D.O.P: 30/11/2024 UNIT 4: URBANISATION

D.O.T: 05/12/2024 Lesson: Speaking- Changes in a living area

Week: 13- Period: 36

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- Gain an overview of urbanisation in a living area.
- Memorise vocabulary to talk about changes in a living area.

2. Competences

- Develop communication skills.
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.

3. Personal qualities

- Be proud and respectful of places and sites in your country.
- Actively join in class activities.

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 4, speaking
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV

III. PROCEDURES

1. WARM-UP (5 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To stir up the atmosphere in the classroom and lead in the lesson.

b. Content:

- Multiple choice quiz.

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students join the game enthusiastically and gain knowledge on the topic.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STIDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Quiz	
- Teacher shows the questions with multiple	
choices.	Answer key:
- Ss look at the questions and work in groups.	1. ♦
- Ss works in 4 groups. Each group raises their	2. 교
hands to take turns and answer the questions.	3. **
- Ss raise their hands to answer.	4
- The team with the highest points is the winner.	5. ▲
	6. ▲

e. Assessment

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

2. ACTIVITY 1: CONTROLLED PRACTICE (10 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To get Ss to learn vocabulary related to the topic;
- To activate prior knowledge about the topic and get Ss involved in the lesson.

b. Content:

- Pre-teach vocabulary related to the content of the lesson.
- Introducing tips to give instructions.
- Task 1: The pictures show how River City has changed over time. Work in pairs. Read the words and phrases and decide which describe the city in the past (P) and which now (N). (p. 54)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.	
d. Organisation	
TEACHER AND STIDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Vocabulary pre-teaching (4 mins)	New words:
- Teacher introduces the vocabulary.	1. empty roads
- Teacher explains the meaning of the new vocabulary with different	2. wet markets (n)
techniques (pictures, actions, synonyms,)	3. convenience stores (n)
- Ss listen to the teacher's explanation and repeat the words.	4. high-rise buildings
	5. low-rise buildings
- Teacher checks students' understanding with the "Rub out and	
remember" technique.	
- Teacher asks Ss to take notes in their notebooks.	
Task 1: The pictures show how River City has changed over	Past/Then:
time. Work in pairs. Read the words and phrases and decide	• low-rise buildings
which describes the city in the past (P) and which now (N). (6	• old
mins)	• rice field
- Tell Ss to look at the picture that shows how River City has	• wet markets
changed over time. Encourage Ss to look at the picture and spot the	• empty roads
differences between River City in the past and River City at present.	Today/Now:
E.g., low-rise buildings (in the past) vs. high-rise buildings (at	• high-rise buildings
present)	• modern
- Ss listen to the teacher's explanation.	• park
- Ask Ss to work in pairs, read the given words/phrases and decide	• convenience stores/
which describes the city in the past and which today.	supermarkets
- Ss do the task and take notes.	• busy streets
- Be prepared to teach students any new words or phrases, e.g., wet	
market (a market selling fresh meat, fish, vegetables, etc.).	
- Check answers as a class.	

- Teacher checks students' understanding by asking some checking-questions.

3. ACTIVITY 2: LESS- CONTROLLED PRACTICE (15 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To allow Ss to practise talking about changes in River City in pairs.
- To help Ss practise words and phrases in talking about changes in an area.

b. Content:

- Task 2: Work in pairs. Talk about the changes in River City. Use the words and phrases in Task 1. (p.54)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Ss can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STIDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 2: Work in pairs. Talk about the changes in River	Suggested answers:
City. Use the words and phrases in Task 1.	• In the past, this place only had
- Explain the task and ask Ss to look at the given example	low-rise buildings. However, a lot
for reference.	of high-rise buildings have been
- Tell Ss to use the grammar points learnt in this unit	built here.
(present perfect and double comparatives) to talk about	They have opened a lot of
these changes.	convenience stores and
- Have Ss work in pairs. Walk around the class to offer help	supermarkets to replace the old wet
if necessary.	markets.

Ss share the answers in pairs.
Invite some pairs of Ss to read out loud their sentences about the changes in River City.
In the past, the roads were almost empty. There was hardly any traffic. Now, the streets are busy and there are too many cars on the roads.

