UNIT 1. MY HOBBIES

I. VOCABULARY

Word	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
belong to	(v)	/bɪˈlɒŋ tə/	thuộc về
Ex: Does this house b	elong to M	r. Winter? (<i>Ngôi nhà này có ph</i>	hải thuộc về Mr. Winter không?)
benefit	(n, v)	/ˈbenɪfɪt/	lợi ích, được lợi, giúp ích cho
Ex: People would ber	nefit greatly	from a pollution-free vehicle.	(Con người sẽ được hưởng rất nhiều
lợi ích từ phương tiện	không ô nh	iễm.)	
bug	(n)	/bʌg/	con bọ
Ex: I've caught a bug	. (Tôi vừa b	ắt được một con bọ.)	
cardboard	(n)	/ˈkɑːdbɔːd/	bìa các tông
Ex: We can use cardle	board to m	ake a cat house. <i>(Chúng ta có t</i>	thể dùng bìa các tông để làm một căn
nhà cho mèo.)			
dollhouse	(n)	/ˈdɒlhaʊs/	nhà búp bê
Ex: She is building a	dollhouse.	 (Cô ấy đang xây một căn nhà b	ούρ bê.)
gardening	(n)	/ˈgɑːdnɪŋ/	việc làm vườn
Ex: Doing gardening	is an intere	resting hobby. <i>(Làm vườn là mộ</i>	t sở thích thú vị.)
glue	(n)	/glu:/	keo dán
Ex: He joined two blo	ocks of woo	d with glue . (Anh ta ghép hai h	khối gỗ bằng keo.)
horse riding	(n)	/ˈhɔːs raɪdɪŋ/	việc cưỡi ngựa
Ex: Her hobbies are po	eople-watch	ing and horse riding . <i>(Sở thíci</i>	 h của cô ây là nhìn dòng người qua lại
và cưỡi ngựa.)			
insect	(n)	/'insekt/	côn trùng
_	n of rare in	sect specimens. (Ông ấy có mộ	t bộ sưu tập các mẫu côn trùng quý hi
êm.)			
jogging	(n)	/ˈdʒɒgɪŋ/	việc chạy bộ thư giãn

Ex: She goes jogging every morning. (Cô ấy chạy bộ mỗi sáng.)				
making models	(phr)	/ˈmeɪkɪŋ ˈmɒdlz/	việc tạo mô hình	
Ex: Her hobby is making	ig model	s. (Sở thích của cô ấy là làm mô hì	nh.)	
maturity	(n)	/məˈtʃʊərəti/	sự trưởng thành	
Ex: His performance wa	s full of 1	naturity and poise. (Màn trình diễ	n của anh ấy đầy trưởng thành và	
đĩnh đạc.)				
patient	(adj)	/ˈpeɪʃnt/	kiên nhẫn	
Ex: She is a patient girl	. (Cô ấy	là một cô gái kiên nhẫn.)		
popular	(adj)	/ˈpɒpjələ(r)/	được nhiều người yêu thích, phổ	
			biến	
Ex: Football is one of the	e most p o	p ular sports in the world. <i>(Bóng đơ</i>	L	
phổ biến nhất trên thế g	iới.)			
responsibility	(n)	/rɪˌspɒnsəˈbɪləti/	sự chịu trách nhiệm	
- ,		/rɪˌspɒnsəˈbɪləti/ ure the project finishes on time. (7)		
- ,	ity to ens			
Ex: It's my responsibil	ity to ens			
Ex: It's my responsibil việc hoàn thành đúng th	ity to ens	sure the project finishes on time. (7)	 Fôi có trách nhiệm đảm bảo công	
Ex: It's my responsibil việc hoàn thành đúng th	ity to ens	sure the project finishes on time. (7)	 Fôi có trách nhiệm đảm bảo công	
Ex: It's my responsibil việc hoàn thành đúng th set Ex: The sun is setting. (stress	ity to ens ity to	sure the project finishes on time. (The state of the project finishes on time.)	Tôi có trách nhiệm đảm bảo công (mặt trời) lặn sự căng thẳng	
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Ex: It's my responsibil việc hoàn thành đúng th set Ex: The sun is setting. (stress Ex: She felt stress before take on	ity to ens ity to	sure the project finishes on time. (A set/ dang lặn.) /stres/ rance exam. (Cô ấy cảm thấy căng	Tôi có trách nhiệm đảm bảo công (mặt trời) lặn sự căng thẳng thẳng trước kì thi.) nhận thêm, thuê, mướn	
Ex: It's my responsibil việc hoàn thành đúng th set Ex: The sun is setting. (stress Ex: She felt stress before take on	ity to ens où hạn.) (v) (Mặt trời (n) re the ent (phr)	/set/ /set/ /stres/ rance exam. (Cô ấy cảm thấy căng /teik pn/ loyees during Christmas. (Cửa hàn	Tôi có trách nhiệm đảm bảo công (mặt trời) lặn sự căng thẳng thẳng trước kì thi.) nhận thêm, thuê, mướn	
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Ex: There are many valuable things in this museum. (Có rất nhiều thứ quý giá trong bảo tàng này.)			
yoga	(n)	/ˈ j əʊgə/	yoga
TO TZ : 1 1 1	/T7 1	A	

