SỞ GD&ĐT PHÚ THỌ TRƯỜNG PTCLC HÙNG VƯƠNG

ĐỀ THAM KHẢO TUYỀN SINH LỚP 10 NĂM HỌC 2024 - 2025

MÃ ĐĚ 001

Môn: Tiếng Anh

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút, không kể thời gian giao đề Đề thi có 04 trang

Câu I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (0,8 điểm)

1. A. gamble	B. dangerous	C. gap	D. guarantee
2. A. bicycle	B. drive	C. invention	D. des <u>ign</u>
3. A. quizz <u>es</u>	B. promis <u>es</u>	C. watches	D. stor <u>es</u>
4. A. sacr <u>ed</u>	B. control <u>ed</u>	C. prepar <u>ed</u>	D. destroy <u>ed</u>

Câu II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau. (3,2 điểm)

1. She used to spend a lot	of money on books,	?		
A. does she	B. did she	C. didn't she	D. doesn't she	
2. Have you met the wom	an daughte	er looks after the child fo	r us?	
A. who	B. which	C. whom	D. whose	
3. Mary and Sam won't at	ttend the meeting tomor	row, and will I.		
A. either	B. neither	C. so	D. too	
4. The workshop gives tee	enagers to	establish healthy ways to	deal with stress.	
A. opportunity	B. experience	C. mission	D. advantage	
5. You water	the plants. It's going to	o rain tonight.		
A. mustn't	B. don't have to	C. need	D. have to	
6. The family always enjo	y themselves	having no money.		
A. although	B. in spite of	C. so	D. despite of	
7. The lessons this year ar	than those	se last year.		
		e	B. more long and diffucult	
C. more longer and more difficult		D. more difficult and	-	
8. I'm afraid we don't have	e to make	the dessert.		
e e	e	C. such oranges	D. enough oranges	
9. It that all t				
A. expects	B. to be expected	C. being expected	D. is expected	
10. Thuong's father gave				
A. beautiful red Italiar		B. beautiful Italian rec		
C. Italian beautiful wo	ollen red I). woollen red beautiful l	talian	
11. Jim is a warm-hearted A. makes		a helping hand to h	D 110	
12. Because of the bad we				
A. put off		C. set up		
Chọn một phương án A,	1	· .	_	
chận.	D, C noục D ung voi i	i noșe căm la aong ngh	voi prun unve guen	

13. We should go to the mountainous area to enjoy some **fresh** air at the weekend.

A	D	C	
A. windy	B. rainy	C. unpolluted	D. polluted
	1 5	though his boss said it was	1
A. made	B. continued	C. fought	D. began
Chọn một phương á tiếp sau.	n A, B, C hoặc D ứng với	i câu đáp lại phù hợp trong	g các tình huống giao
	e e e	ome activities for the next s or all students in our schoo	
A. That's a good	idea!	B. It is nonsense.	
C. It is an interna	tional language.	D. It must be more th	an 20 members.
16. <i>Tuan and Lan are</i> - Tuan: "I've passed - Lan: "'	e waiting for the bus. my exam."		
A. Please, do.		B. It's nice of you to	say so.
C. Good luck!		D. Congratulations!	
(0,8 điểm)		chân A, B, C, hoặc D tron s on the shelves before last	
A. kinds	B. on the shelves	C. Newspapers	D. had arranged
3. The music was too	loud that I couldn't sleep	1 1	C
A. well	$\mathbf{B.}$ too loud	C. couldn't	D. The
4. I haven't seen Kate	and David's children for	years. Which ones are then	n?
A. haven't seen	B. them	C. children	D. years
4. A man who is waiti	ing for the bus there is my	neighbor.	2
A. waiting	\mathbf{B} . is	С. А	D. the
1. Last Saturday at 7 p		pặc để hoàn chỉnh các câu an appointment wi it	
-	rs (go)		
	ell) me		
		hoàn chỉnh các câu sau. (0.8 điểm)
_		t people have to deal with.	
	lped students study more_		(effective)
	whether he should		
		ngresource	
(natu			

Câu VI. Chọn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau. (0,8 điểm)

Firstly, having an aim or goal is important when you are learning a language. You should think about (1) _____ you want to study English and what you want to achieve. When you have decided on your main goal, you can then make smaller steps to reach it. This method helps you to stay motivated. Secondly, learning a language takes a lot of time and practice. (2) _____, it helps if you have a routine when you are studying. You should think about how long you can study for each day or week. Whether you study for 30 minutes each day or 1-2 hours throughout the week, you will gradually improve your English. Thirdly, you won't be perfect at English straightaway. All learners (and many native speakers!) (3) _____ mistakes in English. It's better to be fluent (talking smoothly in a way that can be understood) and make errors than be accurate without fluency. You

can ask the people you are talking with to identify mistakes in your English. These corrections will make you better at using English in a (4) ______way.

