D.O.P: 21/02/2025 UNIT 7: THE WORLD OF MASS MEDIA
D.O.T: 24/02/2025 Lesson: Listening – Fake news on the Internet

Week: 23- Period: 67

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- Gain an overview about fake news on the Internet;
- Memorize vocabulary to talk about fake news on the Internet.

2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity;
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork;
- Develop presentation skills.

3. Personal qualities

- Be responsible for the community

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 7, Listening
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

III. PROCEDURES

1. WARM-UP (5 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help Ss understand and activate their knowledge of the topic.

b. Content:

- Video watching

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can join the game and gain knowledge on the topic.

d. Organisation:

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
	COLLECTO
Video watching	Link:
- Teacher prepares a video about fake news and asks Ss to	https://www.youtube.com/
watch the video and write down information about real news	watch?v=KX8-BOc7Z0c
	waten: v RXo-BOC/Zoc
and fake news.	
- Students watch the video and write down information about	
real news and fake news.	
Tanahar mlaya tha xidaa amaa	
- Teacher plays the video once.	
- Teacher checks answers with the whole class.	
- Teacher replays and pauses the video if necessary.	
- Students check their answers with the class.	
- Students effect their answers with the class.	
L	

e. Assessment:

- Teacher corrects for students (if needed)

2. ACTIVITY 1: PRE-LISTENING (9 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To get students to learn vocabulary related to the topic;
- To activate prior knowledge about the topic and get Ss involved in the lesson.

b. Content:

- Task 1: Work in pairs. Find 3 words in the wordsearch to show things you should look at to decide whether a piece of news is fake or not. (p.95)
- Vocabulary

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students understand the meaning and know how to pronounce some words from the recording.

d. Organisation:

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES

Task 1: Work in pairs. Find 3 words in the wordsearch to show things you should look at to decide whether a piece of news is fake or not. (4 mins)

- Ask students to look at the photo. Ask if they have any experience of fake news before. If they say yes, ask if they know how to 'spot' fake news
- Students find the words in the wordsearch.
- Put Ss in pairs. Tell them that they will find three words in the word search which show the things they should pay attention to before they can decide whether a piece of news is fake or not.
- In weaker classes, find one word for them as an example. If the class struggle, give them a hint (e.g. there is a diagonal word) or some clues (e.g., the first letter(s) of each word/some words)
- Check answers as a class.
- Briefly explain the answers (e.g. You need to check if the images are real, for example, not altered using Photoshop or other software. You also need to see if the language is accurate and grammatically correct. In addition, it is important to evaluate the source of information to make sure it is reliable. These three elements will help you decide whether a piece of news is fake or not) and encourage them to listen to the recording in the next activity to find out more.

STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES

Answer key:

	G	6	7	Е	R	G	F	Η
	K	Е	Σ	y /	W	Α	Α	8
	Н	ш	6	Α	×	Α	U	Н
	Q	Ε	В	/	G	y	Т	0
	Ν	Р	С	Н	Z	Ε	Н	F
	В	X	Η	R	-	1	3	С
()	\s	0	U	R	С	Ш)s	C
	В	X	Ι	R	-	Т	R	>
	M	Α	N	G	U	Α	G	A

Vocabulary teaching (5 mins)

- Teacher introduces the vocabulary.
- Students say the meaning of the words.
- Teacher explains the meaning of the new vocabulary with different techniques (pictures, actions, synonyms ...)
- Students write new words on their notebook.
- -Teacher checks students' understanding with the "Rub out and remember" technique.
- Teacher asks Ss to take notes on their notebooks.

e. Assessment

- Teacher checks students' pronunciation and gives feedback.

New words:

- 1. ashamed (of) (adj)
- 2. fake (adj)
- 3. population (n)

- Teacher observes Ss' writing of vocabulary in their notebooks.

