

# ENGLISH PRACTICE 38

## PART A: PHONETICS (5 pts)

**Question I: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest in the same line. (2 pts)**

1. A. famous                      B. nervous                      C. favourite                      D. mountain  
2. A. through                      B. enough                      C. rough                      D. tough

**Question II: Find the word with the stress pattern different from that of the other three words in each question. (3 pts)**

3. A. passion                      B. encourage                      C. occasion  
D. depend  
4. A. participant                      B. publicity                      C. competitive                      D. Individual  
5. A. limitation                      B. documentary                      C. government                      D. interactive

## PART B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (45 pts)

**Question I: Choose the most suitable word or phrase to complete each sentence. (15 pts)**

6. ....1915 that the cinema really became an industry.  
A. It is not until                      B. It was not until                      C. Not until                      D. Until in
7. I really appreciate \_\_\_\_\_ to help me, but I am sure I'll be able to manage by myself.  
A. you to offer                      B. you are offering                      C. your offering  
D. that you offer
8. My friend's uncle has been \_\_\_\_\_ MP ( Member of Parliament) for five years.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. Ø
9. - **Daisy:** "What a lovely house you have!"                      - **Mary:** "....."  
A. Lovely, I think so                      B. No problem  
C. Of course not, it's not costly                      D. Thank you. Hope you will drop in
10. My new glasses cost me \_\_\_\_\_ the last pair I bought last month.  
A. more than three times                      C. more three times than  
B. three times as much as                      D. as much three times as
11. We bought some \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. German lovely old glasses                      B. German old lovely glasses  
C. lovely old German glasses                      D. old lovely German glasses
12. After years of neglect, there was a huge \_\_\_\_\_ program to return the city to its former glory.  
A. restoration                      B. preservation                      C. conservation                      D. Refurbishment
13. We all have to follow the rules, and none of us is \_\_\_\_\_ the law.  
A. beyond                      B. over                      C. above                      D. Onto
14. On the \_\_\_\_\_, optimists believe that life will be much better than it is today.  
A. contrary                      B. contrast                      C. opposition                      D. opponent
15. You had your house decorated, ..... ?  
A. hadn't you                      B. didn't you                      C. weren't you                      D. haven't you
16. A part - time job gives me the freedom to ..... my own interests.  
A. pursue                      B. chase                      C. seek                      D. catch
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17. The type of plant and animal life living in and around a pond depends on the soil of the pond, ....., and the pond's location.

A. what the quality of the water is

B. how is the water quality

C. the quality of water

D. what is the water quality

18. \_\_\_\_\_ its accuracy, laser is very useful in medicine.

A. In view of

B. As a result of

C. Thanks to

D.

Despite

19. \_\_\_\_\_ for their strong fiber include flax and hemp.

A. Plants are grown

B. Plants grown

C. Plants that grow

D. To grow plants

20. \_\_\_\_\_ appears considerably larger at the horizon than it does overhead is merely an optical illusion.

A. What the Moon

B. The Moon which

C. When the Moon

D. That the Moon

**Question II:** The following passage contains 10 unnecessary words. Find and write the word(s) on your answer sheet (10 pts) (Questions 21-30).

|      |   |
|------|---|
| line |   |
| 1    | As you will see from my curriculum vitae, I have attended university,         |
|      | where I studied English and Law. After finishing my course, I took a job in a |
|      | travel agency in Paris and now I organise few hours for people who            |
| 5    | wanting to go to Australia and the United States. Although I enjoy this very  |
|      | much, I feel I need to get more experience and it would seems to me that      |
|      | working as a specialised tour guide in England would help me for do that. I   |
|      | would rather work in an English-speaking country, as I need to practise my    |
|      | English. I spend one year at London University, which it was most useful. I   |
| 10   | did much conversation classes and at first I thought that I would find them   |
| 11   | difficult. However, they turned out to be very enjoyable. I will have no any  |
|      | difficulty in coming to England for an interview if you will let me know in   |
|      | plenty of the time. I enclose details of my present employer who will be      |
|      | too pleased to send you a reference.  |

**Question III: Put each verb in brackets into an appropriate form. (10 pts)**

31. By the time the war is over, thousands of innocent people ( **kill**)\_\_\_\_\_.

32. Tom will never forget ( **send**)\_\_\_\_\_ to a boarding school when he was just 8 years old.

33-34. The accident ( **report**)\_\_\_\_\_(**cause**)\_\_\_\_\_ by a reckless motorist.