3. ACTIVITY 3: FREE PRACTICE (10 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To allow Ss to take part in a group activity to prepare a description about changes in River City, then report their description to the whole class.

b. Content:

- Task 3: Report your answers to the whole class. Vote for the best description. (p. 54)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Ss can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STIDENTS' ACTIVITIESTask 3: Report your answers to the whole class. Vote for

Task 3: Report your answers to the whole class. Vote for the best description. (7 mins)

- Ask Ss to form groups and share the sentences that they have produced about the changes I River City from the previous activity.
- Ss work in group.
- Tell Ss to make an outline for the description.
- Provide Ss with an outline of the description and ask them to complete the description.
- Have Ss practise the report in their groups to improve their fluency in speaking.
- Walk around to offer help Ss, if necessary, and encourage quiet group members to get involved.
- Ask groups to report their description and the whole class to vote for the best description.

CONTENTS

Suggested answers: Description sample

When we look at the picture of the River City in the past and at present, we have noticed a lot of changes in this city over the years. The old town/village now has become a more and more modern city. A lot of high-rise buildings have been built to replace all the low-rise buildings. There used to be a rice field outside the city, but it has been replaced by a city park. They have opened a lot of convenience stores and supermarkets to replace the old wet markets. In the past, the roads were almost empty, but now they have become very busy streets.

e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects for students by going around while they're practising.
- Teacher gives corrections and feedback.

4. CONSOLIDATION (5 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- Teacher asks students to talk about what they have learnt in the lesson.

b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.

D.O.P: 30/11/2024 UNIT 04: URBANISATION

D.O.T: 06/12/2024 Lesson: Listening - A radio talk about urbanisation

Week: 13- Period: 37

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- Gain an overview about A radio talk about urbanisation.
- Memorise vocabulary to talk about the advantages of urbanisation.

2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity.
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.
- Develop presentation skills.

3. Personal qualities

- Be proud and respectful of places and sites in your country.
- Actively join in class activities.

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 4, Listening
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV

III. PROCEDURES

1. WARM-UP (5 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help Ss understand and activate their knowledge of the topic.
- To set the context for the listening part.

b. Content:

- Quiz

c. Expected outcomes:

- Ss can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Quiz	Link:_
- Teacher shows the video about urbanisation.	https://www.youtube.com/watc
- Questions are shown one by one, and the whole class	<u>h?v=u13tvhe8l9w</u>
compete to answer the questions.	
- Students follow the teacher's instructions and do the task in	
teams.	
- After the game, student with the highest point is the winner.	
- Teacher leads in the lesson.	

e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects for students (if needed).

2. ACTIVITY 1: PRE- LISTENING (10 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To get students to learn vocabulary related to the topic.
- To activate prior knowledge about the topic and get students involved in the lesson.
- To set the context for the listening part.

b. Content:

- Vocabulary teaching
- Task 1: Choose the correct meanings of the underlined words. (p.54)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Vocabulary teaching (4 mins)	New words:
- Teacher introduces the vocabulary.	1. reliable (adj)
- Students listen to the explanation and repeat the words.	2. rapidly (v)
- Teacher explains the meaning of the new vocabulary with	3. go up (phr. v)
different techniques (pictures, actions, synonyms,)	4. medical facilities
- Teacher checks students' understanding with the "Rub out	
and remember" technique.	
- Teacher asks students to take notes in their notebooks.	
Task 1: Choose the correct meanings of the underlined	Answer key:
words. (6 mins)	1. A
- Tell students that in the recording there will be some	2. B
possible new words. Ask students to study the sentences in	3. A
which these new words are used and choose the correct	
meanings of these words.	
- Students listen to instructions and find the answers.	
- Encourage students to study the context of these words,	
e.g. 1. 'rapidly' goes with 'increasing' and the reason	
'because many people want to buy their own houses' gives	
the hint that it means A 'very quickly'.	
- Have students work in pairs to compare their answers.	
- Students pair up to check their answers and then check	
with the class.	
- Check answers as a class.	

e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects students as a whole class.

3. ACTIVITY 2: WHILE-LISTENING (15 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help students practise listening for general and specific information.

b. Content:

- Task 2: Listen to a radio talk about urbanisation. Choose the correct answer A, B, or C. (p.54)
- Task 3: Listen to the talk again and answer the questions. use no more than THREE words and/or a number. (p.55)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 2: Listen to a radio talk about urbanisation. Choose	Answer keys:
the correct answer A, B, or C. (7 mins)	1. C 2. A 3. B
- Tell students that the options could be in phrases (questions	4. C 5. A
1, 4, and 5) and graphs (questions 2 and 3).	
- Students listen to the instructions and do the task.	
- Have students look through the questions and options. Make	
sure they understand them.	
- Encourage students to brainstorm synonyms or paraphrases	
of the options, e.g. the world's urbanisation (urbanisation in	
the global world).	

