|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO****ĐỀ THI PHÁT TRIỂN SỐ 10**(Đề thi có … trang) | **KỲ THI TỐT NGHIỆP TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG NĂM 2022****Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH**Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề |

**Họ, tên thí sinh:**

**Số báo danh:**

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

**Question 1.** Opportunities for employee \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have become the second most important factor in the workplace.

 A. developing B. developer C. develop D. development

**Question 2.** Plants in North California were described lush, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. were they B. didn’t they C. did they D. weren’t they

**Question 3.** Having a good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of modern technology is becoming a must for the majority of future employees in companies.

 A. knack B. grasp C. comprehension D. aptitude

**Question 4.** John’s bad results kept him from being admitted to the university he had applied \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. to B. with C. for D. of

**Question 5.** Because of the children involved, they want to resolve the court case as quickly and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as possible.

 A. grudgingly B. discerningly C. discreetly D. judiciously

**Question 6.** Dave was excluded from the team \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his poor performance.

 A. despite B. because of C. because D. although

**Question 7.** My brother takes a keen interest in a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ car which is displayed in the exhibit room.

 A. new black Italian B. Italian new black

 C. black new Italian D. new Italian black

**Question 8.** This sofa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a bed, so there is a place for you to sleep tonight if you need to stay over.

 A. takes on B. puts up C. turns into D. runs out

**Question 9.** We were driving to the hospital to visit Mike when he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to say that he was fine.

 A. called B. was calling C. were called D. was called

**Question 10.** The director will reimburse any expenses incurred \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. as soon as his employees provided business receipts

 B. once his employees provide business receipts

 C. after his employees had provided business receipts

 D. by the time his employees provide business receipts

**Question 11.** Jamie can’t get a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ flight to Athens so he’s going via Frankfurt.

 A. connecting B. direct C. long-haul D. scheduled

**Question 12.** Stop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him on to drink more! You can see he’s had enough!

 A. meat B. fruit C. egg D. fish

**Question 13.** The whole area is believed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the unexpected cyclone last night.

 A. to have destroyed B. to be destroyed

 C. to destroy D. to have been destroyed

**Question 14.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a few years ago, computer algorithms were used to help verify the reliability of the information posted.

 A. Having developed B. To develop

 C. Developed D. To be developed

**Question 15.** The more detailed the lecture was, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ students got.

 A. the most bored B. the more bored C. as bored as D. more bored

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.**

**Question 16.** Linda and Peter are talking with each other during the break.

**Linda:** “Do you see yourself living in another country one day?”

**Peter:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

 A. I am quite interested in travelling B. That’s probably right.

 C. Sorry to hear that. D. I would definitely entertain the idea.

**Question 17.** Two students, Mark and David, are talking about the use of notebooks.

**Mark:** “Using notebooks instead of tablets to jot down ideas can be a great way.”

**David:** “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They assist in organising your thoughts.”

 A. You can say that again. B. I totally disagree with you.

 C. Believe it or not. D. So, what’s the point?

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.**

**Question 18.** A. requirement B. character C. position D. dependence

**Question 19.** A. exam B. degree C. report D. comment

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

**Question 20:** A. dedicated B. self-motivated C. talented D. distinguished

**Question 21.** A. achieve B. challenge C. attempt D. admit

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined bold word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 22.** Teamwork will be the most important factor in this difficult **enterprise**.

 A. business B. dream C. project D. innovation

**Question 23**. Although this country was heavily **stricken** by the pandemic, its citizens refused to comply with social distancing rules.

 A. affected B. disrupted C. prevented D. ignited

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 24.** Rumour has it that our company will **amalgamate** with another local firm to form a corporation.

 A. acquire B. join C. invest D. divide

**Question 25.** I really enjoy **a cut and thrust** with James; he always has a unique perspective, even if we clash sometimes.

 A. a disagreement B. a lively debate C. a boring discussion D. an approval

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

**Question 26.** Tom caught a cold. He couldn’t go for a picnic with his friends.

 A. If it hadn’t been for a cold, Tom could have gone for a picnic with his friends.

B. Tom wishes he hadn’t caught a cold and he could go for a picnic with his friends.

C. If only Tom had caught a cold and he could have gone for a picnic with his friends.

D. Unless Tom caught a cold, he could go for a picnic with his friends.

**Question 27.** She asked her son to tell the whole story. She realised that he had been abused by his classmates and even teachers.

