SPECTRUM® Language Arts





Focused Practice for Language Arts Mastery

- Parts of speech
- Grammar and usage
 - Capitalization and punctuation
 - Writer's guide
 - Answer key



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Aa				
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SPECTRUM® Language Arts

Kindergarten

Spectrum® An imprint of Carson Dellosa Education P.O. Box 35665 Greensboro, NC 27425 USA

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Table of Contents Kindergarten

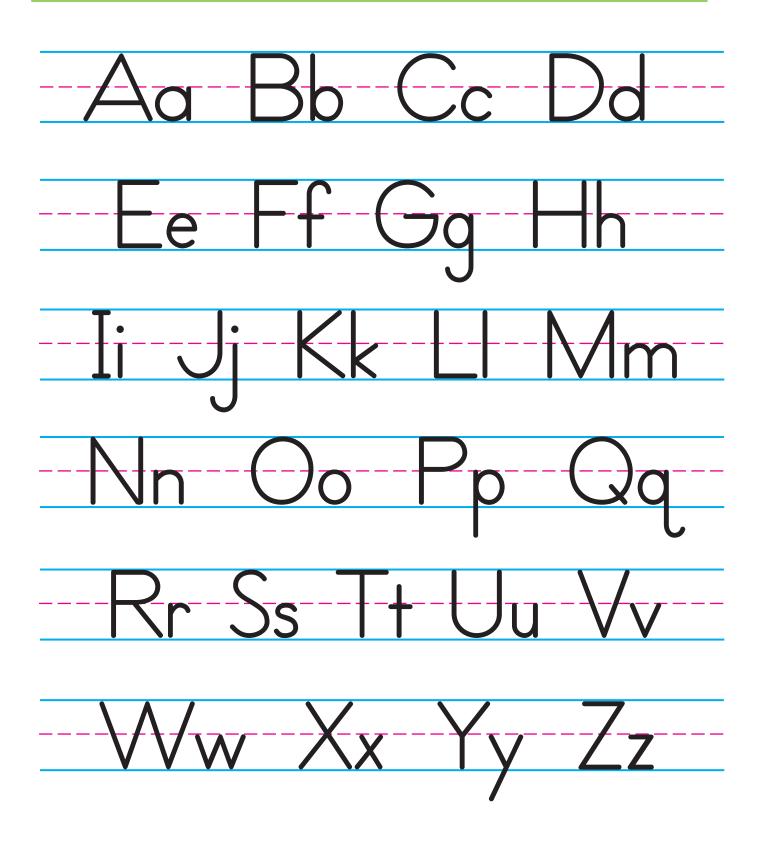
Chapter I Alphabet Review
ABC Chart
Chapter 2 Grammar
Parts of SpeechLesson 2.1 Common Nouns18Lesson 2.2 Proper Nouns22Review: Common and Proper Nouns26Lesson 2.3 Verbs28Lesson 2.4 Prepositions30Lesson 2.5 Pronouns32Review: Verbs, Prepositions, and Pronouns31
SentencesLesson 2.6 Sentences36Lesson 2.7 Statements46Lesson 2.8 Questions42Review: Sentences44
Chapter 3 Mechanics
CapitalizationLesson 3.1 Capitalizing the First Word in a Sentence48Lesson 3.2 Capitalizing the Pronoun I48Lesson 3.3 Capitalizing Names50Review: Capitalization52
PunctuationLesson 3.4 Periods54Lesson 3.5 Question Marks56Review: Periods and Question Marks58
Letter Sounds60Lesson 3.6 Beginning Consonant Sounds61Lesson 3.7 Ending Consonant Sounds62Review: Consonant Sounds68Lesson 3.8 Short Vowel Sounds70Review: Vowel Sounds71

Table of Contents, continued

Chapter 4 Usage

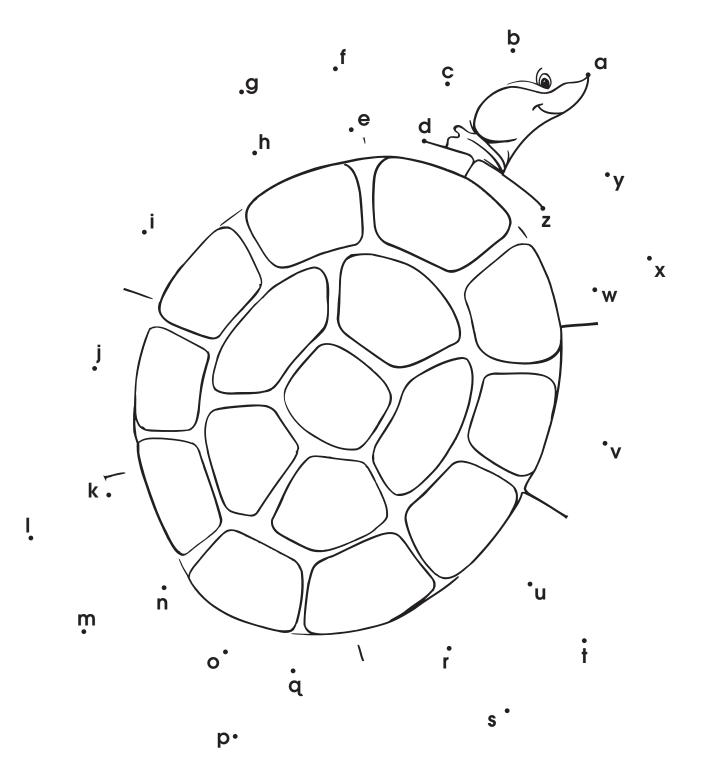
Lesson 4.1 Plurals with \$ 76 Lesson 4.2 Prefixes 78 Lesson 4.3 Suffixes 80 Lesson 4.4 Rhyming Words 82 Review: Plurals, Prefixes, Suffixes, and Rhyming Words 86 Lesson 4.5 Order Words 88 Lesson 4.6 Sequencing 90 Review: Order Words and Sequencing 92 Lesson 4.7 Antonyms 94 Lesson 4.8 Category Words 96 Review: Antonyms and Category Words 98 Chapter 5 Writer's Guide Lesson 5.1 Telling What You Know 100 Lesson 5.2 Using Telling Words to Describe 101

Lesson 5.3 Proofreading102Lesson 5.4 Revising103Lesson 5.5 Writing a Friendly Letter104



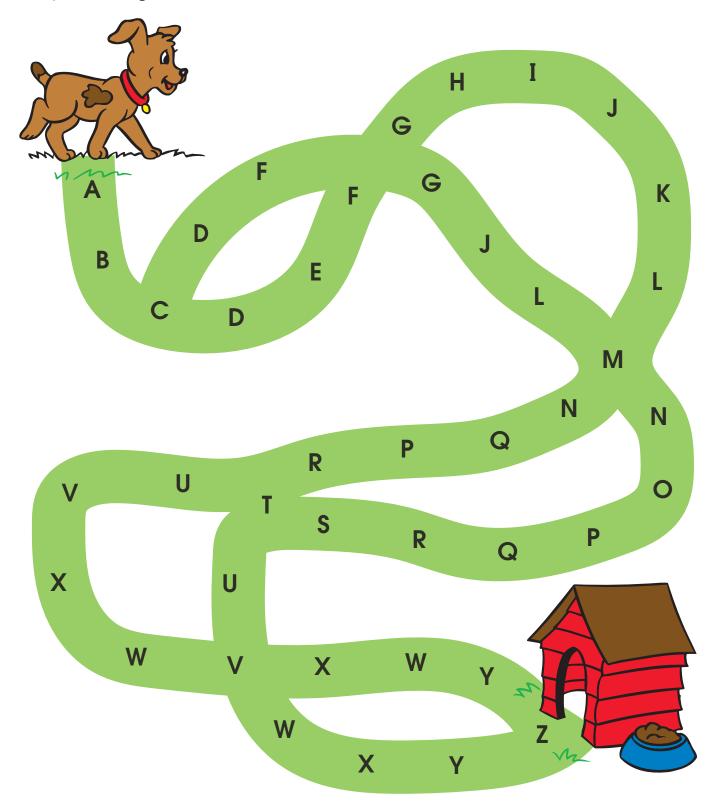
Lesson I.I ABC Order

Follow the letters in ABC order.



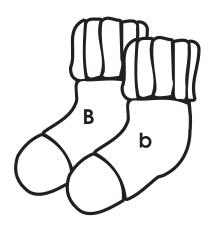
Lesson I.I ABC Order

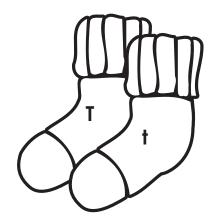
Help the dog find his house. Follow the letters in ABC order.

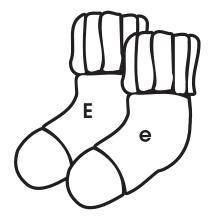


Color in each pair of socks that shows a capital and lowercase pair.

Examples: Vv Hh





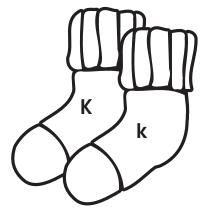




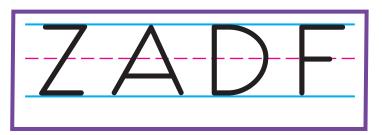








Write the missing capital letter in each pair. Use the letters in the box.





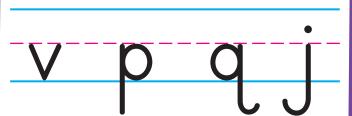








Write the missing lowercase letter in each pair. Use the letters in the box.







Kindergarten





P----

Chapter I Lesson 2 Alphabet Review

Draw a line to match each capital and lowercase letter.

