UNIT 1: FAMILY LIFE

A- VOCABULARY

1. mop (v, n) /mpp/	Lau nhà, cây lau
	nhà
2. vacuum (n,v)	Hút bụi
/ˈvækjuːm/	11000 0 0,11
	Cuộc đối thoại
3. conversation (n)	Cuộc dơi thoại
_kɒnvəˈseɪʃn/	
4. easygoing (adj)	Dễ tính
/ˌiːzi ˈgəʊɪŋ/	
5. reliable (adj) /rɪ	Đáng tin
'laɪəbl/	
6. untidy (adj) /\lambda n	Không gọn gàng
'taɪdi/	
7. generous (adj)	Hào phóng
/'dzenərəs/	
8. suburb (n) /	Ngoại ô
/'s^b3:b/	
9. selfish (adj)	Ích kỉ
/ˈselfɪʃ/	
10. kind (adj) /kaınd/	Tử tế, tốt bụng
11. reliable (adj)	Đáng tin cậy

/rɪˈlaɪəbl/	
12. helpful (adj)	Hay giúp đỡ, hữu
/'helpfl/	ích
13. lazy (adj)	Lười biếng
/ˈleɪzi/	
14. intelligent (adj)	Thông minh
/ınˈtelɪdʒənt/	
15. charity (n)	Từ thiện
/'tʃærəti/	
16. teenager (n)	Tuổi teen
/ˈtiːneɪdʒə(r)/	
17. emoji (n)	Các biểu tượng
/ɪˈməʊdʒi/	cảm xúc
18. punctuation (n)	Dấu câu
/ˌpʌŋktʃuˈeɪʃn/	
19. exclamation point	Dấu chấm than
/ eksklə meı∫n pɔɪnt/	
20. text (v) /tekst/	Nhắn tin
21. dust (v) / /dʌst/	Bụi bẩn

B- EXPRESSIONS & OTHER STRUCTURES

21. grow up	Lớn lên, trưởng thành	
22. put away	Cất đi	
23. find out	Tìm ra	
24. help sb around	Giúp đỡ, chia sẻ gánh nặng	
25. help out	Giúp ai đó (băng cách cho tiền,	
	làm phần việc của họ)	
26. for fun	Chỉ để vui	
27. keep one's promise	Giữ lời hứa	
28. laugh out loud	Cười to	
29. except for	Ngoại trừ	

C- ADVANCED VOCABULARY

- immediate family (n) : gia đình ruột thịt

- a family gathering/ reunion/ get-together: buổi tụ hợp gia đình - one-parent family (n) : gia đình có mẹ hoặc ba

- nuclear family (n) : gia đình hạt nhân (gồm ba mẹ và con cái)

- extended family : gia đình nhiều thế hệ

distant relative : họ hàng xa
 loving family = close-knit family : gia đình êm ấm
 dysfunctional family : gia đình không êm ấm
 carefree childhood : tuổi thơ êm đềm
 troubled childhood : tuổi thơ khó khăn

- divorce (v) : li di, sự li dị

- bitter divorce :li thân

- messy divorce :li thân và có tranh chấp tài sản

- broken home :gia đình tan vỡ

- give the baby up for adoption : đem con cho người ta nhận nuôi

- adoptive parents : ba me nuôi

D- GRAMMAR

- + Adverbial Phrases of Frequency: Trạng từ chỉ tần suất
- once (a week, month, year...)
- twice (a week, month, year...)
- every (day, week, month...)
- often, sometimes, seldom, rarely, always, usually...

Chú ý:

- one time = once
- two times = twice

Câu hỏi về độ thường xuyên: **How often...?**

E.g. How often do you have English lessons in a week?

-> I have English lessons three times a week.

PRACTICE

LISTENING

I. Complete the notes below. Write ONE WORD OR A NUMBER for each answer.

My name's Randall Davis, and I'm originally from the state of Indiana in the United States. When I was (1) _____ years old, I moved to Venezuela in South America, and later returned to the United States, where I attended Brigham Young University in the 1980s. I majored in (2) ____ education and TESOL, or teaching English as a second language. After graduating from college, my wife and I moved to Japan where we lived for eight years. Now, I work back in the States in Utah.

However, my greatest interests are my family. Years ago, I wanted to make something of myself in my profession . . . you know . . . get ahead in life. However, I realized that the most important things in life lived within the walls of my own home, and today, I try to put them first. My kids wouldn't remember me for the work I did outside of the home; they would only recall the moments we spent together.

Therefore, I enjoy spending time with my family. I have four children, and we go hiking and (3) ______ together, usually in Utah. On our hikes, we often talk about life, and I tell stories or share personal experiences. When I do this, I can focus on the (4) _____ without the distractions of video games or the Internet. Telling stories sounds easy, but when you have to think of a new story on a hot, 12-kilometer hike through the desert, you have to come up with ideas off the top of your head.