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- Play the recording twice and have students listen and choose	
their answers.	
- Ask students to compare their answers.	
- Ask students to provide evidence they caught from the	
recording.	
- Check answers by playing the recording again and pausing	
after the parts of the recording containing the information.	
Task 3: Listen to the talk again and answer the questions.	Answer keys:
use no more than THREE words and/or a number. (8	1. About 30 %/ thirty percent
mins)	2. By 2050
- Have students read through the questions carefully and	3. (City's) better facilities
check if they understand all the vocabulary.	4. Goods and services
- Students listen to the instructions and do the task.	
- In stronger classes, ask students if they can answer the	
questions without listening to the conversation again.	
- Ask students to focus on the type of information that they	
will need. Remind students of the word limit for each answer.	
- Play the recording and ask students to listen and take notes.	

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

- Have students compare their answers.

4. ACTIVITY 3: POST-LISTENING (10 mins)

- Check answers as a class by writing them on the board.

a. Objectives:

- To check students' understanding and memorise the information in the recording.
- To help some students enhance presentation skills.
- To practise teamwork.
- To allow students to use the language and ideas from the listening to express an opinion.

b. Content:

- Task 4. Work in groups. Discuss the following questions. (p.55)

c. Expected outcomes: - Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully. d. Organisation TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES **CONTENTS** Task 4. Work in groups. Discuss the following Suggested answer questions. (p.55) Sample answers **Question**: I think the biggest advantage What do you think is the biggest advantage of of urbanisation is the opportunity to urbanisation? get access to better health services. This is because most of the big - Students listen to the instructions and do the task. - Ask students to list the advantages of urbanisation that hospitals with the best medical have been mentioned in the recording (access to better facilities are often located in big health and communication services, access to clean water cities. When people have better health services, they will have a and waste management facilities, improving quality of healthier body and enjoy their life. I think the biggest advantage - Put students into groups. Group members take turns telling what each of them thinks the biggest advantage of of urbanisation is having modern urbanisation is. facilities. When people have access to more and better facilities, their - Walk around the class and offer help if necessary. - Invite students from some groups to share their opinions life also gets easier and more with the whole class. Encourage them to give reasons. comfortable.

- Teacher observation on students' performance, provide help if necessary.
- Teacher's feedback and peers' feedback.

 4. CONSOLIDATION (5 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- Summarise the main points of the lesson.

b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.

D.O.P: 01/12/2024 UNIT 4: URBANISATION

D.O.T: 05/12/2024 Lesson: Writing – Description Of A Line Graph

Week: 13- Period: 38

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- Write a description of a line graph.

2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity.
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.

3. Personal qualities

- Develop self-study skills.
- Actively join in class activities.

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 4, Writing
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV

III. PROCEDURES

1. WARM-UP (5 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To create an active atmosphere in the class before the lesson.
- To gain an overview of the line graph.
- To lead into the new lesson.

b. Content:

- Quiz

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Quiz	
- Teacher shows the questions one by one, and the whole	
class competes to answer the questions.	
- Students listen to the instructions and do the task	
individually.	
- After each question, teacher pauses for a moment to	
ask students to raise their hands to answer.	
- Teacher leads in the lesson.	

e. Assessment

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

2. ACTIVITY 1: PRE- WRITING (12 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help students develop language for line graph description.
- To familiarise students with the structure and language of line graph description.

b. Content:

