Unit 2: City life – GRADE 9 Global Success

Từ Vựng	Phiên âm	Nghĩa	Loại	Ví Dụ
			từ	
city life	/ˈsɪti laɪf/	cuộc sống thành thị	N	The bustling city life is both exciting and demanding.
pick sb up	/pɪkˈsʌmbədi ʌp/	đón	PV	Can you pick me up from the train station?
packed	/pækt/	chật chội	Adj	The stadium was packed with cheering fans.
terrible	/ˈterəbl/	khủng kiếp	Adj	The service at the restaurant was terrible last night.
polluted	/pə'lu:tɪd/	bị ô nhiễm	Adj	The air quality in the city is heavily polluted.
unreliable	/ˌʌnrɪˈlaɪəbl/	không đáng tin	Adj	I find the local buses to be quite unreliable.
ugly	/'ʌɡli/	xấu xí	Adj	The old building was considered ugly by many people.
pricey	/'praisi/	đắt đỏ	Adj	Dining out in the city center is usually quite pricey.
modern	/'mɒdn/	hiện đại	Adj	The new apartment building is very modern and stylish.
attractive	/əˈtræktɪv/	hấp dẫn	Adj	The city's waterfront park is particularly attractive.
traffic light	/'træf.ık ˌlaɪt/	đèn giao thông	N	You need to stop when the traffic light turns red.
traffic safety	/'træfik 'seıfti/	an toàn giao thông	N	The city's traffic safety measures have improved significantly.
traffic flow	/'træfik flov/	dòng chảy giao thông	N	The new traffic lights have helped to improve traffic flow.
traffic jam	/'træfik dʒæm/	tắc nghẽn giao thông	N	There was a major traffic jam on the highway this morning.
entertainment centre	/ entər teinmənt 'sentər/	trung tâm giải trí	N	The entertainment centre offers a variety of activities for all ages.
itchy eyes	/ˈɪtʃi aɪz/	ngứa mắt	N	The pollution made my eyes feel itchy all day.
rush hour	/ˈrʌ∫ ˌaʊr/	giờ cao điểm	N	The traffic is much worse during rush hour.
noisy	/ˈnɔɪzi/	ồn ào	Adj	The construction site next to my apartment is very noisy.
dusty	/'dasti/	bui	Adj	The street was covered in dust afte

				the construction work.
downtown	/ daʊnˈtaʊn/	ở trung tâm thành phố	Adv	We decided to shop downtown for the best deals.
sky train	/skai trein/	tàu trên cao	N	The sky train provides a scenic view of the city.
metro	/ˈmetrəʊ/	tàu điện ngầm	N	Taking the metro is the fastest way to get across town.
concrete jungle	/ˈkɒnkriːt ˈdʒʌŋgl/	khu rừng bê-tông (thành phố)	N	The city's skyline is often referred to as a concrete jungle.
public amenities	/'pʌblɪk ə'menətiz/	tiện ích công cộng	N	The new park has excellent public amenities.
liveable	/ˈlɪvəbl/	đáng sống	Adj	Despite its size, the city is quite liveable.
public transport	/'pʌblık 'trænspɔ:t/	phương tiện công cộng	N	Using public transport helps reduce traffic congestion.
high crime rate	/hai kraim reit/	tỷ lệ tội phạm cao	N	Some neighborhoods are known for their high crime rate.
careful	/ˈkeəfl/	cẩn thận	Adj	Be careful when crossing the busy streets.
dangerous	/'deɪn.dʒər.əs/	nguy hiểm	Adj	Crossing the street without looking is dangerous.
convenient	/kənˈviːniənt/	thuận tiện	Adj	Living near the subway is very convenient.
peaceful	/'pi:sfəl/	bình yên	Adj	The countryside is more peaceful than the city.
coastal city	/'koʊstl 'sɪti/	thành phố ven biển	N	Many tourists visit this beautiful coastal city.
chairman	/ˈtʃeərmən/	chủ tịch, chủ tọa	N	The chairman of the company gave a speech.
come down with	/kʌm daʊn wɪð/	chịu đựng	PV	She came down with the flu last week.
hang out with	/hæŋ aʊt wıð/	đi chơi	PV	I like to hang out with my friends on weekends.
sore throat	/sɔ: θrəʊt/	đau họng	N	He has a sore throat and can't speak well.
air pollution	/ˈeə pəˌlu:.ʃən/	ô nhiễm không khí	N	Air pollution is a serious problem in big cities.
noise pollution	/nɔız pəˈlu:ʃən/	ô nhiễm tiếng ồn	N	Traffic causes a lot of noise pollution.
immigrant	/ˈɪmɪɡrənt/	người nhập cư	N	Many immigrants come to this

				country for better opportunities.
bus line	/bʌs laɪn/	làn đường dành cho xe bus	N	This bus line goes directly to the city center.
means of transport	/mi:nz əv 'trænspɔ:t/	phương tiện giao thông	N	Bicycles are an eco-friendly means of transport.
(get) stuck	/get stAk/	bị kẹt	PV	We got stuck in traffic for an hour.
arrival	/əˈraɪvl/	điểm đến	N	The arrival of the train was delayed.
food waste	/fu:d weist/	lãng phí thức ăn	N	Restaurants are trying to reduce food waste.
learning space	/ˈlɜːrnɪŋ speɪs/	không gian học	N	The library provides a quiet learning space for students.
leftover	/ˈleftəʊvə(r)/	thức ăn thừa	N	We ate the leftovers from yesterday's dinner.
cafeteria	/ˌkæfəˈtɪəriə/	quán ăn tự phục vụ	N	The school cafeteria serves lunch every day.
turn something into something	/t3:rn 'sʌmθɪŋ 'ıntu 'sʌmθɪŋ/	biến/ chuyển hoá cái gì thành cái gì	PV	They turned the old factory into a museum.
unsafe	/An'seIf/	không an toàn	Adj	This bridge is unsafe and needs repairs.
city authority	/ˈsɪtiɔ:ˈθɒrəti/	chính quyền thành phố	N	The city authorities are planning to build a new park.
drop-off and pick-up time	/drop of ænd pik лр taim/	thời gian đưa đón	N	Parents must follow the school's drop-off and pick-up times.
pavement	/'peɪvmənt/	vỉa hè	N	People were walking on the pavement.
green space	/gri:n speis/	không gian xanh	N	The city needs more green spaces for recreation.

Cụm động từ	Phiên âm	Nghĩa	Câu ví dụ
Wake up	/weik np/	Thức dậy	I wake up early every morning.
Turn on	/tɜ:rn ɒn/	Bật (thiết bị)	Can you turn on the light, please?
Turn off	/tɜ:rn ɒf/	Tắt (thiết bị)	Don't forget to turn off the TV before you go to bed.
Look for	/lʊk fɔ:r/	Tìm kiếm	She is looking for her lost keys.
Give up	/діv лр/	Từ bỏ	He gave up playing soccer because of an injury.
Take off	/teik of/	Cởi (quần áo), cất cánh (máy bay)	The plane will take off in a few minutes.
Put on	/pʊt ɒn/	Mặc (quần áo), đeo (phụ kiện)	She put on her jacket before going outside.