U

h

0

ı

N

u

R

y

Н

n

Y

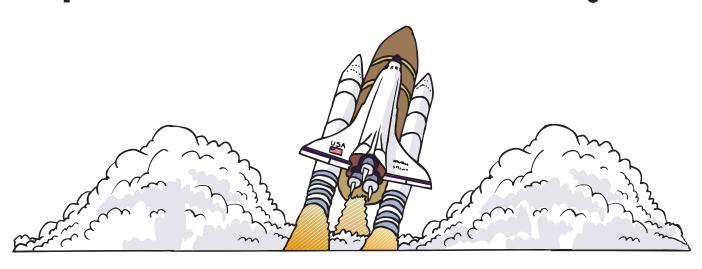
S

S

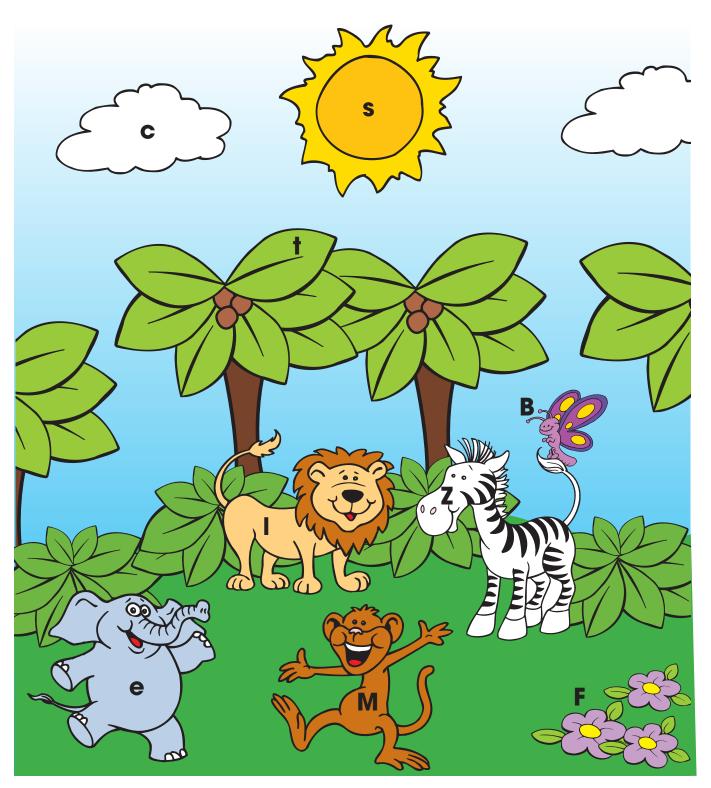
r

Ι

0

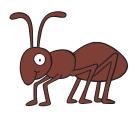


Circle the capital letters in the picture. Cross out the lowercase letters.



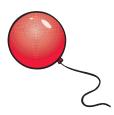
Lesson 1.3 Letter Recognition

Name each picture. Circle the letter it starts with. Write the letter on the line.



a

m

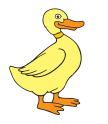


b



u

C



d

h



e

g



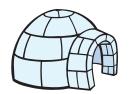
f

g

S

Lesson 1.3 Letter Recognition

Draw a line from each word to the letter it starts with.



igloo

m



nose

k



kid



hand

i



lamp

Ī



moon

n



jam

h

Lesson I.3 Letter Recognition

Name each picture. Circle the words in each row that start with the same letter as the picture.

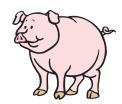


on

bug

OX

fox



pie

pan

bee

duck

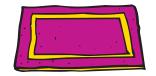


jam

gum

quilt

goat



rake

pig

ring

nest



ZOO

snake

sit

egg



tiger

hill

lamp

tree

Lesson 1.3 Letter Recognition

Say each picture name. Find the missing letter in the box. Write it on the line.











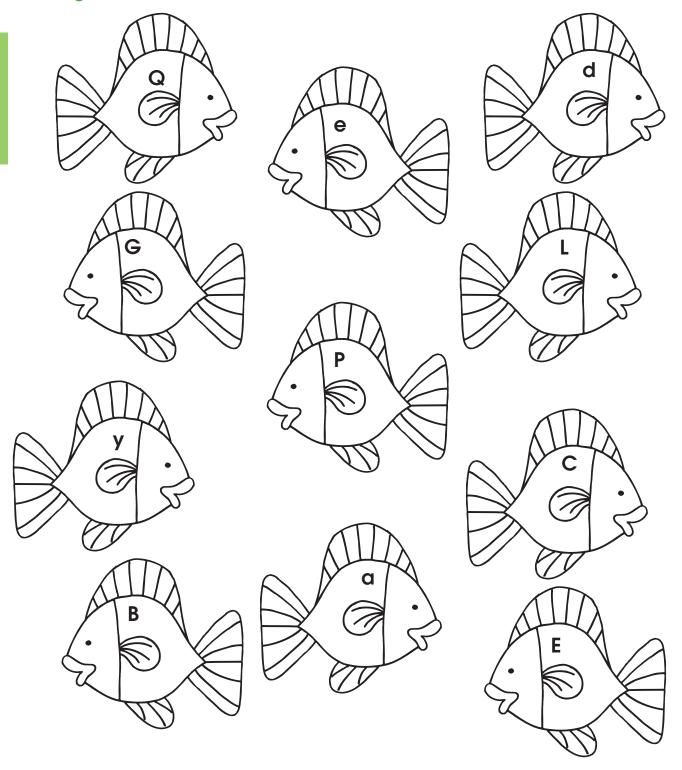






Review

Color the fish with capital letters purple. Color the fish with lowercase letters green.



Review

Name each picture. Circle the letter it starts with. Write the letter on the line.















C

b

p

u

f

t

g

h

b

d

W

h

S

A **noun** is a naming word. It can name a person.



teacher



Circle the **noun** that names each person.



girl

boy



pan

man



fox

farmer



baby

duck



bug

doctor

Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten 18

Chapter 2 Lesson I Grammar: Parts of Speech

Lesson 2.1 Common Nouns

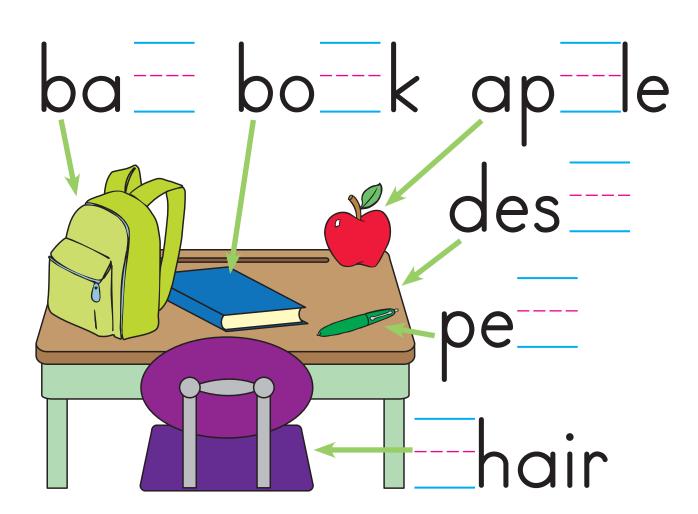
Nouns can name things.





Fill in the missing letters in the nouns that name things. Use the words in the box to help you.

> chair desk apple book pen bag



Lesson 2.1 Common Nouns

Nouns can also name places.



farm



Trace the name of each noun that names a place. Write it on the line. Then, color the picture.



house

_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_



-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_



_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_



school

Lesson 2.1 Common Nouns

Remember, nouns are naming words. They can name a person, place, or thing.

Look at each picture below and the noun that names it.

Circle the nouns that name a person.





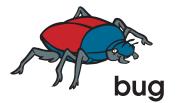
Make a line under nouns that name a place.



beach

Cross out nouns that name a thing.















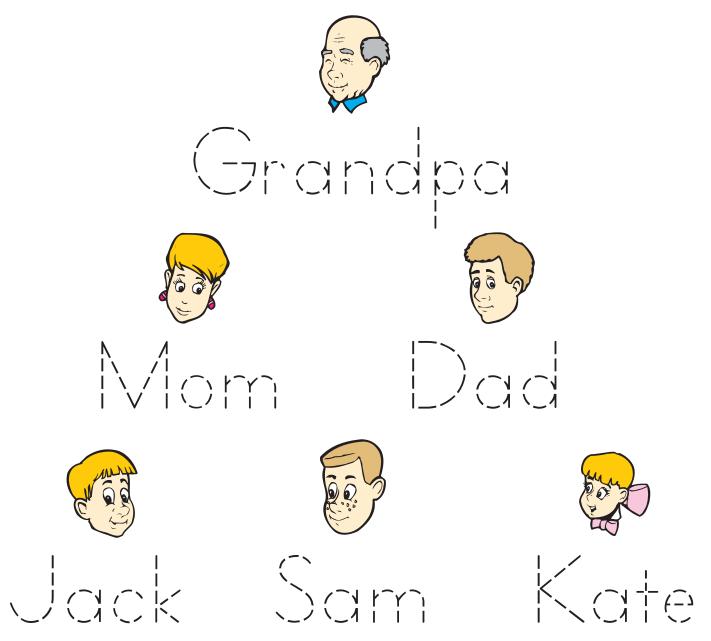




A **proper noun** can name a certain person. Proper nouns start with capital letters.

Example: Mom Grandma Ann Luis

Trace the names of the people in this family. Circle the capital letter in each name.



Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten 22 Chapter 2 Lesson 2 Grammar: Parts of Speech

Each person below has two names. Circle the name that is a proper noun. Make a line under the name that is a common noun.





clown

Li



doctor

brother



Ben

man



Grandpa

Mom

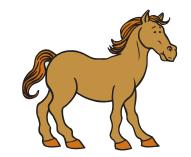


woman

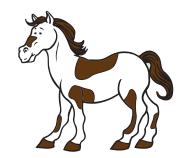
A **proper noun** can also name an animal. Remember, proper nouns start with capital letters.

The horses are missing their names. Choose a name for each horse from the box. Write it on the line. Circle the capital letter.

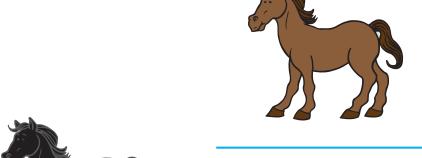
Star Ace Tom Rosy Buck





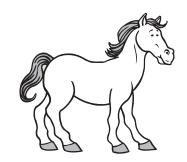








_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_



Circle the name that is a proper noun. Make a line under the name that is a common noun.







dog



Buddy

Duke



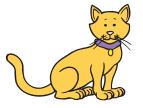
bird

Bubbles



fish

cat



Daisy

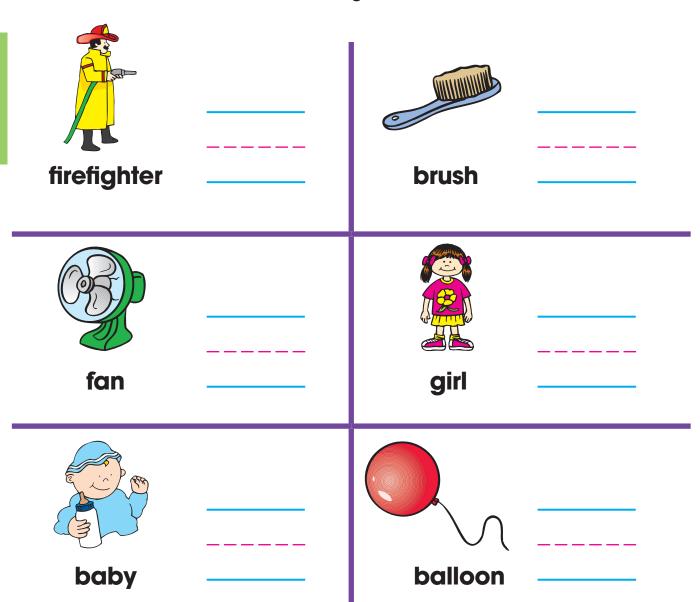
Chip



hamster

Review

Look at each picture and word below. If the noun names a person, write ${\bf P}$ on the line. If it names a thing, write ${\bf T}$



Review

Draw a picture of your family. If you have a pet, draw its picture, too. Write the name of each person and pet on the lines. Ask an adult if you need help spelling the names.