3. ACTIVITY 2: WHILE-LISTENING (20 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help Ss practise listening for the main idea;
- To help Ss practise listening for specific information;
- To provide Ss with some basic information about fake news on the Internet.

b. Content:

- Task 2: Listen to three students talking about fake news. Match the speaker with his/her attitude towards fake news. There are TWO extra options. (p.95)
- Task 3: Listen to the recording again and complete the notes below. Use no more than TWO words and/or numbers for each gap. (p.95)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can catch the main idea as well as specific details of the recording and complete the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation:

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 2: Listen to three students talking about fake news.	Answer key:
Match the speaker with his/her attitude towards fake news.	Mai - A
There are TWO extra options. (10 mins)	Nam - D
- Tell Ss that they are going to listen to three speakers and find	Mark - B
out their attitudes towards fake news.	
- Students make predictions before listening.	
- Ask Ss to read the statements A-E. Make sure they understand	
these statements and encourage them to underline key words in	
each statement. E.g. A. He/she's worried about fake news. B.	
He/she's not worried about fake news.	
- Listen and check the answers.	
- Ask Ss to listen and pay attention to the key words, as well as	
paraphrases of these key words. In weaker classes, help them	
brainstorm the possible paraphrases of these key words. E.g. 1.	
'Worried' could be paraphrased as 'concerned', 'a (big)	
problem/issue' in the recording.	
- Encourage Ss to pay attention to words or expressions the	
speaker may use to describe likes, dislikes, agreement,	
disagreement etc. as well as his/her tone of voice. In weaker	
classes, help them brainstorm the possible words and expressions,	
and discuss the possible tones of voice to express the attitudes in	
the statements. E.g. E. When people feel annoyed, they sound	
angry and tend to use high-pitch voice. They may say something	
such as "It's annoying", or "I can't stand" to express their	
anger.	
- Play the recording once. For weaker classes, play the recording	
twice.	
- Check answers as a class.	

Task 3: Listen to the recording again and complete the notes below. Use no more than TWO words and/or numbers for each gap. (10 mins)

- Tell Ss that they are going to listen to the recording again. This time, they should complete the words, using no more than two words for each blank.
- Ask them to study the notes to get the general ideas.
- Encourage them to underline key words in the notes.
- Students read the questions and underline the key words.
- Play the recording. Ask them to listen carefully, pay attention to these key words or their paraphrases in the recording. Remind them that the word/phrase for each gap is exactly the same as taken from the recording. It should fit the gap in terms of both form and meaning. Finally, it should not exceed the word limit (2 words at most).
- Students find the words to fill in the blanks in the recording.
- Check answers as a class.

Answer key:

- 1. 72 million
- 2. 75%/per cent
- 3. behaviour
- 4. credible
- 5 bias

e. Assessment

- Teacher's observation on Ss' performance.
- Teacher's feedback and peers' feedback.

4. ACTIVITY 3: POST-LISTENING (8 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To check students' understanding and memorize the information in the recording;
- To help some students enhance presentation skills;
- To practise team working;
- To help Ss use the language and ideas from the listening to share their experiences of fake news.

b. Content:

- Task 4: Work in groups. Discuss these questions.

How helpful do you find the tips in the talk? Have you used any of them? (p.95)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can use the language and ideas from the unit to share their experiences of fake news.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES **CONTENTS** Task 4: Work in groups. Discuss these questions. Suggested answer: - Ask Ss to work in groups. Have them discuss the tips for dealing I find all the tips useful, with fake news they have learned in the recording. and have used the first tip - Students work in groups and discuss. myself. For example, I always go to official - Invite some Ss to share their answers with the whole class. websites of credible - Students share their ideas to the whole class. newspapers to get news. I try to avoid personal blogs on the Internet because bloggers may lack expertise on different topics and may express opinions rather than facts.

But I have never used the other tips. I think will try the second tip in the future. Instead of getting news from one source, perhaps I should try to check if the same news is reported on other trusted sites. The last tip will also be useful, but I think I will need better English language skills to detect spelling and grammar mistakes or bias in news stories written in English.

e. Assessment

- Teacher's observation on Ss' performance.
- Teacher's feedback and peers' feedback.

5. CONSOLIDATION (3 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- Summarise the main points of the lesson.

b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.
- Prepare for the next lesson Writing

D.O.P: 21/02/2025 UNIT 7: THE WORLD OF MASS MEDIA D.O.T: 25/02/2025 Lesson: Writing – Description of pie charts

Week: 23- Period: 68

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- Synthesise and summarise information in order to write a pie chart description to compare main news sources among different age groups;
- Apply structures to write a pie chart description to compare main news sources among different age groups.