Ex: Kate is doing yoga. (Kate đang tập yoga.)

* Some common hobbies (Tên một vài sở thích phổ biến)

Word	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
to collect teddy bear	v phr	/kəˈlekt tedi beə(r)/	sưu tầm gấu bông
to go to the cinema	v phr	/gəʊ tu: ðə ˈsɪnəmə/	đi xem phim
to hang out with friends	v phr	/tu: hæŋ aʊt wɪð frendz/	đi chơi với bạn bè
to chat with friends	v phr	tu: ʧæt wið frendz	nói chuyện với bạn
to walk the dog	v phr	/tu: wɔ:k ðə dɒg/	dắt chó đi dạo
to collect stamps	v phr	/tu: kəˈlɛkt stæmps/	sưu tầm tem
to play chess	v phr	/tu: plei ffes/	chơi cờ vua
to do sports	v phr	/tu: du: spo:ts/	chơi thể thao
to play computer games	v phr	/tu: plei kəmˈpju:tə geimz/	chơi game
to go shopping	v phr	/tu: gəʊ ˈʃɒpɪŋ/	đi mua sắm
to watch television	v phr	/tu: wɒtʃ ˈtɛlɪˌvɪʒən/	xem tivi
to listen to music	v phr	/tu: 'lɪsn tu: 'mju:zɪk/	nghe nhạc
to play the guitar	v phr	/tu: pleɪ ðə gɪˈtɑ:/	chơi ghi-ta
to play the violin	v phr	/tu: plei ðə ˌvaiəˈlin/	chơi violin
cycling	n	/ˈsaɪklɪŋ/	đạp xe
gardening	n	/ˈgaːdnɪŋ/	làm vườn
painting	n	/'peintin/	vẽ tranh
going camping	v phr	/ˈgəʊɪŋ ˈkæmpɪŋ/	cắm trại
skating	n	/ˈskeɪtɪŋ/	trượt băng/trượt pa-tanh
bird-watching	n	/b3:d-ˈwɒtʃɪŋ/	ngắm chim

cooking	n	/ˈkʊkɪŋ/	nấu ăn
arranging flowers	n	/əˈreɪndʒɪŋ ˈflaʊəz/	cắm hoa
walking	n	/ˈwɔ:kɪŋ/	đi bộ
dancing	n	/ˈdɑ:nsɪŋ/	khiêu vũ

II. WORD FORM

Word	Meaning	Rel	ated words
benefit (n)	lợi ích	beneficial (adj)	beneficially (adv)
	101 1011	benefit (v)	beneficiary (n)
glue (n)	keo, hồ dán	glue (v)	
insect (nJ	côn trùng	insecticidal (adj)	insecticide (n)
jogging (n)	chạy bộ thư giãn	jog (v)	jogger(n)
		mature (adj)	maturely (adv)
maturity (n)	sự trưởng thành	mature (v)	maturational (adj)
		maturation (n)	
patient (adj)	kiên nhẫn	patient (n)	patiently (adv)
		patience (n)	
popular (adj)	được nhiều người yêu thích, phổ biến	popularity (n)	

		respond (v)	response(n)
responsibility (n)	sự chịu trách nhiệm	responsible (adj)	responsibly (adv)
		responsive (adj)	responsively (adv)
stress (n)	ess (n) sự căng thẳng	stressful (adj)	stress (v)
		stressed(adj)	unstressed (adj)
unusual (adj)	khác thường, lạ, hiếm	unusually (adv)	usual (adj)
		usually (adv)	
valuable (adj)	quý giá	valuation (n)	value (n)
		value (v)	

III. GRAMMAR

1. THE PRESENT SIMPLE (Thì hiện tại đơn)

a. Cấu trúc

	Chủ ngữ số ít	Chủ ngữ số nhiều
Câu khẳng định	$S + V_{s/es}$	S+V
Câu phủ định	S +doesn't+ v	S +don't+ V
Câu nghi vấn	Does + S + V?	Do + S + V?

b. Cách sử dụng

Thì hiện tại đơn dùng để diễn đạt một hành động lặp đi lặp lại như một thói quen ở hiện tại.