- Task 1: Work in pairs. Look at the line graph. match the sentences with the information in the graph. (p.55)
- Task 2: Look at the line graph and put the paragraphs in the correct order. (p.56)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.	
d. Organisation	
TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 1: Work in pairs. Look at the line graph. Match the	Answers key:
sentences with the information in the graph. (10 mins)	1. b 2. c 3. a
- Ask students to look at the line graph that shows the percentage of	
population in urban and rural areas over a long period of time.	
- Students listen to the instructions and work in pairs.	
- Focus students' attention on the changes over the years in the	
urban and rural population patterns.	
- Ask students to read the given descriptions and explain if they	
don't understand what these descriptions mean.	
- Tell students to match the phrases (descriptions) with the	
information in the graph.	
- Put students into pairs. Have them work together to do the	
matching.	
- Students check answers with the class.	
- Check answers as a class.	
Task 2: Look at the line graph and put the paragraphs in the	Answer key:
correct order. (10 mins)	The order is: $B - C - A$
- Ask students to read the instructions, look at the line graph and	
then study the outline of a line graph description. Explain any	
words/phrases that students don't know.	
- Students listen to the instructions and work in pairs.	
- Pre-teach some of the more difficult words and phrases, e.g., main	
trends, introduces,	
- Put students in pairs to read and discuss the structure of line graph	
description. Then have them match each paragraph with a	
description.	
- Check answers as a class Students check answers with the class.	
• Ask students to read the Tips box. In weaker classes, give	
students time to read and explain any structures that they don't know.	
• To check understanding of the structure and language of the	
line graph description, ask questions, such as How does the writer	
introduce the line graph? What expressions can be used to show the	
upward trends? What expressions can be used to show the	
downward trends? What linking words can be used to compare or	
do minute de lieb. Tribet lillering Troites euit de abed to compare of	

contrast?

- Teacher checks students' answers as a whole class.

3. ACTIVITY 2: WHILE- WRITING (18 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To provide students with some ideas for the writing activity.
- To help Ss practise writing a description of a line graph.

b. Content:

- Task 3: The line graph below illustrates population trends in Viet Nam from 1960 to 2020. Write a description (120–150 words) of the graph. Use the expressions in Task 1, the model and tips in Task 2, and the suggestions below to help you. (p.56)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks succes	ssfully.
d. Organisation	
TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 3: The line graph below illustrates population	Students' answers
trends in Viet Nam from 1960 to 2020. Write a	
description (120–150 words) of the graph. Use the	
expressions in Task 1, the model and tips in Task 2,	
and the suggestions below to help you. (8 mins)	
- Ask students to read the instructions, and then look at the	
line graph. Tell Ss that they are also provided with some	
suggestions to complete their description.	
- Students work in pairs and independently as instructed.	
- Have students complete the description in pairs or	
individually.	
- Have students work individually to write their first draft.	
- Put students in pairs and ask them to swap their writing	
for peer feedback.	
- Collect students' writings to mark and provide written	
feedback in the next lesson.	

- Teacher gives corrections and feedback.
- 4. ACTIVITY 3: POST- WRITING (18 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To do a cross-check and final check on students' writing.

b. Content:

- Students exchange their work for cross-checking.

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can evaluate others' work as well as improve their pieces of writing.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
CROSS-CHECKING	Writing rubric
- Teacher has the pairs swap and give feedback on each	1. Organization:/10
other's writing. Teacher shows a writing rubric to help	2. Legibility:/10
students do the peer review.	3. Ideas:/10
- Students perform peer review.	4. Word choice:/10
- Students do the task as required.	5. Grammar usage and
- After peer review, students give the writing back to the	mechanics:/10
owner and discuss how to improve it.	TOTAL:/50
- Teacher then chooses one piece of writing and gives	
feedback on it as a model.	
- Teacher chooses some useful or excellent words/	
phrases/ expressions/ word choices students have used to	
give suggestions to other students.	
- Teacher chooses typical errors and corrects them as a	
whole class without nominating the students' names.	

e. Assessment

- Teacher gives corrections and feedback.
- **5. CONSOLIDATION** (2 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- Summarize the main points of the lesson.

b. Homework

- Rewrite the paragraph in the notebooks.Do exercises in the workbook.

D.O.P: 01/12/2024 UNIT 4: MY NEIGHBOURHOOD

D.O.T: 07/12/2024 Lesson: Communication and Culture/ CLIL

Week: 13- Period: 39

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- To provide a model conversation in which speakers make complaints and respond to them.
- To review expressions for making complaints and responding.
- To help students understand urbanisation in Malaysia and Australia.
- To help students relate what they have learnt in the reading text to their own culture.

2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity.
- Develop presentation skills.
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.

3. Personal qualities

- Be proud and respectful of the country's development.
- Actively join in class activities.

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 4, Communication and CLIL.
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV

III. PROCEDURES

1. WARM-UP (5 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To create an active atmosphere in the class before the lesson.

b. Content:

- Video watching

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Video watching	
The teacher shows a short video about travelling around	
"The planet Earth".	Link:
- Students watch the video and answer.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?
- Teacher asks students to look at the questions and raise	v=gKdxPw9HDUs&t=1s
hands to answer.	
- Teacher checks the answer and corrects if it's necessary.	

e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects for students (if needed).

