

ĐỀ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI CẤP THCS HUYỆN
NĂM HỌC 2023 – 2024
Môn: Tiếng Anh 9

SỐ BÁO DANH :

Họ và tên thí sinh dự thi : Nam (nữ):
Ngày sinh: tháng năm Nơi sinh:
Học sinh lớp:

HỌ TÊN VÀ CHỮ KÝ CỦA GIÁM THỊ	Số phách (do chủ tịch hội đồng chấm thi ghi)
Giám thị số 1 :
Giám thị số 2 :

*** Chú ý :**

- Thí sinh phải ghi đầy đủ các mục trên theo sự hướng dẫn của giám thị.
- Thí sinh không được ký tên hay dùng bất cứ kí hiệu gì để đánh dấu bài thi (ngoài việc làm bài theo yêu cầu của giám thị).
- Bài thi không được viết bằng mực đỏ, bút chì, không viết bằng 2 thứ mực. Phần viết hồng ngoài cách dùng thước gạch chéo, không được tẩy xóa bằng bất cứ cách gì khác (kể cả bút xóa).
- Trái với các điều trên, thí sinh sẽ bị loại.

UBND HUYỆN **CỘNG HÒA XÃ HỘI CHỦ NGHĨA VIỆT NAM**
PHÒNG GD&ĐT **Độc lập - Tự do - Hạnh phúc**

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

ĐỀ THI CHỌN HỌC SINH GIỎI LỚP 9 - CẤP THCS HUYỆN
NĂM HỌC 2023 – 2024
Môn : Tiếng Anh
Ngày thi : .../12/2023

(Thời gian: 150 phút, không kể thời gian giao đề)

Chú ý : Thí sinh làm bài vào ngay tập đề thi này.

Số phách :

ĐIỂM CỦA BÀI THI	Họ tên, chữ ký của cán bộ chấm thi thứ nhất:
	Họ tên, chữ ký của cán bộ chấm thi thứ hai:

PART ONE: LISTENING (5 points)

Question 1. Listen to the recording twice. Choose correct answer for each of the following questions.

- What one thing does the girl NOT have to do on Wednesday after school?
A. practice the piano
B. take care of children
C. finish homework assignments
- Why can't the girl go to a movie on Monday?
A. She has to catch up on her French homework.
B. She needs to write a paper.
C. She must practice for a math test.
- How long is her soccer practice on Tuesday?
A. one hour B. an hour and a half C. two hours
- What chore does the girl have to do on Saturday?
A. clean the garage
B. pick up her room
C. finish her science project
- Which movie showing is the girl going to see?
A. 5:00 p.m. B. 7:15 p.m. C. 9:00 p.m.

Question 2. Complete the form below. Write no more than two words or a number for each answer.

TAUBER INSURANCE Co

Example	Answer
Insurance type:	Vehicle
Policy: (1)	
Make & Model:	Masda Marvel
Engine size:	(2)cc
Name: Lisa Marie Heathcote	
Date of Birth:	(3)1955

Password: (4)
Change valuation? Yes ☒
 No
Reduce value to: (5) \$
Notes to be added to policy:
Add new driver:
Name: Samel Michaels
Age: 28
Relationship to main driver: (6)
Reason: (7)
Client / new driver to provide:
 * Verified (8) of driver licence
 * Clean driving (9)
Start date:
 * (10)
 * Full cover when paperwork approved

*** Your answers**

- | | | |
|----------|---------|---------|
| 1. | 2. | 3. |
| 4. | 5. | 6. |
| 7. | 8. | 9. |
| 10. | | |

Question 3: You will hear five short conversations.

You will hear each conversation twice.

There is one question for each conversation.

For questions 1-5, put a tick ☒ under the right answer.