Ex. We often goto New York in summer holiday.

(Chúng tôi thường tới New York vào kì nghỉ hè.)

Ex. She always has breakfast at 7 a.m.

(Cô ấy thường xuyên ăn sáng lúc 7 giờ.)

Thì hiện tại đơn diễn tả một chân lý hoặc một sự thật hiển nhiên.

Ex. The Earth goes around the Sun.

(Trái đất quay quanh Mặt trời.)

Ex. Today is Sunday.

(Hôm nay là Chủ nhật.)

Thì hiện tại đơn diễn tả một lịch trình, thời gian biểu.

Ex. The news programme starts at 7 p.m.

(Chương trình thời sự bắt đầu lúc 7 giờ tối.)

Ex. We have Maths on Mondays.

(Chúng tôi có tiết Toán vào các ngày thứ Hai.)

c. Dấu hiệu nhận biết

✓ Trong câu thường có các trạng từ chỉ tần suất như: *always* (luôn luôn), *usually* (thường xuyên), *often* (thường xuyên) *sometimes* (thỉnh thoảng.), hoặc *every* + *day/week/month/year* (mọi ngày/ tuần/ tháng/ năm), ...

2. VERBS OF LIKING AND DISLIKING (Động từ chỉ sự yêu thích và không thích)

- Một số động từ chỉ sự yêu thích và không thích như: *like, love, prefer, enjoy, fancy, mind, dislike* và *hate.* Chúng ta thường sử dụng dạng V-ing theo sau các động từ này.
- Ex. Mark likes collecting stamps.

(Mark thích sưu tầm tem.)

Ex. David dislikes playing boardgames.

(David không thích các trò chơi ô chữ.)

Ex. We enjoy playing football after school.

(Chúng tôi thích chơi bóng đá sau giờ tan học.)

Ex. Do you fancy listening to music?

(Cậu có thích nghe nhạc không?)

Lưu ý: một số động từ như: **like, love, hate** và **prefer** có thể theo sau bởi cả V_{-ing} hoặc to V

Ex. Mark likes collecting/ to collect stamps.

(Mark thích sưu tầm tem.)

Ex. We hate doing/ to do homework.

(Chúng tôi không thích làm bài tập về nhà.)

- Một số cấu trúc khác nói về sự yêu thích
- Một số cấu trúc khác nói về sự yêu thích mà chúng ta có thể vận dụng để biến đổi cấu trúc linh hoạt thay vì lặp đi lặp lại **I like/I love**
- ① I am quite into + V_{-ing}/something: Tôi thích làm gì/ cái gì
- Ex. I am quite into playing football I get very excited about it.

(Tôi rất thích chơi bóng đớ - Tôi rất hào hứng với nó.)

- ② I am a big fan of + V_{-ing}/something: Tôi là người hâm mộ của ai.
- **Ex.** I am a big fan of horror movie I see all horror movies on the cinema.

(Tôi là người hâm mộ phim kinh dị - Tôi xem tất cả các bộ phim kinh dị chiếu ở rạp.)

Ex. She is a big fan of pop music.

(Cô ấy là một người hâm mộ nhạc pop.)

- 3 To be interested in + V_{-ing}: Quan tâm, yêu thích làm gì
- Ex. I am interested in cooking.

(Tôi rất yêu thích việc nấu ăn.)

Ex. Are you interested in reading books?

(Bạn có thích đọc sách không?)

- 4 To be keen on V_{-ing}/something: Say mê, yêu thích điều gì
- **Ex.** She is keen on doing DIY.

(Cô ấy say mê làm các dự án cá nhân.)

Ex. I am really keen on going to eat in Thai restaurants. Thai food is very delicious.

(Tôi rất thích tới ăn ở nhà hàng Thái. Đồ ăn Thái rất ngon.)