Lesson 2.3 Verbs

A **verb** is an action word. It tells what happens in a sentence.

Example: jump eat throw

Name the action words below. Write the missing letters on the lines. Use the words in the box to help you.

swim	run kick	laugh clap	
		aug	h
	No.	-kic	
		—cla	
		wim	

Lesson 2.3 Verbs

Dad and Ana are cooking. Circle the action word in each sentence that tells what they do.

Dad chops.

Ana mixes.



Ana washes.

Dad peels.

They bake.

Lesson 2.4 Prepositions

A **preposition** can show location (where) or time (when). Prepositions link nouns to other words in the sentence.

Example: on the table in the barn before lunch

Trace the prepositions that match each picture. Then write them on the line.



+(_)

_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

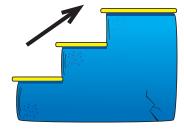


under

_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_







Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten



Chapter 2 Lesson 4 Grammar: Parts of Speech

Lesson 2.4 Prepositions

Choose a preposition to complete each sentence. Write it on the line.

to, on, with

Sam ran _____ the park.

off, into, in

Ling hid _____ the shed.

at, on, up

The cat can jump _____ the table.

at, on, under

Mom will be home _____ 6:00.

Lesson 2.5 Pronouns

A pronoun can take the place of a person's name. You, he, she, they,

and it are pronouns.

Example:

Will is six.



Circle the pronoun in each sentence.

Write it on the line.

He can draw.

She likes to paint.

It is messy and fun.

They make art.

You can color.

Lesson 2.5 Pronouns

Circle the pronoun to complete each sentence. Use the pictures to help you.



He She paints with red.



He It likes green.



She They spill the paint!



It They is on the table.



He It wipes it.



They She helps, too.

Review

Look at each word and picture. Circle the words that are verbs, or action words.



hug



cup



eat



clap



dig



Circle the preposition in each sentence.

Sid's ball is on the roof.

Put the pen in the cup.

Send the book to Dad.

Rex hid under the bed.

Review

Match each pronoun to the person or thing it names.

it



she



he



they



Write two sentences of your own. Use one pronoun from the pronoun box. Use one verb from the verb box.

Pronouns

He	She	It

Verbs

runs	skates	flies	

A sentence is a group of words. It tells a complete thought. A sentence starts with a capital letter. It ends with a period.

Examples: My name is Ling. It is hot. I like dogs.

Look at each sentence. Circle the capital letter. Circle the period.

It is dark.

Look at the stars.

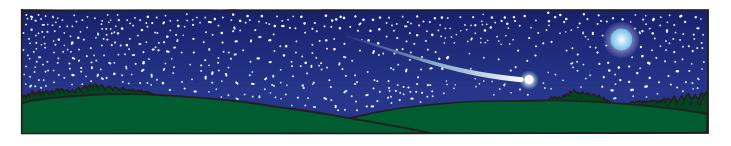
A cat is by the tree.

There are no clouds.

I see the moon.

I hear an owl.

I jump into bed.



Name each picture. Then, finish the sentence. Use the words in the box.

Soup eyes baby Dad read swim

My mom likes to

.



is a good cook.





We all like to

Mom and I have brown _____







is our favorite dinner.

Make a line under each group of words that is a sentence.

Remember, a **sentence** is a complete thought. It starts with a capital letter. It ends with a period.

a big day

Nico is five.



Lin gives him a new book.

Cal brings a toy car.

eats some cake

likes balloons

Abby and Lex play a game.

Look at each group of words. If it is a sentence, make a check mark \checkmark on the line. Circle the capital letter. Circle the period.

Sam likes trees.

is his tree house

Sam reads in it.

He plays, too.

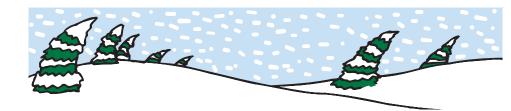
It has a door.

peeks out the windows

Lesson 2.7 Statements

A **statement** is a kind of sentence. A statement is a telling sentence. It starts with a capital letter. It ends with a period.

Look at each picture. Trace the statement. Circle the capital letter and the period. Write the statement on the line.



The show is cold.

I like autumn.



Lesson 2.7 Statements

Look at each picture. Circle the capital letter and the period in the statement. Write another telling sentence about the picture. Ask an adult to help you.



The girl is wet.

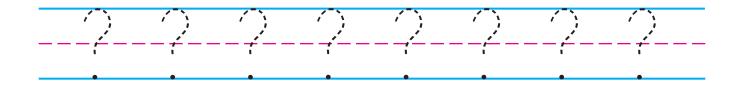


Sam has hot feet.

Lesson 2.8 Questions

A question is a type of sentence. It is an asking sentence. It starts with a capital letter. It ends with a question mark.

Trace the question marks.



Make a question mark at the end of each question.

What is your name_____







Do you have a sister or brother _____



What color do you like best _____



Do you have a pet _____

Lesson 2.8 Questions

Make a line under the question in each pair. Circle the question mark.

I draw cars and trucks.



Can you draw?

Do you dance?



I love to dance.

Do you like to play ball?



I play kickball.

I sing funny songs.



What can you sing?

Do you swim?



I swim at the pool.

Each sentence is missing something. Use the box next to each sentence to complete it.

.

Kat camps with Dad _____



They

sleep in a tent.

?

Have you slept in a tent_____

Dad

makes a fire.

.

They cook dinner _____

?

What did they make _____

Review

Look at each sentence below. If it is a statement, write S on the line. If it is a question, write Q on the line.



We go to the park.

We can swing.

_____ Is there a slide?

Can we feed the ducks?

I have a snack.

Do you like apples?

Lesson 3.1 Capitalizing the First Word in a Sentence

A **sentence** always starts with a capital letter.

Examples:

Meg is five. **(T**) e dog is black. **(T**) ss me the ball.

Circle the capital letter that starts each sentence.

Jen and Ty make a kite.

They need paper.

Ty picks blue and red.

He cuts the paper.

Where is the glue?

Jen ties the string.



Lesson 3.1 Capitalizing the First Word in a Sentence

Each sentence should start with a capital letter. Write the word in the box on the line. Use a capital letter.

it

_____ is a windy day.

a

____ dog runs past.

he

tugs on the string.

the

kite takes off.

jen

____ calls the dog.

he

____ runs.

what

_____ a day to fly a kite!

Lesson 3.2 Capitalizing the Pronoun I

The word **I** is always spelled with a capital letter. It can start a sentence. It can be in the middle of a sentence.

Circle the word I each time you see it.

I like to hike.



My dad and I hike a lot.

Dad has our bag.

I help him pack it.

We walk for awhile.

Then, I ask Dad for a snack.

Dad and I love the woods.

Lesson 3.2 Capitalizing the Pronoun I

The word I is missing from each sentence.

Write a capital I on each line.

like to look for animals.

Dad and _____ saw a deer once.



____ see birds a lot.



Dad and _____ want to see a possum.



Will _____ see a fox one day?



____ hope so!

may

Lesson 3.3 Capitalizing Names

Names start with a capital letter.

Examples: (Tess Will

tom







Write your name on the line. Ask an adult if you need help.

None of the names below start with a capital letter.

Write each name on the line. Use a capital letter.

dante erik

iess cam

rico nora

Lesson 3.3 Capitalizing Names

The names of pets start with a capital letter, too.

Examples:

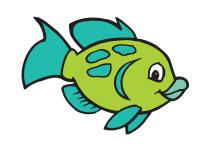
B	uddy
ש	μααγ



Each pet needs a name. Choose a name from the box.

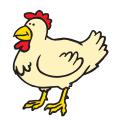
Write it under the pet. Use a capital letter.

lady sam spot jake gus bella coco









Look at each sentence. Write the word in the box on the line. Use a capital letter.

dogs

____ can bark.

the

owl hoots.

Lee and _____ hear the cat purr.

birds

____ chirp in the tree.

cows

____ say moo.

hear bees buzz.

Review

Circle each letter that should be a capital.



Min



Jon



jane



amad



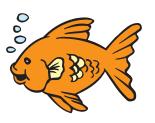
lex



Ava



ben



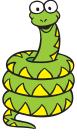
lucky



rocky



Luna



star



bo



Daisy

Lesson 3.4 Periods

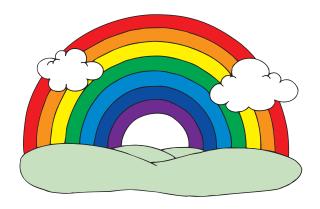
A **period** comes at the end of a sentence. It shows you where the sentence ends.

Example: My cat's name is Laney.

Circle the period in each sentence.

The sky is blue.

Roses are red.



The dove is gray.

Worms are brown.

The crow is black.

Grass is green.

Lesson 3.4 Periods

Add a period to each sentence.

Ben likes blue balloons



Pat's pig is pink _____



Rosy has a red wagon_____



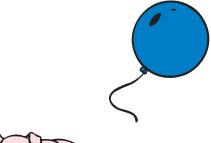
Greg has a green bag _____

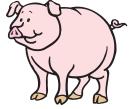


Bess has black hair _____



Yuri's jacket is yellow _____













Lesson 3.5 Question Marks

A **question mark** comes at the end of a question. It shows you where the question ends.

Examples: Did you see the frog? Is that Tim's bus?

Circle each question mark.

Who wants nuts?



Chapter 3 Lesson 5

Mechanics: Punctuation

Is the soup hot?

Can we fry the eggs?

Will Jon eat grapes?

Did you make rice?

Did you drop that peach?

Lesson 3.5 Question Marks

Write a question mark at the end of each question.

Do you like corn____

Where is the jam_____



What is for lunch _____

Can we have peas _____

Are we out of milk _____

What is a kiwi _____

Draw a line under the question in each pair. Circle the question mark.



Fox and Pig have a race.