1. What is John going to do tonight?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

2. Which is Ben's family?



A ☐

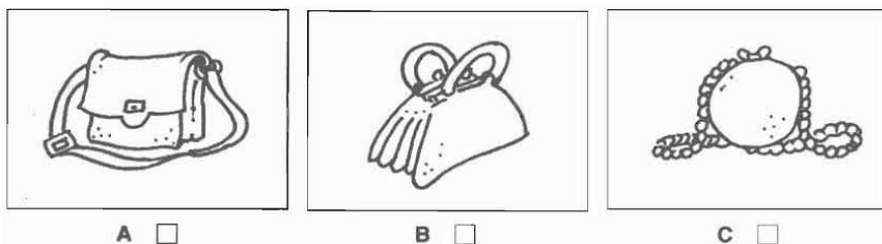


B ☐

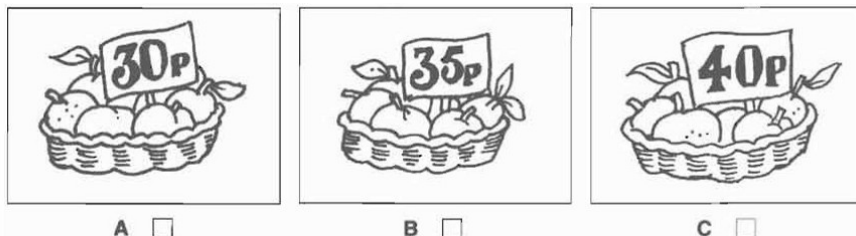


C ☐

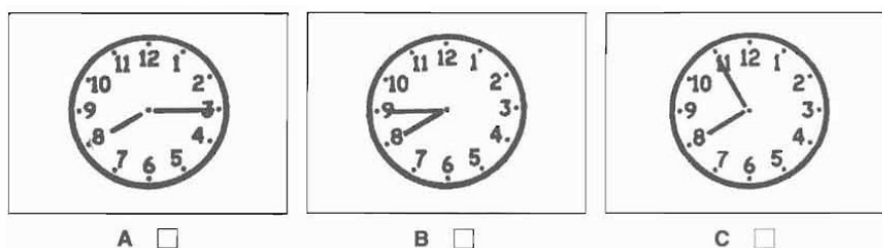
3. Which bag does the woman buy?



4. How much did the woman pay for the apples?



5. What time does the film start?



Question 4: Listen and check your understanding by choosing TRUE or FALSE for each statement. You will hear the recording twice.

The statements

1. There are two customers eating together.
2. The two customers order the same starter.
3. Both customers order the Thai chicken for their main course.
4. The customers order soft drinks.
5. Both customers order a dessert.

Write your answers here:

1	2.....	3.....	4.....	5.....
---------	--------	--------	--------	--------

PART TWO: PHONETICS, VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

Question 1: Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the rest by writing your answer A, B, C or D in the numbered box.

1. A. stone B. dove C. done D. none
2. A. champion B. character C. match D. cheerful

Question 2: Choose the letter A, B, C or D next to the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

1. A. describe B. struggle C. prefer D. assistant
2. A. independence B. politician C. immorality D. different

3. A. uncomfortable B. nationalist C. capability D. documentary

Question 3: Choose A, B, C, or D to complete the sentences. Circle the letter. (2 point)

1. The light _____ out while we were having tea.
A. was going B. went C. had gone D. has gone
2. You can use my phone if yours _____.
A. don't work B. doesn't work C. not to work D. not working
3. I always get _____ in my stomach before visiting the dentist.
A. worms B. butterflies C. crabs D. hedgehogs
4. A: Can you give me a hand on this?
B: _____
A. I have only two hands.
B. No. My hands are busy now.
C. Uh, sorry, but I'm busy at the moment.
D. No, I can't. I'm not very busy.
5. He'd hardly finished doing his homework when you arrived, _____?
A. didn't he B. had he C. would he D. hadn't he
6. I think he'll pay you back your money – when _____ fly.
A. birds B. cats C. cocks D. pigs
7. Had they arrived at the shop earlier, they _____ a better selection of clothes.
A. will find B. would be finding
C. would have found D. will have found
8. What _____ views do Americans and Asians have about love and marriage?
A. tradition B. traditionally C. traditionalism D. traditional
9. I can't _____ this noise any longer. I'm going to write a letter of complaint to the local authority about this problem.
A. put up with B. take away from C. get back to D. make out of
10. Hello. Is that 956782? Please put me _____ the manager.
A. across B. up C. over D. through

Question 4: Give the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1. He told me that he (take) _____ a trip to California the following week.
2. These boxes (hand) _____ to the customer.
3. A great deal (happen) _____ since I last spoke to you.
4. It's no use (learn) _____ a language if you don't try to speak it, too.
5. My TV has been broken. I wish it (repair) _____ soon.