Get along	/gɛt əˈlɔːŋ/	Hòa hợp, có quan hệ tốt	They get along well with each other.
Run out of	/rʌn aʊt ʌv/	Hết, cạn kiệt	We have run out of milk; we need to buy some more.
Pick up	/рік лр/	Đón (ai đó), nhặt lên	I will pick you up from the airport.
Call back	/kɔ:l bæk/	Gọi lại	I missed your call; I will call you back later.
Bring up	/briŋ ʌp/	Đề cập (đề tài), nuôi dưỡng	She brought up an important point in the meeting.
Check out	/t∫εk aʊt/	Kiểm tra, xem xét, trả phòng	We need to check out of the hotel by noon.
Fill out	/fil aʊt/	Điền vào (form)	Please fill out this form before the appointment.
Come over	/kʌm ˈoʊvər/	Ghé thăm	Why don't you come over for dinner this weekend?
Take care of	/teik keə(r) Av/	Chăm sóc	She takes care of her younger brother every day.
Look after	/lʊk ˈæftər/	Chăm sóc	Who will look after the dog while you're away?
Set up	/set np/	Thiết lập, chuẩn bị	We need to set up the room for the party.
Put up with	/pʊt ʌp wið/	Chịu đựng	I can't put up with the noise any longer.
Try out	/trai aot/	Thử nghiệm	I want to try out the new restaurant in town.
Look after	/lʊk ˈæftər/	chăm sóc, trông nom	She will look after the kids while we are away.
Get by	/gɛt baɪ/	xoay xở	I can get by with a little help from my friends.
Give away	/gɪv əˈweɪ/	tặng, cho đi	She gave away all her old clothes.
Run into	/rʌn ˈɪntuː/	gặp tình cờ	I ran into my old friend at the mall.
Look forward to	/lʊk ˈfɔ:rwəd tʊ/	mong chờ, háo hức	I'm looking forward to the weekend.
Go on	/goʊ ɒn/	tiếp tục	The show must go on.
Work out	/wɜ:rk aʊt/	tập thể dục, giải quyết	I work out at the gym every day.
Take over	/teik 'oʊvər/	tiếp quản	She will take over the project next week.
Make up	/meik лр/	bịa đặt, làm hòa	They made up after their argument.
Keep up	/ki:р лр/	theo kip, duy trì	It's hard to keep up with the fast pace.

Ngữ pháp Unit 2: City Life - Sách Global Success lớp 9 I. Double Comparatives (So sánh kép) Cấu trúc chính xác:

- THE + so sánh hơn + S + V, THE + so sánh hơn + S + V
 - The more developed the city is, the more crowded it becomes.
 - (Thành phố càng phát triển thì càng đông đúc.)
 - The nearer we got to the suburb, the less busy the road was.

• (Càng đến gần vùng ngoại ô, con đường càng bớt nhộn nhịp.)

Lưu ý khi sử dụng:

- Mối quan hệ tương quan: So sánh kép thể hiện mối quan hệ tương quan giữa hai yếu tố. Đảm bảo rằng yếu tố chính và yếu tố phụ thuộc liên quan chặt chẽ với nhau.
- Tính từ so sánh hơn: Sử dụng dạng so sánh hơn của tính từ (more + tính từ) để diễn tả sự thay đổi.

• Đảm bảo sự hòa hợp: Phần đầu và phần sau của câu cần kết hợp hài hòa để thể hiện mối quan hệ phụ thuộc.

Ví dụ bổ sung:

- The more people use public transport, the less pollution there will be.
 - (Càng nhiều người sử dụng phương tiện công cộng, càng ít ô nhiễm xảy ra.)

II. Phrasal Verbs (Cụm động từ)

1. Get around: Dao quanh

- When I was in town, I chose to get around by bus.
 - (Khi ở thị trấn, tôi chọn di chuyển bằng xe buýt.)

2. Carry out: Tiến hành

- The authority is carrying out a plan to solve traffic congestion in the downtown area.
- (Chính phủ đang triển khai phương án giải quyết ùn tắc giao thông khu vực trung tâm thành phố.)
- 3. Come down with: Mắc phải (bệnh)
 - I'm come down with a cold. I have a runny nose and a sore throat.
 - (Tôi bị cảm lạnh. Tôi bị sổ mũi và đau họng.)

4. Hang out with: Đi chơi

- Where do teenagers in your neighbourhood often hang out with each other?
 - (Thanh thiếu niên trong khu phố của bạn thường đi chơi với nhau ở đâu?)

5. Cut down on: Cắt giảm

- We all need to cut down on using our cars and ride our bikes more to reduce air pollution.
- (Tất cả chúng ta cần giảm việc sử dụng ô tô và đi xe đạp nhiều hơn để giảm ô nhiễm không khí.)
 Lưu ý khi sử dụng:
 - Hiểu nghĩa của cụm động từ: Mỗi cụm động từ có nghĩa riêng biệt và đôi khi khác với nghĩa của các từ riêng lẻ.
 - Ngữ cảnh sử dụng: Đảm bảo cụm động từ được sử dụng đúng ngữ cảnh để thể hiện ý nghĩa chính xác.
 - Khác biệt giữa cụm động từ và động từ đơn: Cụm động từ có thể có nghĩa khác so với động từ đơn.

Ví dụ bổ sung:

- I need to cut down on my sugar intake to stay healthy.
 - (Tôi cần giảm lượng đường tiêu thụ để duy trì sức khỏe.)
- She's always hanging out with her friends at the mall.
 - (Cô ấy luôn đi chơi với bạn bè tại trung tâm mua sắm.)

III. Mẹo Làm Bài

1. Đọc kỹ câu hỏi:

- Đảm bảo bạn hiểu yêu cầu của câu hỏi trước khi quyết định sử dụng cấu trúc ngữ pháp hoặc cụm động từ nào.
- 2. Xác định ngữ cảnh:
 - Đối với cụm động từ, xác định ngữ cảnh để chọn cụm động từ chính xác. Đối với so sánh kép, xác định mối quan hệ giữa hai yếu tố.
- 3. Làm quen với cấu trúc:

• Thực hành thường xuyên với các ví dụ khác nhau để làm quen với cấu trúc ngữ pháp và cụm động từ. Việc này giúp sử dụng chúng một cách tự nhiên hơn trong bài tập.

4. Ôn tập và kiểm tra:

• Ôn lại các bài tập đã làm, kiểm tra các lỗi sai và sửa chữa để cải thiện kỹ năng của bạn.

5. Ghi chú các lỗi thường gặp:

• Ghi chú các lỗi thường gặp của bạn và chú ý sửa chữa chúng trong các bài tập tiếp theo để tránh lặp lại lỗi.

B. Practice

I. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.