Vill Mouse wake him?



Where is Duck?

She is at the pond.





He lost his lily pad.

Cow looks for Sheep.

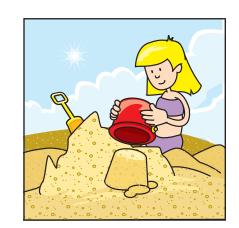


Is she in the barn?

Review

Look at each sentence. If it has a $\bf P$, write a period at the end. If it has a $\bf Q$, write a question mark.





P The waves are big _____

Q Did you see the fish _____

P I have a beach ball _____

Q Is the sand hot _____

Q Do you want to swim _____

Say each picture name. Circle the letter for the beginning sound. Write the letter on the line.



b



h



b

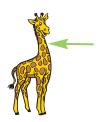


m



m

d



n

Say each picture name. Draw a line between the words that start with the same sound.





van



zebra



fence



rug

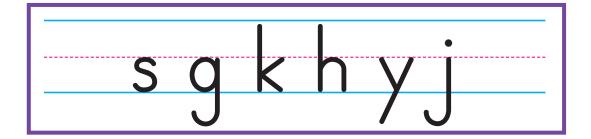


pie



duck

Say the name of each picture. Fill in the missing letter for each word. Choose from the letters in the box.



oat



arn

ey

eep

un



orse

Color the pictures in each row with the same beginning sound. Write the letter for the sound.

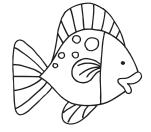


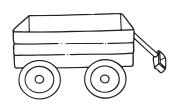
















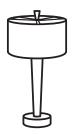




















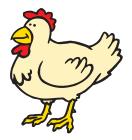
Circle the pictures in each row with the same ending sound. Write the letter for the sound.









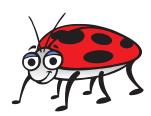






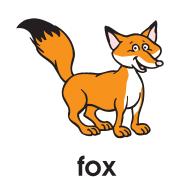








Say the name of each picture. Draw a line to match the pictures that end with the same sound.



bird

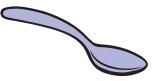


box





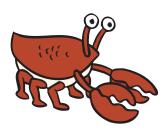
spoon



pin

hill





crab

bus



web



Circle the words in each row that end with /p/, like **stamp**.



ship tub cap bed

Circle the words in each row that end with /s/, like grass.



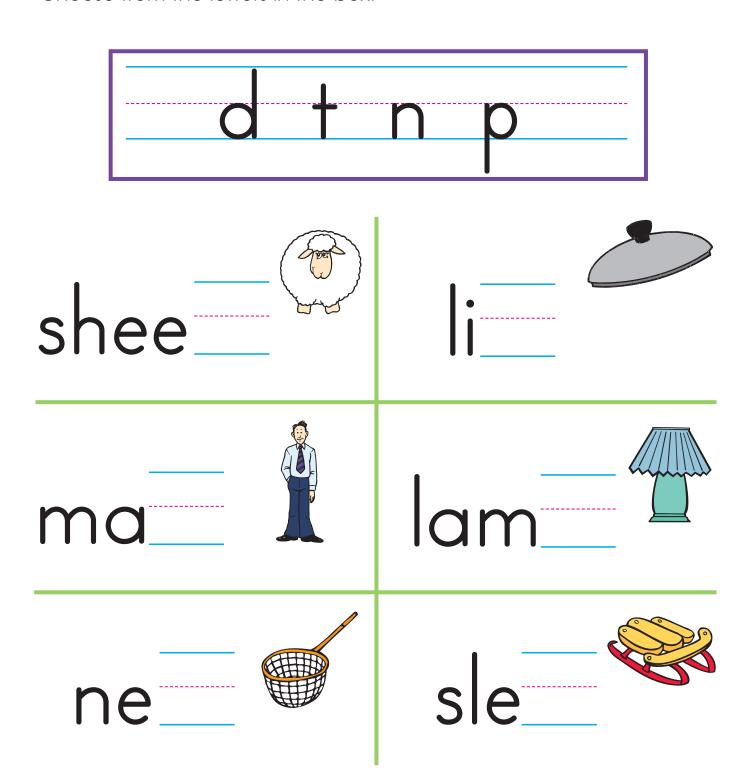
buzz dress bus ax

Circle the words in each row that end with /m/, like broom.



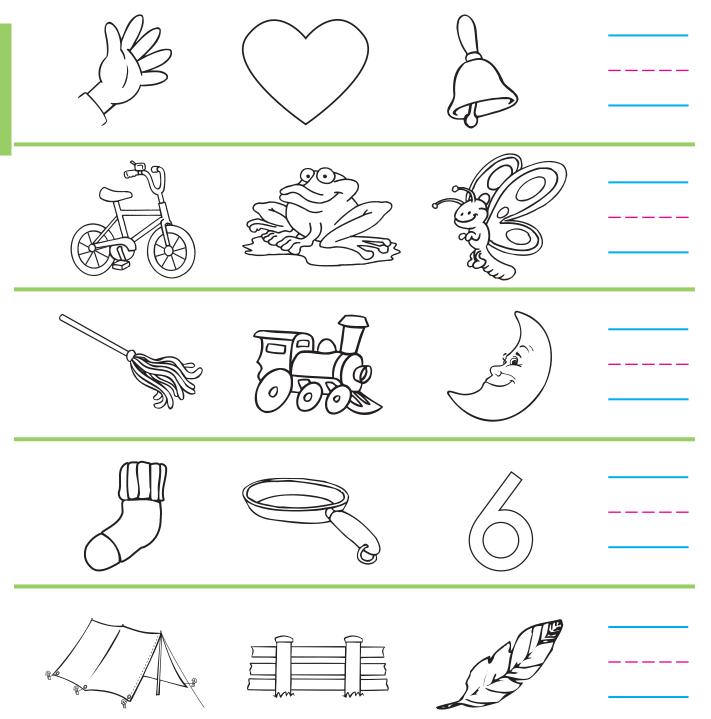
pan drum gum sun

Say the name of each picture. Fill in the missing letter for each word. Choose from the letters in the box.



Review

Color the pictures in each row with the same beginning sound. Write the letter for the sound.



Review

Say each picture name. Circle the letter for the ending sound. Write the letter on the line.



S

d





n

p





h

t





a





X

W



Lesson 3.8 Short Vowel Sounds

Short **a** makes the vowel sound you hear in **cap**



Say the name of each picture. Circle the pictures that have the short a sound, like **pan**







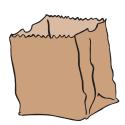




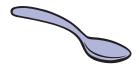












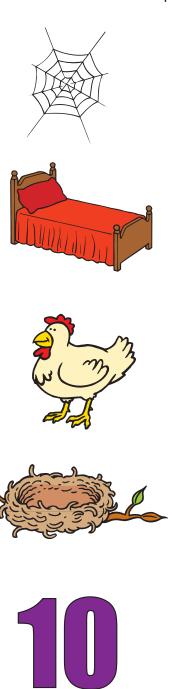


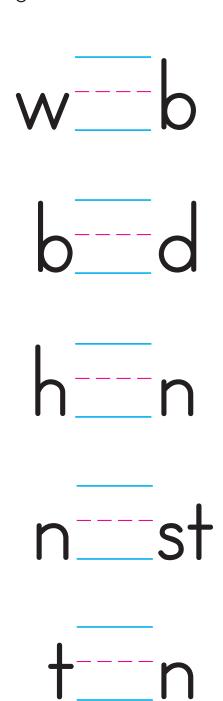
Lesson 3.8 Short Vowel Sounds

Short **e** makes the vowel sound you hear in **pen** _____.



Say the name of each picture. Fill in the missing letter for each word.

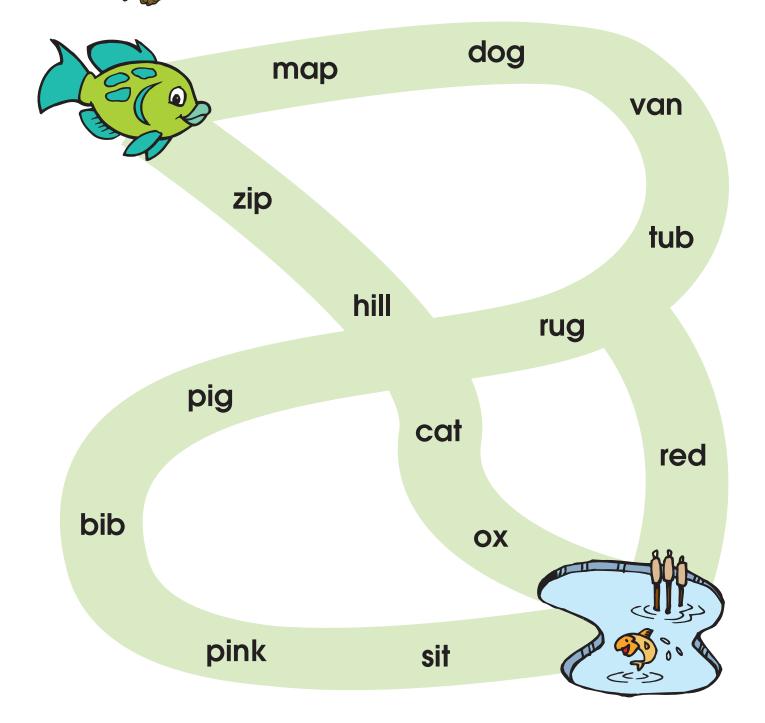




Lesson 3.8 Short Vowel Sounds

Short i makes the vowel sound you hear in **crib**

Help the fish find its pond. Follow the words that have the short ${\bf i}$ sound, like ${\bf wig}$.



Lesson 3.8 Short Vowel Sounds

Short o makes the vowel sound you hear in log.

Short **u** makes the vowel sound you hear in **brush**..........