1. A. what	B. where	C. whose	D. why
2. A. Therefore	B. However	C. But	D. Or
3. A. produce	B. make	C. find	D. discover
4. A. naturally	B. nature	C. natural	D. unnatural

Câu VII. Đọc đoạn văn và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (0,8 điểm)

Yellowstone is the United States' first and most famous national park. This large wilderness area is very high in the Rocky Mountains of the northwestern US. It is bigger than the smallest state in the US. Yellowstone became the world's first national park in 1872. Yellowstone has many different <u>kinds</u> of beautiful scenery. Although millions of people visit the park, the land remains unchanged-still a wildemess. The valley of the Yellowstone River has beautiful colored rocks and three large waterfalls. In the early morning or evening, visitors sometimes see large deer-like animals, or buffaloes eating grass along the shores of lake Yellowstone. The high mountains around Yellowstone are covered with evergreen forests.

Yellowstone Park has many areas with hot springs. <u>These</u> are caused by heat from the hot enter of the earth. Old Faithful is the most famous. Every 70 minutes, Old Faithful sends hot water about 150 feet high into the air. When you visit Yellowstone, why not live like a cowboy? You can stay at an Old West country hotel. You'll enjoy typical cowboy food outdoor. You can ride a horse along one of many paths or trails. If you like excitement, take a boat trip down the Snake River, or spend a quiet summer day fishing by a river or a blue mountain lake.

1. Where can the visitors sometimes see animal eating grass?

A. on the top of the mountains		B. at anywhere in the forests		
C. at the three large waterfalls		D. along the shores of the lake		
2. The word " <u>kina</u> A. types	<u>ls</u> " in paragraph 1 is clos B. pairs	sest in meaning to C. means	D. members	
3. The word " <i><u>The</u></i> A. parks	<u>se</u> " in paragraph 2 refer B. hot springs	s to C. areas	D. forests	
4. What is the be	st title of the passage?			
A. Interesting wate	erfalls in Yellowstone			
B. Interesting Cow	boys at Yellowstone			
C. Hot Springs and	d Forests in Yellowstone			
D. An Introduction	n of Yellowstone			
Câu VIII. Đọc đoạ	n văn sau và trả lời các JAPAN EARTHQU	câu hỏi . (0,8 điểm) J AKE & TSUNAMI IN	2011	

On March 11, 2011, there was a magnitude-9 earthquake in north- eastern Japan. This natural disaster was so terrible and lead to a lot of changes in Japanese's life.

According to some newspaper, more than 120,000 buildings were destroyed, 278,000 were half-destroyed and 726,000 were partially destroyed. The Japanese government estimated that the direct financial damage from the disaster was about \$199 billion dollars (about 16.9 trillion yen). The World Bank also estimated the total economic cost could be up to \$235 billion. Therefore, it was considered to be one of the costliest natural disaster in world history. In Japan, residents have been still recovering from the disaster. Their effort to lead a new life is so amazing, although some people lost their property or even family members. All the world looks up to those Japanese because of their considerable effort.

1. When did the earthquake in Japan happen?

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2. Were 278,000 buildings destroyed totally?
3. Was the cost of this natural disaster expensive or cheap?
4. What did Japanese residents do after the disaster?
Câu IX. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho không thay đổi nghĩa so với câu đã cho. (1,2 điểm) 1. They will plant a lot of trees around the park next weekend. $\rightarrow A$ lot of trees
2. "Who do you often share with when you get problems?" Nick said to me. \rightarrow <i>Nick asked</i>
3. Promise to return back the money and I will lend you some.
 → <i>If</i> 4. I last saw Jenny when I graduated from university. → <i>I haven't</i>
5. Jacob is a more skillful weaver than I am.
 → Jacob weaves
\rightarrow Because

------ HÉT------

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