Question 2: A. modern Question 3: A. homeB. polluteC. produceD. congestedQuestion 3: A. homeB. shoppingC. combD. locateQuestion 3: A. homeB. overseasC. posterD. oftenQuestion 5: A. doubleB. councilC. southeastD. thousandQuestion 6: A. centreB. campingC. goverD. couchQuestion 7: A. safeB. gateC. jamD. wasteQuestion 8: A. homeB. shoppingC. combD. locateQuestion 9: A. publicB. jungleC. constructD. commuterQuestion 10: A. bearB. nearC. wearD. pearQuestion 11: A. coastB. uploadC. abroadD. roadsideQuestion 12: A. homeB. shoppingC. combD. locateQuestion 13: A. outsideB. aroundC. shouldD. counterQuestion 14: A. aboutB. counterpartC. mountainD. counterQuestion 15: A. pronounceB. cloudC. glamourD. mountainQuestion 16: A flowerB. knowC. allowD. howQuestion 17: A. breadB. bearishC. pearD. wearQuestion 18: A. toughB. southC. coughD. howQuestion 19: A. houghB. southC. coughD. howQuestion 16: A flowerB. knowC. allowD. howQuestion 17: A. breadB. bearishC. pearD. wearQuestion 18: A. toughB. southC. courtsideD. cousinQuestion 19: A. throughB. althoughC. loudspeaker	Question 1: A. sl <u>ow</u> ly	B. d <u>ow</u> ntown	C. p <u>ow</u> er	D. cr <u>ow</u> ded			
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Question 13: A. outsideB. aroundC. shouldD. counterQuestion 14: A. aboutB. counterpartC. mountainD. countrysideQuestion 15: A. pronounceB. cloudC. glamourD. mountainQuestion 16: A flowerB. knowC. allowD. howQuestion 17: A. breadB. bearishC. pearD. wearQuestion 18: A. toughB. southC. coughD. cousinQuestion 19: A. throughB. althoughC. loudspeakerD. shoulderQuestion 20: A. pourB. sourceC. courtsideD. couch	Question 11: A. coast	B. upl <u>oa</u> d	C. abr <u>oa</u> d	D. r <u>oa</u> dside			
Question 14: A. aboutB. counterpartC. mountainD. countrysideQuestion 15: A. pronounceB. cloudC. glamourD. mountainQuestion 16: A flowerB. knowC. allowD. howQuestion 17: A. breadB. bearishC. pearD. wearQuestion 18: A. toughB. southC. coughD. cousinQuestion 19: A. throughB. althoughC. loudspeakerD. shoulderQuestion 20: A. pourB. sourceC. courtsideD. couch	Question 12: A. home	B. sh <mark>o</mark> pping	C. c <u>o</u> mb	D. l <u>o</u> cate			
Question 15: A. pronounceB. cloudC. glamourD. mountainQuestion 16: A flowerB. knowC. allowD. howQuestion 17: A. breadB. bearishC. pearD. wearQuestion 18: A. toughB. southC. coughD. cousinQuestion 19: A. throughB. althoughC. loudspeakerD. shoulderQuestion 20: A. pourB. sourceC. courtsideD. couch	Question 13: A. outside	B. ar <u>ou</u> nd	<mark>C. sh<u>ou</u>ld</mark>	D. c <u>ou</u> nter			
Question 16: A flowerB. knowC. allowD. howQuestion 17: A. breadB. bearishC. pearD. wearQuestion 18: A. toughB. southC. coughD. cousinQuestion 19: A. throughB. althoughC. loudspeakerD. shoulderQuestion 20: A. pourB. sourceC. courtsideD. couch	Question 14: A. ab <u>ou</u> t	B. counterpart	C. m <u>ou</u> ntain	D. c <u>ou</u> ntryside			
Question 17: A. breadB. bearishC. pearD. wearQuestion 18: A. toughB. southC. coughD. cousinQuestion 19: A. throughB. althoughC. loudspeakerD. shoulderQuestion 20: A. pourB. sourceC. courtsideD. couch	Question 15: A. pronounce	B. cl <u>ou</u> d	C. glam <mark>ou</mark> r	D. mountain			
Question 18: A. toughB. southC. coughD. cousinQuestion 19: A. throughB. althoughC. loudspeakerD. shoulderQuestion 20: A. pourB. sourceC. courtsideD. couch	Question 16: A flower	B <mark>. kn<u>ow</u></mark>	C. all <u>ow</u>	D. h <u>ow</u>			
Question 19: A. throughB. althoughC. loudspeakerD. shoulderQuestion 20: A. pourB. sourceC. courtsideD. couch	Question 17: <mark>A. br<u>ea</u>d</mark>	B. b <u>ea</u> rish	C. p <u>ea</u> r	D. w <u>ea</u> r			
Question 20: A. pourB. sourceC. courtsideD. couch	Question 18: A. tough	<mark>B.</mark> s <u>ou</u> th	C. c <u>ou</u> gh	D. c <u>ou</u> sin			
	Question 19: A. thr <u>ou</u> gh	B. alth <u>ou</u> gh	C. loudspeaker	D. sh <u>ou</u> lder			
II Mark the letter A. B. C. or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the	Question 20: A. p <u>ou</u> r	B. s <u>ou</u> rce	C. c <u>ou</u> rtside	<mark>D. c<u>ou</u>ch</mark>			
In Mark the letter 13, 5, 6, 61 b on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose and time part anters it on the	II. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the						
other three in pronunciation.	other three in pronunciation						

B. interview	C. newspaper	D. solution
B. gallery	C. harbour	D. capital
B. characterize	C. finance	D. liberty
B. itchy	C. online	D. dusty
B. visit	C. invent	D. arrive
B. reliable	C. variety	D. forbidden
B. indicator	C. determine	D. skyscraper
B. attractive	C. interesting	D. dangerous
B <mark>. expensive</mark>	C. restaurant	D. difference
B. comfortable	C. convenient	D. amenities
B. favourite	C. convenient	D. developed
B. livable	C. congestion	D. properly
B. passenger	C. underground	D. traveller
B. historic	C. forbidden	D. recognise
B. mingle	C. develop	D. attract
B. metro	C. pricey	D. advance
B. modern	C. attract	D. pricey
B. asset	C. metro	D. conduct
B. medium	C. conflict	D. downtown

Question 20: A. metropol	itan B. situation	C. population	D. historical
Mark the letter A, B, C o	or D to indicate the correct answe	er to each of the following	questions. (Vocabulary)
	, traffic can be very heavy and	-	
	B. rush hour		D. high crime rate
	_ is a popular spot for shopping and		C
A. food waste	B. entertainment centre		D. traffic light
Question 3: In the	, you will find many modern bu		C
A. downtown	B. noise pollution		D. high crime rate
	_ helps control the flow of traffic a	· ·	C
A. public transport			D. green space
	_ of living in a city is often higher	•	
		C. price	D. high crime rate
e i	g a lot of time outside, he experien	*	C
		C. concrete jungle	D. noise pollution
	_ in this area is quite high, which c	<i>.</i>	
A. entertainment centre		C. high crime rate	D. food waste
	to be when crossing bus	•	
A. concrete jungle		C. high crime rate	D. public transport
	nany like parks and play	•	
	B. entertainment centre		D. public amenities
•	system helps people travel	*	D. puolie unienties
	B. metro		D. food waste
•	helps reduce the amount of was	· ·	D. 1004 Waste
	B. recycling program		D. noise pollution
	e like to in the park on w	• ·	D. noise ponution
	B. hang out with		D. get stuck
	can be crowded, especially on w		D. Get Stuck
	B. entertainment centre		D. traffic light
U I	a cold after being outsi		D. truttie light
A. turn into	B. pick up	C. come down with	D dron-off
	can affect health and comfort.	C. come down with	D. drop-011
A. green space	B. air pollution	C. food waste	D. entertainment centre
	can cause irritation and discomf		D. entertainment centre
	B. concrete jungle		D. high crime rate
	is a popular place for dining and		D. high crinic rate
A. public transport		a 1	D. entertainment centre
	is a fast way to travel across the		D. entertainment centre
A. green space	B. noisy	C. metro	D. food waste
č	ften called a due to its m		
	B. public transport		
÷ •	e who move to the city are called _	e 1	D. noise ponution
	B. entertainment centre		D. food waste
÷	is a convenient way to get arour	<u>^</u>	D. 1000 waste
A. traffic light	B. public transport		D. high crime rate
-	· ·		D. Ingli crime rate
A. high crime rate	for living in the city is often hig	C. concrete jungle	D noise nellution
			D. noise pollution
	ensures that people can travel sa		D traffic cafate
<i>.</i> .	B. public transport	1	D. traffic safety
	lding is very with its mo		D high arises and
A. green space	-	C. modern	D. high crime rate
	in the city can affect both health		D antontainmartt
A. food waste	B. high crime rate	C. air pollution	D. entertainment centre