Say each picture name. Circle the vowel sound you hear in each word.

pot



0

u

tub



0

u

box



0

u

bus



0

u

drum



0

u

dog

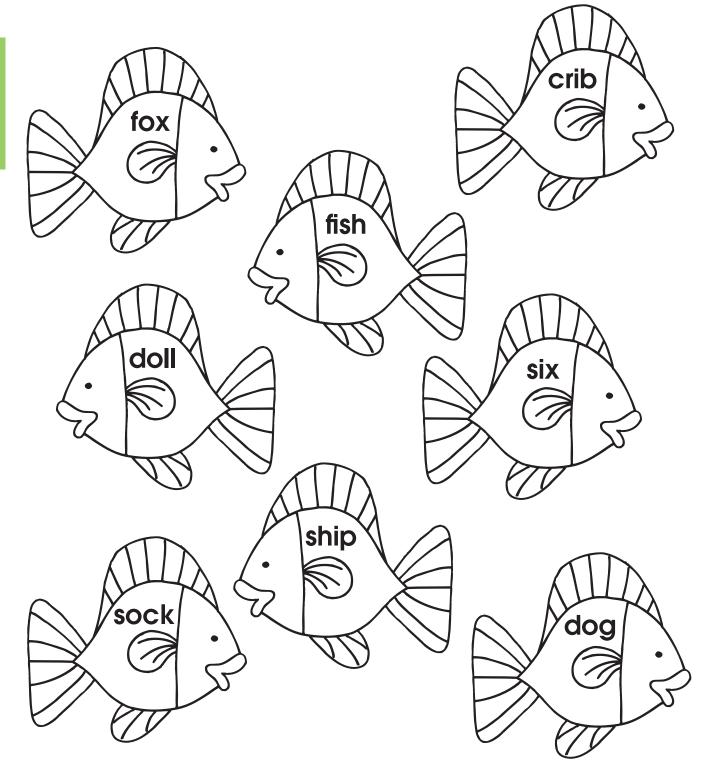


0

u

Review

Color the fish with short o words green. Color the fish with short i words blue.



Review

Say the name of each picture. Match the pictures that have the same vowel sound.



flag

cat

bib





sled

ring



bed





truck

Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten rope



bus



Review: Chapter 3 Lesson 8 Mechanics: Letter Sounds Plural means more than one. Make a word plural by adding s.

Example:

I sock

4 sock**s**



Draw a line to match each word to the correct picture.



cars









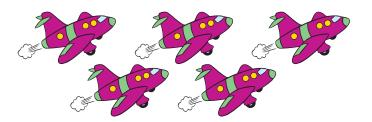
truck







plane





boats



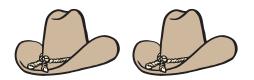




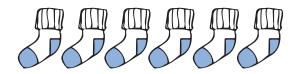


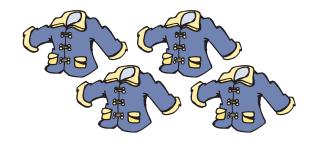
Lesson 4.1 Plurals with s

Look at each picture and word. If there is more than one of something, add s.













hat---

dress

sock

coat

skirt---

boot

Lesson 4.2 Prefixes

A **prefix** is added to the beginning of a root word. It changes the word's meaning.

The prefix **un-** means **not**. Examples: **un**happy = **not** happy

The prefix **re-** means **again**. Example: **re**play = play **again**

Circle the word that has a prefix in each sentence.

Meg was unable to open the box.

Lee will reset the computer.

Can you untie my bow?

Let me unpack the bags.

Dad will rename the dog.



Lesson 4.2 Prefixes

Add a prefix to each root word. Write the new word on the line.

re + sell = _____



un + wrap =_____

re + write =

un + plug = _____

Lesson 4.3 Suffixes

A suffix is added to the end of a root word. It changes the word's meaning.

The suffix -ful means full of.

Example: joyful = full of joy

The suffix **-ed** means that something happened **in the past**.

Example: Last week, I picked out the gift.

Write the root word and the suffix for each blue word.

Ana's bike rusted in the rain.

I need a cupful of milk.

We walked to the park.

The book ended sadly.

My tooth is painful when I wiggle it.

Lesson 4.3 Suffixes

Add the suffix **-ful** or **-ed** to each **bold** word below. The meaning of the sentence will help you decide which to add.



Omar **fish**____ at the lake.

That puppy is so **Play**____.

Can I have a hand _____ of popcorn?

The play | CSt ____ for an hour.

This worm will be **US**_____ when we go fishing.

Mom **fix** the flat tire in no time.

Lesson 4.4 Rhyming Words

Words that **rhyme** sound alike. The middle and ending sound is the same.

Examples:

pig









Name the first picture. Circle the words in each row that rhyme with it.









mop

hat

bat

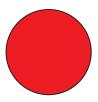




map



bed



red





rock



top



drum

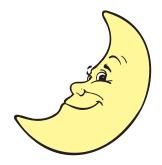
Lesson 4.4 Rhyming Words

Draw a line between the rhyming picture names.





truck



moon

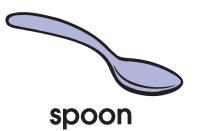


mouse

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house



pail



duck

Chapter 4 Lesson 4 Usage



pan

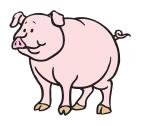


 $M_{\underline{}}$





d____



pig



W



flag



D____

Lesson 4.4 Rhyming Words

Say each picture name. In the box, draw a picture of a rhyming word.

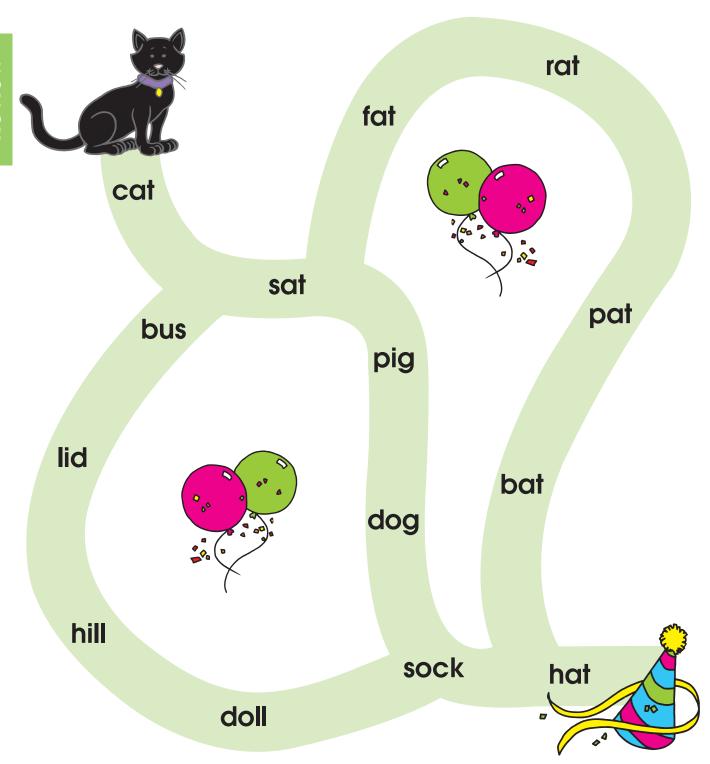




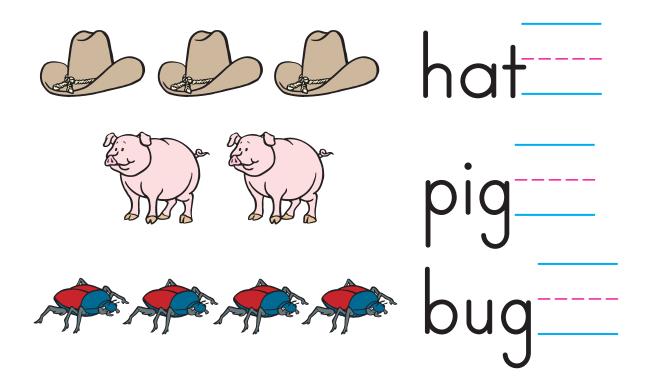
3



Help the cat find her party hat. Follow the words that rhyme through the maze.



Add s to make each word plural.



Circle the prefix or suffix in each sentence.

Ann planted the seeds.

Can you unfold the sheets?

Lita will refill the cups.

Jin is fearful of storms.



Lesson 4.5 Order Words

Some words tell in what order things happen. First, next, and last are order words.

first 🥌



next 💊



last



Trace each word. Then, write it on your own.







Lesson 4.5 Order Words

Before and after are also order words.

before



after •



Look at each **before** picture. Draw a picture of what might happen after.

Before







Lesson 4.6 Sequencing

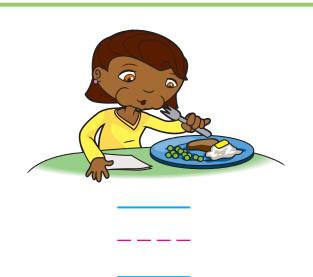
Trace each number. Then, write it on your own.

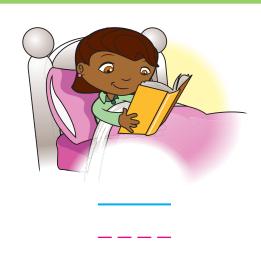


Look at each picture. Which happened first? Which happened last? Show the order. Write 1, 2, 3, or 4 under each picture.









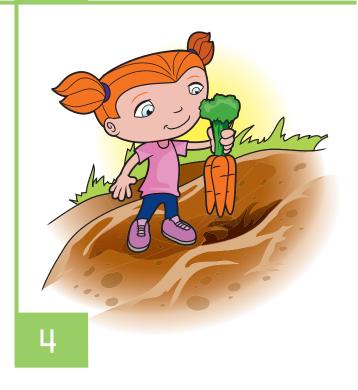
Lesson 4.6 Sequencing

The pictures below are in order. One is missing. What do you think happens in that picture? Draw it.





2



3

Review

Look at the pictures. Show the order. Write **first**, **next**, and **last**









Review

The pictures below are in order. One is missing. What do you think happens in that picture? Draw it.





2



3

4

Lesson 4.7 Antonyms

Antonyms are opposites.









Draw a line to match each picture to its antonym.









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Chapter 4 Lesson 7 Usage

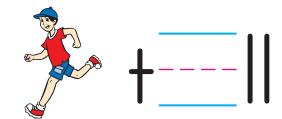
Lesson 4.7 Antonyms

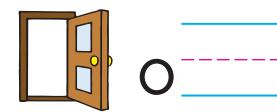
Look at each antonym pair. Fill in the missing letters. Use the words in the box to help you.

stop open tall in

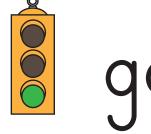


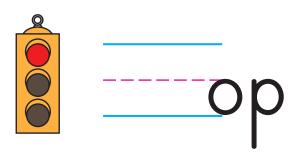
short

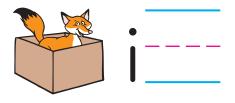














Lesson 4.8 Category Words

Words that are like each other can be put in a group.

Foods: apple , bread , soup , pizza

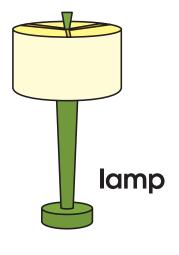




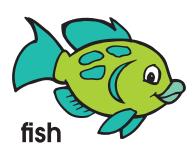




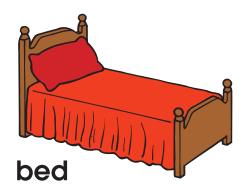
Make a circle around the animal words. Make a line under things you find in a house.