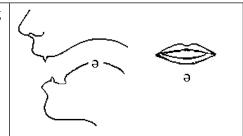
IV. PRONUNCIATION

SOUND /ə/ AND /3:/

1. Cách phát âm âm /ə/ và âm /з:/

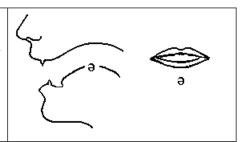
◆ Cách phát âm âm /ə/

/ə/ là một nguyên âm ngắn. Để phát âm âm này, hãy mở miệng thật nhẹ và đơn giản. Môi và lưỡi được thư giãn và phát âm /ə/.



+ Cách phát âm âm /3:/

/3:/ là một nguyên âm dài. Để phát âm âm này, miệng mởtựnhiên, lưỡi đặttựnhiên, cao vừa phải, nhưng cao hơn khi phát âm /ə/. Âm phát ra dài hơn /ə/.



2. Dấu hiệu nhận biết

□ Âm /ə/

① "a" được phát âm là /ə/

Words	Туре	Pronunciation	Meaning
b <u>a</u> nan <u>a</u>	n	/bəˈnɑːnə/	quả chuối
sof <u>a</u>	n	/ˈsəʊfə/	ghế bành
<u>a</u> partment	n	/əˈpɑ:tmənt/	căn hộ
separ <u>a</u> te	adj, v	/'seprət/	riêng lẻ, tách rời

2 "e" được phát âm là /ə/

Words	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
answ <u>e</u> r	n, v	/'a:nsə(r)/	trả lời
moth <u>e</u> r	n	/ˈmʌðə(r)/	mę
op <u>e</u> n	v	/ˈəʊpən/	mở ra

3 "o" được phát âm là /ə/

Words	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
c <u>o</u> mpare	v	/kəmˈpeə(r)/	so sánh

c <u>o</u> ntrol	V	/kənˈtrəʊl/	kiểm soát
continue	v	/kənˈtɪnjuː/	tiếp tục
freedom	n	/ˈfriːdəm/	sự tự do

4 "u"được phát âm là /ə/

Words	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
<u>u</u> pon	prep	/əˈpɒn/	bên trên
pict <u>u</u> re	n	/ˈpɪktʃə(r)/	bức tranh
s <u>uggest</u>	v	/səˈdʒest/	gợi ý, đề nghị
s <u>u</u> rprise	v	/səˈpraɪz/	ngạc nhiên

5 "ou"được phát âm là /ə/

Words	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
fam <u>ou</u> s	adj	/ˈfeɪməs/	nổi tiếng
dangerous	adj	/'deɪndʒərəs/	nguy hiểm
anxi <u>ou</u> s	adj	/ˈæŋkʃəs/	lo âu

Î Âm /3:/

① "o" thường được phát âm là /3:/ trong một số trường hợp

Words	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
w <u>o</u> rk	n	/w3:k/	công việc
w <u>o</u> rld	n	/w3:ld/	thế giới
w <u>o</u> rd	n	/wɜ:d/	từ
worse	adj	/w3:s/	tệ/xấu hơn

2 "u" còn được phát âm là /3:/

Words	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
b <u>u</u> rn	V	/b3:n/	đốt cháy
b <u>u</u> rglar	n	/ˈbɜ:glə(r)/	kẻ trộm
b <u>u</u> rly	adj	/ˈbɜːli/	lực lưỡng, vạm vỡ
c <u>u</u> rtain	n	/'k3:tn/	rèm cửa

③ "i", "e", "ea" và "ou"thỉnh thoảng cũng được phát âm là /3:/ khi trọng âm rơi vào những từ này.

Words	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
b <u>i</u> rd	n	/b3:d/	con chim
h <u>e</u> rd	n	/h3:d/	bầy, đàn, bọn, bè lũ
w <u>e</u> re	v	/w3:r/	thì, là (quá khứ của to be)
courtesy	adj	/ˈkɜːtəsi/	lịch sự, nhã nhặn

<u>gi</u> rl	n	/g3:1/	cô gái
<u>ea</u> rly	adj	/ˈɜːli/	sớm
s <u>ea</u> rch	v	/s3:tʃ/	tìm kiếm
s <u>i</u> r	n	/s3:r/	ngài (trong xưng hô)
c <u>i</u> rcuit	n	/'s3:kɪt/	chu vi, mạch điện

V. PRACTICE

Exercise 1. Put the words in the correct column depending on the pronunciation.