Question 5: Fill in each blank with the correct form of the given words.

1. _____ is a part of life, but you have to be able to enjoy the others too. **SAD**
2. I can _____ that if you study you will have no problems passing this test. **SURE**
3. Nowadays there are lots of _____ species of animals in the world, for example, the panda. **DANGER**
4. I was _____ to take the driving test by my friends. **COURAGE**
5. The school has a _____ for being very up-to-date with technology. **REPUTE**

Your answers:

1. 2. 3.
4. 5.

Question 6: Each of the following sentences has an error. Find the errors and correct them.

0. *She didn't find it easily to keep the children amused.* 00. → *Easily* → *easy*

1. No sooner had he left the office when the telephone rang.
2. If he would have a lot of money, he would buy us an expensive car.
3. It is important that the mechanic takes steps to repair our air conditioner.
4. Mai is studying law at the university, and so does her brother.
5. The study of these animals are fascinating and many books have been written about them.
6. Mary enjoyed to be able to meet a lot of interesting people during her vacation.
7. One of the worst disease that mankind has ever had is cancer.
8. The children were frightening by the thunder and lighting.
9. If only there is a bridge over the river near our village.
10. His parents told him don't waste his time on music and games

PART THREE: READING (5 points)

Question 1. Read the text and think of the word which best fits each gap.

The African elephant is (1)largest animal in the world. Both the African and the Indian elephant (2)to the group of animals which we (3)mammals. The African elephant is larger (4)the Indian elephant and weighs as much as 8 tons. Elephants sleep (5)their feet and the strange thing is (6)they have bad dreams, they make (7)noise with their trunks. They need great quantities of food every day and this is the reason (8)they move to places with rich vegetation. They eat grass, leaves (9)fruit and they walk long distances to large family groups but the old males often live alone (10)they die.

Your answers:

1	2.....	3.....	4.....	5.....
6	7.....	8.....	9.....	10.....

Question 2 . Read the passage below and choose the best answer to each question

These days it is impossible to open the newspaper (1) _____ reading about the damage we are doing to the environment. The earth is being threatened (2) _____ the future looks bad. (3) _____ can each of us do?

We cannot clean (4) _____ our polluted rivers and seas overnight. Nor can we stop the (5) _____ of plants and animals. But we can stop adding to the problem (6) _____ scientists look for answers.

It may not be easy to change your lifestyle (7) _____ but some steps are easy to take: cut down the amount of driving you do, or use as little plastic as possible. It is also easy to save (8) _____ which also (9) _____ household bills. We must all make a personal decision to work for the future of our planet if we want to ensure a better world (10) _____ our grandchildren.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1. A. with | B. without | C. and | D. but |
| 2. A. and | B. however | C. so | D. moreover |
| 3. A. Where | B. When | C. Why | D. What |
| 4. A. up | B. to | C. on | D. in |
| 5. A. appear | B. appearance | C. disappear | D. disappearance |
| 6. A. when | B. during | C. while | D. within |
| 7. A. complete | B. completeness | C. completely | D. to complete |
| 8. A. water | B. energy | C. money | D. health |
| 9. A. adds | B. decreases | C. reduces | D. supplies |
| 10. A. from | B. for | C. to | D. In |

Question 3. Read the text to decide if each sentence True or False

Climbing to the top of Britain

Each year thousands of people climb Ben Nevis in Scotland, and because of its northerly location, the climate can be bitterly cold. Climber Keith Hewitt describes his first time on Ben Nevis.

It was February, my first big winter climb. Our route was up the north face of the mountain to Tower Ridge. It's six hundred metres up - probably the longest climb in Britain. We planned to camp for three days in the 'Carries', which are like big bowls cut into the walls of the mountain half-way up.

We were carrying tents, sleeping bags, and metal spikes for our boots -you'd have trouble on Ben Nevis without them because you get snow so hard it's like walking on ice. Even though some of the group were very experienced, we packed all kinds of safety equipment, including lights for attracting attention, hard hats and extra clothing. Although the weather forecast was perfect, with no strong winds, there was still a general feeling of nervousness when we set out. Ben Nevis in winter is always a challenge.

