ĐỀ SỐ 13

Thời gian làm bài: 120 phút

PART A: LISTENING (10 pts)

Part I. Listen to Duncan talking to a friend about a tennis course, choose the correct answer.

1. How long was the tennis course?

A. one dayB. two daysC. five days2. Duncan stayed in a hotel ______.A. in a townB. near the seaC. in the mountains3. Duncan's teacher was born in ______.A. EnglandB. FranceC. Canada

4. How much did Duncan pay for the course?A. £ 185B. £ 205C. £ 265

5. Before the course, Duncan bought himself some new .

A. shoes B. clothes C. balls

Part II. You will hear a conversation about an art club. Listen and complete.

PART B: PHONETICS

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

1. A. fl <u>our</u>	B. <u>four</u>	C. p <u>our</u>	D. course
2. A. ceas <u>ed</u>	B. decreas <u>ed</u>	C. caus <u>ed</u>	D. promis <u>ed</u>
3. A. carriage	B. voy <u>age</u>	C. mass <u>age</u>	D. dos <u>age</u>
4. A. belov <u>ed</u>	B. plough <u>ed</u>	C. learn <u>ed</u>	D. nak <u>ed</u>
5. A. brea <u>th</u>	B. mo <u>th</u> er	C. fa <u>th</u> er	D. brea <u>th</u> e

II. Pick out the word that stressed differently from the others.

1. A.	B. experience	C. inspiration	D. embroidery
communicate			
2. A. banyan	B. blanket	C. exchange	D. gather
3. A. decorate	B. behave	C. expect	D. describe
4. A. realize	B. product	C. mechanic	D. separate
5. A. comment	B. garment	C. cement	D. even
PART C: VOCAE	ULARY AND GR	AMMAR (30 pts	
I. Choose the cori	rect answer A, B, C	C or D.	
1. Listen to what I a	im saying,	?	
A. would you B	. will you C. d	on't you	D. do you
2. People don't like	the way he shows o	ff,?	
A. don't they	B. does he	C. do they	D. doesn't he
3. Let's wait for the	m here. I'm sure tha	t they will	soon.
A. turn off B	turn up C. tu	urn down	D. turn over
4. I took someone e	else's coat from the r	estaurant by	<u> .</u> .
A. one's self	B. mistake	C. error	D. hand
5. He is in a much _	mood than	usual.	
A. best B	better C. g	ood D. we	II
6. His father was w	orking at h	is desk.	
A. industry B	industrial	C. industrious	D. industriously
7. Last Sunday was	that we de	ecided to go on a pic	nic.
A. so beautiful a dag	y B.s	uch beautiful a day	
C. so beautiful day D. such a beautiful day			ıl day
8. Living organisms	contain more water	substance	2.
A. than do any other B. other than do they any			
C. than any other		D. does than any	other
9 he love	d her, he didn't forg	ive her for what she	had done.
A. Much as B	Because C. N	o matter	D. However
10. "Is it all right if I use your bike?" - ""			
A. Sure, go ahead.	B. Oh, forget it.	C. I don't care.	D. I accept it.
11. That wasn't a true story. He just it up.			
A. did	B. made	C. got	D. put

12. happens, I'll stand by y	ou.
A. Whatever B. What	C. Which D. That
13. Our teacher asks us to write	compositions every other week.
A. two - thousand - word	B. two - thousands - word
C. two - thousand – words	D. two - thousands – words
14. It was that he couldn't f	finish it alone.
A. a so difficult work B	. a so difficult job
C. such a difficult job D	. such a difficult work
15. "Are they good pianists?" - "Malv	e's a good pianist"
A. but Somsri isn't too B	. and Somsri is, too
C. but Somsri isn't either	D. and Somsri is either
II. Complete the following senten	ces with the correct form of the words
in brackets.	
1. On Christmas Day, I often send my	r friends cards. (greet)
2. Paris is for the Eiff	el Tower. (fame)
3. He has been an active	in the contest. (participate)
4. Over 200 entered	the race. (compete)
5. Her father soon died of a	heart. (break)
6. Some of my live in	n the countryside. (relate)
7. This knife needs	(sharp)
8. A fairy appeared and	changed her clothes. (magic)
9. She gets angry if you	with her ideas. (agree)
10. Stamp can be a	very expensive hobby. (collect)
III. Supply the correct form of the	e verbs in brackets.
1. I've decided (stop)	_ smoking.
2. How many times you (be)	to London this year?
3. This house (build)	three years ago.
4. We are tired of (work)	for low salary.
5. This is the second time you (break) a cup.
6. He (break) his gla	sses when he (play)football.
7. I'll wait until he (write)	his next story.
8. He said he (be)	sorry as he (give) me so
much trouble.	
IV. Each sentence below contain	s an error. Underline it and write the

correct answer in the space provided.

1. The men told the children didn't play too noisily.

- 2. The company has been opened in 1999.
- 3. Mary asked me how did I go to school every day.
- 4. The amount of the money they took from the bank were very little.