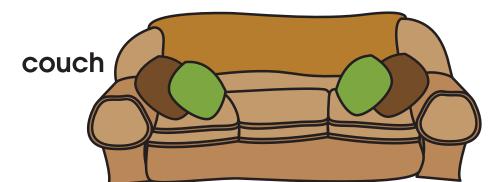






cat





Lesson 4.8 Category words

Draw a line from each word to the group it belongs in.















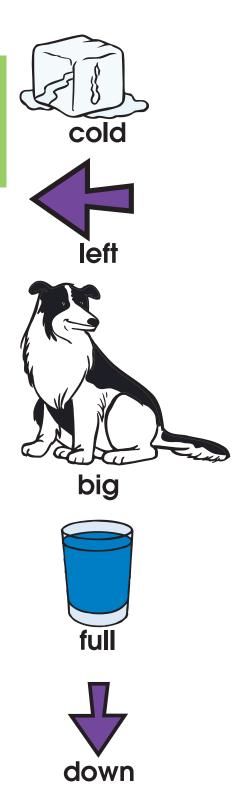


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Chapter 4 Lesson 8 Usage

Review

Draw a line to match each picture to its antonym.













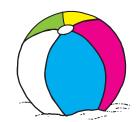


Review: Chapter 4 Lessons 7-8 Usage

Review

Look at each group. Cross out the things that do not belong.





















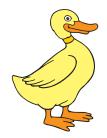












You can write to share what you know.

Cats have fur. They have tails. They sleep a lot. Cats like milk.



-

Make a list of three things you know about. You can use the ideas in the box. You can use your own ideas, too.

M

soccer	dog	baby
train	art	frog

Lesson 5.2 Using Telling Words to Describe

Telling words make your writing more fun to read. Telling words let others know how something looks or feels.







Examples: a **black** dog

hot soup

a **small** mouse

Pick a word from the box that tells more about the picture. Write the word on the line.

pink blue



C

dress

soft brown



O

puppy

big green



tree

red long



Lesson 5.3 Proofreading

When you write, check your work. Look for mistakes.

If a period is missing, add it like this: Dan has a dog

If a letter should be a capital, fix it like this:

<u>i</u> am hot.

Fix the mistake in each sentence. Use the marks you learned.

we like to sled.



we run up the hill

Mira can go fast

she has a red hat.

Tom's nose is cold

will we get more snow?

Lesson 5.4 Revising

First, find your mistakes. Then, fix them.

my ball is green My ball is green.

Fix the mistakes in each sentence. Write them on the line.

max is a boy



lulu is his cat

she has white fur

Lesson 5.5 Writing a Friendly Letter

Writing a letter is a good way to keep in touch. You can tell a story. You can share some news.



Write the date in the right corner.

January 18, 2011

Start with **Dear** and the person's name. Use capital letters.

Dear Grandpa,

You can ask a question.

How are you? Is it hot in Tampa?

Share some good news.

It is very cold here. I like the snow. We got two feet last week! Mom and I cut out snowflakes. We hung them up.

I miss you. Come visit soon!

A closing can be words like Love, Yours Truly, or Your Friend.

Love,

Sign your name. Remember to start it with a capital letter.

Carlos

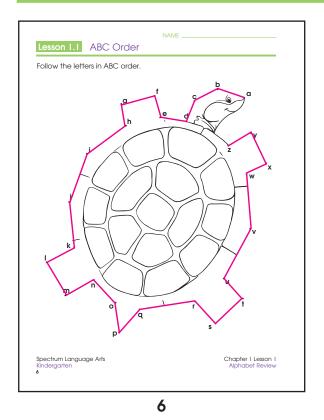
Lesson 5.5 Writing a Friendly Letter

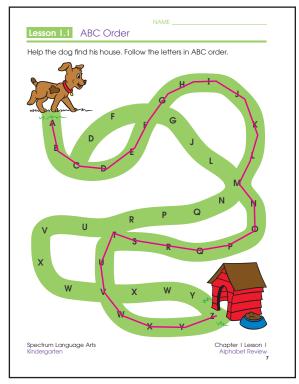
Write your own letter. Ask an adult to help you.

Dear

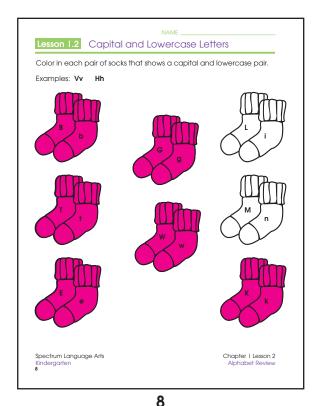
Yours Truly,

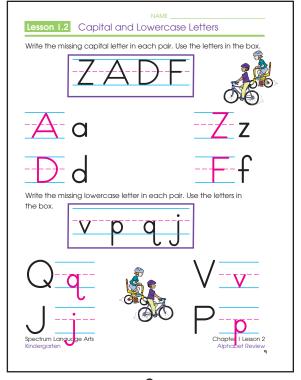
Answer Key



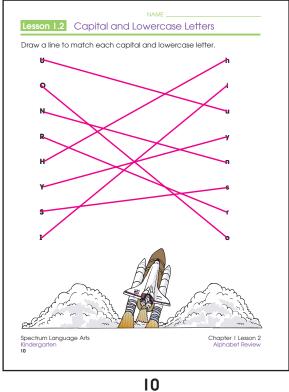


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9



Lesson 1.2 Capital and Lowercase Letters

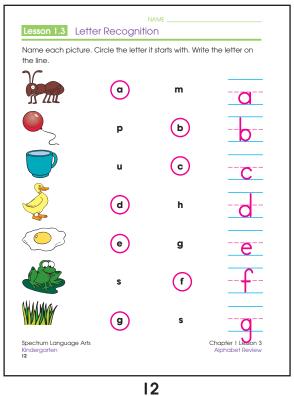
Circle the capital letters in the picture. Cross out the lowercase letters.

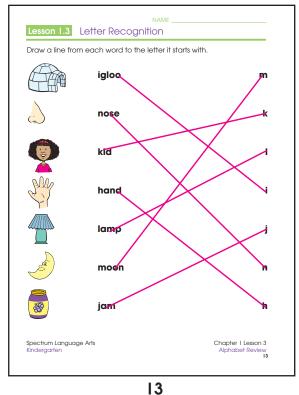
Spectrum Language Arts
Kindergarten

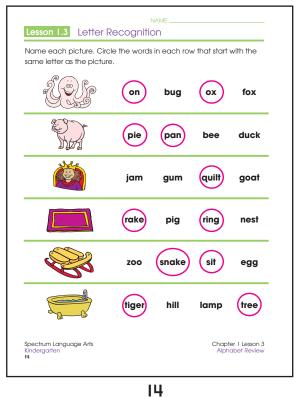
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Chapter I Lesson 2
Alphabet Review

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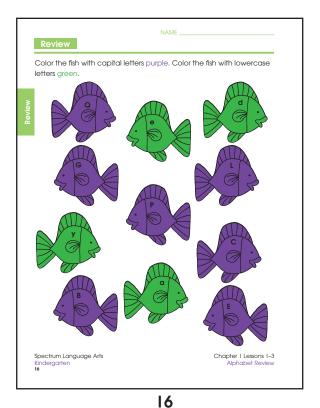


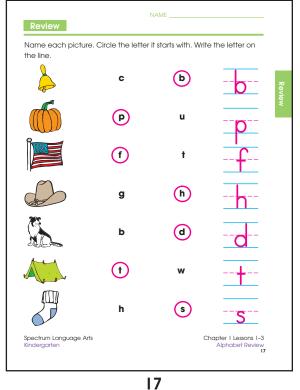


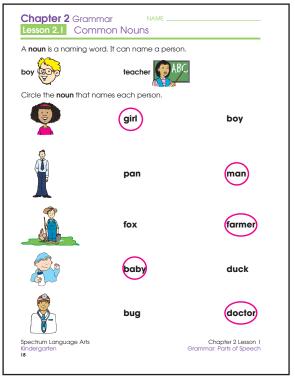


Say each picture name. Find the missing letter in the box. Write it on umbrella v ase Chapter I Lesson 3 Alphabet Review Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten 15

Lesson 1.3 Letter Recognition



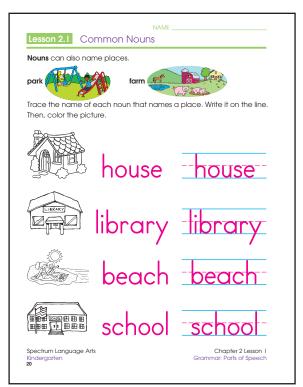




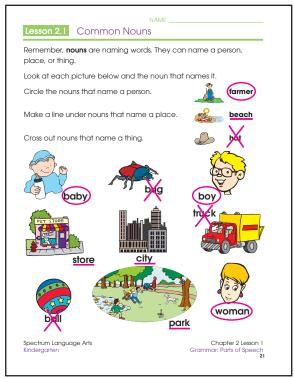
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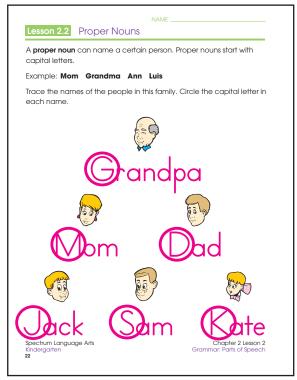


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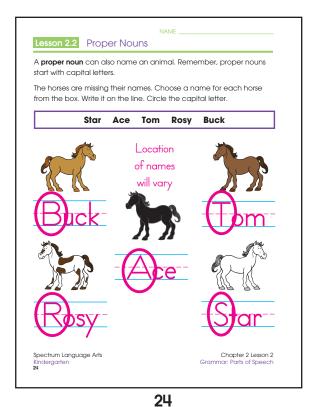


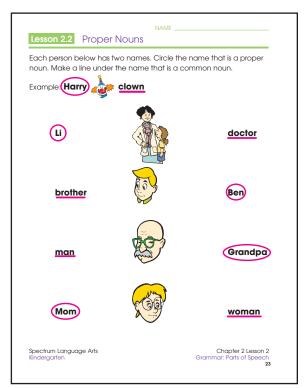
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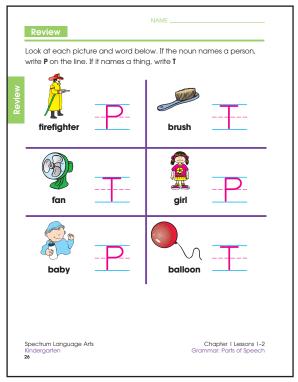


