**ĐỀ 1 THI TUYỂN SINH LỚP 10 THPT KHÔNG CHUYÊN**

**Năm học: 2023-2024**

**Môn: Tiếng Anh**

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút

**PART A: LANGUAGE FOCUS (4.0 POINTS)**

**I. Khoanh tròn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân phát âm khác các từ còn lại trong câu sau như ví dụ (câu 0) đã làm. (0,6 điểm)**

 0. **A.** hat **B.** hot **C.** hour **D.** hill

 1. **A**. chef **B**. mechanic **C**. architect **D**. chemist

 2. **A**. negative **B**. dialect **C**. artisan **D**. company

 3. **A**. constructs **B**. travels **C**. equips **D**. develops

**II. Khoanh tròn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ có trọng âm chính rơi vào vị trí âm tiết khác các từ còn lại, như ví dụ (câu 0) đã làm. (0,4 điểm)**

 **0. A.** mother **B.** brother **C.** advice **D.** beauty

 1. **A**. invite **B**. decide **C**. happen **D**. reduce

 2. **A**. occasion **B**. picturesque **C**. financial **D**. attendance

**III. Khoanh tròn một phương án A, B, C hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để điền vào mỗi chỗ trống trong các câu sau, như ví dụ (câu 0) đã làm. (2,0 điểm)**

0. Nam \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here three weeks ago.

 **A.** has been **B.** will be **C.** was **D.** is

1. Da Nang is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ city in Viet Nam where the International Firework Festival is held every year.

**A**. a **B**. the **C**. an **D**. Ø

2. The man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_I spoke to was very helpful.

 **A**. which **B**. whom **C**. when **D**. whose

3. Of the cities the scientists have just surveyed, this city is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the worst rated by its residents for culture.

 **A**. a bit **B**. a lot **C**. much **D**. by far

4. His parents live in a very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ village in the countryside.

 **A**. rusty **B**. obedient **C**. easy-going **D**. picturesque

5. He succeed in his career path \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his disabilities .

 **A.** on account of **B.** In spite of **C.** because of **D.** due to

6. It took him years to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the shock of his wife dying .

 **A**. get over **B**. take on **C**. go off **D**. put off

7. Bat Trang is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ craft village in Ha Noi.

 **A**. tradition **B**. traditional **C**. traditionally **D**. traditionalism

8. I suggest you\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ha Long Bay.

 **A**. to visit **B**. visiting **C**. visited **D**. should visit

9. Tony: “I’ve finished this picture. Look!.” - Linda : - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ !”

 **A.** Sure **B**. How cool! **C**. Oh, poor **D.** Great, thanks

10. Several famous \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Viet Nam are banh xeo, Quang style noodle and crispy dumpling

 **A.** foods **B.** stapes **C.** dishes **D.** ingredients

**IV.Cho dạng đúng của động từ hoăc từ trong ngoặc để hoàn chỉnh câu như ví dụ (câu 0) đã làm.(1,0 điểm)**

0. He (make) **is making** many pieces of pottery in this workshop now.

1. I wondered where (get) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my pre-paid plane ticket .

2. Too many office buildings (build) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the city over the last ten years.

3. This time next week, I (take) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an important exam.

4. Last night, after my mother (finish) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her work, she came home.

5. I think you should spend more time (improve) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your pronunciation.

**PART B: READING (3.0 POINTS)**

**I.Đọc đoạn văn và khoanh tròn một phương án trả lời đúng nhất tương ứng với A,B,C, hoặc D để hoàn thành đoạn văn như ví dụ (câu 0) đã làm (1 điểm)**

Girls and boys see gender inequality in their homes and communities every day – in textbooks, in the media and among (0) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ adults who care for them.

Parents may assume unequal responsibility (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ household work, with mothers bearing the brunt of caregiving and chores. The majority of low-skilled and underpaid community health workers (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_attend to children are also women, with limited opportunity for professional growth.

And in schools, [many girls (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_less support than boys](https://www.unicef.org/education/girls-education) to pursue the studies they choose. This happens for a variety of reasons: The (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, hygiene and sanitation needs of girls may be neglected, barring them from regularly attending class. Discriminatory teaching practices and education materials also produce gender gaps in learning and skills development. (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, nearly 1 in 4 girls between the ages of 15 and 19 are neither employed nor in education or training – compared to 1 in 10 boys.

 *(Adapted from* [*https://www.unicef.org/india/what-we-do/gender-equality*](https://www.unicef.org/india/what-we-do/gender-equality)*)*

1. **A**. an **B**. a ©. the **D**. no article
2. **A**. on **B**. in **C**. of **D**. for
3. **A**. which **B**. whose **C**. who **D**. whom
4. **A**. receive **B**. provide **C**. make **D**. suffer
5. **A**. safe **B**. safety **C**. safer **D**. safely
6. **A**. Because **B**. Although **C**. As a result **D**. However

***II. Đọc đoạn văn, trả lời các câu hỏi 1, 2, 3 và khoanh tròn phương án trả lời thích hợp nhất cho các câu hỏi số 4, 5. (2,0 điểm)***

 Tourism will always have an impact on the places visited. Sometimes the impact is good, but often **it** is negative. For example, if lots of people visit one place, then this can damage the environment. The question is - how can we minimize the problems without preventing people from travelling and visiting places?

 The main aim of ecotourism is to reduce the negative impact that tourism has on the environment and local people. The idea is to encourage tourists to think about what they do when they visit a place.

 It's great to talk about protecting the environment, but how do you actually do this? There are a number of key points. Tourists shouldn't drop litter, they should stay on the paths, they shouldn't interfere with wildlife and they should respect local customs and traditions.

 Some people see ecotourism as a contradiction. They say that any tourism needs infrastructure - roads, airports and hotels. The more tourists that visit a place, the more of these are needed and, by building more of these, you can't **avoid** damaging the environment.

 But, of course, things aren't so black and white. Living in a place of natural beauty doesn't mean that you shouldn't benefit from things like better roads. As long as the improvements benefit the local people and not just the tourists, and the local communities are consulted on plans and changes, then is there really a problem?

 In 2002 the United Nations celebrated the "International Year of Ecotourism". Over the past twenty years, more and more people have started taking eco-holidays. In countries such as Ecuador, Nepal, Costa Rica and Kenya, ecotourism represents a significant proportion of the tourist industry.

*(Adapted from https://www.macmillanenglish.com/)*

1. What does ecotourism aim at?

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2. What should tourists do to protect the environment?

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3. Do the local people benefit from tourism?

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4.The word “**it**” in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** tourism **B**. impact **C**. place  **D**. environment

5**.**The word **“avoid**” in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A**. promote **B**. bring **C**. improve **D**. prevent

**PART C: WRITING (3.0 POINTS)**

**I. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho, như ví dụ (câu 0) đã làm. (2,0 điểm)**

0. Do you play chess well?

→ Are you **good at playing chess?**

1. Unless he takes these pills, he won’t be better.

 → If he\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. It’s a pity that she isn’t the most beautiful girl in the world.

→ She wishes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3.The man is very friendly. I spilled his coffee.

→ The man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. They often went to school by bike when they were young.

→ They used\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 5.“I want a camera for my birthday,” he said.

→ He said that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

***II. Viết 01 đoạn văn khoảng 100 từ về chủ đề sau: (1.0 điểm)***

***“What should you do to get a good job in the future?” The following ideas may help you. (1.0 điểm)***

***-*** learn a foreign language

- build up necessary life skills

- enrich experience