35. Many people (**invite**) \_\_\_\_\_ to the party couldn't come because it rained heavily.

36. In her report, she mentioned (**treat**) \_\_\_\_\_ at a hospital abroad last year

37. Hardly our teacher (**enter**) \_\_\_\_\_the classroom when it started to rain.

38. Bi Rain, together with 58 members of the South Korean National Military Symphony Orchestra and 17 traditional musicians, (**come**) \_\_\_\_\_to Vietnam since yesterday.

39. The police are stopping all the cars. They (**look**) \_\_\_\_\_ for the escaped prisoner.

40. My uncle would rather that I ( **not leave**) \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.

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**Question IV: Put each word in brackets into an appropriate form. (10 pts)**

41. Different conservation efforts have been made in order to save \_\_\_\_\_ species.

**(DANGER)**

42. There are some \_\_\_\_\_ and differences between the New Year in Japan and that in Vietnam.

**(SIMILAR)**

43. He resigned for a \_\_\_\_\_ of reasons.

**(VARIOUS)**

44. We have to decide to interview only the best six \_\_\_\_\_ for the job.

**(APPLY)**

45. Her son is always mischievous and \_\_\_\_\_, which annoys her very much.

**(OBEY)**

46. Sugar is the \_\_\_\_\_ of healthy teeth.

**(DESTRUCTION)**

47. What percentage of the city's \_\_\_\_\_ live in poverty?

**(HOUSE)**

48. When confronted with a mass of red tape, many people feel a sense of \_\_\_\_\_

**(POWER)**

49. Mr. Pike has \_\_\_\_\_ his wife by three years.

**(LIVE)**

50. I was a bit \_\_\_\_\_ by my performance in the first exam, but I decided

**(MORAL)**

to make an extra effort in the ones left.

**PART C: READING COMPREHENSION (30 pts)**

**Question I: Read the following passage and then choose the most suitable word or phrase for each space. (10 pts)**

Childhood is the time when there are (51) \_\_\_\_\_ responsibilities to make life difficult. If a child has good parents, he is (52) \_\_\_\_\_, looked after and loved, whatever he may do. It is improbable that he will ever again in his life be given so much without having to do anything in return. In (53) \_\_\_\_\_, life is always presenting new things to the child- things that have lost their interest for older people because they are too well- known. A child finds pleasure playing in the rain, or in the snow. His first visit to the seaside is a marvellous adventure. But a child has his (54) \_\_\_\_\_. He is not so free to do as he wishes as he thinks older people are: he is continually told not to do things, or being punished (55) \_\_\_\_\_ what he has done wrong. His life's therefore not perfectly happy.

When a young man starts to (56) \_\_\_\_\_ his own living, he becomes free from the discipline of school and parents, but at the same time he is forced to accept responsibilities. He can no longer expect (57) \_\_\_\_\_ to pay for his food, his clothes and his room, but he has to work if he wants to live comfortably. If he spends most time playing about in a day he used to as a child, he will be hungry. And if he breaks the laws of society as he used to break the laws of his parents, he may go to prison. If, however, he works hard, keeps out of trouble and has good health, he can have the greatest happiness of seeing himself make steady (58) \_\_\_\_\_ in his job and of building up for himself his own position in society.

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Old age has always been thought of as the worst age to be, but it is not necessary for the old to be unhappy. With old age (59) \_\_\_\_\_ wisdom and the ability to help others with advice wisely given. The old can have the joy of seeing their children making progress in life: they can watch their grandchildren growing up around them, and perhaps best of all, they can, if their life has been a useful one, feel the happiness of having come (60) \_\_\_\_\_ the battle of life safely and of having reached a time when they can lie back and rest, leaving others to continue the fight.