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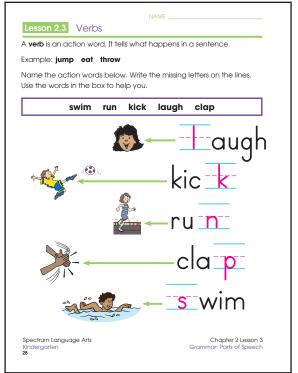




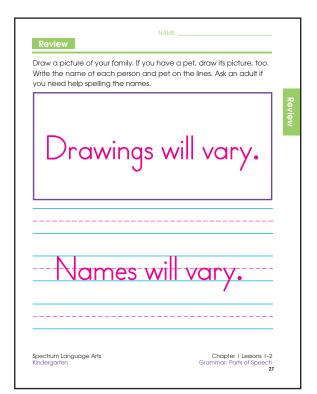
Lesson 2.2 Proper Nouns Circle the name that is a proper noun. Make a line under the name Example: Max <u>snake</u> Buddy dog Duke bird Bubbles fish Daisy cat (Chip hamster Chapter 2 Lesson 2 Grammar: Parts of Speech 25 Spectrum Language Arts



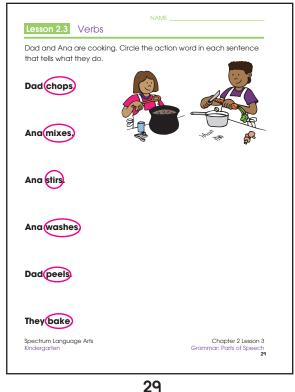
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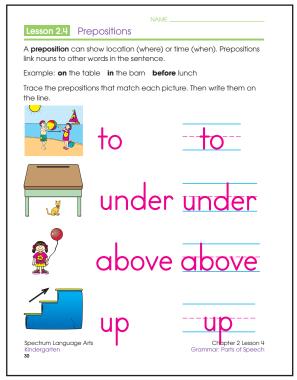


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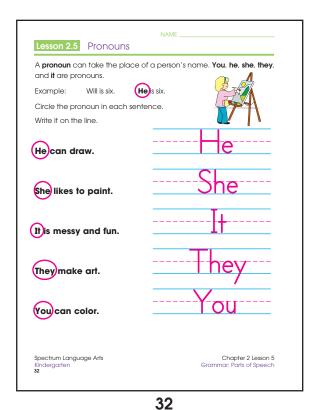
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30

31





Circle the pronoun to complete each sentence. Use the pictures to help you.

He She paints with red.

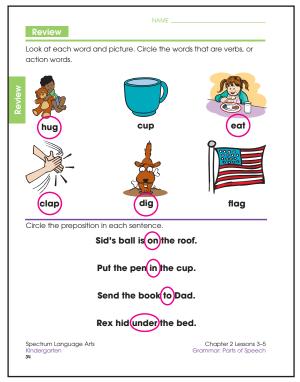
He It likes green.

She They spill the paint!

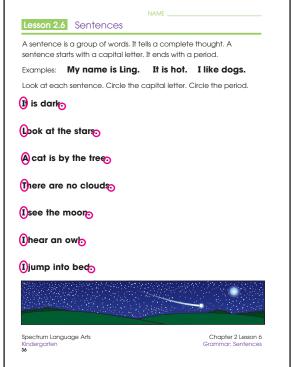
It wipes it.

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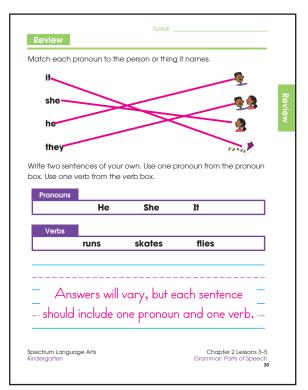
Chapter 2 Lesson 5 Grammar: Parts of Speech.



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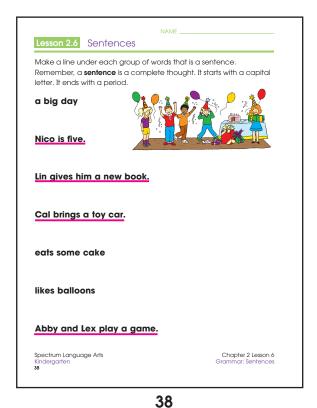


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35





(I) has a doop peeks out the windows Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten

Lesson 2.6 Sentences

Sam likes trees

is his tree house

Sam reads in its

He plays, togo

Look at each group of words. If it is a sentence, make a check mark 🗸

on the line. Circle the capital letter. Circle the period.

Lesson 2.7 Statements A **statement** is a kind of sentence. A statement is a telling sentence. It starts with a capital letter. It ends with a period. Look at each picture. Trace the statement. Circle the capital letter he snow is cold he snow is colo like autumno ike autumn. Chapter 2 Lesson 7

40

Lesson 2.7 Statements Look at each picture. Circle the capital letter and the period in the statement. Write another telling sentence about the picture. Ask an adult to help you. he girl is wet $_{oldoy}$ Answers will vary. am has hot feeto Answers will vary. Spectrum Language Arts

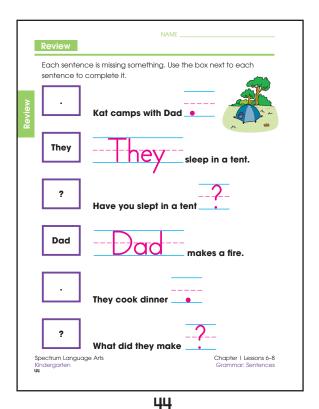
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Chapter 2 Lesson 6 Grammar: Sentences 39

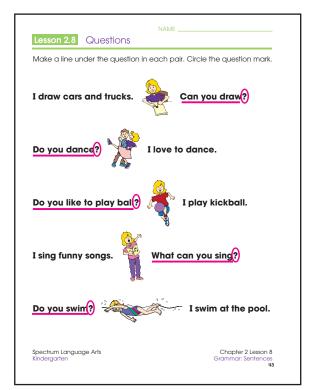


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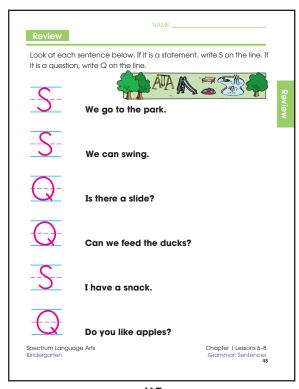


Spectrum Language Arts

Kindergarten



43





Each sentence should start with a capital letter. Write the word in the box on the line. Use a capital letter.

it is a windy day.

dog runs past.

he tugs on the string.

the kite takes off.

jen calls the dog.

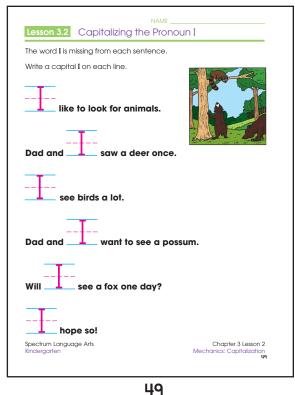
he runs.

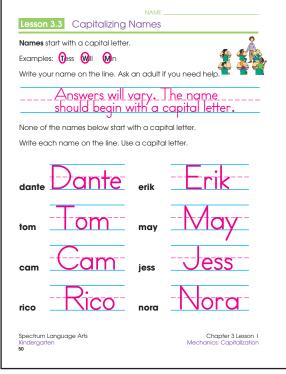
what Chapter 3 Lesson 1 Mechanics: Capitalization 47

46



48





Answers will vary, but each pet's

name should begin with

a capital letter.

Chapter 3 Lesson 1
Mechanics: Capitalization
51

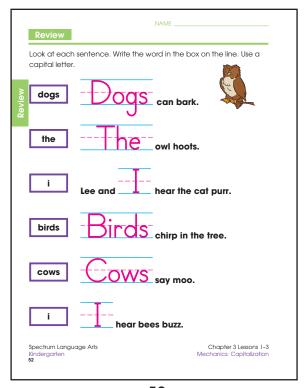
Lesson 3.3 Capitalizing Names

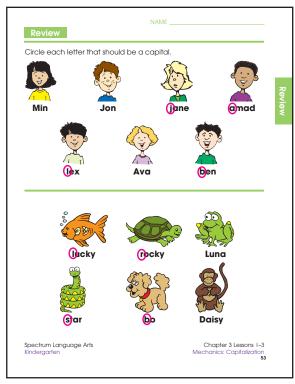
Examples: Buddy Ullu Socks

The names of pets start with a capital letter, too.

Each pet needs a name. Choose a name from the box.

50 51





52

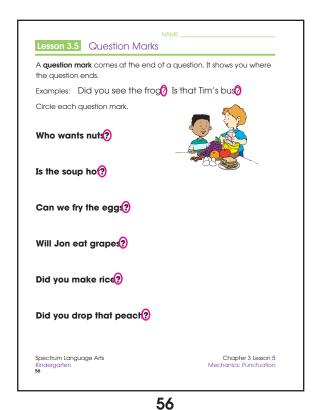
53

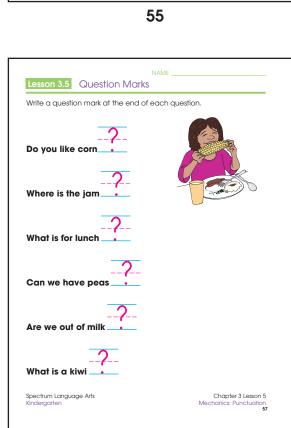
Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten



54

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57

Rosy has a red wagon

Greg has a green bag

Bess has black hair

Yuri's jacket is yellow

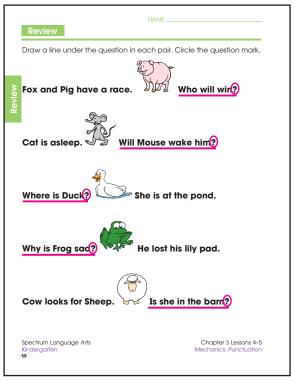
Spectrum Language Arts
Kindergarten

Chapter 3 Lesson 4
Mechanics: Punctuation
55

Lesson 3.4 Periods

Add a period to each sentence.

Ben likes blue balloons_____



Review

Look at each sentence. If it has a P, write a period at the end. If it has a Q, write a question mark.