Now, this doesn't mean we our family is no (5)solve our problems together	However, we try to	o talk openly about ou	ir problems, and we try to
II. Listen to the recording	and choose the cor	rect letter A. B. C.	
1. What does the boy want			,
A. play video games	B. go play outside	C. watch TV	•
2. What is one thing the boy			
A. clean the garage			
3. What does the boy have			E 110013
•	B. pick up his dirty o		vic hooks
			115 DOOKS
4. The father and son will g			am a
A. to a movie	B. out to eat	C. to a ball ga	
5. What is the father going			
A. wash the car	B. paint the nouse	C. work in th	e yaru
B. MULTIPLE CHOICE			
I. Choose the word that has	s the underlined nart	nronounced different	tly from the others
1. A. sofa	B. iron	C. local	D. emoji
2. A. s <u>u</u> burb	B. u ntidy	C. rubbish	D. duty
3. A. <u>ge</u> nerous	B. <u>u</u> ntidy B. reliable	C. terrible	D. stepfather
4. A. ch arity	B. ch ampagne	C. <u>ch</u> ore	D. st <u>e</u> pratiler D. <u>ch</u> unk
5. A. conversation	B. punctua tion	C. exclamation	
J. A. conversation	D. punctua <u>tion</u>	C. CACIAIIIa <u>tio</u>	D. suggestion
II. Choose the word whose	stress pattern is diffe	rent from that of the	others.
6. A. untidy	B. reliable	C. emoji	D. generous
7. A. helpful	B. vacuum	C. suburb	D. support
8. A. lazy	B. parents	C. respect	D. bathroom
9. A. furniture	B. teenager	C. expensive	D. popular
10. A. intelligent	B. easygoing	C. punctuation	D. conversation
III. Mark the letter A, B, C	c, or D on your answe	r sheet to indicate the	e correct answer to each of
the following questions.			
1. It's strange Ben isn't here. A. reliable	He's usually so	 ·.	
A. reliable	B. generous	C. lazy	D. selfish
2. Children with			
A. find out	B. grow up	C. put away	D. bring up
3. Someone has been listening	ng in on my telephone	·	
A. converse	B. conversational	C. conversely	D. conversation
4. Lisa kept her	_ to visit her aunt regu	larly after completing	the final exam.
A. promise	B. head	C. memory	D. nose
5. Jisoo: "How y	ou have been abroad?"	7	
Rosie: "No often, only twice."			
A. never		C. seldom	D. often
6. The actress now dedicates			
A. part-time	B. charity	C. full-time	D. abundance

7. I felt embarrasse	ed about how	the house was.	
A. different	B. untidy	C. big	D. easygoing
8. Stella has very k	indly offered to	C. big with the food for the part	y.
A. help out	B. drop out	C. run out	D. find out
9. Justin's	enough but he lacks mo	otivation.	
A. selfish	B. lazy	C. intelligent stakes because then your m	D. generous
10. It's always	to learn from your mi	stakes because then your m	istakes seem worthwhile.
A. help	B. helpfully	C. unhelpful	D. helpful
11. Please	the dishes with the so	apy water containing disinfe	ectant.
A. mop	B. wash	C. vacuum	D. sweep
12. We specifically	choose topics that will a	ppeal to who are	2
A. teenagers	B. adults	C. seniors	D. women
13. It looked so fun	my that I almost laughed	loud. C. out	
A. off	B. with	C. out	D. up
14. Bob : "Tell me a	about your sister."		-
		always shares food with me	e."
A. selfish	B. generous	C. intelligent	D. lazy
15. Three of us swe	eep and mop the	and the remainder clean th	ne window.
A. dish	B. sink	C. table	D. floo <mark>r</mark>
16. Except	traffic noise the night pa	C. table assed peacefully.	
A. for	B. from	C. with	D. of
17. He put a	whole box of chocolates	in one evening. C. away	
A. off	B. up	C. away	D. for
18. RM wrote	fun for many years be	fore starting to write seriou	sly for a living.
A in	B for	C with	D on
19. Marriaage is the	e bloom or blight of all m	en's C. unhappy	
A. happy	B. happily	C. unhappy	D. happine <mark>ss</mark>
20. Supporting each	ch other in good times	and in bad is an effectiv	e way to strengthen family
<u> </u>			
A. relationships	B. chores	C. conversations	D. money
IV. Mark the lett	er A, B, C, or D on yo	our answer sheet to indicate	ate the word CLOSEST in
meaning to the un	derlined word in each o	f the following questions.	
1. It is a silly fish t	hat is caught twice with t	he same bait.	
A. every day	B. two times	C. each week	D. one time
2. Though very into	elligent, she is neverthele	ss rather modest.	
A. ugly	B. beautiful	C. generous	D. smart
V. Mark the letter	r A, B, C, or D on your	answer sheet to indicate	the word(s) OPPOSITE in
meaning to the un	derlined word(s) in each	of the following question	S.
1. The suitcase was	light to carry, being emp	ty except for two shirts.	
A. apart from	B. including	C. rather than	D. regardless of
2. Compared with S	Sana, I really was a <u>hard</u>	working girl, but usually I	got lower marks than her.
A. clever	B. shy	C. lazy	D. reliable

