

A. LISTENING

I. You will hear five short conversations. You will hear each conversation twice. There is one question for each conversation. For question 1-5, choose the right answer. (5pts)

1. How will Mary travel to Scotland?

- A. By bus B. By car C. By train D. By metro

2. Where are the shoes?

- A. Under the window B. Under the table C. On the chair D. On the ground

3. When will the football match start next week?

- A. 11.45 am B. 12.15 pm C. 3.00 pm D. 2.00 pm

4. Which box of chocolates do they buy?

- A. the small round box B. the big round box
C. the small square box D. the big square box

5. When's Wendy's birthday?

- A. On 16 May B. On 17 May C. On 18 May D. On 19 May

II. You will hear a telephone conversation about the hotel where Grace stayed. Choose the best word (A, B, C or D) for each question. (5 points)

6. Where is the hotel?

- A. near the sea B. in a town
C. on a mountain D. ten kilometres from the mountain

7. At the hotel, Grace could _____.

- A. play tennis B. play table tennis
C. play golf D. use the swimming pool

8. What was there in Grace's room?

- A. a fridge B. a video player C. a coffee machine D. some cold drink

9. In the restaurant, Grace had _____.

- A. chips with every meal B. too few vegetables
C. a lot of fried food D. boiled fish

10. Grace says the hotel was _____.

- A. noisy B. expensive C. boring D. cheap

III. You will listen to a conversation, complete the form by filling in the numbered spaces number 6-10. (NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS). You will hear the information twice. (5pts).

PERSONAL DETAILS FORM

Name : Mary (11).....

Address : Flat 2 (12)..... (13)Road Canterbury

Telephone : (14)

Estimated value of lost item : (15) £

IV. Listen to the dialogue and decide which statement is T and which one is F. (5pts)

16. The woman is going to the train station
17. The man receives a text message about a business meeting
18. The woman wants to hit the man because he won't stop texting.
19. The man and woman are in trouble because the other driver looks scary
20. The woman suggests calling the police

B. GRAMMAR – VOCABULARY – LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

I. Choose the word, phrase or expression that best completes each sentence. (9 pts)

21. After he _____ his English course, he went to England to continue his study.
A. has finished B. had finished C. was finished D. would finish
22. We got our car _____ yesterday.
A. wash B. to wash C. washing D. washed
23. She had changed so much that _____ anyone recognized her.
A. almost B. hardly C. not D. nearly
24. **Ann:** "Do you need any help?" - **Kate:** " _____ "
A. No, thanks. I can manage B. I haven't got a clue
C. That's all for now D. That's fine by me
25. His father is not interested in tennis and _____.
A. he doesn't, either B. so doesn't he
C. neither he does D. neither is he
26. I'm very impressed _____ the efficiency of the workers here.
A. by B. with C. at D. in
27. Their dishwasher is out of _____, so they have to wash bowls and dishes themselves.
A. fashion B. work C. condition D. order
28. I'd rather parents _____ their children a smart phone to play games.
A. do not give B. won't give C. didn't give D. not to give
29. **Uncle Tom:** "Remember to give my best regards to your parents, Bob."
Bob: " _____ "
A. Yes, let's B. Sure, I will
C. That's very kind of you to say so D. That was the least I could do

II. Read the following advertisement and school announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on our answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 30 to 35. (6 pts)

Join Our Team at TH Fashion!

We are looking for hard-working people who would join our team, welcoming customers and arranging window displays.

You (30) _____ to work from Mon -Fri, 9a.m.-6 p.m.

No experience is required. On-the-job training would be given (31) _____ all employees. We offer an h

Apply in person at TH Fashion, 32 Tran Hung Dao, Mon-Wed, 10 a.m.-2 p.m. Ask for Mrs. Lan.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 30. A. could take | B. should like | C. might have | D. would need |
| 31. A. at | B. for | C. to | D. with |
| 32. A. ordinary | B. some | C. few | D. additional |

Attention all employees,

Starting next week, we (33) _____ implement the new health and safety guidelines to ensure a safer work environment.