- |                 |                |                 |                    |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 51. A. little   | B. a few       | C. a little     | D. few             |
| 52. A. eaten    | B. fed         | C. feeded       | D. fetched         |
| 53. A. short    | B. term        | C. addition     | D. reality         |
| 54. A. injury   | B. difficulty  | C. problem      | D. pain            |
| 55. A. because  | B. by          | C. at           | D. for             |
| 56. A. take     | B. have        | C. create       | D. earn            |
| 57. A. other    | B. another     | C. others       | D. someone         |
| 58. A. progress | B. achievement | C. improvements | D. accomplishments |
| 59. A. coming   | B. come        | C. came         | D. had come        |
| 60. A. out      | B. across      | C. through      | D. back            |

**Question II: Supply the most suitable word for each blank. (10 pts)**

### THE THREAT TO THE ENVIRONMENT

Nowadays people are more aware that wildlife all over the world is in \_\_\_61\_\_\_. Many species of animals are threatened, and could easily become \_\_\_62\_\_\_ if we do not make an \_\_\_63\_\_\_ to protect them. There are many reasons for this. In some cases, animals are hunted for their fur or for other valuable \_\_\_64\_\_\_ of their bodies. Some birds, such as parrots, are caught \_\_\_65\_\_\_ and sold as pets. For many animals and birds, the problem is that their habitat - the place \_\_\_66\_\_\_ they live - is disappearing. More \_\_\_67\_\_\_ is used for farms, for houses or industry, and there are fewer open spaces \_\_\_68\_\_\_ there once were. Farmers use powerful chemicals to help them grow better crops but these chemicals \_\_\_69\_\_\_ the environment and harm wildlife. The most successful animals on earth - human beings - will soon be the only ones \_\_\_70\_\_\_ unless we can solve this problem.

**Question III:** Read the passage and choose the best answers to questions below. (10 pts)

For many people who live in cities, parks are an important part of the landscape. They provide a place for people to relax and play sports, as well as a refuge from the often harsh environment of a city. What people often overlook is that parks also provide considerable environmental benefits.

- Line 5* One benefit of parks is that plants absorb carbon dioxide—a key pollutant—and emit oxygen, which humans need to breathe. According to one study, an acre of trees can absorb the same amount of carbon dioxide that a typical car emits in 11,000 miles of driving. Parks also make cities cooler. Scientists have long noted what is called the Urban Heat Island Effect: building materials such as metal,
- Line 10* concrete, and asphalt absorb much more of the sun's heat and release it much more quickly than organic surfaces like trees and

grass. Because city landscapes contain so much of these building materials, cities are usually warmer than surrounding rural areas. Parks and other green spaces help to **mitigate** the Urban Heat Island Effect.

Line 15

Unfortunately, many cities cannot easily create more parks because most land is already being used for buildings, roads, parking lots, and other essential parts of the urban environment. However, cities could benefit from many of the positive effects of parks by encouraging citizens to create another type of green space: rooftop gardens. While most people would not think of starting a garden on their roof, human beings have been planting gardens on rooftops for thousands of years. Some rooftop gardens are very complex and require complicated engineering, but others are simple container gardens that anyone can create with the investment of a few hundred dollars and a few hours of work.

Line 20

Line 25

Rooftop gardens provide many of the same benefits as other urban park and garden spaces, but without taking up the much-needed land. Like parks, rooftop gardens help to replace carbon dioxide in the air with nourishing oxygen. They also help to lessen the Urban Heat Island Effect, which can save people money. In the summer, rooftop gardens prevent buildings from absorbing heat from the sun, which can significantly reduce cooling bills. In the winter, gardens help hold in the heat that materials like brick and concrete radiate so quickly, leading to savings on heating bills. Rooftop vegetable and herb gardens can also provide fresh food for city dwellers, saving them money and making their diets healthier. Rooftop gardens are not only something everyone can enjoy, they are also a smart environmental investment.

