

## ENGLISH WRITTEN TEST

Time : 45 minutes

School year : 2019 - 2020

### A. LISTENING

#### **I. Listen to the tape and circle the answer.**

- The writer had a mobile phone when he was .....years old.  
A. eighteen                      B.eight                      C.eighty                      D.seventeen
- The writer does lots of things with his mobiphone such as.....  
A. playing games                      B. listening to music and the radio  
C. sending and receiving messages                      D. All are correct
- Texting friends is a lot ..... than calling them  
A.cheaper                      B.more expensive                      C.more interesting                      D.more boring
- I've told my friends to come to my house .....  
A. in the evening                      B.in the morning                      C.after school                      D.at night

#### **II. Listen again and write the missing word .**

Playing games on mobile phone has also many disadvantages . Firstly , It can (1) .....eye's problems . Secondly , mobile phone can change their way to some unwanted things . Thirdly , using many functions on mobile phone can make students to be (2)..... They don't care about time for study and family . (3)....., radiation from mobile phones can lead brain damage and cause bad health (4)..... . For these reasons , parents should be considered before buying a mobile phone for your school children .

### B. USE OF LANGUAGE

#### **I. Find the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

- A. brave                      B. fable                      C. dragon                      D. tale
- A. celebrated                      B. booked                      C. practiced                      D. missed

#### **II. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.**

- A. collection                      B. selection                      C. question                      D. historian
- A. electrician                      B. education                      C. application                      D. participation

**III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D.**

1. My mother enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ traditional food for our family, especially at Tet holiday.  
A. cook                      B. to cook                      C. cooking                      D. cooked
2. My father sometimes goes \_\_\_\_\_ in the forests. He'd like to find some more food for our family.  
A. hunt                      B. hunting                      C. to hunt                      D. hunted
3. Look! Some children are \_\_\_\_\_ the buffaloes.  
A. picking                      B. herding                      C. driving                      D. playing
4. The sky is \_\_\_\_\_ here in the countryside because there are no buildings to block the view.  
A. tidy                      B. close                      C. dense                      D. vast
5. Is living in the city \_\_\_\_\_ than living in the country?  
A. more convenient                      B. as convenient  
C. most convenient                      D. so convenient
6. He is surprised \_\_\_\_\_ that there are 54 ethnic groups in our country.  
A. to understand                      B. to study                      C. to know                      D. find

**IV. Put the verb into the correct form .**

1. Mai enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ crafts , especially bracelets (make)
2. \_\_\_\_\_ you ever \_\_\_\_\_ a buffalo? (ride)
3. The children used to \_\_\_\_\_ a long way to school. (go)
4. They hate \_\_\_\_\_ their son texting his friends all day. (see)

**V. Identify a mistake in each sentence and correct it.**

1. Vietnam is an multicultural country with 54 ethnic group.  
.....
2. We speak English fluent now than last year.  
.....
3. We broke with tradition by make sponge cakes for the Mid-Autumn Festival instead of moon cakes.  
.....
4. You has to take off your hats when you go to the pagoda.  
.....

**C. READING**

**I. Read the following passage then answer the questions:**

Gong culture in the Central Highlands of Viet Nam has been recognized by UNESCO as a Masterpiece of the Intangible Heritage of Humanity. Gong culture covers five provinces of the Central Highlands: Kon Tum, Gia Lai, Dak Lak, Dak Nong and Lam Dong. The masters of gong culture are the ethnic groups of Bahnar, Sedang, Mnong, Coho... The Gong Festival is held annually in the Central Highlands. In the festival, artists from these provinces give gong performances, highlighting the gong culture of their own province. For the ethnic groups of the Central Highlands, gongs are musical instruments of special power. It is believed that every gong is the symbol of a god who grows more powerful as the gong gets older. Therefore, gongs are associated with special occasions in people's lives, such as the building of new houses, funerals, crop praying ceremonies... The gong sound is a way to communicate with the gods.

1. Where does Gong culture exist?

.....

2. How often is the Gong Festival held?

.....

3. What do artists do in the Gong Festival?

.....

4. Are gongs pieces of folk music?

.....

**II. Complete the passage with the words in the box.**

<b>instead</b>	<b>showing</b>	<b>customs</b>	<b>first</b>
----------------	----------------	----------------	--------------

"Li xi" is an important part in Vietnam's (1) ..... of Tet Festival, especially with children. It is a small amount of money that can bring good fortune to the upcoming year. However, "li xi" is not limited only on the first day, but can even last to the 9th or 10th day of Tet Festival, and given when the adults (2) ..... met the kids. Besides the money, the tiny red envelope also has its own meaning. It represents the secrecy and privacy to avoid comparison as adults want children to regard the money as the gift of New Year,

(3) ..... of being jealous of receiving less than other kids. The red color, the most popular color appearing in Vietnamese festivals, signifies the prosperity and great luck according to Asian's beliefs. In the morning of the first day of Lunar New Year, children and parents will visit grandparents' home, wishing for a happy new year and great health, (4) ..... respect and gratitude, and giving gifts. After that, it is grandparents and adults' turn to give children lucky money to welcome their new age.

**D. WRITING**

**I. Rewrite the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning with the first one .**

- 1. Cats cannot swim as well as dogs.  
→ Dogs can swim.....
- 2. Minh really loves to hang out with friends.  
→ Minh really enjoys.....
- 3. Playing beach games is very interesting.  
→ It is.....
- 4. He uses all his free time to look after his garden.  
→ He spends.....

**II. Write questions for these answers.**

- 1. Of the three costumes, I like the red one most.  
.....
- 2. The water wheel is used to get the water for the fields.  
.....

## KEY

**Tổng điểm : 10= 0,25 \*40**

**A.**

**I.**

I've had a mobile phone since I was 8 years old. I do lots of things with it: play games, listen to music and the radio take pictures and make videos... I also talk to my friends, but mainly I send and receive messages! texting friends is a lot cheaper than calling them. The first week of the challenge was hard! But I've just found the perfect way to win the challenge . I've told my friends to come to my house after school and for the weekend , too. It's been great because now I know that being with my friends is a lot better .

**1.B**

**2.D**

**3.A**

**4.C**

**II.**

Playing games on mobile phone has also many disadvantages . Firstly , It can cause eye's problems . Secondly , mobile phone can change their way to some unwanted things . Thirdly , using many functions on mobile phone can make students to be addicted. They don't care about time for study and family . Moreover , radiation from mobile phones can lead brain damage and cause bad health effects . For these reasons , parents should be considered before buying a mobile phone for your school children.

**1. cause**

**2.addicted**

**3.Moreover**

**4. effects**

**B.**

**I.**

1. C 2. A

**II.**

1. C 2. D

**III.**

1.C

2.B

3.B

4.D

5A

6.C

**IV.**

1. making

2. have - ridden

3. go

4. seeing/ to see

V.

1. an- a

2. fluent- fluently

3. make- making

4. has to- have to

C.

I.

1.It exists in the Central Highlands of Viet Nam.

2.It is held once a year / annually.

3.They give gong performances, highlighting the gong culture of their own province.

4.No, they aren't.

II.

1. customs    2. first    3. instead    4. showing

**D.**

I.

1. Dogs can swim better than cats.

2. Minh really enjoys hanging out with friends.

3. It is very interesting to play beach games.

4. He spends all his free time looking after his garden

II.

1. Which costume of the three do you like most ?

2. What is the water wheel to do ?