A. Only after she asked her son to tell the whole story she realised that had been abused by his classmates and even teachers.

B. Having asked her son to tell the whole story, her son had been abused by his classmates and even teachers.

C. Not until she asked her son to tell the whole story did she realise that he had been abused by his classmates and even teachers.

D. If she hadn’t asked her son to tell the whole story, she would have realised that he had been abused by his classmates and even teachers.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

**Question 28.** The plane is diverted to another airport because it suffered an engine failure mid-flight.

 A. is B. to C. because D. failure

**Question 29.** Overly adventurous people may have difficulties succeeding in our profession.

 A. adventurous B. may C. succeeding D. our

**Question 30.** In Japan, retirement has become a risky business for many wives, who are finding the stress of their husband's presence at home endurable.

 A. risky B. stress C. presence D. endurable

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

**Question 31.** It is important for you to learn basic computing skills.

 A. You needn’t learn basic computing skills.

 B. You mustn’t learn basic computing skills.

 C. You should learn basic computing skills.

 D. You may learn basic computing skills.

**Question 32.** “I will not speak to your manager,” said Mike to me.

 A. Mike refused to speak to my manager.

 B. Mike warned me not to speak to my manager.

 C. Mike advised me not to speak to my manager.

 D. Mike admitted not speaking to my manager.

**Question 33.** She has never tasted such a delicious meal.

 A. She has tasted such a delicious meal many times.

 B. This is the first time she has ever tasted such a delicious meal.

 C. The last time she tasted such a delicious meal was unknown.

 D. She never likes tasting such a delicious meal.

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34 to 38.**

**SECOND LIFE: A LIFE LESS ORDINARY**

Online world Second Life is a fascinating example of how people invest, both financially and emotionally, in worlds of social technology. Importantly, Second Life's creators and users don't call it a game, it's a place; and users aren't players, they're residents. Everything within the virtual world is built by the users and owned by them, and any value (34) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is generated can be exchanged into real- world US dollars using one of a number of special currency-exchange sites. Hundreds of people are already making a real (35) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from unreal goods and services.

Phillip Rosedale, CEO of Second Life, is untroubled by this kind of entrepreneurialism. 'People pay real money for things that aren't real all the time', he says. (36) ' \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, we pay real money for brands, like Gucci. Brands don't have any value beyond the idea that we collectively agree that they stand for a certain set of values distinct from the product.' But just as with television and video games, the enthusiasm and time which some people invest in MMORPGs (Massively Multiplayer Online Role Playing Games) can be (37) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as alarming. In November 2005, Jon Jacobs, a director of independent films from Miami, spent $100,000 on a virtual space station in the science-fiction themed game Project Entropia, which he plans to turn into a club that he'll charge (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ users to visit.

(Adapted from *Traveller* by H.Q. Mitchell)

**Question 34.** A. it B. where C. that D. who

**Question 35.** A. progress B. living C. commitment D. decision

**Question 36.** A. Nevertheless B. Therefore C. In addition D. For instance

**Question 37.** A. symbolised B. shaped C. characterised D. perceived

**Question 38.** A. other B. many of C. every D. almost

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43.**

It's a well-known fact that the brighter city streets are at night, the less dangerous they are. However, despite helping uneasy city residents feel safer, the light produced by street lamps is considered ugly. As a result, in an effort to make the Scottish city of Glasgow more attractive at night, the local council decided to replace the typical yellow lighting in one of the city's main shopping areas, Buchanan Street, with street lamps that produced blue light.

The new lights were an instant success - and in more ways than the council had expected. Not only were the citizens of Glasgow content with the changes, but some of **them** were also behaving much better. After the installation of the new lights, the local police felt that thieves were committing fewer crimes in Buchanan Street. A quick check of the statistics proved that the number of recorded crimes had fallen - especially petty crimes such as pickpocketing and bag snatching. Was it a coincidence? Not according to some psychologists. They claim that blue is a calming colour and reduces people's levels of stress and aggression. Whatever the reason, it seems that blue lighting does **deter** crime and it has created interest abroad. Blue lighting has now been installed in many neighbourhoods in Japan, and they have seen crime fall at a similar rate as in Glasgow.