Question 26: The ______ is used for recreation and relaxation. A. green space B. concrete jungle C. noise pollution D. food waste Question 27: The ______ helps manage traffic and ensure safety on the roads. A. public transport B. traffic light C. concrete jungle D. food waste Question 28: The ______ can cause delays and frustration for drivers. A. traffic jam B. food waste C. green space D. high crime rate **Question 29:** The ______ helps keep the city clean and organized. A. high crime rate B. recycling program C. concrete jungle D. noise pollution **Question 30:** A ______ provides information about city events and services. A. city authority B. entertainment centre C. green space D. public transport Question 31: The ______ often includes a variety of shops and restaurants. D. air pollution A. traffic light B. downtown C. food waste **Question 32:** _____ can make living in a city uncomfortable, especially for those with allergies. B. Itchy eyes C. Entertainment centre D. Green space A. Concrete jungle **Question 33:** A ______ is a location where people gather for social activities. B. community garden A. public transport C. traffic light D. food waste **Question 34:** The ______ provides access to various public services and information. A. city authority B. green space C. high crime rate D. concrete jungle **Question 35:** The ______ can be affected by both traffic congestion and pollution. A. price B. high crime rate C. quality of life D. entertainment centre **Question 36:** The ______ often includes parks and recreational areas. A. traffic safety B. green space C. concrete jungle D. public transport Question 37: The ______ is essential for daily commuting in large cities. A. public transport B. high crime rate C. food waste D. green space **Question 38:** Many people use ______ to manage waste and reduce environmental impact. A. recycling program B. entertainment centre D. air pollution C. traffic light **Question 39:** The _____ can help make a city more sustainable and livable. A. concrete jungle B. green space C. noise pollution D. food waste **Question 40:** The ______ helps people to be aware of city regulations and services. B. traffic safety C. entertainment centre D. high crime rate A. city authority **Question 41:** is important for ensuring that streets are safe for pedestrians. B. Food waste C. Concrete jungle A. Traffic safety D. Green space **Question 42:** The ______ is a place where people can buy fresh produce and local goods. B. farmer's market C. entertainment centre D. high crime rate A. public park **Question 43:** The provides a way for residents to stay connected with their community. A. neighborhood association B. traffic light C. food waste D. air pollution Question 44: A ______ often includes a variety of recreational facilities and activities. B. high crime rate A. public park C. food waste D. concrete jungle Question 45: The ______ helps to ensure that people can get around the city efficiently. B. public transport A. traffic light C. green space D. food waste

 A. traffic light
 B. public transport
 C. green space
 D

 Question 46:
 is important for maintaining a healthy environment in urban areas.

 A. Recycling program B. Concrete jungle C. Noise pollution D. Traffic jam Question 47: The ______ offers a variety of cultural and social events throughout the year. A. community garden C. high crime rate B. town hall D. food waste **Question 48:** ______ often helps to preserve local traditions and culture. A. Public transport B. Recycling program C. Cultural event D. Traffic safety **Question 49:** The ______ is essential for managing waste and keeping the city clean. B. garbage collector C. green space D. traffic light A. food waste **Question 50:** The ______ provides essential information about public services and city management. B. entertainment centre A. town hall C. high crime rate D. noise pollution 1. B 4. C 7. C 10. B 16. A 19. A 25. C 13. B 22. B 2. B 5. C 8. B 11. B 14. C 17. D 20. A 23. D 26. A 3. A 6. A 9. D 12. B 15. B 18. C 21. B 24. C 27. B

<mark>28.</mark> A

29. B

30. A

<mark>31.</mark> В	<mark>33. В</mark>	<mark>35. C</mark>	37. A	<mark>39. B</mark>	<mark>41. A</mark>	<mark>43. A</mark>	<mark>45. B</mark>	<mark>47. В</mark>	<mark>49.</mark> B
<mark>32.</mark> В	<mark>34. A</mark>	<mark>36. B</mark>	<mark>38. A</mark>	<mark>40. A</mark>	<mark>42. В</mark>	<mark>44. A</mark>	<mark>46. A</mark>	<mark>48. C</mark>	<mark>50.</mark> A

III. Mark the letter A. B.	C or D to indicate the correct ans	wer to each of the follo	wing questions. (Grammar)
	the city center becomes, the		
	B. less crowded / more		
	the public transport system is, the		
	B. less reliable / easier		
	the air pollution, the		
	B. lower / more difficult		
÷	the traffic jams are, the	-	
	B. shorter / harder		
e	the buildings are, the	÷	
		C. older / harder	D newer / easier
	the entertainment options in the		
free time.		per per	opie are intery to enjoy then
	B. more / more	C fewer/less	D more / less
	the price of living in the city, th		
comfortably.	the price of fiving in the erty, th		
•	B. lower / more	C. higher / more	D lower / less
-	the noise levels are in the city, t	U	
	B. lower / harder		
	the public amenities are, the		
	B. more / higher		
	0	•	
A. more efficient / easier	the sky train system is, the B. less efficient / easier		
	the traffic flow in the downtow		
	B. rougher / better		
	the city's infrastructure improv		
A. less / worse	B. more / better		
	the dust in the air, the		
		C. more / harder	
	the local businesses are support	ted, the the	y will contribute to the city's
economy.		<i>a i</i>	
A. less / more	B. more / less		D. less / less
	smoother traffic flow	in the downtown area,	better the commute
for workers.			, , , , ,
A. The / the / the	B. A / the / a	C. The / a / a	D. The / a / the
Đáp án:			
1. C	4. A 7. C 5. C 8. A	<mark>10. A</mark>	<mark>13. C</mark>
2. A	5. C 8. A	<mark>11. A</mark>	<mark>14. C</mark>
3. A	<mark>6. B</mark> 9. B	<mark>12. B</mark>	<mark>15. A</mark>
	C or D to indicate the correct ans	wer to each of the follow	wing questions. (Grammar)
Test 1			
	ttery is low; I need to it before		
A. turn off	B. pick up	C. turn on	D. run out of
Question 2: We'vea	all the milk; we need to buy more.		
A. set up	B. get along	C. put up with	D. run out of

A. set up	B. get along	C. put up with	D. run out of			
Question 3: She needs to her new dress for the party tonight.						
A. put on	B. come over	C. check out	D. give up			
Question 4: They decided to	the old factory into a comm	unity center.				
A. fill out	B. bring up	C. take care of	D. turn into			