The track soon climbed and my legs felt heavy. Being the weakest member of the group, I had to rest more frequently. The others sometimes stopped for a break to let me catch up, but as soon as I reached them they set off again. I promised myself that in future I would always train properly before a climb.

After 200 metres, we reached the beginning of Tower Ridge, the route that would take us to the top of Ben Nevis. It's only a metre and a half wide and the mountain drops

away hundreds of metres on each side. We knew we had to keep calm and concentrate on every step as we moved slowly along it.

After seven hours of climbing, we reached the top. On a clear day, you can see the sea and right across it to the island of Skye, 48 kilometres away. However, we weren't so lucky, as a mist had come down.

On Ben Nevis, getting back down to camp can be as much of a challenge as going up. You need to be able to read a map properly - a wrong turn could lead to slopes too dangerous to go down in winter. I was glad we had decided to take it in turns to do that job. That first time, it was only when I was safe in the tent that I could say I really enjoyed the experience. But at least I made it to the top.

1. The climbers' camp was at the bottom of Ben Nevis.
2. Their equipment was of little use on the icy snow.
3. The climbers were well prepared in case of emergency.
4. The climbers were worried by the weather forecast.
5. The whole group took regular breaks together.
6. The writer realised that he had to improve his fitness.
7. The climbers recognised the danger in taking the Tower Ridge path.
8. From the top of Ben Nevis, the climbers had a view of the sea.
9. The climbers shared the responsibility for map reading.
10. The writer began to relax when he reached the top of the mountain.

Your answers:

1	2.....	3.....	4.....	5.....
6	7.....	8.....	9.....	10.....

Question 4: Read the passage below and choose the best answer to each question

In the world today, particular in the two most industrialized areas, North America and Europe, recycling is the big news. People are talking about it, practicing it, and discovering new ways to be **sensitive** to the environment. Recycling means finding ways to use products a second time. The **motto** of the recycling movement is “Reduce, Reuse, Recycle”.

The first step is to reduce garbage. In stores, a shopper has to buy products in blister packs, boxes and expensive plastic wrappings. A hamburger from a fast food restaurant comes in lots of packaging: usually paper, a box and a bag. All that packaging is wasted resources. People should try to buy things that are wrapped simply, and to reuse cups and utensils. Another way to reduce waste is to buy high-quality products. When low-quality appliances break, many customers throw them away and buy new ones - a loss of more resources and more energy. For example, if a customer buys a high-quality appliance that can be easily repaired, the manufacturer receives an important message. In the same way, if a customer chooses a product with less packaging, that customer sends an important message to the manufacturers. To reduce garbage, the throw-away must stop.

The second step is to reuse. It is better to buy juices and soft drinks in returnable bottles. After customers empty the bottles, they return them to the stores. The manufacturers of the drinks collect bottles, wash them, and then fill them again. The energy that is necessary to make new bottles is saved. In some parts of the world, returning bottles for money is a

common **practice**. In those places, the garbage dumps have relatively little glass and plastic from throw-away bottles.

The third step being environmentally sensitive is to recycle. Spent motor oil can be cleaned and used again. Aluminum cans are expensive to make. It takes the same amount of energy to make one aluminum can as it does to run a color TV set for three hours. When people collect and recycle aluminum (for new cans), they help save one of the world's precious resources.

1. It is a waste when customers buy low-quality products because _____.
A. they will soon throw them away B. they have to be repaired many times
C. customers always change their idea D. they are very cheap
2. The word "motto" is closest in meaning to _____.
A. meaning B. belief C. value D. reference
3. People can do the following to reduce waste EXCEPT _____.
A. buy high-quality products B. buy simply-wrapped things
C. buy more hamburgers D. reuse cups
4. What is the topic of the passage?
A. How to reduce garbage disposal.
B. How to live sensitively to the environment.
C. What is involved in the recycling movement.
D. What people understand the term "recycle".
5. Which area is considered one of the most industrialized?
A. South America B. Europe C. Middle East D. Asia
6. The word "practice" is closest in meaning to _____.
A. training B. exercise C. belief D. deed
7. What does the word "sensitive" means?
A. friendly B. cautious C. logical D. responding
8. What best describe the process of reuse?
A. The bottles are collected, washed, returned and filled again.
B. The bottles are washed, returned filled again and collected.
C. The bottles are collected, returned, filled again and washed.
D. The bottles are filled again after being returned, collected and washed.
9. What are the two things mentioned as examples of recycling?
A. Aluminum cans and spent motor oil.
B. Hamburger wrappings and spent motor oil.
C. Aluminum cans and plastic wrappings.
D. TV sets and aluminum cans.
10. Garbage dumps in some areas have relatively little glass and plastic because _____.
A. people are ordered to return bottles
B. returned bottles are few
C. few bottles are made of glass or plastic
D. each returned bottle is paid