Please make sure to (34) _____ the mandatory training sessions scheduled for Monday and Tuesday. It is important that everyone follows these new procedures to prevent any accidents or health issues. Your (35) _____ is essential in keeping our work place safe and healthy. Thank you for your attention and adherence

Best regards,

The Management Team

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 33. A. may | B. should | C. could | D. would |
| 34. A. ignore | B. respond | C. avoid | D. attend |
| 35. A. distraction | B. cooperation | C. confusion | D. competition |

III. There are 5 mistakes in this passage. Find and correct them. (5pts).

On cold, wet morning, my class was filled with excitement. Someone have discover that the next day was our teacher's birthday. Our teacher was the kindest person that ever exist. Thus it was no surprise she was the favourite teacher with the pupils. Everyone want to get her a present. I, very much wanted to show any appreciation too. That afternoon, I spent the whole afternoon shop for a present. After a long search, I finally made on my mind. The next day I gave her a bouquet of beautiful roses and she exclaimed with pleasure.

- 36.
- 37.
- 38.
- 39.
- 40.

IV. Use the correct form of the word given to complete each sentence below. (5pts)

- 41. His boss told him off because he had behaved _____. (RESPONSIBLE)
- 42. Buckingham Palace is a major tourist _____ in London. (ATTRACT)
- 43. He was so _____ that he had an accident. (CARE)
- 44. The old hotel we used to stay at has been _____. (MODERN)
- 45. The successful candidate will have superb _____ skills. (LEAD)

C. READING

I. Read the passage and choose the most suitable phrase from A –F to fill in each gap. There is one extra phrase that you don't need to use . (5pts).

- A. a large number of people inevitably involves more conflict
- B. and replaced by huge, ugly, impersonal buildings
- C. and competition causes stress,
- D. widespread loneliness and destroy the community's concern for its members
- E. and problems of city life are worse and worse
- F. various ways to reduce the pressures on themselves

Urban life has always involved a balancing of opportunities and rewards against dangers and stress: its motivating force is, in fact, money. Opportunities to make more money mean competition (46) _____, which is often the most intensive in the biggest cities, where opportunities are greatest. The presence of (47) _____, more travelling, the overloading of public services and the greater risk of criminals who are drawn to the rich parts of big cities. Crime has always flourished in the relative anonymity of urban life; but today's ease of movement makes its control more difficult than ever before. City dwellers may become trapped in their homes by the fear of crime around them.

As a defense against these developments, city dwellers tend to use (48) _____: contacts with other people are generally made brief; doors are kept locked; telephone numbers may be ex-directory; journeys outside the homes are usually hurried, rather than a source of pleasure. Some people may use drugs and alcohol to forget their problems. As a result, all these defensive forms of behaviour are harmful to society in general: they cause (49) _____. Lack of informal social contact and indifference to the misfortunes of other people are amongst the major causes of urban crime.

Present-day architecture and planning have made the human problems of city life much worse. Old-established neighborhoods have been swept away by both public and private organizations, (50) _____. People have been forced to leave their familiar homes in order to move to tower blocks which are boring, inconvenient, and fail to provide any setting for human interaction or support. Efforts should be made to conserve human scale of the environment, and to retain familiar landmarks.

II. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to complete each gap.(10pts)

Most Americans eat three meals (51) _____ a day, breakfast, lunch, and dinner. Breakfast begins between 7.00 and 8.00am, lunch between 11.00 am and noon, and dinner between 6.00 and 8.00 pm. On Sundays "brunch" is a (52) _____ of breakfast and lunch, typically beginning at 11.00 am. Students often enjoy a "study break" or evening snack around 10.00 or 11.00 pm. Breakfast and lunch tend to be light meals, with only one (53) _____. Dinner is the main meal.