2. Competences

- Develop writing skills, in terms of vocabulary, grammar, coherence and cohesion;
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork;

3. Personal qualities

- Be responsible for the community

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 7, Writing
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

III. PROCEDURES

1. WARM-UP (5 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To create an active atmosphere in the class before the lesson;
- To lead into the new lesson.

b. Content:

- Game: Pictionary

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can guess the words based on the pictures.

d. Organisation	
TEACHER AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Pictionary - Teacher divides the class into two teams Students look at the picture and guess the words.	Word list:
 Teacher call one student by a time to come to the board and show the student a word. The chosen student will draw a picture to describe the word. The teams will raise their hands to answer. The fastest will get the chance. When the game is finished, teacher counts how many correct answers each team has. The winner will be the one with the most correct answers. Teacher leads in the new lesson by asking some questions. Students check their answers with the class. 	 pie chart bar chart table process maps
	6. line graph

e. Assessment

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

2. ACTIVITY 1: PRE-WRITNG (10 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help Ss understand the pie charts in Activity 2;
- To help Ss synthesise and summarise information from the pie charts;
- To help students have the ideas for their writing;
- To familiarize Ss with the structure and language of a pie chart description.

b. Content:

- Task 1: Work in pairs. Study the pie charts on page 96 and choose the correct answer A or B. (p.95-96)
- Task 2: Complete the following description of the charts in 1. Use the words and phrases in the box. (p.96)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can select the appropriate information and have ideas to write about the descriptions of given charts.

d. Organisation:

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 1: Work in pairs. Study the pie charts on page 96 and choose	Answer key:
the correct answer A or B. (5 mins)	1. A
- Have Ss quickly look at the pie charts in Activity 2.	2. A
	3. B
- Ask them some questions to check their broad understanding. E.g. What	4. B
does the chart show? (information about the main news sources among	5. A
young adults and old people) When was the information reported?	
(2022). What do the colours represent? (The sources of information,	
namely TV, printed newspapers, online new sites, and others).	
- Students read the given questions and work in pais to choose the correct	
answers.	
- Put them in pairs. Ask them to study the charts more closely and choose	

the best answer to each question. - Check their answers as a class. Invite some Ss to explain for their answers. E.g. 1. Television was very popular among both the young adults (35%) and the old people (42%). These are the highest proportions in each age group. - Students share their answers with the whole class.	
Task 2: Complete the following descriptions of the charts in 1. Use	Answer key:
the words and phrases in the box. (5 mins)	1. most popular
- Have Ss skim through the pie chart description. In weaker classes, read	2. Meanwhile
through the description and the box and check if Ss know the	3. as opposed to
words/phrases.	4. while
- Students fill in the gaps with the words and phrases in the box.	
- Have Ss fill in the gaps with the words and phrases in the box.	
- Check answers as a class.	
- Ask Ss to read the Tips box. Use the text to illustrate each part. E.g. The	
first sentence introduces the pie charts. It reads "The pie charts compare	
".	
- Students share their answers with the whole class.	

e. Assessment:

- Teacher checks students' answers as a whole class.
- 3. ACTIVITY 2: WHILE-WRITING (18 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help Ss practise writing a pie chart description.

b. Content:

- Task 3: Write a description (120–150 words) of the charts below. Use the model and tips in 2 to help you. (p.96)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can write a pie chart description.

d. Organisation:

a. Objectives:

- To help Ss practise writing a pie chart description.

b. Content:

- Task 3: Write a description (120–150 words) of the charts below. Use the model and tips in 2 to help you. (p.96)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can write a pie chart description.

d. Organisation:

TEACHER AND STUDENTS 'ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 3: Write a description (120–150 words) of the charts	
below. Use the model and tips in 2 to help you.	
- Tell Ss that they are going to write pie chart description. It	Suggested answer:
includes the same pie charts in Activity 2, but now a new pie	
chart about teenagers has been added. Therefore, they could use	
the ideas, the model and tips in Activity 2 in this activity.	The pie charts compare the main

- Students brainstorm for the ideas and the language necessary for writing
- Give Ss a time limit. In weaker classes, put Ss in pairs or groups to help each other. Walk around the class to provide help when necessary.
- In stronger classes, have Ss work individually, then swap their drafts with a partner and comment on each other's ideas, vocabulary, and grammar. If time allows, encourage Ss to make revisions based on peer feedback before they produce a final draft.
- Collect Ss' writing tasks and give face-to-face feedback in private or give them back with some written feedback.
- Students write the first draft individually using the ideas in task 1 and 2.

news sources for teenagers, young adults and old people according to a survey in 2022.