PART FIVE: WRITING (5 points)

Question 1: Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. I was so tired that I don't feel like eating.

✎ So tired

2. I will not come if his friend does not invite me.

✎ Unless

3. You have to pay a lot for this motorbike.

✎ This motorbike

4. You remembered to post the letter, didn't you?

✎ You didn't

5. Laurence hasn't seen his sister since she left for Japan.

✎ Laurence last

6. "I am sorry, I interrupted your dinner." Bill said to Mary

✎ Bill apologized

7. I regret not finishing my home work at the weekend.

✎ I wish

Question 2: Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given.

1. Peter was the first person I asked for advice. **whose**

✎ Peter was I asked for.

2. If you are not satisfied with the hotel service, you should say so. **make**

✎ You should the hotel service if you are not satisfied with it.

3. As long as I know you'll support me, I won't worry about money. **count**

✎ Provided I support me, I won't worry about money.

4. Driving a car without insurance is illegal. **law**

✎ It..... a car without insurance.

5. They've postponed the meeting until January. **off**

✎ The meeting until January.

6. I think you should go by train. (**were**)

✎ If.....

7. She didn't succeed in applying for the job as an accountant in a bank. (**failed**)

✎ She.....

8. In the absence of the cat, the mice will play (**absent**).

✎ When

Question 3: Some people think that they can learn better by themselves than with a teacher. Others think that it is always better to have a teacher. Which do you prefer? Use specific reasons to develop your essay. (around 120 -150 words) (2 points)

.....
.....
.....

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dotted lines, typical of primary-ruled notebook paper. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings present.

HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM ĐỀ THI HSG LỚP 9 CẤP THCS HUYỆN YÊN CHÂU
NĂM HỌC 2022 – 2023
Môn: Tiếng Anh

PART ONE: LISTENING (5 points)

Question 1: Listen to the recording twice. Choose correct answer for each of the following questions.

(0,2 x 5 = 1 point)

1. What one thing does the girl NOT have to do on Wednesday after school?
A. practice the piano
B. take care of children
C. **finish homework assignments**
2. Why can't the girl go to a movie on Monday?
A. She has to catch up on her French homework.
B. **She needs to write a paper.**
C. She must practice for a math test.
3. How long is her soccer practice on Tuesday?
A. one hour B. **an hour and a half** C. two hours
4. What chore does the girl have to do on Saturday?
A. **clean the garage**
B. pick up her room
C. finish her science project
5. Which movie showing is the girl going to see?
A. **5:00 p.m.** B. 7:15 p.m. C. 9:00 p.m.

Question 2: Complete the form below. Write no more than two words or a number for each answer.

(0,2 x 10 = 2 points)

TAUBER INSURANCE Co

Example	Answer
Insurance type:	Vehicle
Policy:	(1) ZQW5009
Make & Model:	Masda Marvel
Engine size:	(2) 2500 cc
Name:	Lisa Marie Heathcote
Date of Birth:	(3) 22nd August 1955
Password:	(4) Jack 1897
Change valuation?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	No
Reduce value to:	(5) \$ 15,000

Notes to be added to policy:

Add new driver:

Name: Samel Michaels

Age: 28

Relationship to main driver: (6) son-in-law

Reason: (7) family

Client / new driver to provide:

* Verified (8) (photo) copy of driver licence

* Clean driving (9) record

Start date:

* (10) temporary

* Full cover when paperwork approved

Question 3: You will hear five short conversations. You will hear each conversation twice. There is one question for each conversation.