VI. Mark the letter A	A, B, C, or D on your answ	ver sheet to indicate tl	ne underlined part that needs
correction in each of	f the following questions.		
1. The police hasn't for	ound <u>up</u> who <u>set</u> fire to the	storehouse.	
A. hasn't	B. up	C. set	D. storehouse
2. I think I've been ve	ery selfless. I've been mainl	y concerned with myse	<u>elf</u> .
A. been	B. selfless	C. mainly	D. myself
3. He slipped out dur	ring a pause in the conversa		
A. slipped	B. during	C. pause	D. conversation
C. READING			
I. Read the following	g passage and mark the le	tter A, B, C, or D on	your answer sheet to indicate
the correct word or	phrase that best fits each	of the numbered blan	nks.
Family is one	of the building blocks of (1), and so its s	structure and role reflect social
changes. Over the pas	st 30 years, the traditional f	amily unit has evolved	l significantly. Right now
there isn't a single co	ncept of family that applies	s universally. But altho	ough family structure may
have changed, its (2)_	has not. In fact, t	here are many reasons	(3) family is important
for happiness.			
Sure we can't	t choose our "blood" family	v In (4) cases	family interactions are a mix
	reat experiences. (5)		
	mbers, a tribe of people wh		
	or us so we don't feel lost in		out who show support und
1. A. society	B. world	C. class	D. house
2. A. habit	B. importance		<u> </u>
3. A. how	B. what	C. why	D. which
4. A. most	B. little	C. few	D. much
5. A. And	B. So	C. Or	D. Bu <mark>t</mark>
	1 1 1	**	

II. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Relationships in Vietnamese family are more complicated than those of Western countries. The majority of families in Vietnam are extended families as many generations co-live to take care of each other. Family in Vietnam looks similar to a system of mini society with the most elderly having the strongest voice and taking charge of most activities in house.

Each family has its own rules and values that members are supposed to conform with. The younger generation shows respect for the older generation and vice versa, the old generation tolerates the young. In the relationships between parents and children, and between husband and wife as well, traditional Vietnamese **retain** much of their long established customs and values.

Although influenced by Confucianism, in the eyes of children, Vietnamese mothers still have the same status as their counterparts. **They** are the embodiments of love, of self-denial and of sacrifice. For Vietnamese parents, their children are their most valuable assets; therefore, within their financial capacity, most of them are eager to have as many children as they can.

- 1. Why are most families in Vietnam living together over many generations?
- A. Because they want to avoid spending the amount of money
- B. Because they want to help one another easily

C. Because they don't have D. Because they feel happy 2. The word "retain" in pa	when living to		
A. maintain	R ston	C prevent	D. remove
3. Which of the following i	is not mentione	d as the embodime	ent of Vietnamese mothers?
A. love		C. self-denial	
4. The word "they" in para			D. generosity
		mbodiments	
C. Vietnamese mothers	D. st		
5. According to the passage			eir children as
A. worthy properties	_		
A. worting properties	D. golds	C. Killgs	D. princesses and princes
D. WRITING			
I. Rewrite the following s	entences with 1	the same meaning	a of the given ones
1. Several children are awa			g of the given ones.
-> Several			
2. Noze wasn't feeling well	She went hon	ne early	
-> Because Noze			
3. It isn't necessary to mop			
-> You don't		2 2	
4. All the children like mu			
-> Except		•	
5. "You should wash the di			
-> Lia advised			
6. Sweeping the floor is he			
-> She likes			
7. No one in the world is m			
-> My mother	_	-	
8. Jackson started playing t			•••••
-> Jackson has			
-> It took			
10. By the time I discovered the problem, the floor was awash. -> By the time I found			
-> by the time i found			•••••

II. Write an essay of 180 words.

Living in a traditional family of three or four generations has both advantages and disadvantages. What do you think of that matter?

E. SPEAKING

I. Answer the questions:

- 1. Do you have a large or small family?
- 2. How much time do you manage to spend with members of your family?
- 3. What sorts of things do you like to do together?
- 4. Who are you close to in your family?
- 5. What is your special moment with your family?

II. Part 2: Ideal home

Describe the ideal home that you would like to live in. You should say what your ideal home would look like where it would be and why you would like to live there.