(Adapted from *Solutions* 3rd Edition by Tim Falla and Paul A Davies)

**Question 39.** Which could be the best title for the passage?

 A. Brighter and safer. B. Feeling blue.

 C. The impacts of yellow street lights. D. Lights out for petty crime!

**Question 40.** The word ‘**them**’ in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. lights B. citizens C. changes D. ways

**Question 41.** The word ‘**deter**’ in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. induce B. facilitate C. innovate D. discourage

**Question 42.** According to the passage, what was remarkable about Glasgow’s changes in light colour?

 A. It led to a reduction in all forms of crime.

 B. It meant that citizens exhibited increased levels of sensitivity.

 C. It led to changes in ways the council had not foreseen.

 D. It improved the aesthetics of the city.

**Question 43.** Which of the following is NOT mentioned, according to the passage?

 A. The new look created by street lamps is not met with appreciation by some citizens.

 B. The initiative introduced by the local council had an unintended effect on the crime rate.

 C. The feelings held by the police after the light changes were confirmed by statistical findings.

 D. The findings which were observed in Glasgow have been replicated in another foreign country.

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50**

Nonverbal behaviour is an area of psychology that receives stacks of media attention. The idea that the vast majority of communication occurs nonverbally is quoted everywhere from self-help literature to popular psychology articles. The figures which are regularly bandied about are: we get 55% of the content of a message from the visual component i.e. body language), 38% from the auditory component (i.e. tone of voice) and just 7% from the actual words used. Sounds implausible? That's because it is.

The original experiments which gave rise to these figures only applied to the communication of emotions - specifically, feelings of like or dislike. The author of the study, himself, stressed that to apply his findings to communication in general would be a gross misrepresentation of his research. That didn't stop this from happening though. Let's think about it for a minute. How can you possibly get 93% of communication without the words? If you watch a foreign-language film, and observe the body language and listen to the vocal tones - can you really understand 93% of the plot? Of course not.

In 2009, BBC's Radio 4 interviewed the man whose research has been misrepresented in so many ways, Albert Mehrabian. During the radio interview, Mehrabian **blew a hole in** the interpretation by explaining that if he were asked where a pencil was, he would struggle to communicate that is was in the third drawer down of the left hand side of the desk in the spare bedroom without using words.

Nevertheless, those who teach communication skills to business executives, salesmen, politicians and others, continue to perpetuate the myth, mindlessly **regurgitating** it without bothering to check if it is true. Communication is terrifically and beautifully complex. Non-verbal aspects of communication obviously contribute to message content, but the idea **they** deliver 93% of the entire message is entirely false.

(Adapted from *Upstream* by Virginia Evans and Jenny Dooley)

**Question 44.** Which best serves as the title for the passage?

 A. Busting the myth: 93% of communication is not non-verbal.

 B. Why original experiments on communication have a lot to answer for?

 C. Mehrabian’s interview blasts his own research as ‘misinterpreted’.

 D. Brush up on your facts: A quick note to communication teachers.

**Question 45.** According to paragraph 1, what is it that the writer finds hard to believe?

 A. Humans can understand over half of communication via body language.

 B. Humans can guess one’s characteristics from his or her tone of voice.

 C. Humans get at least 7% of message content from the actual words used.

 D. All self-help books introduce ways to communicate nonverbally.

**Question 46.** The phrase ‘**blew a hole in**’ in paragraph 3 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. impressed B. succeed C. damaged D. impacted

**Question 47.** The word ‘**regurgitating**’ in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. revising B. considering C. emphasizing D. repeating

**Question 48.** The word ‘**they**’ in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. communication skills B. business executives

 C. non-verbal aspects D. salesmen

**Question 49.** Which of the following is true, according to the views of the writer?

 A. Foreign language films can rarely be understood without subtitles.

 B. Those in high positions of power in the workplace are primarily responsible for the notion that non- verbal communication is so important.

 C. Communication is not a simple concept for ordinary people to understand.

 D. Non-verbal communication plays a very little part in actual message delivery.

**Question 50.** Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

 A. The writer has a wealth of experience in consuming psychology based literature.

 B. The writer regularly watches foreign language films on ‘mute’ and seldom understands them.

 C. The writer somewhat sides with the view shared by the original researcher of non-verbal communication.

 D. The writer has very little time for those who teach communication skills.