For questions 1-5, put a tick ☒ under the right answer
(0,2 x 5 = 1 point)

1. C 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. A

Question 4: Listen and check your understanding by choosing TRUE or FALSE for each statement. You will hear the recording twice.
twice (0,2 x 5 = 1 point)

1.T	2.F	3. T	4. T	5. F
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PART TWO: PHONETICS, VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

Question 1: Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the rest by writing your answer A, B, C, or D in the numbered box. (0.2 point)
(0,1 x 2 = 0,2 point)

- | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>st</u> one | B. d <u>o</u> ve | C. d <u>o</u> ne | D. n <u>o</u> ne |
| 2. A. <u>ch</u> ampion | B. <u>ch</u> aracter | C. m <u>a</u> tch | D. <u>ch</u> eerful |

Question 2: Choose the letter A, B, C or D next to the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others. (0.3 point)
(0,1 x 3 = 0,3 point)

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. describe | B. struggle | C. prefer | D. assistant |
| 2. A. independenc | B. politician | C. immorality | D. different |
| 3. A. uncomfortable | B. nationality | C. capability | D. documentary |

Question 3: Choose A, B, C, or B to complete the sentences. Circle the letter. (2 points)

(0,2 x 10 = 2 point)

1. The light _____ out while we were having tea.
A. was going **B. went** C. had gone D. has gone
2. You can use my phone if yours _____.
A. don't work **B. doesn't work** C. not to work D. not working
3. I always get _____ in my stomach before visiting the dentist.
A. worms B. crabs **C. butterflies** D. hedgehogs
4. A: Can you give me a hand on this?
B: _____
A. I have only two hands.
B. No. My hands are busy now.
C. Uh, sorry, but I'm busy at the moment.
D. No, I can't. I'm not very busy.
5. He'd hardly finished doing his homework when you arrived, _____?
A. didn't he **B. had he** C. would he D. hadn't he
6. I think he'll pay you back your money – when _____ fly.
A. birds B. cats C. cocks **D. pigs**
7. Had they arrived at the shop earlier, they _____ a better selection of clothes.
A. will find B. would be finding
C. would have found D. will have found
8. What _____ views do Americans and Asians have about love and marriage?
A. tradition B. traditionally C. traditionalism **D. traditional**
9. I can't _____ this noise any longer. I'm going to write a letter of complaint to the local authority about this problem.
A. put up with B. take away from C. get back to D. make out of
10. Hello. Is that 956782? Please put me _____ the manager.
A. across B. up C. over **D. through**

Question 4: Give the correct form of the verbs in brackets. (0,5 point)

1. He told me that he (take) **_would take_** a trip to California the following week.
2. These boxes (hand) **were handed** to the customer
3. A great deal (happen) **_has happened_** since I last spoke to you.
4. It's no use (learn) **_learning_** a language if you don't try to speak it, too.
5. My TV has been broken. I wish it (repair) **_would be repaired_** soon.

Question 5: Fill in each blank with the correct form of the given words. (1 point) (0,2 x 5 = 1 point)

1. **Sadness** is a part of life, but you have to be able to enjoy the others too. **SAD**
2. I can **assure** that if you study you will have no problems passing this test. **SURE**
3. Nowadays there are lots of **endangered** species of animals in the world, **DANGER** for example, the panda.
4. I was **encouraged** to take the driving test by my friends. **COURAGE**
5. The school has a **reputation** for being very up-to-date with technology. **REPUTE**

Question 6: Each of the following sentences has an error. Find the errors and correct them. ((0,1 x 10 = 1point)

(Thí sinh ghi từ sai và từ sửa ra tờ giấy thi ví dụ câu.

0. She didn't find it easily to keep the children amused.

0. → Easily → easy

1. No sooner had he left the office when the telephone rang....**than**...
2. If he would have a lot of money, he would buy us an expensive car. ...**had**...
3. It is important that the mechanic takes steps to repair our air conditioner.**take / should take**...
4. Mai is studying law at the university, and so does her brother....**is**...
5. The study of these animals are fascinating and many books have been written about them....**is**...
6. Mary enjoyed to be able to meet a lot of interesting people during her vacation**being**...
7. One of the worst disease that mankind has ever had is cancer....**diseases**...
8. The children were frightening by the thunder and lighting....**frightened**...
9. If only there is a bridge over the river near our village....**were**...
10. His parents told him don't waste his time on music and games.**not to**

PART THREE: READING (5 points)