mother	work	learn	sunburn	service
birth	early	expert	collect	leisure
around	upon	singer	shirt	pottery
murderer	parent	nature	world	surfing

/ə/	/3:/

Exercise 2. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. pott <u>e</u> ry	B. flower	C. sil <u>e</u> nt	D. service
2. A. <u>gi</u> rl	B. expert	C. op <u>e</u> n	D. b <u>u</u> rn
3. A. sentence	B. w <u>o</u> rld	C. pict <u>u</u> re	D. danger <u>ou</u> s
4. A. <u>ga</u> me	B. <u>arrange</u>	C. sk <u>a</u> te	D. c <u>a</u> ke
5. A. h <u>o</u> bby	B. d <u>o</u> ll	C. c <u>o</u> llege	D. <u>o</u> ver
6. A. pref <u>e</u> r	B. better	C. teacher	D. worker
7. A. b <u>ea</u> r	B. h <u>ea</u> r	C. d <u>ea</u> r	D. n <u>ea</u> r
8. A. c <u>o</u> llect	B. concern	C. concert	D. combine
9. A. abs <u>e</u> nt	B. government	C. dependent	D. enjoy
10. A. fut <u>u</u> re	B. ret <u>u</u> rn	C. pict <u>u</u> re	D. culture

Exercise 3. Look at the photo and write the correct words. The first letter is a hint for you.

dancing cooking cycling

making pottery taking photos watching TV learning English

carving wood

surfing the Internet











4.

1.

5.







7.

8.

Exercise 4. Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

gardening	photos	model cars	eggshells
painting	fishing	music	swimming

- 1. She usually goes with her friends in the pool near her school.
- 2. Sarah likes _____. She plants lots of flowers and vegetables in her home garden.
- **3.** Every weekend, I go in my uncle's boat, or just off the shoreline.
- **4.** In later years, he took up _____ as a hobby. He drew water colour landscapes.
- 5. My hobby is listening to _____. It can help relax my mind.
- **6.** I have recently started a new hobby collecting .
- 7. Most people take _____ and post them on their social networking accounts.

8. Carving _____ is a great hobby that can make you happier.

Exercise 5. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

films	dub	music	books	photography
swimming	basketball	Z00	skating	chess
1. I really like	especially in t	he sea.		
2. I'm interested in _	My favou	rite band is T-ara fro	m Korea.	
3. I love	I go to the cinema ev	very weekend.		
4. I really like I don'	t play it, but I watch	matches on TV.		
5. My hobby is	I have a new	camera.		
6. I love	My favourite writer	is To Hoai.		
7. I really love	in the park with	h my friends.		
8. I like I	play against my dad	d. I also play against	other people on the	Internet.
9. I've just joined the	e local tennis	·		
10. We could hear th	ne lions roaring at the	e end of the	<u>_</u> .	
Exercise 6. Giv	e the correct f	orm of the wo	rds in brackets	5.
1. The most popular	after-school	in Viet Nam are	football and badmin	ton. (act)
2. The city library ha	as over 60	. (employ)		
3. English is an	and important	subject. (interest)		
4. Science books are	e very for	our study of the wor	ld. (use)	
5. Ba is a famous sta	ump (coll	ect)		
6. They learn to play	a instrument	(music)		
7. The team has mar	y talented	(play)		
8. We sat on the bea	ch a spect	tacular sunset. (watch	h)	
Exercise 7. Put	the verbs in b	rackets in the	correct form o	of present simp
tense.				
1. Where	that guy f	from? (come)		
2. Where	your mother	? (work)		
3. James	usuallythe	e trees. (not water)		
4. Who th	e washing in your he	ouse? (do)		
5. They o	ut once a week. (eat))		
6. My father always	delicious	meals. (make)		

7. Tom vegetables. (not eat)	
8. Rosie shopping every week. (go)	
9 Miley and David to work by bus every day? (go)	
10 your parents with your decision? (agree)	
11. It (be) a fact that smart phone (help) us a lot in our life.	
12. I often (travel) to some of my favorite destinations every summer.	
13. Our Math lesson usually (finish) at 4.00 p.m.	
14. The reason why Susan (not eat) meat is that she (be) a very	getarian.
15. People in Ho Chi Minh City (be) very friendly and they (smile)	a lot.
16. The flight (start) at 6 a.m every Thursday.	
17. Peter (not study) very hard. He never gets high scores.	
18. I like oranges and she (like) apples.	
19. My mom and my sister (cook) lunch every day.	
20. They (have) breakfast together every morning.	
Exercise 8. Underline the mistake and correct it.	
1. I often gets up early to catch the bus to go to school.	
2. She teach students in a local high school.	
3. They doesn't own a house. They still have to rent one to live.	
4. Dang Van Lam am a famous goalkeeper in the National Football Team.	
5. What do your brother do?	
6. Bruce and Tim doesn't go swimming in the lake.	
7. Hannah speak Chinese very well.	
8. How often does she goes shopping in the supermarket?	
9. Our dogs aren't eat bones.	