2. ACTIVITY 1: EVERYDAY ENGLISH (15 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To provide a model conversation in which speakers make complaints and respond to them.
- To review expressions for making complaints and responding.

b. Content:

- Task 1: Listen and complete the conversations with the expressions in the box. Then practise them

in pairs. (p.57)

- Task 2: Work in pairs. Use the models in task 1 to make similar conversations for these situations. One of you is A, the other is B. Use the expressions to help you. (p.57)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can use the knowledge they have learnt in this unit to complete the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 1: Listen and complete the conversations with the	Answer key:
expressions in the box. Then practise them in pairs. (7 mins)	1. D
- Ask students to read through the incomplete conversation.	2. A
Check comprehension by asking questions, e.g. Who are the	3. C
speakers? What are they talking about?	4. B
- Students do the task as instructed.	
- Have students listen and complete the conversation with the	
expressions from the box.	
- Check answers by asking two Ss to read out the conversation.	
- Have students underline expressions used to make complaints	
(I want to complain about; I'm sorry to have to say this)	
and to give responses to complaints (I promise/ I'm sorry,	
but there's nothing we can do about it.).	
- Put students in pairs and have them practise the conversation.	
Task 2: Work in pairs. Use the models in task 1 to make	Students' performance
similar conversations for these situations. one of you is A,	
the other is B. Use the expressions to help you. (8 mins)	
- Ask students to read through the situations, and check their	
understanding.	
- Students do the task as instructed.	
- Underline words and phrases in the model conversation that	
students can replace with information from the new situations.	
- Go through the useful expressions in the box and remind	
students to use them in their conversations.	
- Have students spend a few minutes planning their	
conversations, e.g. deciding how they are going to start each	
one, how they are going to start making complaints and how	
they will respond to those complaints. Then have students	
practise their conversations.	

e. Assessment

- Teacher checks students' answers as a whole class.
- 3. ACTIVITY 2: CULTURE/ CLIL (20 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help students understand urbanization in Malaysia and Australia.
- To help students relate what they have learnt in the reading text to their own culture.

b. Content:

- Task 1: Read the text and complete the table. (p.57)
- Task 2: Work in groups. Compare urbanisation in Viet Nam with that in Malaysia and/or Australia. Use the information in Writing and Culture/CLIL and the questions below to help you. (p.58)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

KHBD ENGLISH 12- GLOBAL SUCCESS 2024- 2025 Binh Son high school TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES **CONTENTS** Task 1: Read the text and complete the table. (7 mins) Answer key: - Ask students to look at the two pictures showing these 1. At the end of 19th century two countries. Raise some questions to find out what they 2. about 26 per cent already know about urbanisation in Malaysia and 3. gradual growth 4. One of the most urbanised Australia, e.g. Is Malaysia/Australia urbanised? (Yes, it is.) When did urbanisation start in Malaysia/Australia? countries in East Asia What is the percentage of the current urban population in 5. Almost 90 per cent Malaysia/Australia?... - Students do the task as instructed. - Ask students what they want to know about the topic. Write their questions on the board, e.g. How fast is the urbanisation rate in Malaysia/Australia? Why is urbanisation so fast in Malaysia/Australia?... - Put students into pairs. Ask them to read the text about urbanisation in Malaysia and Australia, and then complete the table. Walk around the class and offer help, explaining unfamiliar words or answering questions. - Check answers as a class by calling on pairs to write the information on the board. - Go back to the questions on the board, i.e. the things students wanted to know about the topic. Ask which of the questions they can answer now and cross them out. Assign the rest for homework. Task 2: Work in groups. Compare urbanisation in Students' answers. Viet Nam with that in Malaysia and/or Australia. use the information in Writing and Culture/CLIL and the questions below to help you. (13 mins) - Have students look back at the text and refer to the text and the notes they completed in Activity 1 about urbanisation in Malaysia and Australia. - Students do the task as instructed.

- Ask students to work in groups and compare Viet Nam's urbanisation with that in Malaysia and/ or in Australia, based on the suggested questions. Walk around and help Ss if necessary.

- Invite some groups to report their discussion.

e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects for students as a whole class.
- 4. CONSOLIDATION (5 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- Summary the main points of the lesson.

b. Homework

- Prepare for the next lesson.