Question 1. Read the text and think of the word which best fits each gap

(0,1 x 10= 1 point)

The African elephant is (1) **the** largest animal in the world. Both the African and the Indian elephant (2) **belong** to the group of animals which we (3) **call** mammals. The African elephant is larger (4) **than** the Indian elephant and weighs as much as 8 tons. Elephants sleep (5) **on** their feet and the strange thing is (6) **that** they have bad dreams, they make (7) **the / that** noise with their trunks. They need great quantities of food every day and this is the reason (8) **why** they move to places with rich vegetation. They eat grass, leaves (9) **and / or** fruit and they walk long distances to large family groups but the old males often live alone (10) **until / till** they die.

Question 2. Read the passage below and choose the best answer to each question

(0,1 x 10= 1 point)

These days it is impossible to open the newspaper (1) _____ reading about the damage we are doing to the environment. The earth is being threatened (2) _____ the future looks bad. (3) _____ can each of us do?

We cannot clean (4) _____ our polluted rivers and seas overnight. Nor can we stop the (5) _____ of plants and animals. But we can stop adding to the problem (6) _____ scientists look for answers.

It may not be easy to change your lifestyle (7) _____ but some steps are easy to take: cut down the amount of driving you do, or use as little plastic as possible. It is also easy to save (8) _____ which also (9) _____ household bills. We must all make a personal decision to work for the future of our planet if we want to ensure a better world (10) _____ our grandchildren.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1. A. with | B. without | C. and | D. but |
| 2. A. and | B. however | C. so | D. moreover |
| 3. A. Where | B. When | C. Why | D. What |
| 4. A. up | B. to | C. on | D. in |
| 5. A. appear | B. appearance | C. disappear | D. disappearance |
| 6. A. when | B. during | C. while | D. within |
| 7. A. complete | B. completeness | C. completely | D. to complete |

- | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| 8. A. water | B. energy | C. money | D. health |
| 9. A. adds | B. decreases | C. reduces | D. supplies |
| 10. A. from | B. for | C. to | D. in |

Question 3. Read the text to decide if each sentence True or False

(0,2 x 10 = 2 points)

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1. F | 2. F | 3. T | 4. F | 5. F |
| 6. T | 7. T | 8. F | 9. T | 10. F |

Question 4: Read the passage below and choose the best answer to each question

(0,1 x 10 = 1 point)

In the world today, particular in the two most industrialized areas, North America and Europe, recycling is the big news. People are talking about it, practicing it, and discovering new ways to be **sensitive** to the environment. Recycling means finding ways to use products a second time. The **motto** of the recycling movement is “Reduce, Reuse, Recycle”.

The first step is to reduce garbage. In stores, a shopper has to buy products in blister packs, boxes and expensive plastic wrappings. A hamburger from a fast food restaurant comes in lots of packaging: usually paper, a box and a bag. All that packaging is wasted resources. People should try to buy things that are wrapped simply, and to reuse cups and utensils. Another way to reduce waste is to buy high-quality products. When low-quality appliances break, many customers throw them away and buy new ones - a loss of more resources and more energy. For example, if a customer buys a high-quality appliance that can be easily repaired, the manufacturer receives an important message. In the same way, if a customer chooses a product with less packaging, that customer sends an important message to the manufacturers. To reduce garbage, the throw-away must stop.

The second step is to reuse. It is better to buy juices and soft drinks in returnable bottles. After customers empty the bottles, they return them to the stores. The manufacturers of the drinks collect bottles, wash them, and then fill them again. The energy that is necessary to make new bottles is saved. In some parts of the world, returning bottles for money is a common **practice**. In those places, the garbage dumps have relatively little glass and plastic from throw-away bottles.

The third step being environmentally sensitive is to recycle. Spent motor oil can be cleaned and used again. Aluminum cans are expensive to make. It takes the same amount of energy to make one aluminum can as it does to run a color TV set for three hours. When people collect and recycle aluminum (for new cans), they help save one of the world's precious resources.

- It is a waste when customers buy low-quality products because _____.

A. they will soon throw them away	B. they have to be repaired many times
C. customers always change their idea	D. they are very cheap
- The word “**motto**” is closest in meaning to _____.