10. Mary's parents is very friendly and helpful. **Exercise 9. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form. 1.** I enjoy (play) football with my friends. **2.** I like (go) swimming with you. **3.** They hate (paint) but they like (swim) **4.** Tom doesn't want (move) ___ to the city. **5.** My sister is interested in (cook) good very much. She can cook many foods. **6.** Every year, my mother (give) me a nice doll on my birthday. 7. She loves (do) the gardening. **8.** (You/think) he can do this job? **9.** We (go) to the cinema three times a month. **10.** My hobby is (collect) _____ stamps. 11. What (you/do) in your free time? **12.** Hoa spends lots of time (read) books. **13.** I don't think we (have) much free time. **14.** My brother (listen) to music every day. **15.** James never (watch) TV at night. Exercise 10 a. Complete the paragraph with the words in the box and give the correct form of verbs if necessary. go - play - watch - listen John has a lot of hobbies. He (1) chess at school and he also (2) skating. After dinner, he (3) _____ for a walk and he (4) ____ tomusic every evening in his room. John loves sports. He (5) _____ football afterschool. On Saturdays, John and his friends (6) _____ swimming. On Sundays, they (7) _____ basketball in the part. On Sunday evenings, they sometimes (8) a film. **Exercise 10 b. Circle the mistakes in each sentence.** 1. I find carve (A) eggshells boring (B) because it takes (C) a lot of time to (D) complete one shell. 2. My brother not goes (A) to class to (C) learn how to paint.

3. I take (A) up my hobby (B) when I came back (C) home from (D) the Art Gallery.

4. I think playing (A) volleyball interest (B) because it is (C) a team (D) game.

5. In (A) my opinion, more (B) people play (C) monopoly in (D) the future.

Exercise 11. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1. Would you mind (v	vatch) my ba	g for a few minutes?	
2. I enjoy (listen)	to music while I'	m doing the cooking.	
3. He wants (buy)	a new computer	game.	
4. I'd like (speak)	to Mr. Davis, plo	ease. Is he there?	
5. Please avoid (make	e) silly mistal	xes in this exercise.	
6. The children would	l love (eat) F	rench fries.	
7. She really loves (w	ork) with chi	ldren.	
8. We tried (call)	you but your mol	oile was off.	
9. They intend (build)	houses on the	ne school playing fields	5.
10. I can't stand (do)	the washing t	ıp.	
Exercise 12. C	hoose the best	answer A, B,	C or D to complete the
sentences.			
1. Nowadays people _		in front of computers.	
A. take B. last	C. set	D. spe	nd
2. I think you should t	take up swimming	it is suitable for	your health condition.
A. so	B. because	C. although	D. but
3. My family enjoys _	because we	can sell vegetables and	flowers money.
A. garden-to	B. gardening-for	C. gardening-with	D. garden-of
4. If your hobby is gre	eeting card making, yo	ou can give your	to your friends as presents.
A. hobby	B. money	C. greetings	D. products
5. My sister's hobby is	s sewing, and she can	get the sewing patterns	from the magazines.
A. fashion	B. cooking	C. sports	D. science
6. There are many	why it is impo	rtant to have a hobby.	
A. answers	B. reasons	C. details	D. facts
7. Will you	making models in the	e future?	
A. pickup	B. look for	C. take up	D. find
8. Do you think that h	obby is and	l boring?	
A. easy	B. difficult	C. danger	D. interesting
9. I love my sister's pa	aintings because she is	very in usin	ng colours.