5. I am going to have my car to repair in the garage.

PART D. READING (20 pts)

I. Read the passage and use only one suitable word to fill in each gap.

A pioneer in the field of telecommunications, Alexander Graham Bell, was (1) ______ in 1847 in Edinburgh, Scotland. He moved to Ontario, and then to the United States, setting in Boston, before beginning his career as an inventor. Throughout his life, Bell had been interested (2) ______ the education of deaf people. This interest led him to (3) ______ the microphone and, in 1867, his "electrical speech machine", which we now call a (4) ______. News of his invention quickly (5) ______ throughout the country, even throughout Europe. By 1878, Bell had set up the first telephone exchange in New Haven, Connecticut. By 1884, long distance connections were (6) ______ between Boston, Massachusetts and New York City.

Bell imagined great uses for his telephone, like the model from (**7**) ______ 1920s, but would he ever have (**8**) ______ telephone lines being used to transmit video images? Since his (**9**) ______ in 1922, the telecommunication industry has undergone an amazing revolution. Today, non-hearing people are able to use a special display telephone to communicate. Bell's "electrical speech machine" paved the way (**10**) ______ the information superhighway.

II. Read the following passage and choose the correct answer for each gap by circling it.

Most people think of computer as very modern inventions, products of our new age. But actually the idea for a computer was (**1**) ______ out over two centuries ago by a man (**2**) ______ Charles Babbage.

Babbage was born in 1791 and (**3**) ______ up to be a brilliant mathematician. He drew up plans for several caculating machines (**4**) ______ he called "engines". But despite the fact that he (**5**) ______ building some of these he never finished any of them.

Over the year people have argued (**6**) _____ his machines would ever work. Recently, however the Science Museum in London has finished building (**7**) engine (**8**) on one of Babbage's designs.

It has taken six years to complete and more (**9**) ______ four thousand parts have been special made. Whether it worked or not, the machine will be on show at a special exhibition in the Science Museum to (**10**) ______ people of Babbage's work.

1. A. invented	B. thought	C. turned	D. worked	
2. A. known	B. recognized	C. called	D. written	
3. A. grew	B. developed	C. brought	D. expected	
4. A. there	B. who	C. which	D. whose	
5. A. wanted	B. made	C. started	D. missed	
6. A. until	B. whether	C. while	D. though	
7. A. the	B. an	C. some	D. that	
8. A. depended	B. based	C. insisted	D. influenced	
9. A. than	B. therefore	C. when	D. then	
10. A. encourage	B. say	C. inform	D. remind	

PART E: WRITING

I. Rewrite each sentence, beginning as shown, so that the meaning stays the same.

- 1. "I think you should go by train." he told us.
- \rightarrow He advised
- **2.** It was such a boring film that she felt asleep.
- \rightarrow The film
- **3.** We find it difficult to understand this question.
- \rightarrow This question
- **4.** Peter spent three hours repainting his house.
- \rightarrow It
- **5.** They've lived here for six years.

 \rightarrow They moved

6. I've never read a more romantic story.

- \rightarrow It's the
- 7. Noone works harder than Barbara.
- \rightarrow Barbara
- 8. I haven't met him for two years.
- → lt's
- **9.** It was my breakfast time when Susan rang.
- \rightarrow I was
- **10.** My advice for you is to get there on time.
- \rightarrow I'd rather

II. Use the following sets of words and phrases to write complete sentences.

1. Learning/ foreign language/ necessary/ us/ get/job./

2. Video film/ interesting/I / see/ twice.

3. Boxing/ too/ dangerous/ her/ play,/ it?

4. He/ try/ stop/ smoking/ many times/ but/ he/ never/ succeed./

5. Tomorrow, parents/ come/ stay/ me/ few days/ so/l/ excited/ now.

6. Dear Nga,

a. I/ be/ sorry/I / not/ write/ you/ such/ long time/ but I/ be/ very busy./

b. as you know,/ we/ just/ move/ new flat/ center/ city/.

c. We/ like/ you/ come over/ dinner/ our new flat/ 7p.m./ next Saturday/.

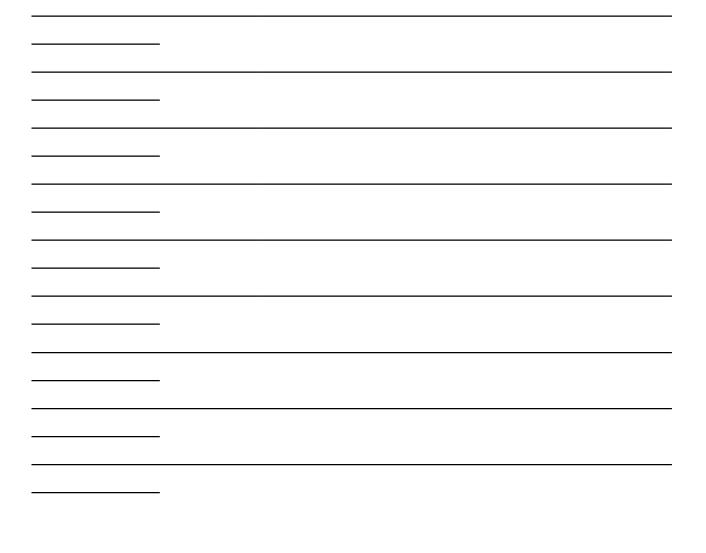
d. Please give me/ ring/let/ know/ you/ able/ come./

e. I/ really/ look forward/ see/ you again.

A lot of love,

Mai

III. Write (over 150 words) about the festival(s) that you have joined recently. (The essay must have a title and three parts: Opening — Body and Conclusion. Don't show your proper names/ school/ village..., and has about 150 words or more)



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