A. meaning B. belief C. value D. reference

3. People can do the following to reduce waste EXCEPT _____.
A. buy high-quality products B. buy simply-wrapped things
C. **buy more hamburgers** D. reuse cups
4. What is the topic of the passage?
A. How to reduce garbage disposal.
B. **How to live sensitively to the environment.**
C. What is involved in the recycling movement.
D. What people understand the term “recycle”.
5. Which area is considered one of the most industrialized?
A. South America B. **Europe** C. Middle East D. Asia
6. The word “**practice**” is closest in meaning to _____.
A. training B. exercise C. belief D. **deed**
7. What does the word “**sensitive**” means?
A. **friendly** B. cautious C. logical D. responding
8. What best describe the process of reuse?
A. The bottles are collected, washed, returned and filled again.
B. The bottles are washed, returned filled again and collected.
C. The bottles are collected, returned, filled again and washed.
D. **The bottles are filled again after being returned, collected and washed.**
9. What are the two things mentioned as examples of recycling?
A. **Aluminum cans and spent motor oil.**
B. Hamburger wrappings and spent motor oil.
C. Aluminum cans and plastic wrappings.
D. TV sets and aluminum cans.
10. Garbage dumps in some areas have relatively little glass and plastic because _____.
A. people are ordered to return bottles
B. returned bottles are few
C. few bottles are made of glass or plastic
D. **each returned bottle is paid**

PART FIVE: WRITING (5 points)

Question 1: Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. (1,4 point)

(0,2 x 8 = 1,6 point)

1. I was so tired that I don't feel like eating.
✎ **So tired was I that I don't feel like eating.**
2. I will not come if his friend does not invite me.
✎ **Unless his friend invites me, I will not come.**
3. You have to pay a lot for this motorbike.

👉 This motorbike is **very expensive/costly**.

4. You remembered to post the letter, didn't you?

👉 You didn't **forget to post the letter, did you?**

5. Laurence hasn't seen his sister since she left for Japan.

👉 Laurence last **saw his sister when she left for Japan**.

6. "I am sorry, I interrupted your dinner." Bill said to Mary

👉 Bill **apologized to Mary for interrupting her dinner**.

7. I regret not finishing my home work at the weekend.

👉 I wish **I had finished my home work at the weekend**

Question 2: Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. (1,6 point)

(0,2 x 7 = 1,4 point)

1. Peter was the first person I asked for advice. **whose**

👉 Peter was **the person whose advice** I asked for.

2. If you are not satisfied with the hotel service, you should say so. **make**

👉 You should **make complaint about** the hotel service if you are not satisfied with it.

3. As long as I know you'll support me, I won't worry about money. **count**

👉 Provided I **can count on you to** support me, I won't worry about money.

4. Driving a car without insurance is illegal. **law**

👉 **It is against the law to drive** a car without insurance.

5. They've postponed the meeting until January. **off**

👉 The meeting **has been put off** until January.

6. I think you should go by train. **(were)**

👉 **If I were you / in your position / in your shoes, I would go by train.**

7. She didn't succeed in applying for the job as an accountant in a bank. **(failed)**

👉 She **failed to apply for the job as an accountant in a bank.**

8. In the absence of the cat, the mice will play **(absent)**.

👉 **When the cat is absent, the mice will play.**

Question 3: Some people think that they can learn better by themselves than with a teacher. Others think that it is always better to have a teacher. Which do you prefer? Use specific reasons to develop your essay. (around 120 -150 words) (2 points)

- **Organization:** *(Bố cục bài luận rõ ràng, đầy đủ 3 phần: mở bài, thân bài, kết luận)* **(0, 25 pts)**

- **Discourse:** *(Thể hiện khả năng viết mạch lạc, chặt chẽ; nối kết câu, chuyển mạch tốt)* **(0,5 pts)**

- **Sentence structure (morphology, vocabulary and spelling):** *Cấu trúc câu, ngữ pháp, từ vựng; câu linh hoạt (đơn, phức.)* **(1 pts)**

- **Ideas:** *(Ý hay, phong phú, biểu đạt nội dung liên quan chặt chẽ với chủ đề của đề thi)* **(0, 25 pts)**

Note: Bài viết không có lỗi chính tả và dưới 2 lỗi ngữ pháp được cho điểm tối đa.