Question 5: I have to my homework be	efore I can watch TV	
A. take off B. check out		D. look after
Question 6: Could you me up at the air		
A. call back B. pick up		D. hang out with
Question 7: The company is planning to		-
A. put up with B. set up		
Question 8: We have a lot of time wait	-	
A. hung out with B. come dow		D. spent
Question 9: Please the volume on the T		
A. turn off B. bring up	C. look for	D. turn down
Question 10: She decided to her job be	cause it was too stressful.	
A. take care of B. fill out	C. give up	D. get along
Question 11: They their new project ne	ext week.	
A. turn on B. pick up	C. put up with	D. set up
Question 12: He's always late, but we have t	to it.	
A. get along B. put up wit	ch C. try out	D. call back
Question 13: I will you later to discuss	the details.	
A. turn on B. pick up	C. call back	D. come over
Question 14: If you want to a new resta	aurant, I can recommend a few.	
A. look for B. try out	C. fill out	D. bring up
Question 15: I have to the form before		
A. take off B. fill out	C. get along	D. turn into
<mark>Đáp án:</mark>		
1. A 4. D	<mark>7. B</mark> 1(<mark>). C</mark> 13. C
2. D 5. C	8. D 11	I. D 14. B
3. A 6. B	<mark>9. D</mark> 12	2. B 15. B
Test 2		
	dings that really the s	skyline.
Test 2Question 1: The city has a lot of new builA. bring upB. look afte		
Question 1: The city has a lot of new builA. bring upB. look after	r C. fill out	
Question 1: The city has a lot of new builA. bring upB. look afteQuestion 2: I need to my wood	r C. fill out ork before I can enjoy the evening.	D. turn into
Question 1: The city has a lot of new builA. bring upB. look afteQuestion 2: I need tomy woA. turn offB. pick up	r C. fill out ork before I can enjoy the evening. C. check out	D. turn into
Question 1: The city has a lot of new builA. bring upB. look afteQuestion 2: I need tomy woA. turn offB. pick upQuestion 3: The new park is a great place	r C. fill out ork before I can enjoy the evening. C. check out e to after a busy day.	D. turn into D. finish up
Question 1: The city has a lot of new builtA. bring upB. look afterQuestion 2: I need tomy workA. turn offB. pick upQuestion 3: The new park is a great placeA. get alongB. hang out	r C. fill out ork before I can enjoy the evening. C. check out e to after a busy day. C. come over	D. turn into D. finish up D. take care of
Question 1: The city has a lot of new builtA. bring upB. look afterQuestion 2: I need to my woA. turn offB. pick upQuestion 3: The new park is a great placeA. get alongB. hang outQuestion 4: The traffic in the downtown at	r C. fill out ork before I can enjoy the evening. C. check out e to after a busy day. C. come over area can during rush I	D. turn into D. finish up D. take care of nour.
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A. finish up	B. turn off		C. look for		D. check out	
Question 13: We have to	the new	policy before	e implementin	g it.		
A. get along	B. try out		C. set up		D. bring up	
Question 14: The city's s	ubway system is desi	gned to	people	e quickly	across town.	
A. turn into	B. pick up		C. get around	1	D. run out of	
Question 15: They were	happy to	_ their old apa	rtment for a n	ewer one	e with better amenitie	s.
A. get along	B. put up with		C. turn down	l	D. move out of	
<mark>Đáp án:</mark>						
1. A	<mark>4. D</mark>	<mark>7. C</mark>		<mark>10. B</mark>	13. D	
2. D	<mark>5. C</mark>	<mark>8. C</mark>		<mark>11. C</mark>	14. C	
3. B	<mark>6. В</mark>	<mark>9. D</mark>		12. D	<mark>15. D</mark>	

V. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful paragraph/letter in each of the following questions. Bài 1: Sắp xếp lá thư

- 1. However, I am still looking for the best spots to eat and shop.
- 2. Additionally, I have discovered many parks where I can relax and enjoy nature.
- 3. I hope you are doing well. I am writing to tell you about my new city life. Firstly, I have been exploring various places and activities in the city.
- 4. Moreover, there are numerous entertainment options available, including theaters and music venues.
- 5. Finally, I look forward to hearing about your experiences in the city as well!

A. 2-4-3-1-5	B. 1-3-4-2-5	C. 3-4-1-2-5	D. 1-2-4-5-3

Bài 2: Sắp xếp đoạn văn

- 1. Firstly, the city offers a diverse range of experiences for its residents.
- 2. For example, from shopping malls to museums, there is something for everyone.
- 3. Moreover, public transport is easily accessible, making it convenient to get around.
- 4. In contrast, many people enjoy the hustle and bustle of city life, while others may find it stressful.
- 5. However, living in the city can be exciting but also overwhelming at times.
- A. 1-3-2-4-5 B. 1-2-4-3-5 C. 2-1-4-3-5 D. 1-2-3-5-4

Bài 3: Sắp xếp lá thư

- 1. Dear Tom,
- 2. I wanted to share my thoughts on city life with you.
- 3. There are many advantages such as good public services and exciting activities.
- 4. However, it can also be noisy and crowded, which some people find difficult.
- 5. I hope you find these insights useful for your own city experience.

A. 2-3-4-1-5	В. 1-2-3-5-4	C. 2-4-3-1-5	D. 1-2-4-3-5
Bài 4: Sắp xếp đoạn văn			

- 1. Firstly, the city's nightlife is vibrant and full of energy.
- 2. For example, there are numerous clubs, restaurants, and theaters to visit.
- 3. Moreover, many people enjoy spending their evenings exploring these places.
- 4. However, the city can be noisy and busy, especially late at night.
- 5. Despite this, the excitement of city life is something many find enjoyable.

A. 1-2-3-4-5

Bài 5: Sắp xếp đoạn văn

- 1. Firstly, the city offers many chances for social and cultural activities.
- 2. Also, many people enjoy the variety of lifestyle and services available.

B. 2-1-4-3-5

- 3. In conclusion, city life provides a lively and exciting environment for its residents.
- 4. For example, from theaters to art galleries, there is always something to explore.

5. However, despite the fun, living in the city can be challenging because of the noise and crowded streets.

A. 1-3-4-2-5 B. 1-4-2-5-3 C. 1-2-3-4-5 D. 2-1-4-3-5 Đáp án:

Bài 1: Sắp xếp lá thư
<mark>Đáp án đúng: </mark> C. <mark>3-4-1-2-5</mark>
Bài 2: Sắp xếp đoạn văn
Ðáp án đúng: D. 1-2-3-5-4

Bài 3: Sắp xếp lá thư Đáp án đúng: D. 1-2-4-3-5 Bài 4: Sắp xếp đoạn văn Đáp án đúng: D. 1-2-4-3-5 <mark>Bài 5: Sắp xếp đoạn văn</mark> Đáp án đúng: B. 1-4-2-5-3

D. 1-2-4-3-5

VI. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

C. 1-4-2-5-3

Đoạn Văn 1:

The city is known for its lively atmosphere and diverse population. [___] (1) the high cost of living, many people find the urban environment stimulating. The city's landscape is filled with [___] (2) landmarks and modern architecture. [___] (3) the hustle and bustle of daily life, residents often find solace in the city's green spaces. The vibrant energy of the city makes it an appealing place for those who enjoy an active lifestyle. [___] (4) you're looking for excitement or relaxation, the city provides plenty of options.

Điền vào chỗ trống:

0			
1. A. Although	B. Because	C. So	D. And
2. A. historical	B. history	C. historic	D. historian
3. A. Despite	B. Because	C. Although	D. Because of
4. A. When	B. If	C. While	D. Although
<mark>Đáp án:</mark>			
1. A. Although	2. C. historic	3. A. Despite	<mark>4. B. If</mark>
-			

Đoạn Văn 2:

Living in a city offers a blend of excitement and challenges. [___] (1) the high cost of living, many people find the vibrant atmosphere rewarding. The city's public transportation system is generally efficient, [___] (2) it can be crowded during peak hours. With [___] (3) many parks and recreational areas, there are plenty of places to unwind. However, adapting to the fast-paced environment can be difficult for some. [___] (4) you enjoy a bustling lifestyle, city life has much to offer. It's important to [___] (5) the city's pace and make the most of the opportunities available.

