,	J	, 3
	D. The ov	erall environment	al benefits	that result from dr	iving less exceed
those	of planting	g a rooftop garden.			
74.WI				organization of the ${\scriptscriptstyle \parallel}$	passage?
ganh.info		thesis is stated and			
allillillo		sal is evaluated ar			
		oint is established			
75		s is presented and			. 19. 1
				e author would mos	st likely endorse a
progra	am marmit	tod the constructi	 on of buildi	ngs in city park la	nd provided they
have	rooftop ga		on or buildi	ings in city park ia	na provided they
Have	, ,		nlants to c	ustomers who use	them to create
rooftc	p gardens		plants to c	datorriera wiro dat	. them to create
100100			o schools w	illing to take their	students on field
trips t	to the city		0 5000.5	ining to take then	
	-	•	ways to coo	er destinations for	those trapped in
the ci		eak of summer	,		
	RÍTING: É				
I.Fini	sh each	of the following	g sentence	s in such a way	that it means
	-		-	d before it: (5 poi	
76. Its	s lack of in	regular verbs mak	es Esperant	o a unique languag	e.
		Unlike			
		new little about the	e Internet, s	o he didn't invest ii	nto any computer
	anies.				
©Ha0	1				
 70 T	he Board	of Directors disc	ussed the h	ulciness in langth	but came to re
decisi		טו טוופכנטוא מואכו	usseu lile l	ousiness in length,	but carrie to 110
uecisi	1011.	The	Board	of	Directors
had		1110	Dodia	O1	בווכננטוט

3	party, everyone was dancing	
80. Barbara runs a succ five children.	essful company and she als	o manages to look after her Not
only		
	you should spend more time	practicing English.
		ad very little money when he
actor	The	famous
r.		oility to amass qualifications. The
more		
84. "Get out of my hous man.	e or I will shoot you", the wo	oman shouted at the strange
threatened	The	woman
apsinto	uishes man from other anima	•
Technology Center for worse than what we complaint of about 15 Your letter should incomplaint of the reason for wrothe problems you a your suggestions problems	or two weeks, you notice advertised by the Common of the Director of the Direc	be taken to resolve the

p	I. Violence among school students seems to be increasing. Writassage of about 150 - 170 words to suggest what should be done elp solve this problem: (10 points)
• •	
••	
٠.	
ank	.info.
ank	.info
ank	.info
ank	.info
ank	
ank	.nfo
ank	.nfo
anl	.nfo
ank	.nfo
ank	.nfo
	.nfo
	.nfo

## **Keys - practice 31**

### **PART A: PRONUNCIATION**

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from
the other three in each of the following questions