Line 30

Line 33

71. Based on its use in paragraph 2, it can be inferred that **mitigate** belongs to which of the following word groups?

A. exacerbate, aggravate, intensify                      B. obliterate, destroy, annihilate

C. allay, alleviate, reduce

D. absorb, intake, consume

72. Using the information in paragraph 2 as a guide, it can be inferred that .....

A. cities with rooftop gardens are cooler than those without rooftop gardens

B. some plants are not suitable for growth in rooftop gardens

C. most people prefer parks to rooftop gardens

D. most people prefer life in the country over life in the city

73. According to the passage, the Urban Heat Island Effect is caused by the fact(s) that .....

**a.** cities are warmer than nearby rural areas

**b.** building materials absorb more of the sun's heat than organic surfaces

**c.** building materials release the sun's heat more quickly than organic surfaces

A. **b** and **c**

B. **a** and **b**

C. **a**

D. **a**, **b**,

and **c**

74. Based on the information in paragraph 3, which of the following best describes the main difference between parks and rooftop gardens?

- A. Parks are expensive to create while rooftop gardens are not.
  - B. Parks are public while rooftop gardens are private.
  - C. Parks absorb heat while rooftop gardens do not.
  - D. Parks require much space while rooftop gardens do not.
75. The author claims all of the following to be the benefits of rooftop gardens except .....
- A. increased space for private relaxation
  - B. savings on heating and cooling costs
  - C. better food for city dwellers
  - D. improved air quality
76. According to the author, one advantage that rooftop gardens have over parks is that they .....
- A. decrease the Urban Heat Island Effect
  - B. replenish the air with nourishing oxygen
  - C. do not require the use of valuable urban land
  - D. are less expensive than traditional park spaces
77. The author's tone in the passage is best described as.....
- A. descriptive
  - B. passionate
  - C. informative
  - D. argumentative
78. Which of the following pieces of information would, if true, most weaken the author's claim that rooftop gardens are good for the environment?
- A. Parks have many benefits that rooftop gardens do not share.
  - B. More pollution is produced during rooftop garden construction than rooftop plants can remove from the air.
  - C. Extremely high winds atop tall city buildings can severely damage some plants.
  - D. The overall environmental benefits that result from driving less exceed those of planting a rooftop garden.
79. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?
- A. A hypothesis is stated and then analyzed.
  - B. A proposal is evaluated and alternatives are explored.
  - C. A viewpoint is established and then defended.
  - D. A thesis is presented and then supported.
80. It can be inferred from the passage that the author would most likely endorse a program that .....
- A. permitted the construction of buildings in city park land provided they have rooftop gardens.
  - B. extended discounts on plants to customers who use them to create rooftop gardens.
  - C. offered free admission to schools willing to take their students on field trips to the city park.
  - D. promised vacation getaways to cooler destinations for those trapped in the city at the peak of summer.

#### **PART D: WRITING (20 pts)**

**Question 1: *Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence printed before it. (5 pts)***

81. The heavy rain made it impossible for us to have our picnic.
-

82. People no longer smoke so many cigarettes as they used to.

83. My decision to get up to dance coincided with the band's decision to stop playing.

84. If anyone succeeds in solving the problem, it will probably be him.

85. We were all shocked by his reaction.

**Question II: *Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the sentence printed before it. Do not change the form of the given word. (5 pts)***

→ I left my last job because I \_\_\_\_\_ with my manager.

( BLAME)

88. It was childish of him not to accept my apologies.

→ He \_\_\_\_\_ of him.

**(EARS)**

90. She thought it was too difficult for her to come to the class on time.

→ She the class on time.

Some people say that cell phones have improved modern life. Others believe that cell phones have caused many problems to people. What is your opinion? In about 150 - 200 words, write an essay to assert your point of view on this problem.