Điền vào chỗ trống:

1. A. So	B. Although	C. Because	D. Or
2. A. but	B. and	C. so	D. because
3. A. a	B. an	C. the	D. no article
4. A. If	B. Although	C. Because	D. When
5. A. keep up with	B. look after	C. run into	D. break down
<mark>Đáp án:</mark>			
1. B. Although	3. C. the	5. A. keep up	
2. A. but	4. A. If	with	

Đoạn văn 3:

[____] (1) city is a place of endless possibilities. People from different cultures come together, [____] (2) a unique blend of traditions and lifestyles. Public transportation is widely available, [____] (3) it easy to get around. However, the city can also be overwhelming [____] (4) times, with its constant noise and activity. Despite these challenges, many residents appreciate the convenience of [___] (5) everything they need within reach. **1.** a) A b) An c) The d) No article

2. a) creating	b) create	c) created	d) creates
Đáp án: a) creating			
3. a) making	b) makes	c) made	d) make
<mark>Đáp án:</mark> a) making			
4. a) for	b) at	c) in	d) on
<mark>Đáp án:</mark> b) at			
5. a) has	b) had	c) have	d) having
Đáp án: d) having			

Đoạn văn 4:

[____] (1) life is fast-paced and full of energy. The streets are always crowded [____] (2) people, and there is always something happening. Many people move to the city [____] (3) pursue their dreams and build a better future. The availability of jobs, entertainment, and cultural experiences [___] (4) the city an attractive place to live. However, finding affordable housing can be a challenge [___] (5) such a busy environment.

U	0	U	2	
1. a) A		b) An	c) The	d) City
<mark>Đáp án:</mark> d) City				
2. a) of		b) with	c) by	d) for
<mark>Đáp án:</mark> b) with				
3. a) for		b) with	c) to	d) so
<mark>Đáp án:</mark> c) to				
4. a) make		b) makes	c) making	d) made
Ðáp án: b) makes				
5. a) in		b) on	c) with	d) at
<mark>Đáp án:</mark> a) in				

Đoạn văn 5:

City life is full of energy and opportunities, attracting people from different backgrounds. Skyscrapers tower over the streets, representing the city's growth and $[__](1)$. $[__](2)$ the noise and crowding can be stressful, many people still find it exciting. People often $[__](3)$ the city, trying to keep up with the fast pace of life. With $[__](4)$ amenities and services, city residents have easy access to whatever they need. The city's rapid $[__](5)$ has resulted in major changes to its infrastructure, improving convenience but also adding complexity.

1. a) history	b) modernity	c) nature	d) economy
Ðáp án: b) modernity			
2. a) Because	b) Although	c) If	d) When
<mark>Đáp án:</mark> b) Although			
3. a) move in	b) move on	c) move up	d) move around
Đáp án: d) move around			
4. a) many	b) much	c) few	d) none
<mark>Đáp án:</mark> a) many			
5. a) develop	b) developer	c) developing	d) development
Đáp án: d) development			

Đoạn văn 6:

Tokyo's rankings in several of the latest livability indexes speak for themselves. In 2022, Tokyo (1)________ second on Global Finance Magazine's Best Cities Index and sixth on Monocle's Quality of Life Survey. Taipei-born Kay Lin, Executive Officer at Japan Exchange Group (JPX), first came to Japan as a student. After some years in Taiwan and the US, she decided (2)_______ in Tokyo in 2009. "The cleanliness and safety make it comfortable to live here and the infrastructure is very well developed," she says, noting that the (3)_______ of living is low compared with other financial cities. David Shirt, CEO of investment advisory firm Astris Advisory Japan, concurs. "Tokyo is clean and safe, with world-class education and lots of international schools. And it's (4)______. People talk about low taxes in Singapore (5)______ rents are sky-high. Here, on the other hand, rents are lower and you get a world-class city to live in."

(Adapted from: https://indexes.nikkei.co.jp)

Question 1: A. ranks	B. ranked	C. has ranked	D. will rank
Question 2: A. settle	B. to settle	C. settling	D. to settling

Question 3: A. price	B. cost	C. expense	D. value
Question 4: A. affordable	B. pricey	C. expensive	D. dangerous
Question 5: A. which	B. where	C. who	D. whom

VII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. 1.

Ho Chi Minh City, like many other major cities around the world, faces significant air pollution challenges. To address this pressing issue, the local government launched the "Clean Air Campaign" in 2023, aiming to reduce air pollution levels and improve the overall air quality in the city.

The campaign involves several key initiatives. First, the city has introduced stricter emissions standards for vehicles. This means that older, more polluting cars and motorcycles are being phased out, and residents are encouraged to switch to electric or hybrid vehicles. Additionally, there is an increased investment in public transportation, with the expansion of bus routes and the construction of new metro lines to reduce the number of private vehicles on the road.

Another major component of the Clean Air Campaign is the promotion of green spaces throughout the city. Parks and gardens are being developed in urban areas to help absorb pollutants and provide residents with cleaner air. Treeplanting events are regularly organized, involving community members in the effort to green their city.

Public awareness and education are also critical aspects of the campaign. The city government has partnered with local schools and organizations to educate citizens about the importance of air quality and ways to reduce pollution in their daily lives. Workshops, seminars, and media campaigns aim to inform and engage the public on the benefits of a cleaner environment.

Early results from the Clean Air Campaign are promising. There has been a noticeable decrease in air pollution levels, and many residents report an improvement in their health and overall quality of life. However, city officials emphasize that continued effort and public participation are essential to maintaining and furthering these gains.

(Adapted from: https://e.vnexpress.net)

Question 1: What is the main purpose of the Clean Air Campaign? A. To improve the city's infrastructure **B.** To reduce air pollution levels **C.** To increase public transportation routes **D.** To promote tourism in the city **Question 2:** The word "**phased out**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to A. eliminated **B.** introduced **C.** repaired **D**. sold **Question 3:** The word "**their**" in paragraph 3 refers to A. pollutants **B.** tree-planting events C. community members **D.** urban areas Question 4: According to the passage, what is one way the campaign promotes green spaces? A. Constructing new roads **B.** Organizing tree-planting events **C.** Building new factories **D.** Reducing public transportation Question 5: Which of the following is <u>NOT</u> a component of the Clean Air Campaign? **A.** Stricter emissions standards for vehicles **B.** Increased investment in public transportation C. Construction of new industrial zones **D.** Public awareness and education 2.

One of the most important aspects of city life is public transportation. Efficient public transport systems can greatly enhance the quality of life for city dwellers by reducing traffic congestion and pollution. Many large cities have developed extensive networks of buses, trains, and subways to help people get around quickly and affordably.

In cities like Tokyo and New York, public transportation is an essential part of daily life. The Tokyo subway system is known for its **punctuality** and cleanliness, transporting millions of passengers every day. Similarly, New York's subway system, though older and less reliable, is crucial for the mobility of its residents. Public transportation not only benefits individuals but also has a positive impact on the environment. By reducing the number of private vehicles on the road, public transport systems help to lower emissions and decrease the city's carbon footprint. Additionally, using public transportation can be more economical for residents, saving money on fuel and parking fees.

However, public transportation systems also face challenges. In many cities, aging infrastructure and lack of funding can lead to delays and overcrowding. Safety and cleanliness are other concerns that need to be addressed to make public transport more appealing to users.