(54) _____ breakfast Americans will eat cereal with milk which are often mixed (55) _____ in a bowl, a glass of orange juice, and toasted bread or muffin with jam, butter, or margarine. Another common breakfast meal is scrambled eggs or (56) _____ omelet with potatoes and breakfast meat (bacon or sausage). People who are on (57) _____ eat just a cup of yogurt. Lunch and dinner are more (58) _____. When eating at a formal dinner, you may be overwhelmed by the number of utensils. How do you (59) _____ the difference between a salad fork, a butter fork, and a dessert fork? Most Americans do not know the answer (60) _____. But knowing which fork or spoon to use first is simple: use the outermost utensils first and the utensils closest to the plate last.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 51. A. in | B. for | C. on | D. during |
| 52. A. addition | B. connection | C. combination | D. attachment |
| 53. A. course | B. food | C. menu | D. goods |
| 54. A. For | B. In | C. At | D. With |
| 55. A. each other | B. together | C. one another | D. others |
| 56. A. a | B. an | C. the | D. no article |
| 57. A. holiday | B. engagement | C. diet | D. duty |
| 58. A. vary | B. variety | C. varied | D. variously |
| 59. A. say | B. talk | C. speak | D. tell |
| 60. A. too | B. either | C. so | D. neither |

III. Read the following passage and choose the option that indicates the correct answer to each of the following questions. (10 points)

Traditionally in America, helping the poor was a matter for private charities or local governments. Arriving immigrants depended mainly on predecessors from their homeland to help them start a new life. In the late 19th and early 20th centuries, several European nations **instituted** public-welfare programs. But such a movement was slow to take hold in the United States because the rapid pace of industrialization and the ready availability of farmland seemed to confirm the belief that anyone who was willing to work could find a job.

Most of the programs started during the Depression era were temporary relief measures, but one of the programs - Social Security - has become an American institution. Paid for by deductions from the paychecks of working people, Social Security ensures that retired persons receive a modest monthly income and also provides unemployment insurance, disability insurance, and other assistance to those who need it. Social Security payments to retired persons can start at age 62, but many wait until age 65, when the payments are slightly higher. Recently, there has been concern that the Social Security fund may not have enough money to fulfill its obligations in the 21st century, when the population of elderly Americans is expected to increase dramatically. Policy makers have proposed various ways to make up the anticipated deficit, but a long-term solution is still being debated. In the years since Roosevelt, other American presidents have established assistance programs. These include Medicaid and Medicare; food stamps, certificates that people can use to purchase food; and public housing which is built at federal expense and made available to persons on low incomes.

Needy Americans can also turn to sources other than the government for help. A broad spectrum of private charities and voluntary organizations is available. Volunteerism is on the rise in the United States, especially among retired persons. It is estimated that almost 50 percent of Americans over age 18 do volunteer work, and nearly 75 percent of U.S. households contribute money to charity.

61. New immigrants to the U.S. could seek help from _____.
- A. the people who came earlier
B. the US government agencies
C. only charity organizations
D. volunteer organizations
62. It took welfare programs a long time to gain a foothold in the U.S. due to the fast growth of _____.
- A. industrialization
B. modernization
C. urbanization
D. population
63. The word "**instituted**" in the first paragraph mostly means _____.
- A. executed
B. studied
C. introduced
D. enforced
64. The Social Security program has become possible thanks to _____.
- A. deductions from wages
B. people's willingness to work
C. donations from companies
D. enforcement laws
65. Most of the public assistance programs _____ after the severe economic crisis.
- A. were introduced into institutions
B. did not become institutionalized
C. functioned fruitfully in institutions
D. did not work in institutions
66. That Social Security payments will be a burden comes from the concern that _____.
- A. elderly people ask for more money
B. the program discourages working people
C. the number of elderly people is growing
D. younger people do not want to work
67. Persons on low incomes can access public housing through _____.
- A. low rents
B. state spending
C. donations
D. federal expenditure

Họ và tên thí sinh:..... *Số báo danh:*.....
Chữ ký giám thị 1:..... *Chữ ký giám thị 2:*.....