**ENGLISH PRACTICE 54**

***Chọn từ có phần gạch chân phát âm khác với những từ còn lại:***

1. A. band B. inflation C. endangered D. landscapes
2. A. within B. fathom C. anthem D. with
3. A. honorable B. honesty C. historic D. heir
4. A. massage B. carriage C. voyage D. dosage
5. A. climber B. barber C. number D. robber  
     
   ***Chọn đáp án đúng để hoàn thành các câu sau:***
6. Blue whales are considered…………..species.  
   A. dangerous B. danger C. endangered D. endanger
7. Fax machines were a wonderful …………..at the time.  
   A. inventive B. invention C. discover D. discovery
8. The villagers had to work hard in the fields all day and could hardly …………ends meet.  
   A. work B. do C. make D. let
9. My mother is busy………..her housework.  
   A. at B. with C. on D. in
10. A computer is …………of doing almost anything you ask it to.  
    A. able B. disable C. capable D. incapable
11. When I was young, my parents never let me ………….out alone at night.  
    A. to go B. going C. went D. go
12. He was offered the job…………..his qualifications were poor.  
    A. although B. in spite of C. because of D. because
13. Do you know the reason ………….. he didn’t marry her.  
    A. when B. where C. why D. which
14. I can answer the question………..you say is difficult.  
    A. which B. whom C. who D. whose
15. Bao Yen sings……………than this singer.  
    A. well B. better C. gooder D. more good
16. Harry is a sailor. He spends most of his life at……….sea.  
    A. a B. an C. the D. No article
17. Without plants water would run………….as soon as it falls.  
    A. of B. off C. out D. down
18. Paper money …………for over a thousand years.  
    A. used B. is used C. has used D. has been used
19. She apologized…………..late.  
    A. to arriving B. in arriving D. for arriving D. at arriving
20. Tom hasn’t been here ……….you came here together.  
    A. for B. when C. since D. as

***Cho đúng dạng của các từ trong ngoặc:***

1. Trees, grasses, and other plant life play an important part in the **(nature)** circulation of water.
2. You may be surprised at the large **(various)** of animals that live in Nairobi National Park.
3. In fact, music as **(entertain**) has always been a big business.
4. This post office is equipped with modern **(technical)**.
5. He has never had any accident. He drives **(careful).**
6. Despite the first meet, he talked with me in a **(friend)** way.
7. If we go on wasting water, there will be a **(short)** of fresh water in a few decades.
8. Music can express one’s **(angry)**, love, hate or friendship.
9. What an unusual **(combine)** of flavors!
10. Do you like **(act)** film?

***Điền vào mỗi chỗ trống một từ thích hợpcho sẵn trong hộp để hoàn thành đoạn văn sau (có nhiều sự lựa chọn hơn số đáp án cần điền):***

|  |
| --- |
| ***A. is B. lakes C. most D.for***  ***E. or F. search G. It H. of***  ***I. many J. visitors K. visit L. animals*** |

One of the **(31)** beautiful part of Britain is the Lake District. The Lake District is situated in the north-west of England. **(32)** consists of high hills, mountains and , **(33)** course, lakes. There are sixteen **(34)** in all. The largest one **(35)** Lake Windermere. Every year more than fourteen million people from Britain and abroad **(36)** the Lake District. They go there to enjoy the fresh air and the scenery. Some go **(37)** a walk in the mountains **(37)** sail boats on the Lakes or simply sit admiring the magnificent vies. Unfortunately, the region is becoming the victim of its own success in attracting **(39)**. There are so **(40)** people coming to the Lake District. They threaten to destroy the peace and quiet which many are searching for there.

***Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn đáp án đúng:***

**Stone soup**

One day a man called at the house of an old woman. Most people did not like the old woman because she was selfish and mean.  
“I am very hungry,” the man said, “Can you give me something to eat?”  
“I have little food in the house,” the old woman said “I can give you only a piece of bread.”  
“Bread is better than nothing,” the man told her, and he went into the house.  
The old woman cut a piece of bread and gave it to him.  
“This bread is good,” he said. “But it will taste better with some soup”.  
“I have no soup”, the old woman said.  
“Can you make stone soup?” the man said.  
“Stone soup? What is that?”  
“It is easy to make. Take a stone from the garden. Wash it and put it in a pan of water. Boil the stone in the water.”  
The old woman took a stone from the garden and washed it. Then she put it in a pan of water and boiled the water.  
The man took a spoonful of the soup and tasted it. “Yes” he said, “this is a very good soup, but a few potatoes will make it taste better”.  
The old woman put two potatoes in the soup and boiled it again. The man tasted it.  
“Much better” he said, “but a few onions will give it a stronger taste”.  
The old woman put two onions into the soup and boiled it again.  
The man tasted it a third time.  
“Excellent”, he said, “I see you have a piece of chicken on the table. Put that into the soup and add a little pepper and salf. It will make the stone soup perfect”.  
The old woman put the piece of chicken into the soup and added a little pepper and salt.  
“You are an excellent cook” the man said. “This is the best stone soup I have ever tasted. Now I can eat the bread you gave me”.

1. *Why did the man visit the old woman’s house?* A. He liked the old woman.  
    B. He knew the old woman very well.  
    C. The old woman was not really selfish and mea.  
    D. He wanted some food.
2. *What did the old woman give him at first?* A. A piece of bread B. Nothing   
    C. A stone D. Some hot water
3. What was the stone soup made of at first?  
    A. A stone B. A stone, hot water and a piece of bread.   
    C. A stone and hot water D. Hot water
4. *What was in the stone soup at the end of the story?* A. A stone and some water   
    B. A few potatoes and some water.  
    C. A few potatoes, some onions and chicken, and a stone  
    D. A stone, some water, a few potatoes, some onions, chicken, pepper and salt.
5. What kind of a man was he?  
    A. Greedy B. Foolish C. Clever D. Hard to please

***Viết lại các câu sau, bắt đầu bằng từ gợi ý, giữ nguyên nghĩa của câu:***

1. It takes Lan 1 hour a day to finish her homework.  
   ***🡪Lan spends****……………………………………………………………………………………………………*
2. The castle destroyed by fire last night was built over 200 years ago.  
   ***🡪 The castle which****…………………………………………………………………………………………….*
3. She had someone repaint her house last Sunday.  
   ***🡪 She had her****………………………………………………………………………………………………….*
4. The last time Tom came here was in 2000.  
   ***🡪 Tom hasn’t****…………………………………………………………………………………………………..*
5. I am not a rich businessman and I can’t afford to buy an expensive car.  
   ***🡪 If****……………………………………………………………………………………………………………….*
6. How often do you milk the cows on the farm?  
   ***🡪 How often are****……………………………………………………………………………………………….*
7. Although he is intelligent, he doesn’t do well at school.  
   ***🡪 In spite****……………………………………………………………………………………………………….*
8. It is necessary for you to study English well.  
   ***🡪 Studying****……………………………………………………………………………………………………….*
9. “Do you want to join us?” Mary said to Tom.  
   ***🡪 Mary asked****……………………………………………………………………………………………………*
10. Tom’s new school is bigger than his old one.  
    ***🡪Tom’s old****………………………………………………………………………………………………………*  
    ***Chọn đáp án đúng điền vào các chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau:***

English is the (56) important in the world today. A very large (57) of people understand and use English in many (58) of the world.  
Indeed English is a very useful language. If we (59) English we can go to any place or country we like. We shall not find it hard to (60) people understand what we want to say.  
English also helps us to learn all kinds of subjects. Hundreds of books are (61) in English every day in many countries to teach people many useful things. (62) English language has therefore helped to spread ideas and knowledge to all the corners of the world. There is no subject that cannot be (63) in English.  
As English is used so much everywhere in the world, it has helped to make the countries in the world more (64). The leaders of the world use English to understand one another. The English language has therefore helped to spread better understanding and friendship among countries of the world.  
Lastly, a person who knows English is respected by people. It is for all these (65) that I want to learn English.