Despite these issues, the advantages of public transportation in city life are clear. Investments in modernizing and expanding public transport can lead to significant improvements in urban living conditions. Encouraging the use of public transportation is essential for the sustainable development of cities.

(Adapted from: https://www.gotokyo.org)

Question 1: What is the pa	ssage mainly about?		
A. The history of public tra	insportation		
B. The benefits and challer	ges of public transportation in	cities and a second s	
C. The differences between	public transportation in Toky	o and New York	
D. The environmental impa	act of private vehicles		
Question 2: The word "pu	nctuality" in paragraph 2 is clo	osest in meaning to	
A. speed	B. cleanliness	C. reliability	D. timeliness
Question 3: The word "its"	' in paragraph 2 refers to		
A. Tokyo	B. subway	C. system	D. New York
Question 4: According to t	he passage, what is the benefit	of public transportation?	
A. Increased traffic conges	tion	B. Higher fuel costs	
C. Reduced emissions		D. Less safety	
Question 5: Which of the f	following is NOT mentioned a	s a challenge for public trans	sportation?
A. Aging infrastructure	B. Lack of funding	C. Overcrowding	D. High fuel costs
3.	-	-	

Traffic jams and pollution are two big problems in the city. Traffic jams occur when there are too many cars on the roads, making it difficult for people to move around quickly. To solve this, cities can encourage people to use public transportation, like buses or trains, instead of driving their own cars. This would reduce the number of vehicles on the roads, easing traffic **congestion**. **Pollution** is another issue in cities because there is too much dirty air from vehicles and factories. One solution for **this** problem is to plant more trees and create more green spaces in the city. Trees provide oxygen and clean the air. By increasing the number of trees, cities can improve air quality and make the environment healthier for everyone. In conclusion, we all need to work together to solve the problems of traffic and pollution. By using public transportation and starting green projects like planting trees, we can make our city environment more sustainable and enjoyable.

1.	Which title best sui	ts the passage?		
	A. The Benefits of P	ublic Transportation	B. Solutions for Cit	y Traffic and Pollution
	C. The Importance of	f Green Spaces	D. The Role of Fac	tories in Pollution
2.	Read the passage a	nd choose the correct answer.		
	What is one method	suggested to reduce traffic cong	estion?	
	A. Expanding road r	networks	B. Increasing the m	umber of vehicles
	C. Encouraging pub	lic transportation use	D. Building more fa	actories
3.	What is the opposit	e of "congestion" as used in th	e passage?	
	A. Density	B. Clarity	C. Dispersal	D. Compression
4.	What is a synonym	for "pollution" in the passage	?	
	A. Cleanliness	B. Contamination	C. Purity	D. Freshness
5.	What does the wor	d "this" refer to in the context	of the passage?	
	A. Traffic congestio	n	B. Air quality	
	C. Planting trees		D. Using public tra	nsportation
6.	What can be inferr	ed about the author's viewpoin	it on solving city problem	s?
	A. The author believ	es that individual actions are mo	ore effective than collective	efforts.
		that increasing industrial activit		
	C. The author suppo	rts using a combination of metho	ods to address traffic and po	ollution.
	D. The author prefer	s to ignore environmental issues	in favor of economic grow	rth.
7.	Which of the follow	ving is not mentioned in the pas	ssage?	
	A. Planting more tre	es to improve air quality		
	B. Using public tran	sportation to reduce traffic		
	C. Expanding indust	rial zones to increase production		
	D Creating many and			

D. Creating more green spaces in the city

My name is Nancy. I live in London, the capital of Britain. It's a crowded city and it's very **noisy**, especially in the centre. But there are many interesting things to see and do here. There are some fantastic museums and art galleries. I love going to the British Museum. And there are lots of great shops! You can buy everything here. I also like the nightlife. There are many good restaurants and bars. At the weekend, I often go to a club with my friends. I think that London is a really cool place to hang out with friends! My best friend Helen lives in the countryside. She thinks London is terrible because it's too bustling and expensive. She also thinks the people are unfriendly. She wants to live in the countryside forever! Helen says there's nothing to do in London, but I don't agree. For me, it's a fantastic city. I love living here! The buildings and the way you can get around the city make it a truly unique place to reside.

Question 1: what is the f	nain idea of Nancy's story?		
A. Life in London and he	r best friend's opinion.	B. Different kinds of food in London.	
C. How to make new friends in London. D. Helen's life in the countryside.		ne countryside.	
Question 2: Why does N	ancy love living in London?		
A. Because it's quiet and	calm.	B. Because there ar	e many interesting things to do.
C. Because it's close to he	er school.	D. Because Helen l	ives there.
Question 3: What is the o	opposite of the word "noisy" in the	he text?	
A. Busy	B. Quiet	C. Crowded	D. Fun
Question 4: In the senten "it" refer to?	ce "She thinks London is terri	ble because it's too bustli	ing and expensive", what does
A. The countryside	B. A museum	C. London	D. A club
•	e text, why does Helen prefer livi	ing in the countryside?	
A. She thinks it's cheaper		B. She likes to go s	hopping.
C. She enjoys the museur	-	D. She wants to see	
	e following is NOT mentioned in		C
A. Nancy enjoys visiting		B. Helen loves the	nightlife in London.
C. There are many shops			ndon is too expensive.
VIII. Điền đoạn thông b			
Bài 1	1-1-2 - 1-		
	Annou	ncement:	
1. A.a	B. an	C. the	D. no article
2. A. at	B. in	C. on	D. by
3. A. including	B. included	C. include	D. includes
<mark>Đáp án:</mark>			
1. C. the	<mark>2. B. in</mark>	3. A. including	
Bài 2			
	Adver	tisement:	
[] (1) urban life.		den gems, and learn abou	<pre>urs provide a unique insight into tt [] (2) and culture of our (3) our office.</pre>
1. A. a	B. an	C. the	D. no article
2. A. historic	B. historian	C. historically	D. history
3. A. in	B. at	C. on	D. by
<mark>Đáp án:</mark>			
1. D. no article Bài 3	2. A. historic	3. B. at	
	Annou	ncement:	
	city council is organizing [] (1) community clean-up	event [] (2) to help keep our ing litter and maintaining public

spaces. All necessary of great place to live.	equipment will be provided. [] (3) participation is imp	portant to ensure our city remains a
1. A.a	B. an	C. the	D. no article
2. A. Monday	B. on Monday	C. in Monday	D. at Monday
3. A. Your	B. You	C. Yours	D. Yourself
<mark>Đáp án:</mark>	2.100	c. rouis	
1. D. no article	2. B. on Monday	3. A. Your	
Bài 4			
	Advert	isement:	
options from []	 new place to live in the city? Ch studios to spacious family home (3) public transport, shops, and 	es. All our properties are	
1. A. the	B. a	C. an	D. no article
2. A. luxury	B. luxuries	C. luxurious	D. luxuriant
3. A. in	B. of	C. at	D. to
<mark>Đáp án:</mark>			
<mark>1. B. a</mark> Bài 5	2. C. luxurious	3. D. to	
Dai 5	Annour	icement:	
city's most iconic land	motes health and community spirit marks. Register online or [] (3) the event registration	booth.
1. A. August	B. a August	C. in August	D. on August
2. A. the	B. a	C. an	D. no article
3. A. in	B. at	C. on	D. by
Đáp án:			
1. A. August	$\frac{2. \text{A. the}}{2}$	3. B. at	
—	ences using the correct forms of the city conter the (hard)	-	
	the city center, the (hard) the streets are, the (long		
			people need to earn to afford it.
			it is to get around the city.
	the city, the (difficult)		
	the city's infrastructure, the		
7 The (expensive)	the restaurants are the	(high) the c	quality of food and service usually is
			the historic city center might have.
			the demand for public services
	the streets, the (pleasant)		
	you live to the city center, t		
	the waste management s		
	the level of noise pollution,		
	green spaces available, the		
			people to live comfortably in the city
<mark>Đáp án:</mark>			
	center, the harder it is to find a pa	~ .	
	I the streets are, the longer it takes		
U U	t of living in the city, the more peop		
	ent the public transport system, the		1 the city.
	, the more difficult it can be to find	<u> </u>	
b. The better the city	's infrastructure, the smoother the t	rattic flow will be.	