the other three in	each of the f	ollowing	questions	
1. <b>A.</b> impair <u>ed</u>	<b>B.</b> perform <u>e</u>	<u>ed</u>	C. produc <u>ed</u>	D.
design <u>ed</u>				
2. <b>A. <u>h</u>ealthy</b>	<b>B.</b> <u>wh</u> om		C. <u>h</u> onest	<b>D. <u>h</u>ea</b> l
3. <b>A.</b> amuse <u>s</u>	<b>B.</b> repeat <u>s</u>		C. attacks	<b>D.</b> cough <u>s</u>
4. <b>A.</b> stoma <i>ch</i>	<b>B. <u>ch</u>ange</b>		C. wat <u>ch</u>	<b>D. <u>Ch</u></b> urch
5. <b>A.</b> rel <u>a</u> x	<b>B.</b> campus		C. fashion	<b>D.</b> loc <u>a</u> te
6. <b>A.</b> wor <u><b>th</b></u> y	<b>B.</b> toge <u>th</u> er		<b>C.</b> e <u><b>th</b></u> nic	<b>D.</b> <u>th</u> ough
7. <b>A.</b> thr <u>ow</u>			C. sl <u>ow</u>	<b>D.</b> cr <u>ow</u>
8. <b>A.</b> pi <mark>zz</mark> a	<b>B.</b> papara <b>zz</b>	<b>i</b>	<b>C.</b> sei <u>z</u> ure	<b>D.</b> blit <b>z</b>
9. 🗛 c <mark>o</mark> mb	<b>B.</b> c <u>o</u> me		C. something	<b>D.</b> d <u>o</u> ne
10. A. wash <u>ed</u>			<del></del>	<b>D.</b> pass <u>ed</u>
Choose the word w		is differe	ent from the other	thres in each
of the following qu				_
11. <b>A.</b> psychology inheritance	<b>B.</b> gene	rative	<b>C.</b> insurran	ce <b>D.</b>
12. <b>A.</b> extinguish resident	<b>B.</b> fortunate	<b>!</b>	C. technical	D.
13. <b>A.</b> interference academic	<b>B.</b> influe	ential	C. percepti	on <b>D.</b>
14. A. adventure	<b>B.</b> dimensio	n	<b>C.</b> commercial	D.
hygiene 15. <b>A.</b> preferential	<b>P</b> calculation	n n	<b>C</b> . conventional	D.
apprehension	<b>D.</b> Calculation	ווע	C. Conventional	D.
	. A	18. B	19.C	20. B
C. GRAMMAR - VO		10. D	19.0	20. D
I. 10 points (1.0 po		correct a	nswer)	
21. B 22		23. D	24. C	25. A
	. Б . С	28. D	29. A	30. C
31. A 32		33.C	34.B	35. A
II. 10 points (1.0 p				33. A
36. impoverished 37 breathtaking	. underestimat	ed 38		39.
41. observant	40. suspicio 42. fury	Justy	43. validated	44.
	. pronounceme	nt	45. Valluateu	44.
III. 5 points (1.0 po	•		newer)	
46. D 47		48.C	49.A	50. B
D. READING	. D	70.C	73.7	J0. D
I. 10 points (1.0 p	oint for each	correct	answer)	
	. A	53.D	54.C	55. B
56. A 57		58.B	59.C	60. D
II.5 points (1.0 poi				00. D
61. D 62		63.G	64.A	65. F
III. 10 points (1.0 p				<b>55.</b> 1
66. C 67		68.C	69.D	70. A
71. C 72		73.B	74.C	75. B
F WRITING				. 3. 2

### 71. C **E. WRITING**

## I.5 points (0.5 point for each correct answer)

76. Unlike other languages, Esperanto has no irregular verbs.

- 77. Had Mr. Smith known something / more / a little more / some more about the Internet, he would have invested into some computer companies.
- 78. The Board of Directors had a long discussion on / about the business, but come to / reached / made no decision.
- 79. On her arrival at the party, everyone was dancing and singing.
- 80. Not only does Barbara run a successful company, but she also manages to look after her five children.

, but she manages to look

after her five children (as well)

, she also manages to look

after her five children.

- 81. If I were you I would spend more time practicing English.
- 82. The famous actor had very little money when he died, which surprised everyone.

, which made everyone

#### surprised

- 83. The more qualifications you are able to / can amass, the more successful you become / are in the academic field.
- , the more success you can / will make / have in the academic field.
- 84. The woman threatened to shoot the strange man if he did not get out of her house.
- 85. Man is mainly distinguished from other animals by the power of speech.

### II.10 points

Bài viết cần phù hợp về hình thức, ngôn ngữ và nội dung.

### Gợi ý cho điểm:

- **1. Form:** Form of the letter: *Formal letter* (1 point)
- **2. Content:** (4 points)
  - the reasons for writing (1 point)
  - the problems the writer has encountered (2 points)
  - suggestions for solutions (1 point)
- 3. Language: (4p)
  - Appropriate vocabulary (1 point)
  - Correct grammar (2 points)
  - Punctuating/ Spelling (1 point)

#### III. 10 points

Bài viết cần phù hợp về hình thức, ngôn ngữ và nội dung.

#### Gơi ý cho điểm:

- 1. Form: passage (2 points)
  - Easy to follow
  - Coherent
- **2. Content:** (4 points)
  - +Successful fulfillment of the task.
- 3. Language: (4 points)
  - + Appropriate vocabulary (1 point)
  - + Suitable connectors (0.5 point)
  - + Correct grammar (2 points)
  - + Punctuating / Spelling (0.5 point)