1. A. most B. mostly C. chiefly D. best
2. A. few B. deal C. amount D. number
3. A. countries B. place C. sites D. scenes
4. A. realize B. say C. speak D. tell
5. A. get B. let C. persuade D. make
6. A. published B. wrote C. print D. made
7. A. A B. An C. That D. The
8. A. recognized B. realized C. known D. taught
9. A. friend B. friendly C. friendship D. friendliness
10. A. reasons B. causes C. effects D. results

***Cho đúng dạng của động từ trong ngoặc:***

1. The last student (leave) the classroom must lock it.
2. I (not see) him since June.
3. How many cigarettes your father (smoke) a day?
4. He (not know) how to dance when he (be) six years old.
5. A: Someone broke into our house last night.  
    B: I’m sorry. I forget (lock) it before going to bed.
6. He is the only man (invite) to the party tonight.
7. I (see) a strange man (follow) her when I (walk) on the street last night.  
     
   ***Tìm và sửa lỗi sai trong các câu sau:***
8. According to the graduate catalog, student housing is more cheaper than housing off campus.  
    A B C D
9. Despite of many attempts to introduce a universal language, notably Esperanto and Idiom Neutral,  
    A B C D  
   the effort has met with very little success.
10. She has been studying English since she was six, so she speaks English fluent.  
     A B C D
11. Many efforts have been done to protect endangered species.  
     A B C D
12. He refused to comment before he had seen all the relevant informations.  
     A B C D

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\***THE END**\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

**KEYS**

***Chọn từ có phần gạch chân phát âm khác với những từ còn lại:***

1. **A. band** B. inflation C. endangered D. landscapes
2. A. within B. fathom **C. anthem** D. with
3. A. honorable B. honesty **C. historic** D. heir
4. **A. massage** B. carriage C. voyage D. dosage
5. **A. climber** B. barber C. number D. robber  
     
   ***Chọn đáp án đúng để hoàn thành các câu sau:***
6. Blue whales are considered…………..species.  
   A. dangerous B. danger **C. endangered** D. endanger
7. Fax machines were a wonderful …………..at the time.  
   A. inventive **B. invention** C. discover D. discovery
8. The villagers had to work hard in the fields all day and could hardly …………ends meet.  
   A. work B. do **C. make** D. let
9. My mother is busy………..her housework.  
   A. at **B. with** C. on D. in
10. A computer is …………of doing almost anything you ask it to.  
    A. able B. disable **C. capable** D. incapable
11. When I was young, my parents never let me ………….out alone at night.  
    A. to go B. going C. went **D. go**
12. He was offered the job…………..his qualifications were poor.  
    **A. although** B. in spite of C. because of D. because
13. Do you know the reason ………….. he didn’t marry her.  
    A. when B. where **C. why** D. which
14. I can answer the question………..you say is difficult.  
    **A. which** B. whom C. who D. whose
15. Bao Yen sings……………than this singer.  
    A. well **B. better** C. gooder D. more good
16. Harry is a sailor. He spends most of his life at……….sea.  
    A. a B. an C. the **D. No article**
17. Without plants water would run………….as soon as it falls.  
    A. of **B. off** C. out D. down
18. Paper money …………for over a thousand years.  
    A. used B. is used C. has used **D. has been used**
19. She apologized…………..late.  
    A. to arriving B. in arriving **D. for arriving** D. at arriving
20. Tom hasn’t been here ……….you came here together.  
    A. for B. when **C. since** D. as

***Cho đúng dạng của các từ trong ngoặc:***

1. natural
2. variety
3. entertainment
4. technology
5. carefully
6. friendly
7. shortage
8. anger
9. combination
10. action

***Điền vào mỗi chỗ trống một từ thích hợpcho sẵn trong hộp để hoàn thành đoạn văn sau (có nhiều sự lựa chọn hơn số đáp án cần điền):***

|  |
| --- |
| ***A. is-35 B. lakes-34 C. most 31 D.for-37***  ***E. or-38 F. search G. It-32 H. of-33***  ***I. many-40 J. visitors-39 K. visit- 36 L. animals*** |

One of the **(31)** beautiful part of Britain is the Lake District. The Lake District is situated in the north-west of England. **(32)** consists of high hills, mountains and , **(33)** course, lakes. There are sixteen **(34)** in all. The largest one **(35)** Lake Windermere. Every year more than fourteen million people from Britain and abroad **(36)** the Lake District. They go there to enjoy the fresh air and the scenery. Some go **(37)** a walk in the mountains **(38)** sail boats on the Lakes or simply sit admiring the magnificent vies. Unfortunately, the region is becoming the victim of its own success in attracting **(39)**. There are so **(40)** people coming to the Lake District. They threaten to destroy the peace and quiet which many are searching for there.

***Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn đáp án đúng:***

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***Viết lại các câu sau, bắt đầu bằng từ gợi ý, giữ nguyên nghĩa của câu:***

1. It takes Lan 1 hour a day to finish her homework.  
   ***🡪Lan spends*** *1 hour finishing her homework.*
2. The castle destroyed by fire last night was built over 200 years ago.  
   ***🡪 The castle which was destroyed by fire last night was built over….***
3. She had someone repaint her house last Sunday.  
   ***🡪 She had her*** *house repaired last Sunday.*
4. The last time Tom came here was in 2000.  
   ***🡪 Tom hasn’t*** *come here since 2000*
5. I am not a rich businessman and I can’t afford to buy an expensive car.  
   ***🡪 If*** *I were a rich businessman, I could afford to buy an expensive car.*
6. How often do you milk the cows on the farm?  
   ***🡪 How often are*** *the cows milked on the farm?*
7. Although he is intelligent, he doesn’t do well at school.  
   ***🡪 In spite*** *of his intelligence, he doesn’t do well at school*
8. It is necessary for you to study English well.  
   ***🡪 Studying*** *English well is necessary for you.*
9. “Do you want to join us?” Mary said to Tom.  
   ***🡪 Mary asked*** *Tom if he wanted to join them.*
10. Tom’s new school is bigger than his old one.  
    ***🡪Tom’s old*** *school is smaller than his new one/school is not as big as his new one.*  
    ***Chọn đáp án đúng điền vào các chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau:***

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Indeed English is a very useful language. If we (59) English we can go to any place or country we like. We shall not find it hard to (60) people understand what we want to say.  
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Lastly, a person who knows English is respected by people. It is for all these (65) that I want to learn English.

1. **A. most** B. mostly C. chiefly D. best
2. A. few B. deal C. amount **D. number**
3. **A. countries** B. place C. sites D. scenes
4. A. realize B. say **C. speak** D. tell
5. A. get B. let C. persuade **D. make**
6. **A. published** B. wrote C. print D. made
7. A. A B. An C. That **D. The**
8. A. recognized B. realized C. known **D. taught**
9. A. friend **B. friendly** C. friendship D. friendliness
10. **A. reasons** B. causes C. effects D. results

***Cho đúng dạng của động từ trong ngoặc:***

1. The last student (leave) the classroom must lock it. **to leave**
2. I (not see) him since June. **haven seen**
3. How many cigarettes your father (smoke) a day? **does your father smoke**
4. He (not know) how to dance when he (be) six years old. **didn’t know-was**
5. A: Someone broke into our house last night.  
    B: I’m sorry. I forget (lock) it before going to bed**. to lock**
6. He is the only man (invite) to the party tonight. **to be invited**
7. I (see) a strange man (follow) her when I (walk) on the street last night. **saw-following-was walking**  
   ***Tìm và sửa lỗi sai trong các câu sau:***
8. According to the graduate catalog, student housing is **more cheaper** than housing off campus.  
    A B C D

C🡪 cheaper

1. **Despite of** many attempts to introduce a universal language, notably Esperanto and Idiom Neutral,  
    A B C D

A🡪 Despite/In spite of  
the effort has met with very little success.

1. She has been studying English since she was six, so she speaks English **fluent.**  
    A B C D

D🡪 fluently

1. Many efforts have been **done** to protect endangered species.  
    A B C D

C 🡪made

1. He refused to comment before he had seen all the relevant **informations**.  
    A B C D

D🡪information