P We went to the beach

P The waves are big

Q Did you see the fish

P I have a beach ball

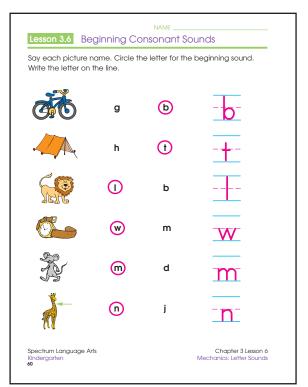
Q Is the sand hot

Q Do you want to swim

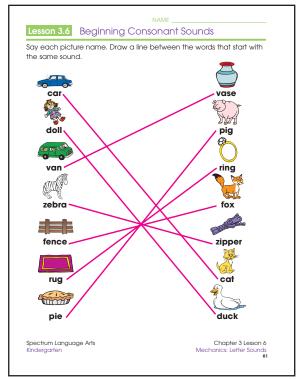
Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten

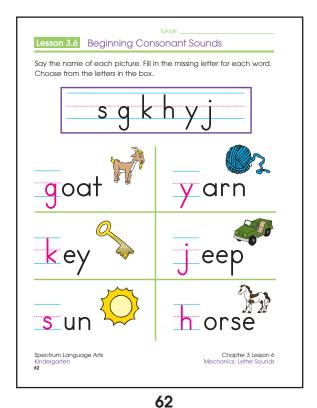
Chapter 3 Lessons 4-5 Mechanics: Punctuation 59

58 59

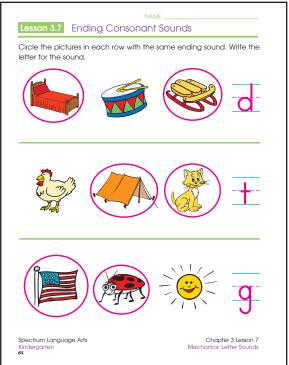


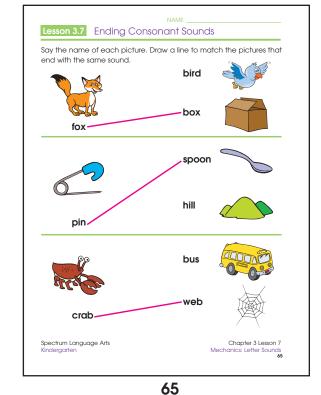
60





Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten 63

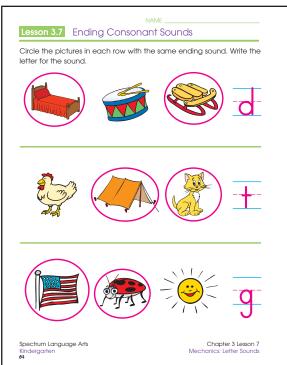




64

Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten 120

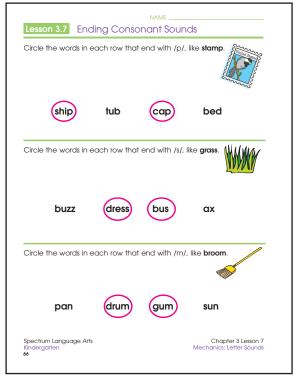
Chapter 3 Lesson 6 Mechanics: Letter Sounds 63



Lesson 3.6 Beginning Consonant Sounds

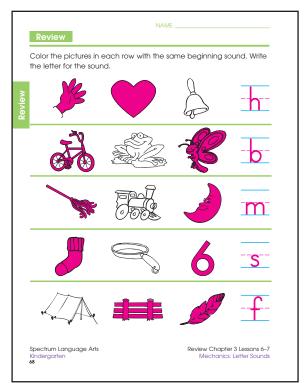
the letter for the sound.

Color the pictures in each row with the same beginning sound. Write

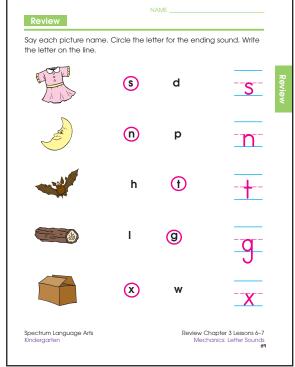


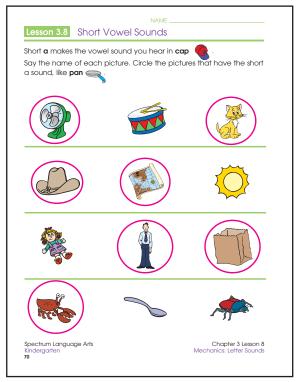
66

Lesson 3.7 Ending Consonant Sounds



68



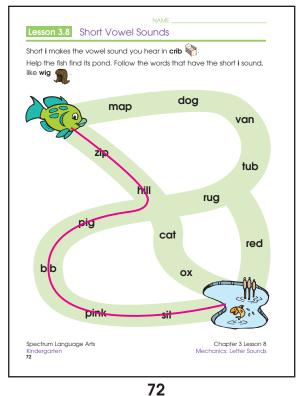


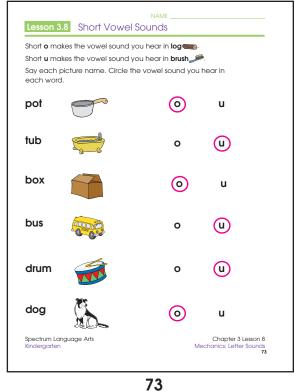
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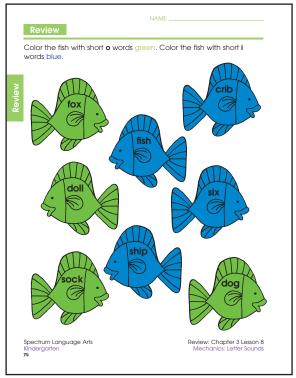
Short vowel Sounds

Short vowel sound you hear in pen

Chapter 3 Lesson 8
Mechanics: Letter Sounds





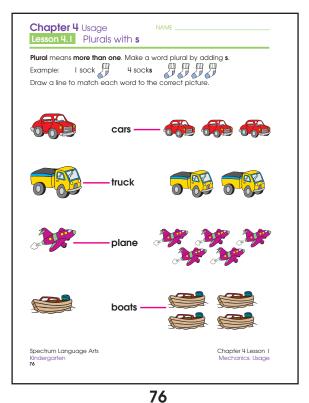


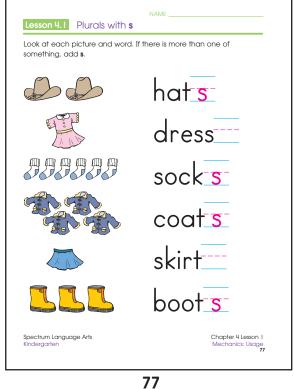
74

Say the name of each picture. Match the pictures that have the same vowel sound.

Cat bib Flag bed sled bed sled bus Frope Fuck Spectrum Language Arts Kindergarten

Review: Chapter 3 Lesson 8 Mechanics: Letter Sounds 75







78

Add a prefix to each root word. Write the new word on the line.

re + fill = refill

un + do = undo

re + sell = resell

un + wrap = unwrap

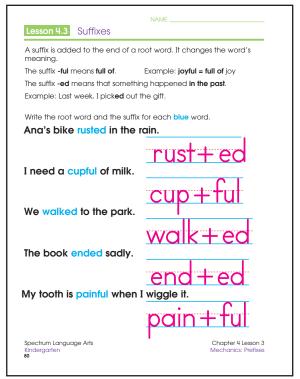
re + write = revrite

un + plug = unplug

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Grade K

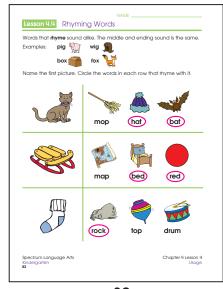
Chapter 4 Lesson 2
Mechanics: Prefixes
79

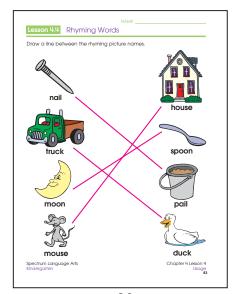
79



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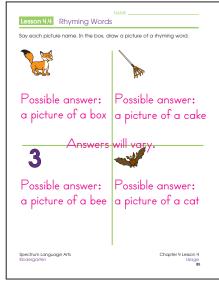


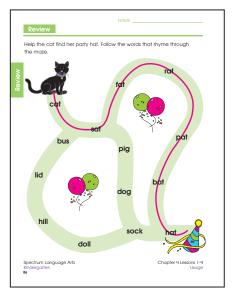






82 83 84



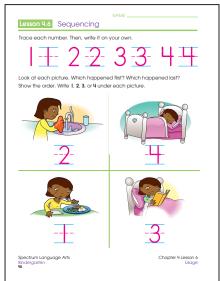




85 86 87

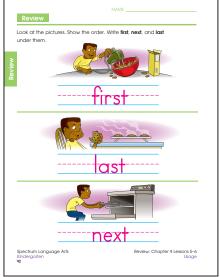






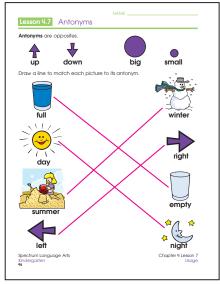
88 89 90

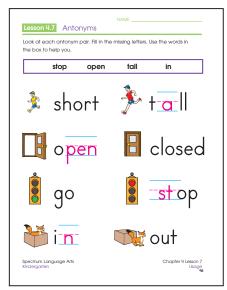


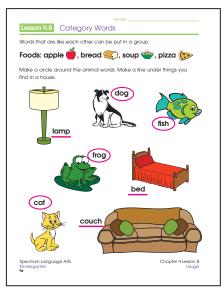




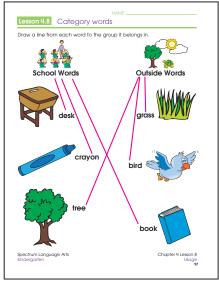
91 92 93

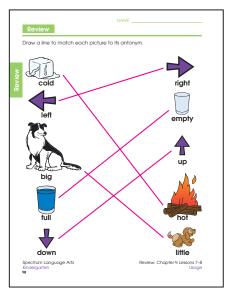






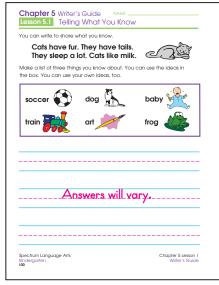
94 95 96







97 98 99

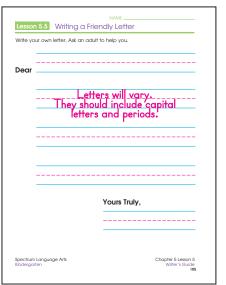






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