Overall, television was a very popular source of news for all age groups. It was the top news source for old and young adults, chosen by 42 percent of old people and more than one third of young adults and teenagers. Meanwhile, online news sites were chosen by the majority of teenagers, with more than 50 percent. By contrast, the Internet was the least common news source for old people, with just 6 percent. On the other hand, printed newspapers were the main news source for 29 percent of old people while only fewer than 10 percent of young adults and teenagers reported getting their news from them.

As for other sources of news, around a quarter of young adults and old people relied on other sources for news, as opposed to only 4 percent of teenagers.

e. Assessment:

- Teacher gives corrections and feedback.

4. ACTIVITY 3: POST-WRITING (10 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To do a cross-check and final check on students' writing.

b. Content:

- Students exchange their work for cross-checking.

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can evaluate others' work as well as improve their own pieces of writing.

d. Organisation:

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TEACHER AND STUDENTS 'ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Cross-checking	
- Teacher has the pairs swap and gives feedback on	
each other's writing. Teacher shows a writing rubric to	Writing rubric
help Ss do the peer review.	1. Organization:/10
- Students swap their piece of writing with their	2. Legibility:/10
partners and give peer review.	3. Ideas:/10
- Teacher then chooses one piece of writing and gives	4. Word choice:/10
feedback on it as a model.	5. Grammar usage and mechanics:/10
- Teacher chooses some useful or excellent words/	TOTAL:/50
phrases/ expressions/ word choices Ss have used to	

give suggestions to other Ss.	
- Teacher chooses some typical errors and corrects as a	
whole class without nominating the Ss' names.	

e. Assessment

- Teacher's observation on Ss' performance, provides help if necessary.
- Teacher's feedback and peers feedback.

4. CONSOLIDATION (2 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- Summarise the main points of the lesson.

b. Homework

- Rewrite the paragraph in the notebooks.
- Do exercises in the workbook.
- Prepare for Lesson 7 Communication & Culture

D.O.P: 23/ 02/2025 UNIT 7: THE WORLD OF MASS MEDIA
D.O.T: 27/02/2025 Lesson: Communication and Culture / CLIL

Week: 23- Period: 69

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- Expand vocabulary with the topic of the unit;
- Gain knowledge about mass media around the world;
- Review expressions for starting small talk.

2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity;
- Develop presentation skill;
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.

3. Personal qualities

- Be responsible for the community

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 7, Communication and Culture / CLIL
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

III. PROCEDURES

1. WARM-UP (5 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To stir up the atmosphere and activate students' knowledge on the topic;
- To enhance students' skills of cooperating with teammates.

b. Content:

- Mind-mapping

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can get knowledge about mass media.

d. Organisation

TEACHER AND STUDENTS 'ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Mind-mapping	Students' own answers
- Teacher divides the class into four teams and prepare a mind-map	
with the word types of mass media in the middle.	
- Students think and call out the name of mass media form.	
- Each team will have 5 seconds to give a name of mass media form.	
After 5 seconds, if the team cannot give a name, the turn moves to	
another group.	
- When the time is over, teacher counts how many correct names	
each team has given.	
- The team with more correct answers will be the winner.	
- Teacher leads in the new lesson by asking some questions.	
- Students check their answers with the class.	

e. Assessment

- Teacher observes the groups and gives feedback.

2. ACTIVITY 1: EVERYDAY ENGLISH (20 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To provide model conversations in which speakers start small talk.
- To review expressions for starting small talk.

b. Content:

- Task 1: Listen and complete the conversations with the expressions in the box. Then practise them in pairs. (p.97)
- Task 2: Work in pairs. Use the models in 1 to make similar conversations for these situations. One of you is A, the other is B. Use the tips and expressions below to help you. (p.97)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can use appropriate language to make small talk.

d. Organisation:

TEACHER AND STUDENTS 'ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 1: Listen and complete the conversations with the	Answer key:
expressions in the box. Then practise them in pairs. (6 mins)	1. D
- Give them some time to skim through the conversations. Ask them	2. A
to identify the topic of the conversation. E.g. Julie and Mai are	3. C
talking about flower festivals.	4. B
- Students listen to the recording.	
Dlay the recording once in stronger classes and twice in weeker	
- Play the recording once in stronger classes and twice in weaker classes.	
- Students complete the conversation with words in the box.	
- Check answers as a class. Play the recording again, pausing after	
each blank to confirm the correct answers.	
-Students practise the conversation in pairs.	
- Put Ss into pairs and have them practise the conversation.	
- Teacher gives students a list of expressions which are mixed	- Ss work in groups to do
together. Ss have to classify them into 5 groups:	the task.
+ The weather	
+ Films, TV shows, popular music, and books	
+ Current events	
+ The day or weekend	
+ Observations	
- Teacher asks Ss to classify the expressions into 5 groups.	
- Check as a class.	
- Teacher asks if Ss can add some more expressions.	
- Tell Ss that the words they used to fill in the gaps in Activity 1 are	- Make plan for the role-
used to start small talks (i.e., an informal, polite conversation with	play
strangers, classmates or friends to greet each other, get	- Practice the role-play,
conversations started and get to know each other).	based on the two situations.
- Ask Ss to read the Remember box and check understanding.	- Swap the role and
- Put Ss in pairs and explain the task: to role-play conversations	continue practising.
similar to the ones in Activity 1, but based on the two situations. Ss	- Perform in front of class.
should play the roles given in this activity.	
- Give Ss a few minutes to plan their conversations before they role-	
play it (e.g. who will be Student A, who will be Student B, and have	

them underline key words in the task question). Have them write down some prompts to help them. Encourage them to swap roles.

- Walk round the class and provide help when necessary.

- Ask some pairs to role-play their conversations in front of the whole class. Praise for good effort, clear pronunciation and fluent delivery.

e. Assessment

- Teacher checks students' answers as a whole class.

3. ACTIVITY 2: CULTURE (15 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To introduce words / phrases related to the topic;
- To help Ss learn about mass media around the world;
- To help Ss relate what they have learnt about mass media.

b. Content:

- Task 1. Read the following text and complete the table below. (p.98)
- Task 2. Work in pairs. Discuss the questions. (p.98)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students understand the meaning of words, memorise the information, and relate what they have learnt about mass media around the world.

d. Organisation:

Task 1: Read the following text and complete the table below. (7 mins)

TEACHER AND STUDENTS ' ACTIVITIES

- Ask Ss to look at the photos and ask some questions to find out what they already know about the topic, e.g. Do you know what mass media are shown in the photos? (digital billboards, public loudspeakers), Where can you find these mass media? (mostly in big cities around the world; in some cities in Vietnam and Japan), Do you think they are effective means of mass media? (answers vary).
- Students read the text and complete the given table.
- Ask Ss what they want to know about the topic. Write their questions on the board, e.g. When did they first appear? Are there any problems with these mass media?
- Ask Ss to study the comparison table in Activity 1. Make sure they understand the rows and columns.
- Tell Ss that they are going to read about two special mass media in the world. As they read, they should fill in the comparison table about these media.
- Explain or elicit any new or difficult words, *e.g. constant, light/noise pollution*. In stronger class, encourage them to guess their meaning from context as they read the text.
- Have Ss read the text and complete the table individually.
- Check answers as a class.
- Go back to the questions on the board, i.e. the things Ss wanted to know about the topic. Ask which of the questions they can answer now and cross them out. Assign the rest for homework.
- Students check answers with the whole class.

CONTENTS Suggested answer:

See the appendix

- Ask Ss to work in pairs to discuss the two questions.	- Students work in pairs to
- In weaker classes, ask questions to brainstorm ideas as a class.	discuss the question.
- To answer the first question, encourage Ss to think about the	- Students share their ideas
effectiveness of different types of media.	in front of class.
- Invite some groups to present a summary of their answers to the	
class.	
effectiveness of different types of media. - Invite some groups to present a summary of their answers to the	in front of class.

e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects for students as a whole class.
- **5. CONSOLIDATION** (3 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- T asks Ss to talk about what they have learnt in the lesson.

b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.
- Prepare for Lesson 8 Looking back and project.