7.	The more expensive the restaurants are, the higher the quality of food and service usually is.	
8.	The more modern the buildings, the less character the historic city center might have.	
<mark>9</mark> .	The more people that live in the city, the greater the demand for public services.	
	. The cleaner the streets, the more pleasant the city will be for residents and visitors.	
	. The closer you live to the city center, the more expensive your rent will be.	
	. The more efficient the waste management system, the cleaner the city will be.	
	. The higher the level of noise pollution, the harder it is to sleep at night.	
	. The more green spaces available, the better the quality of life in the city.	
	. The more affordable housing is, the easier it is for people to live comfortably in the city.	
Х.	Complete the sentences using the correct form of phrasal verbs in the box:	4
	carry outcut down onhang out withfind ofcome down withget aroundhand downtake care of	
1	6	
	The city council has decided to a plan to improve public transportation and reduce traffic con If you a cold, make sure to rest and drink plenty of water.	igestion.
2. 3.		
<i>4</i> .		
	I was surprised to that they had moved to another city without telling anyone.	
	Parents often their children by working hard to provide for them.	
	By using our cars, we can significantly decrease traffic congestion during rush hours.	
	My grandmother will her jewelry to me when I'm older.	
	ip án:	
1.	carry out 3. hang out with 5. find out 7. cut down of	<mark>)n</mark>
2.	come down with 4. get around 6. take care of 8. hand down	1
XI.	. Write complete sentences using the words given.	
1.	(the / harder / study / the / it / is / to / become / smarter / you)	
2.	(the / more / exercise / you / the / fit / better / feel / the)	
$\frac{1}{2}$	(the / less / noise / there / is / the / easier / it / is / to / work)	
5.	(the / less / holse / there / is / the / easier / it / is / to / work)	
4	(the / higher / rent / the / the / apartment / smaller / becomes)	
	(ene / mgher / rene / ene / upur enene / shuner / secones)	
5.	(the / colder / weather / the / the / less / go / people / outside)	
6.	(find / out / need / to / we / the / which / in / library / books / are / interesting)	
7.	(pick / will / I / you / at / up / the / station / 5 PM)	
8.	(cut / down / we / should / on / using / plastic / bags)	
9.	(carry / has / the / council / decided / out / to / project / the)	
9.	(carry / has / the / counch / decided / out / to / project / the)	
10.	. (come / will / she / with / down / a cold / if / it / gets / you)	
	ip án:	
1. ว	The harder you study, the smarter you become.	
2. 3	The more exercise you do, the better you feel. The less noise there is, the easier it is to work.	
3. ⊿	The less noise there is, the easter it is to work. The higher the rent, the smaller the apartment becomes.	
4.	The higher me rent, me shauer me apariment becomes.	

- The colder the weather, the less people go outside.
 We need to find out which books in the library are interesting.
- 7. I will pick you up at the station at 5 PM.
- 8. We should cut down on using plastic bags.

9. The council has decided to carry out the project.

10. She will come down with a cold if it gets too cold outside.

XIII. Listening

1. Svetlana and Alex live in Moscow and meet in the city centre. Listen and complete the table.

	Svetiana	Alex
She came by		
The journey took		
She thinks the metro is		
She thinks the stations are		
She thinks driving is		

2. Listen to six people talking about the cities where they live. Decide whether the statements are true or false. [2.2]

	TRU E	FALS E
1. Amsterdam has many one-way streets and cycle lanes, making it feel safe and clean.		
2. York has a pedestrian zone in nearly all of its city centre, which has made shopping there less enjoyable.		
3. In Los Angeles, public transport is very good, which helps reduce traffic congestion.		
4. Berlin has seven types of recycling bins and a carbon-neutral petrol station at its airport.		
5. Bangalore is not very crowded and has no new shopping malls or residential areas.		

<mark>Đáp án:</mark> <mark>1.</mark>

	Svetiana	Alex
She came by	metro	car
The journey took	Half an hour	one hour
She thinks the metro is	quick	Crowded, dirty
She thinks the stations are	beautiful	terrible
She thinks driving is	slow	Not too bad

Audioscript

A Hi, Svetlana. Sorry I'm late. It was the traffic. So how did you get here?

S On the metro, of course.

A Really? Do you use the metro?

S Yes, I love going on the metro; it's so quick. It only took half an hour. Don't you use the metro?

A No, I don't like using the metro; it's so crowded. And it isn't always very clean in the trains. And the stations, they're terrible. So many people.

- S Oh, I love the stations. I think they're beautiful. So did you come by car?
- A Yes, of course, I go everywhere by car. I like driving in Moscow.
- S You like it? But it's always so slow. How long did it take you to get here?
- A About an hour, maybe. The traffic was bad.
- S But it's always bad. I hate sitting in traffic. It's so boring.
- A Oh, I don't mind it; it's not too bad. You can listen to the radio, you can chat to people.
- S Well, you must have a very nice car.
- A It is quite a nice car, yes. It's very comfortable and big inside.

2. Listen to six people talking about the cities where they live. Decide whether the statements are true or false. [2.2]

	TRUE	<mark>FALS</mark> E
1. Amsterdam has many one-way streets and cycle lanes, making it feel safe and clean.	X	
2. York has a pedestrian zone in nearly all of its city centre, which has made shopping there less enjoyable.		x
3. In Los Angeles, public transport is very good, which helps reduce traffic congestion.		<mark>x</mark>
4. Berlin has seven types of recycling bins and a carbon-neutral petrol station at its airport.	<mark>x</mark>	
5. Bangalore is not very crowded and has no new shopping malls or residential areas.		x

Audioscript:

T = Thomas, K = Keith, A= Ali, E = Eveline, V = Vanitha, A = Adrian

T: There are a lot of one-way streets in Amsterdam - but they have planned the roads well and there are cycle lanes everywhere. Almost everyone has a bicycle so it feels safe and clean.

K: York is a beautiful, historic city so they made nearly all of the city centre into a pedestrian zone. People really enjoy going shopping there now.

A: Traffic congestion is a real problem in Los Angeles. Many people use their cars because public transport isn't very good.

E: Berlin is a really green city. There is a lot of green space and there are seven types of recycling bins. We are proud that Berlin airport has the first carbon-neutral petrol station.

V: Bangalore is really crowded - and growing all the time. They've built new shopping malls and there are lots of new residential areas, with huge high-rise apartment blocks.

A: Like many other cities, Cape Town is trying to be as 'green' as possible. The electricity for many of the traffic lights in the city now comes from the sun-using large solar panels.

<mark>S</mark> Ah.