A. careless	B. care	C. creative	D. imagine
10. A hobby helps yo	u to connect with	people.	
A. other	B. others	C. another	D. the other
11. I join a photograp	hy club, and all the me	embers love	a lot of beautiful photos.
A. take	B. taking	C. make	D. making
12. What does your fa	ather do his	free time?	
A. in	B. at	C. on	D. while
13. I think a hobby w	ill always give you	and help you _	·
A. pleased – relax		B. pleasure – relaxed	
C. pleased – relaxing	D. ple	asure – relax	
14. You can share you	ur stamps of	ther collectors	_ a stamp club.
A. with-at	B. to-at	C. with-in	D.to-in
15. I think this hobby	does not cost you muc	ch, and you	need is time.
A. most	B. all	C. some	D. all of

Exercise 13. Read the text carefully, then decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

Our life would be hard without rest and recreation. And people have many different ideas of how to spend their free time. If you enjoy doing a thing or an activity in your free time, then you have a hobby. A hobby is an activity, interest, enthusiasm or pastime that is undertaken for pleasure or relaxation, done during one's own time. A person's hobbies depend on his age, character and personal interests. An interesting thing to one person can be boring to another. That's why some people prefer reading, cooking, knitting, collecting, playing a musical instrument, photography or playing computer games while others prefer dancing, travelling, camping or sports.

No.	Statements	T or F
1.	A hobby is anything that you enjoy doing in your free time.	
2.	Different people have the same hobbies.	
3.	A hobby can provide US with relaxation.	
4.	Your hobby may be changed as you get older.	
5.	One person's hobby may be a boring thing to another person.	
6.	Playing sports is not a hobby.	

Exercise 14. Read the passage, and then choose the correct answer.

Stamp collecting is an interesting hobby. You can learn many things, such as the geography of a country from stamps. Postal stamps are a source of interesting facts and important dates about every country in the world. It makes stamp collecting become very popular.

As you look at the pages of a stamp album, you can learn interesting details of foreign customs, arts, literature, history and culture. Their colours can make you feel relaxed and happy.

Collecting stamps can become a **business**. If you are lucky in finding a special stamp, it will bring you some money besides knowledge and pleasure.

1. Stamp collecting is an interesting hobby because
A. you can learn many things such as the geography of a country from stamps
B. stamps give you interesting facts and important dates about a country
C. it is very important to collect stamps
D. A and B are correct
2. All of the following are true EXCEPT
A. stamps can make you relaxed and happy
B. stamps can make you know more
C. stamp collecting can make you famous
D. you can earn money from your collection if you are lucky
3. According to the passage, it infers that
A. stamp collecting helps you become rich and famous
B. stamp collecting is a very popular hobby
C. stamp collectors can earn a lot of money from stamp collecting
D. stamp collecting is a hobby that costs you a lot of money
4. The word "business" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to
A. the activity of collecting stamps
B. the activity of selling stamps from other countries
C. the activity of buying stamps from other countries
D. the activity of buying or selling something
5. The main idea of the passage is
A. the history of stamp collecting
B. good things from stamp collecting
C. the ways of stamp collecting
D. famous stamp collectors

Exercise 15 a. Make correct sentences from the wor	ds and phrases giv
1. We/ enjoy/ play/ chess/ free time.	
→	·
2. She/ interested / arranging flowers?	
→	.
3. Alex/ keen/ photos. He/ photos/ every day.	
→	·
4. My mom/ not/ love/ bird watching. She/ like/ shopping	
→	
5. Your brothers/ hate/ playing / drums?	
→	
Exercise 15 b. Rewrite the sentences without chang	ing the meaning.
1. I find collecting glass bottles interesting.	
→ My hobby is	
2. Van's brother usually goes to work by motorbike.	
→ Van's brother usually rides	
3. Linh finds playing boarding games boring.	
→ Linh doesn't like	
4. My sister enjoys arranging flowers.	
→ My sister finds	
5. My father likes doing gardening at the weekend.	
→ My father enjoys	
Exercise 16. Make questions for the underlined part	S.
1. A:	→
B: My hobby is playing badminton.	
2. A:	_•
B: I started my hobby three years ago.	
3. A:	_•
B: I enjoy my hobby because I think it's funny.	
4. A:	
B: I spend <u>three</u> hours a day on my hobby.	
5. A:	

B: Tony usually <u>plays volleyball</u> in his free time.

6. A:
B: He plays volleyball <u>twice a week</u> .
7. A:
B: He often plays volleyball <u>in the stadium near his school</u> .
8. A:
B: He likes to play table tennis with <u>his friends</u> .
9. A:
B: Tom often plays football <u>in his free time</u> .
10. A:

B: Linda is playing chess with <u>her mother</u> in the room.