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## Keys - practice 38

PART A: PHONETICS (5 điểm - Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

|     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1.D | 2.A | 3.A | 4.D | 5.C |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|

### PART B: VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR (45 điểm - Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

#### Question I.

|      |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 6.B  | 7.C  | 8.B  | 9.D  | 10.B |
| 11.C | 12.A | 13.C | 14.A | 15.B |
| 16.A | 17.C | 18.C | 19.B | 20.D |

#### Question II.

|     | WORD  | LINE |     | WORD | LINE |
|-----|-------|------|-----|------|------|
| 21. | few   | 3    | 26. | much | 8    |
| 22. | who   | 3    | 27. | any  | 9    |
| 23. | would | 5    | 28. | will | 10   |
| 24. | for   | 6    | 29. | the  | 10   |
| 25. | it    | 7    | 30. | too  | 11   |

#### Question III

|     |                       |     |                         |
|-----|-----------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| 31. | will have been killed | 36. | having been treated     |
| 32. | being sent            | 37. | had our teacher entered |
| 33. | was reported          | 38. | has come                |
| 34. | to have been caused   | 39. | must be looking         |
| 35. | invited               | 40. | hadn't left             |

#### Question IV

|               |                  |                   |                |                                 |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| 41.endangered | 42. similarities | 43. variety       | 44. applicants | 45. disobedient                 |
| 46. destroyer | 47.households    | 48. powerlessness | 49. outlived   | 50. demoralised/<br>demoralized |

### PART C: READING COMPREHENSION (30 pts) ( Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

#### Question I

|      |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 51.D | 52.B | 53.C | 54.D | 55.D |
| 56.D | 57.C | 58.A | 59.B | 60.C |

#### Question II.

|            |             |            |             |           |
|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| 61. danger | 62. extinct | 63. effort | 64. parts   | 65. alive |
| 66. where  | 67. land    | 68. than   | 69. pollute | 70. left  |

#### Question III.

|       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 71. C | 72. A | 73. A | 74. D | 75. A |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

|       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 76. C | 77. C | 78. B | 79. C | 80. B |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

### PART D: WRITING (20 pts)

#### Question I (5 điểm- Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| 81. | - Had it not been for the heavy rain, we could have had our picnic.<br>- Had it not rained heavily, we could have had our picnic. |
| 82. | The smoking of cigarettes is no longer as popular as it used to be.   |
| 83. | The moment I decided to get up to dance, the band decided to stop playing.  |
| 84. | He is the most likely person to succeed in solving the problem  |
| 85. | His reaction came as a shock to us all  |

#### Question II (5 điểm- Mỗi câu đúng 1 điểm)

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 86. | I left my last job because I didn't really see eye to eye with my manager. |
| 87. | All the witnesses said that I was to blame for the accident.               |
| 88. | He refused to accept my apologies, which was childish of him               |
| 89. | What the politician was saying fell on deaf ears last night.               |
| 90. | She found it too difficult to come to the class on time.                   |

#### Question III. Essay: (10 điểm)

##### Marking criteria:

##### + Task completion (4 điểm)

Tuỳ theo khả năng hoàn thành về bố cục và những yêu cầu nội dung cho mỗi phần ( mở bài, thân bài, kết luận) giám khảo có thể chấm từ 1 - 4 điểm.

+ **Grammatical accuracy and spelling 3 điểm:** bài viết không có lỗi chính tả và từ ba lỗi ngữ pháp trở xuống được cho 3 điểm tối đa. Cứ 4 lỗi chính tả hoặc ngữ pháp trừ 1 điểm (Trừ không quá 3 điểm).

##### - Coherence and cohesion (tính mạch lạc và sự liên kết câu, đoạn) – 3 điểm:

Tuỳ mức độ mạch lạc, liên kết câu, liên kết đoạn của bài viết, giám khảo có thể chấm 1- 3 điểm.

### B- HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM

Bài thi chấm theo thang điểm: 20

Điểm bài thi làm tròn đến 0,25

Tổng số điểm thí sinh làm đúng

Điểm bài thi = -----